

**Genetic Analyses of samples collected in the  
Recreational Chinook Salmon Fisheries in  
Northern British Columbia 2012 - 2014**

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**ABSTRACT**

Winther, I. 2014. Genetic analyses of samples collected in the recreational Chinook salmon fisheries in northern British Columbia 2012 - 2014. Unpublished report for the Pacific Salmon Commission Northern Boundary and Transboundary Rivers Restoration and Enhancement Fund 2014. File # NF-2014-I-16: v + 28 p.

The stock compositions of Chinook salmon (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*) caught in recreational fisheries in Northern British Columbia (NBC) were examined using genetic analyses of scale samples from fish caught near Langara Island and in Chatham Sound. Microsatellite DNA based stock identification techniques have been used to address stock specific management in mixed stock fisheries in NBC since 2002. Chinook salmon stock compositions were estimated for the 2012 to 2014 NBC recreational fisheries in the waters of Chatham Sound and the waters around Langara Island. Stock compositions were applied to catch to provide region specific estimates of the impact of the fisheries on the Chinook stock groups encountered.

## INTRODUCTION

Chinook salmon (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*) stock compositions were estimated for Northern British Columbia (NBC) recreational fisheries from 2012 to 2014. Funding for the genetic analyses was provided by the Pacific Salmon Commission's (PSC) Northern Boundary and Transboundary Rivers Restoration and Enhancement Fund (Northern Fund). The results are part of a continuing project to examine the genetics of Chinook salmon caught in mixed stock fisheries in NBC. This document fulfills the reporting requirements for the 2014 Northern Fund project but is not an exhaustive presentation of the data available. Costs to the Northern Fund consisted of the genetic analyses alone as sampling costs and other components of the project were funded by Fisheries & Oceans Canada and through volunteer efforts by sport fishing lodges.

Sport fisheries in Canada receive priority access to Chinook salmon over commercial fisheries. Two of the largest sport fisheries in NBC occur in Haida Gwaii and Chatham Sound. NBC Sport fisheries experienced significant growth until 2005 when they reached a maximum catch of 82,000 Chinook. Since then catches have moderated but remain over 50,000 Chinook salmon annually.

Scale collections from lodge operations and creel surveys were available back to 2012. Scales provide an opportunity to extract DNA for genetic analyses to identify stock specific impacts. Scales have been used successfully for genetic analyses of Chinook salmon caught in sport fisheries in previous studies (Winther, I. 2008. Northern Fund file # NF-2007-I-3).

Sport fisheries in Haida Gwaii or Pacific Fishery Management Areas 1 & 101, 2W & 142, 2E & 102 (Figure 1) are part of the PSC *Aggregate Abundance Based Management Regime* (AABM). Sport Fisheries in Chatham Sound or Areas 3 and 4 are part of the PSC *Individual Stock Based Management Regime* (ISBM). Areas 3 and 4 roughly represent the terminal areas of the Nass and Skeena Rivers respectively. The Nass and Skeena river systems are PSC escapement indicator stocks that drain into Chatham Sound.

Within the 25 fisheries currently defined in the Pacific Salmon Treaty (PST) Chinook model, recreational fisheries in northern British Columbia have been modeled as the North and Central BC (NCBC) Sport fishery which represents an aggregate of all Canadian sport fisheries north of Cape Caution. An issue known to the Chinook technical committee (CTC) is that the Chinook stocks from northern BC are over-represented in most of the modeled fisheries where they are encountered, but especially in the NCBC Sport fishery (Figure 2). Further, the current model fishery representing NCBC sport fisheries doesn't fit the AABM and ISBM area boundaries defined in 1999. The AABM model fishery for NBC includes NBC Troll fisheries in Areas 1 to 10 and QCI Sport fisheries in Areas 1 and 2. Sport fisheries in areas 3 through 10 are designated as ISBM fisheries. Proposed model improvements include separation of the AABM and ISBM components and correcting the over-representation of NCBC stocks in the model fisheries. The genetic samples proposed for analyses in this project represent the two largest components of the NCBC Sport model fishery. The Haida Gwaii sport and the Chatham Sound sport fisheries are scheduled to be separated in future model improvements. Examination of actual stock mixes encountered by the fishery can guide model improvements to better represent contributions to modeled fisheries.

Genetic data have been used to estimate fishery impacts on Chinook stocks and used to manage fisheries to avoid stocks of concern (Winther and Beacham 2006, 2009). Stock definition is essential to assessing fishery impacts. Genetic data are useful for the assignment of Chinook mortalities for the purposes of specific stock management (e.g. WCVI Chinook or local concerns for Yakoun River or Kwinamass & Khutzeymateen River Chinook) and for accounting

of Nisga'a Treaty entitlements. Genetic data supplement cwt data to estimate fishery impacts on stocks of concern. The project reports stock specific data for Chinook catches in NBC sport fisheries and general stock composition data for weak stock considerations and support of treaty accounting.

The sport fisheries in Haida Gwaii and Chatham Sound are mixed stock fisheries. Migrating stocks of Chinook salmon originating from Alaska to California are encountered. Stock identification is essential to the objective of defining fishery impacts and productivity estimates. Understanding stock compositions in fisheries has broad benefits to understanding the status of Chinook salmon.

The primary objective of this study was to estimate stock components within NBC recreational fisheries sampled from 2012 to 2014. Stock identification is a key component in the management of mixed stock salmon fisheries. The application of DNA-level markers for stock identification, particularly microsatellites, has provided much greater resolution among Chinook salmon populations than was possible with previous genetic markers (Beacham et al. 1996; Banks et al. 2000; Beacham et al. 2003). If the baseline used to estimate stock composition is adequate, microsatellites can be applied successfully on a local basis to provide information on stock composition even when there is a complex mixture of populations in the catch (Beacham et al. 2006). We used microsatellite variation in Chinook salmon to examine the stock compositions of NBC recreational fisheries.

## METHODS

Stock specific catch estimates were generated from genetic samples and catch data. Genetic samples were grouped monthly and weighted the catch for the month sampled.

Two programs provided accounting of Chinook salmon caught in NBC recreational fisheries; lodge logbook programs and creel surveys. Lodge dock tallies or logbooks are essentially a census of the Chinook salmon caught at the lodge. All of the lodges in Areas 1 and Area 3 participate in the logbook program. A single lodge in Area 4 did not participate in the logbook program. Catches in Areas 1 through 3 were estimated using a combination of catch data from logbooks and creel surveys. Catches in Area 4 were estimated from creel surveys alone.

Scale samples provided the source of genetic material from each fish. Lodge samples collected from Area 1 consisted of a random sample of scales from 5 fish per day through the entire season from May to September each year. Lodge samples from Area 3 were less consistent but were supported by samples collected from the creel survey conducted in Prince Rupert. Creel survey crews from Prince Rupert sampled fishery landings from Chatham Sound, Areas 3 and 4. Individual Chinook salmon were sampled for nose-fork length, gender and scales. Gender could not be determined for fish that were landed after being dressed. Scale collections were matched to data on the area fished and date caught (Appendix 1).

A separate sample collected consistently from 2012 to 2014 on Langara Island was a sample of large fish. All Chinook salmon over 40 pounds (18 kg) were sampled for size, gender and scales. This sample was kept separate from the random sample.

Scale samples were collected on to scale books, five scales per fish, as described by MacLellan (1999). Data on the geographic location, date, and sampler accompanied each sample. Samples were forwarded to the Fisheries & Oceans Canada, Molecular Genetics Laboratory at the Pacific Biological Station in Nanaimo.

Chinook salmon collections were compared against genetic baselines from 310 Chinook salmon populations from Southeast Alaska through Canada and the lower United States of

America (Appendix 2). Samples were analyzed for 15 microsatellite loci using methods of DNA extraction, PCR reaction, electrophoresis, and allele scoring described by Candy et al. (2002) and Beacham et al. (2006).

The Molecular Genetics Laboratory provided the sample analysis. A new version of the computer program as outlined by Pella and Masuda (2001) was developed and used for the analyses presented here. The program CBAYES (Neaves et al 2005) can be downloaded from the Molecular Genetics Laboratory website (Fisheries & Oceans Canada, Molecular Genetics Laboratory, Pacific Biological Station, Nanaimo). The model output presented includes the Bayesian probability estimates for the 5 most probable populations for each sample.

## RESULTS

The Area 1 fishery was sampled at Langara Island. Samples were collected from approximately 150 Chinook salmon per month during the months of June, July and August. Samples from the end of May and the beginning of September ranged from 15 to 50 fish. The smaller sample sizes reflected catches from only a few days when the lodges began and concluded operations. Catches of Chinook salmon from Area 1 were estimated at 22,600 in 2012 but increased to 28,400 in 2013 and 28,950 in 2014. The scales sampled at Langara Island represented 2.2%, 1.9% and 1.8% of the annual catch from 2012 to 2014 respectively (Table 1, Table 2 and Table 3).

The increase in catch in Area 1 coincided with a change in the relative proportion of stocks observed in the catch. While fish from Coastal Washington and the West Coast of Vancouver Island (WCVI) dominated catches in 2012 (Table 1) the predominant stock group in 2013 (Table 2) and 2014 (Table 3) was the Upper Columbia Summer / Fall group. Chinook salmon from WCVI made up the second largest component in 2013 and 2014 and made up the third largest component in 2012.

Concerns for WCVI Chinook salmon have been the major driver for the management of NBC fisheries so the pattern of abundance is of particular interest. WCVI Chinook made up a large proportion (18 to 26%) of the samples collected in May even though the sample sizes were small but the proportion drops in June. Among the months that were fully sampled in 2012, the highest proportion of WCVI fish was observed in August (Table 4). This pattern changed in 2013 (Table 5) and 2014 (Table 6) when the largest proportions of WCVI Chinook were observed in July. High proportions of fish from the Upper Columbia Summer / fall group, 45% in 2013 (Table 5) and 36% in 2014 (Table 6), diluted the WCVI contribution to catches in August. Increases in the relative abundance of fish from Coastal Washington and Oregon also add to this dilution effect in August in 2013 and 2014.

Changes in stock proportions had more dramatic effects on the estimates of catch. The peak catch of WCVI Chinook in 2012 was 1,877 fish in August and this was also the largest catch of a single stock group in any month of 2012 (Table 7). The peak catch of WCVI Chinook in 2013 shifted to July with 2,991 fish caught. The largest catch of a single stock group was 4,217 fish from the Upper Columbia Summer / Fall group (Table 8). This new trend persisted in 2014 when the peak catch for WCVI Chinook was again in July with 2,283 fish caught and the largest catch of a single stock group was 3,228 fish from the Upper Columbia Summer / Fall group (Table 9).

Two stock groups dominated the samples of fish over 40 pounds sampled at Langara Island from 2012 to 2014; the Skeena and Northern Mainland (NOMN) stock groups. In 2012 these groups accounted for 91% of the 49 fish sampled and fish from the NOMN made up 65% of the sample (Table 4). There were fewer fish (33) over 40 pounds caught in 2013 and the 2 major stock groups made up 63% of the sample (Table 5). Only 30 fish over 40 pounds were



sampled in 2014 and 95% of them came from the two major stock groups (Table 6). Fish from the Skeena stock group made up 40% of the 2013 sample and 61% of the 2014 sample. The stock components were more specific with most of the fish over 40 pounds coming from the Kitsumkalum River in the Skeena stock group and the Wannock River in the NOMN stock group. These large fish samples are dramatically different from the random samples where the Northern Mainland and Skeena stock groups contributed less than 7% to the catch in any year from 2012 to 2014 (Tables 1, 2 and 3).

Chinook catches in Chatham Sound, Areas 3 and 4, were dominated by the Skeena River stock group that made up 50% of the fish caught (Table 10). The second largest component was from the NOMN at 11%. These stocks were also the most prevalent fish in the catches in 2013 with Skeena fish at 28% and NOMN fish at 15% but large contributions were also made by WCVI fish at 14.1% and Upper Columbia Summer / Fall fish at 13.1% (Table 11). These four stock groups continued to make contributions as high as 36% to the monthly catch samples collected from Areas 3 and 4 in 2014 (Table 12). The largest single monthly proportion sampled was from Area 4 in June, 2014 where the Skeena River made up 36% of the monthly samples. At 7,030 Chinook salmon, the total catch was larger in Area 3 in 2014 (Table 13) than the 4,944 fish caught in Area 4 (Table 14). The Skeena contribution was 1,506 fish to the Area 3 catch and 1,216 fish to the Area 4 catch for a total of 2,722 Chinook or 23% of the total Area 3 and 4 catch (Table 15). The second largest contribution to the Area 3 and 4 total catch in 2014 was from the Upper Columbia Summer / Fall group at 16% or 1,854 fish (Table 15).

## DISCUSSION

This report summarizes the results of genetic analyses of samples collected from recreational Chinook salmon fisheries in NBC from 2012 to 2014 to meet the reporting requirements for the PSC Northern Fund project. As a basic presentation of the findings it reports the stock components determined from the genetic analyses of scale samples and applies them to preliminary catch estimates. A number of items precluded a final report at the time of writing. Catch estimates from Areas 3 and 4 have not been finalized from the 2012 to 2014 creel surveys so the stock specific impacts presented remain preliminary. Size and age information were collected but have not been analyzed or presented. The addition of this information will improve our understanding of the richness of the stock complexes encountered by NBC recreational fisheries.

The stock proportions observed in the samples from Langara Island were applied to the catch estimates for Area 1 (PFMA's 1 and 101). The samples were collected from a single location on Langara Island and although the lodge fleet commonly ranges east and southwest through much of PFMA's 1 and 101 the samples are not a random selection of Chinook catch across all areas. Langara and Graham Islands represent obstacles to fish passage that the north to south Chinook salmon migration flows around. The continuous sample of fish as they move around the islands probably represents the broader spatial area, especially when considered for longer periods like a month. Further, the application of the samples to catch data assists in understanding relative contributions to the fishery. For this reason we've applied the stock compositions to the total monthly catch from Area 1. In addition, most of the Area 1 catch comes from lodges on or near Langara Island.

Recreational fisheries have priority access to Chinook salmon in British Columbia so management actions for weak stocks have been undertaken by commercial fisheries. The shares within the AABM allowable catch are determined pre-season by forecasting the recreational catch and providing the remainder to the commercial troll fishery. Reaching the AABM catch is

attempted by the commercial fishery once domestic management constraints have been met. Typically the AABM allowable catch for NBC is not attained.

Summer troll fisheries have been excluded from areas around Langara Island and the north end of Graham Island since 1997 to avoid conflicts with the sport fishery. The ribbon boundary that keeps the troll fishery away from the shore has assisted in the objective of avoiding WCVI Chinook stocks since those fish tend to migrate closer to the shore (Winther and Beacham, 2006 & 2009).

The combination of Chinook salmon abundance and high proportions of WCVI fish made troll and recreational fishery impacts on WCVI stocks most severe in August (Winther and Beacham, 2006 & 2009). The timing differential between WCVI Chinook salmon and abundant stocks in the Fraser and Columbia Rivers provided opportunities to minimize impacts on WCVI stocks by having commercial troll fisheries in June and July. The trend of high WCVI proportions in August appears to have changed as the proportions of WCVI Chinook encountered by in the sport fishery in 2013 and 2014 were highest in July and lower in August. These changes appear to be the result of the abundant Upper Columbia Summer / Fall stock group diluting the WCVI fish in August.

The application of DNA level markers for stock identification to the management of a particular stock within a mixed stock fishery depends heavily on the ability to identify the stock and detect it with a reasonable level of precision. The relative proportions of component stocks present in the fishery must show some variability across time or space. If the proportion of a stock of conservation concern was static or random across the fishery, fishing periods or areas could not be defined that were any better for avoiding the stock. This could happen if the stock of conservation concern had the same or similar timing and distribution as abundant stocks within the fishery.

Differences in timing and distribution between stock groups have allowed the NBC troll fishery to be positioned such the stocks of conservation concern were avoided and more abundant stocks were harvested. Changes in abundance or distribution of either the stock of conservation concern or any of the major components encountered by the fishery could have significant consequences. Observations made here from the adjacent recreational fishery suggest such changes have occurred. The ability to have a successful mixed stock fishery while avoiding a stock of conservation concern hinges on identifying such differences.

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**TABLES**

Table 1. Chinook salmon catch by stock group for the 2012 Area 1 Recreational fishery.  
Standard deviations (STD) appear in brackets. N = 504.

Code	Region	Proportion	STD	Catch	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	0.4	(0.3)	90	(69)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	0.3	(0.3)	75	(73)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	0.3	(0.5)	57	(110)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0.7	(0.4)	151	(88)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	11.9	(1.5)	2,688	(337)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(15)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	2.3	(0.7)	525	(164)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	17.1	(1.7)	3,860	(385)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	1.6	(0.6)	357	(136)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	6.6	(1.2)	1,484	(264)
11	Nass	2.2	(0.7)	489	(162)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	0.5	(0.3)	114	(70)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0.3	(0.3)	60	(62)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	1.6	(0.6)	357	(128)
15	Alaska	0.4	(0.3)	81	(66)
17	Taku	0.0	(0.2)	10	(38)
18	Stikine	0.1	(0.3)	30	(64)
19-23	Skeena	5.4	(1.3)	1,228	(283)
24	Alsek	0.0	(0.1)	7	(28)
50	Puget Sound	1.1	(0.6)	250	(130)
51	Juan de Fuca	0.0	(0.0)	0	(4)
52	Coastal Washington	19.7	(1.9)	4,453	(424)
53	Lower Columbia	0.0	(0.1)	1	(14)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.0)	0	(11)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	12.9	(1.7)	2,926	(383)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	0.1	(0.3)	21	(64)
57	Snake Fall	3.0	(1.1)	680	(237)
58	North & Central Oregon	8.5	(1.4)	1,921	(313)
59	South Oregon Coastal	0.4	(0.5)	99	(106)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0.0	(0.1)	0	(12)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.1)	0	(12)
63	Upper Willamette	2.6	(0.7)	580	(161)
64	Central Valley Fall	0.0	(0.1)	7	(29)
65	Central Valley Spring	0.0	(0.0)	0	(9)
66	Coastal California	0.0	(0.0)	0	(5)
	TOTAL	100.0		22,600	

Table 2. Chinook salmon catch by stock group for the 2013 Area 1 Recreational fishery.

Standard deviations (STD) appear in brackets. N = 535.

Code	Region	Proportion	STD	Catch	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(29)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	0.2	(0.2)	57	(64)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	0.3	(0.5)	78	(128)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0.3	(0.2)	76	(69)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	11.2	(1.4)	3,193	(392)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(16)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	1.7	(0.6)	497	(181)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	17.7	(1.7)	5,020	(484)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	1.2	(0.5)	342	(140)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	5.6	(1.1)	1,602	(302)
11	Nass	0.1	(0.3)	41	(76)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	0.6	(0.4)	177	(102)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0.0	(0.0)	0	(8)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	1.5	(0.5)	416	(151)
15	Alaska	0.0	(0.1)	4	(31)
17	Taku	0.2	(0.3)	67	(94)
18	Stikine	0.2	(0.4)	59	(101)
19-23	Skeena	6.4	(1.3)	1,824	(370)
24	Alsek	0.0	(0.1)	0	(15)
50	Puget Sound	0.0	(0.1)	7	(34)
51	Juan de Fuca	0.0	(0.0)	0	(8)
52	Coastal Washington	10.3	(1.5)	2,931	(420)
53	Lower Columbia	0.9	(0.5)	262	(142)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.0)	0	(13)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	30.5	(2.1)	8,658	(601)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	0.6	(0.5)	171	(130)
57	Snake Fall	0.3	(0.6)	80	(171)
58	North & Central Oregon	7.7	(1.3)	2,181	(364)
59	South Oregon Coastal	1.7	(0.7)	476	(194)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0.0	(0.0)	1	(12)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0.2	(0.2)	43	(62)
63	Upper Willamette	0.5	(0.3)	138	(99)
64	Central Valley Fall	0.0	(0.1)	0	(22)
65	Central Valley Spring	0.0	(0.0)	0	(12)
66	Coastal California	0.0	(0.0)	0	(6)
	TOTAL	100		28,400	

Table 3. Chinook salmon catch by stock group for the 2014 Area 1 Recreational fishery.

Standard deviations (STD) appear in brackets. N = 524.

Code	Region	Proportion	STD	Catch	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	0.1	(0.1)	26	(40)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	0.7	(0.4)	193	(108)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	0.0	(0.1)	8	(39)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0.6	(0.3)	165	(100)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	11.8	(1.5)	3,424	(423)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(16)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	0.3	(0.3)	82	(81)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	17.2	(1.6)	4,973	(471)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	0.9	(0.5)	264	(133)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	6.6	(1.1)	1,916	(323)
11	Nass	0.2	(0.3)	65	(74)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	0.4	(0.3)	128	(89)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0.0	(0.0)	0	(7)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	1.1	(0.4)	318	(129)
15	Alaska	0.1	(0.1)	25	(39)
17	Taku	0.2	(0.3)	44	(82)
18	Stikine	0.2	(0.3)	52	(74)
19-23	Skeena	2.9	(0.8)	853	(243)
24	Alsek	0.0	(0.1)	0	(20)
50	Puget Sound	0.3	(0.3)	74	(77)
51	Juan de Fuca	0.0	(0.0)	0	(6)
52	Coastal Washington	13.3	(1.6)	3,840	(459)
53	Lower Columbia	3.8	(0.9)	1,097	(262)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.0)	0	(11)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	25.0	(2.2)	7,242	(646)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	0.0	(0.1)	2	(28)
57	Snake Fall	7.3	(1.6)	2,113	(466)
58	North & Central Oregon	5.5	(1.1)	1,602	(318)
59	South Oregon Coastal	1.3	(0.6)	375	(183)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0.0	(0.1)	0	(15)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.1)	1	(20)
63	Upper Willamette	0.1	(0.2)	42	(69)
64	Central Valley Fall	0.1	(0.2)	25	(50)
65	Central Valley Spring	0.0	(0.1)	2	(18)
66	Coastal California	0.0	(0.0)	0	(5)
	TOTAL	100%		28,950	

Table 4. Chinook stock proportions observed in monthly samples from 2012 Area 1 Recreational catches.

Composition presented as % of the sample N. Standard deviations appear in brackets.

	Year	2012		2012		2012		2012		2012		2012	
	Month	May		June		July		August		September		May-Sep	
	Sample type	Random		Random		Random		Random		Random		Large fish	
	N	19		160		160		150		15		49	
Code	Region	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	0.4	(2.3)	1.3	(1.0)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(1.5)	0.0	(0.5)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	2.6	(4.7)	0.3	(0.7)	0.6	(0.7)	0.0	(0.3)	0.2	(1.9)	0.1	(0.7)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	0.0	(0.7)	0.4	(1.4)	0.1	(0.3)	0.2	(0.6)	1.6	(4.7)	0.1	(0.6)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0.1	(1.0)	1.3	(1.0)	0.7	(0.7)	0.0	(0.1)	0.3	(2.0)	0.0	(0.3)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	4.0	(4.8)	19.1	(3.3)	15.1	(3.0)	2.6	(1.4)	3.9	(5.7)	0.4	(1.3)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0.0	(0.9)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.8)	0.0	(0.4)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	4.2	(4.8)	1.3	(0.9)	3.5	(1.6)	2.0	(1.2)	0.0	(1.3)	0.0	(0.4)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	26.4	(9.6)	9.4	(2.3)	15.5	(2.9)	25.7	(3.6)	15.1	(9.1)	4.1	(2.7)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	0.7	(2.9)	0.1	(0.5)	3.6	(1.5)	0.0	(0.2)	9.9	(8.8)	2.1	(2.0)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	21.9	(10.6)	11.3	(2.8)	3.6	(1.5)	5.2	(1.9)	6.7	(7.8)	65.4	(7.0)
11	Nass	4.4	(7.0)	5.8	(2.2)	1.2	(0.9)	0.0	(0.1)	0.1	(1.2)	0.2	(0.8)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	2.8	(4.4)	0.6	(0.6)	0.0	(0.1)	0.7	(0.7)	3.6	(5.3)	0.0	(0.3)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.1)	0.8	(0.8)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(0.1)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	5.3	(4.4)	0.0	(0.0)	3.8	(1.5)	0.7	(0.7)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.0)
15	Alaska	0.7	(2.9)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.8	(0.8)	3.8	(5.4)	1.1	(1.6)
17	Taku	0.0	(0.9)	0.1	(0.3)	0.1	(0.4)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(1.2)	0.0	(0.4)
18	Stikine	0.0	(0.8)	0.4	(0.9)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.2)	0.2	(1.8)	0.6	(1.8)
19-23	Skeena	9.4	(8.2)	12.7	(3.6)	3.9	(1.7)	0.6	(0.8)	3.4	(7.9)	26.1	(6.6)
24	Alsek	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.1	(0.4)	0.0	(1.1)	0.0	(0.2)
50	Puget Sound	0.0	(1.1)	0.0	(0.1)	2.9	(1.6)	0.1	(0.3)	1.9	(5.0)	0.0	(0.3)
51	Juan de Fuca	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.1)
52	Coastal Washington	11.4	(7.1)	11.6	(2.6)	20.5	(3.4)	24.8	(3.6)	40.4	(12.0)	0.0	(0.1)
53	Lower Columbia	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.2)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(0.3)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	5.3	(4.9)	10.5	(2.5)	11.9	(2.9)	17.3	(3.6)	0.6	(2.4)	0.0	(0.4)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	0.0	(1.1)	0.2	(0.9)	0.0	(0.1)	0.1	(0.3)	0.5	(2.9)	0.0	(0.6)
57	Snake Fall	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.0)	0.4	(1.3)	8.8	(2.9)	0.5	(2.2)	0.0	(0.1)
58	North & Central Oregon	0.2	(1.3)	7.2	(2.2)	10.6	(2.6)	8.2	(2.5)	0.0	(1.1)	0.0	(0.3)
59	South Oregon Coastal	0.1	(1.5)	0.0	(0.2)	1.0	(1.1)	0.2	(0.7)	0.0	(0.9)	0.0	(0.3)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.7)	0.0	(0.2)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.8)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.9)	0.0	(0.2)
63	Upper Willamette	0.0	(0.5)	6.2	(2.0)	0.0	(0.1)	1.8	(1.2)	7.1	(6.1)	0.0	(0.2)
64	Central Valley Fall	0.0	(0.9)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.1	(0.3)	0.3	(2.2)	0.0	(0.5)
65	Central Valley Spring	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(0.1)
66	Coastal California	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.0)

Table 5. Chinook stock proportions observed in monthly samples from 2013 Area 1 Recreational catches.

Composition presented as % of the sample N. Standard deviations appear in brackets.

	Year	2013		2013		2013		2013		2013		2013	
	Month	May		June		July		August		September		May-Sep	
	Sample type	Random		Random		Random		Random		Random		Large fish	
	Sample size (N)	49		150		159		148		29		33	
Code	Region	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.8)	0.0	(0.7)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	0.0	(0.7)	0.7	(0.8)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.8)	0.0	(0.8)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	6.2	(4.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.5	(1.3)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.5)	0.1	(1.1)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	2.0	(2.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.7	(0.7)	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(0.4)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	10.1	(4.2)	23.3	(3.4)	11.2	(2.6)	2.7	(1.4)	0.0	(0.9)	0.5	(1.7)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(0.7)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.1)	4.4	(1.7)	0.6	(0.7)	0.0	(0.6)	6.1	(4.0)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	18.3	(5.5)	8.8	(2.3)	29.9	(3.7)	13.6	(2.8)	0.1	(1.1)	6.0	(4.0)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	0.0	(0.4)	2.7	(1.3)	1.3	(1.0)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.7)	9.6	(4.9)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	23.7	(6.4)	12.2	(3.0)	3.4	(1.5)	2.3	(1.3)	0.0	(0.7)	23.7	(7.4)
11	Nass	0.2	(1.0)	0.5	(1.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(0.6)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	0.0	(0.2)	0.7	(0.6)	0.6	(0.6)	0.7	(0.7)	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.4)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.2)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	0.0	(0.1)	1.3	(0.9)	3.1	(1.3)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.1)
15	Alaska	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.7)	0.0	(0.3)
17	Taku	2.1	(3.4)	0.0	(0.1)	0.6	(0.9)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.5)
18	Stikine	1.4	(2.5)	0.3	(0.9)	0.3	(0.7)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.6)	0.1	(0.8)
19-23	Skeena	6.5	(4.1)	15.6	(3.7)	6.0	(2.4)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(1.0)	39.5	(8.6)
24	Alsek	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.5)
50	Puget Sound	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.5)	8.2	(4.9)
51	Juan de Fuca	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)
52	Coastal Washington	0.0	(0.1)	3.4	(1.7)	7.3	(2.2)	19.8	(3.5)	10.3	(6.4)	3.0	(2.8)
53	Lower Columbia	0.0	(0.2)	2.3	(1.4)	0.3	(0.6)	0.6	(0.8)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.1)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.5)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	25.2	(6.2)	19.3	(3.3)	23.4	(3.6)	45.3	(4.3)	51.3	(8.9)	3.0	(2.9)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	0.0	(0.6)	2.1	(1.6)	0.0	(0.2)	0.1	(0.5)	0.0	(0.8)	0.1	(1.3)
57	Snake Fall	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)	0.6	(1.4)	0.2	(1.0)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.4)
58	North & Central Oregon	3.2	(2.8)	2.3	(1.4)	6.5	(2.1)	10.5	(2.8)	36.1	(9.4)	0.0	(0.6)
59	South Oregon Coastal	0.7	(2.2)	3.0	(1.7)	0.1	(0.3)	2.4	(1.5)	2.2	(3.4)	0.0	(0.4)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0.3	(1.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.3)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.2)	0.4	(0.6)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.4)
63	Upper Willamette	0.0	(0.2)	1.3	(1.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.4	(0.7)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.3)
64	Central Valley Fall	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.8)	0.0	(0.3)
65	Central Valley Spring	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.3)
66	Coastal California	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)



Table 6. Chinook stock proportions observed in monthly samples from 2014 Area 1 Recreational catches.

Composition presented as % of the sample N. Standard deviations appear in brackets.

	Year	2014		2014		2014		2014		2014		2014	
	Month	May		June		July		August		September		May-Sep	
	Sample type	Random		Random		Random		Random		Random		Large fish	
	Sample size (N)	29		140		170		150		35		30	
Code	Region	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	2.9	(3.3)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.7)	0.0	(0.9)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	3.7	(4.0)	0.0	(0.2)	1.3	(0.9)	0.5	(0.7)	0.0	(0.7)	0.0	(0.7)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	0.0	(0.3)	0.1	(0.4)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.3)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0.0	(0.4)	0.7	(0.7)	1.1	(0.9)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.5)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	3.4	(3.4)	21.7	(3.6)	14.9	(2.8)	0.7	(0.8)	0.1	(1.1)	0.0	(0.6)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.4)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	3.5	(3.2)	0.0	(0.2)	0.1	(0.3)	0.5	(0.7)	0.3	(1.7)	0.0	(1.0)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	24.1	(7.7)	9.2	(2.5)	26.9	(3.4)	17.5	(3.1)	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(0.8)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	0.0	(0.6)	2.2	(1.3)	0.6	(0.6)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.6)	4.5	(3.9)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	1.3	(2.9)	12.4	(2.7)	8.5	(2.2)	0.0	(0.2)	0.1	(1.2)	33.9	(8.4)
11	Nass	1.1	(2.6)	0.6	(0.7)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(0.6)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	0.0	(0.4)	0.7	(0.7)	0.7	(0.7)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.4)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.1)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	0.0	(0.3)	0.7	(0.7)	2.9	(1.3)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.0)
15	Alaska	2.9	(4.3)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.5)
17	Taku	0.5	(1.9)	0.4	(0.8)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(0.7)
18	Stikine	3.2	(5.4)	0.3	(0.6)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(0.7)
19-23	Skeena	1.9	(4.0)	5.9	(2.2)	3.2	(1.4)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.9)	61.3	(8.9)
24	Alsek	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.4)
50	Puget Sound	0.0	(0.5)	0.7	(0.8)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.2)	0.1	(0.7)	0.0	(0.8)
51	Juan de Fuca	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)
52	Coastal Washington	3.9	(3.5)	9.4	(2.6)	9.2	(2.3)	19.9	(3.5)	34.0	(7.7)	0.0	(0.3)
53	Lower Columbia	0.4	(1.7)	3.0	(1.5)	2.2	(1.3)	6.2	(2.0)	5.9	(3.9)	0.0	(0.3)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.2)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	25.2	(10.6)	17.6	(3.7)	21.4	(3.6)	35.7	(4.7)	27.9	(7.8)	0.0	(0.5)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	0.0	(0.9)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(1.0)
57	Snake Fall	15.1	(9.3)	6.3	(2.8)	4.1	(2.3)	11.3	(3.5)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)
58	North & Central Oregon	3.6	(3.6)	7.4	(2.3)	2.3	(1.4)	4.8	(1.9)	26.2	(7.4)	0.0	(0.5)
59	South Oregon Coastal	3.4	(3.2)	0.1	(0.6)	0.5	(1.0)	2.7	(1.6)	5.4	(4.3)	0.0	(0.3)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.4)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.5)
63	Upper Willamette	0.0	(0.2)	0.4	(0.7)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.3)
64	Central Valley Fall	0.0	(0.7)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.3	(0.5)	0.1	(0.8)	0.0	(0.7)
65	Central Valley Spring	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.2)
66	Coastal California	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)

Table 7. Chinook catch composition from 2012 Area 1 Recreational fisheries by month.

Catch composition presented in numbers of fish. Standard deviations appear in brackets.

	Year	2012		2012		2012		2014		2014	
	Date	May		June		July		August		September	
	Catch	150		6600		8000		7300		550	
	Sample size (N)	19		160		160		150		15	
Code	Region	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	1	(3)	88	(65)	2	(20)	0	(11)	0	(8)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	4	(7)	19	(46)	49	(52)	2	(19)	1	(10)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	0	(1)	29	(93)	4	(22)	16	(47)	9	(26)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0	(2)	89	(65)	60	(59)	0	(6)	2	(11)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	6	(7)	1,263	(216)	1,209	(237)	189	(99)	21	(32)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0	(1)	0	(6)	0	(9)	0	(10)	0	(5)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	6	(7)	86	(61)	283	(125)	150	(87)	0	(7)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	40	(14)	621	(152)	1,240	(232)	1,877	(261)	83	(50)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	1	(4)	10	(32)	290	(122)	1	(14)	55	(48)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	33	(16)	746	(183)	292	(124)	376	(138)	37	(43)
11	Nass	7	(11)	385	(144)	96	(73)	0	(10)	0	(7)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	4	(7)	41	(39)	0	(7)	49	(49)	20	(29)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0	(0)	0	(3)	60	(62)	0	(4)	0	(3)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	8	(7)	0	(2)	300	(118)	49	(49)	0	(3)
15	Alaska	1	(4)	0	(8)	0	(6)	58	(58)	21	(30)
17	Taku	0	(1)	5	(22)	5	(28)	1	(12)	0	(6)
18	Stikine	0	(1)	26	(60)	2	(15)	1	(15)	1	(10)
19-23	Skeena	14	(12)	835	(237)	316	(138)	44	(55)	19	(44)
24	Alesek	0	(1)	0	(5)	0	(5)	7	(26)	0	(6)
50	Puget Sound	0	(2)	1	(10)	235	(125)	4	(21)	10	(27)
51	Juan de Fuca	0	(0)	0	(1)	0	(2)	0	(2)	0	(1)
52	Coastal Washington	17	(11)	763	(173)	1,638	(273)	1,812	(266)	222	(66)
53	Lower Columbia	0	(1)	1	(8)	0	(4)	0	(11)	0	(2)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0	(1)	0	(4)	0	(6)	0	(8)	0	(3)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	8	(7)	694	(163)	955	(230)	1,266	(260)	3	(13)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	0	(2)	14	(56)	0	(10)	4	(23)	3	(16)
57	Snake Fall	0	(1)	0	(3)	35	(103)	643	(214)	3	(12)
58	North & Central Oregon	0	(2)	477	(144)	848	(211)	595	(182)	0	(6)
59	South Oregon Coastal	0	(2)	1	(14)	82	(90)	16	(53)	0	(5)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0	(1)	0	(6)	0	(6)	0	(7)	0	(4)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0	(1)	0	(7)	0	(5)	0	(5)	0	(5)
63	Upper Willamette	0	(1)	407	(130)	0	(6)	134	(89)	39	(33)
64	Central Valley Fall	0	(1)	0	(8)	1	(14)	5	(21)	2	(12)
65	Central Valley Spring	0	(1)	0	(4)	0	(4)	0	(5)	0	(3)
66	Coastal California	0	(1)	0	(2)	0	(3)	0	(3)	0	(1)

Table 8. Chinook catch composition from 2013 Area 1 Recreational fisheries by month.

Catch composition presented in numbers of fish. Standard deviations appear in brackets.

	Year	2013		2013		2013		2013		2013	
	Date	May		June		July		August		September	
	Catch	500		7,600		10,000		9,300		1,000	
	Sample size (N)	49		150		159		148		29	
Code	Region	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	0	(2)	0	(14)	0	(16)	0	(17)	0	(8)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	0	(3)	56	(57)	1	(24)	0	(15)	0	(8)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	31	(20)	1	(11)	46	(126)	0	(9)	0	(5)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	10	(10)	0	(7)	0	(8)	66	(67)	0	(6)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	51	(21)	1,770	(262)	1,119	(260)	254	(131)	0	(9)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0	(1)	0	(7)	0	(9)	0	(10)	0	(6)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	0	(3)	0	(10)	445	(167)	52	(69)	0	(6)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	92	(28)	668	(175)	2,991	(368)	1,269	(260)	1	(11)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	0	(2)	204	(99)	134	(95)	5	(27)	0	(7)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	118	(32)	930	(228)	340	(153)	213	(121)	0	(7)
11	Nass	1	(5)	40	(74)	0	(13)	0	(12)	0	(6)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	0	(1)	51	(49)	63	(65)	63	(62)	0	(4)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0	(0)	0	(3)	0	(4)	0	(6)	0	(2)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	0	(0)	101	(69)	314	(134)	0	(3)	0	(2)
15	Alaska	0	(2)	4	(26)	0	(13)	0	(9)	0	(7)
17	Taku	11	(17)	0	(10)	56	(91)	0	(12)	0	(5)
18	Stikine	7	(12)	26	(67)	26	(73)	0	(10)	0	(6)
19-23	Skeena	33	(21)	1,189	(278)	602	(242)	1	(22)	0	(10)
24	Alsek	0	(1)	0	(9)	0	(8)	0	(10)	0	(2)
50	Puget Sound	0	(2)	0	(10)	5	(25)	2	(19)	0	(5)
51	Juan de Fuca	0	(1)	0	(3)	0	(6)	0	(4)	0	(1)
52	Coastal Washington	0	(1)	256	(128)	734	(225)	1,838	(325)	103	(64)
53	Lower Columbia	0	(1)	176	(108)	29	(56)	57	(73)	0	(3)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0	(1)	0	(7)	0	(7)	0	(7)	0	(4)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	126	(31)	1,464	(248)	2,337	(363)	4,217	(398)	513	(89)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	0	(3)	158	(120)	1	(17)	12	(47)	0	(8)
57	Snake Fall	0	(1)	0	(2)	58	(141)	22	(97)	0	(2)
58	North & Central Oregon	16	(14)	179	(107)	651	(215)	975	(256)	361	(94)
59	South Oregon Coastal	4	(11)	225	(128)	6	(30)	219	(137)	22	(34)
61	Klamath/Trinity	1	(5)	0	(5)	0	(5)	0	(6)	0	(5)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0	(1)	2	(17)	41	(59)	0	(8)	0	(2)
63	Upper Willamette	0	(1)	101	(74)	0	(7)	37	(65)	0	(2)
64	Central Valley Fall	0	(1)	0	(11)	0	(13)	0	(11)	0	(8)
65	Central Valley Spring	0	(1)	0	(6)	0	(8)	0	(6)	0	(3)
66	Coastal California	0	(0)	0	(3)	0	(4)	0	(3)	0	(1)

Table 9. Chinook catch composition from 2014 Area 1 Recreational fisheries by month.

Catch composition presented in numbers of fish. Standard deviations appear in brackets.

	Year	2014		2014		2014		2014		2014	
	Date	May		June		July		August		September	
	Catch	850		9500		8500		9200		900	
	N	29		140		170		150		35	
Code	Region	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	24	(28)	0	(17)	1	(17)	0	(17)	0	(6)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	31	(34)	0	(21)	113	(80)	48	(60)	0	(6)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	0	(2)	8	(37)	0	(5)	0	(7)	0	(4)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0	(3)	68	(67)	97	(73)	0	(10)	0	(3)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	29	(29)	2,065	(338)	1,269	(239)	60	(77)	1	(10)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0	(5)	0	(9)	0	(8)	0	(9)	0	(4)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	29	(27)	1	(20)	4	(23)	45	(68)	3	(15)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	205	(65)	875	(235)	2,283	(287)	1,610	(282)	0	(6)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	0	(5)	213	(122)	51	(50)	0	(16)	0	(5)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	11	(25)	1,181	(259)	723	(190)	0	(19)	1	(11)
11	Nass	9	(22)	54	(68)	1	(14)	0	(13)	0	(5)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	0	(4)	69	(68)	59	(57)	0	(7)	0	(2)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0	(1)	0	(4)	0	(3)	0	(4)	0	(4)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	0	(3)	68	(67)	250	(111)	0	(2)	0	(2)
15	Alaska	25	(37)	0	(8)	0	(7)	0	(6)	0	(4)
17	Taku	4	(16)	39	(78)	0	(11)	0	(10)	0	(6)
18	Stikine	27	(46)	24	(54)	1	(11)	0	(15)	0	(5)
19-23	Skeena	16	(34)	560	(206)	276	(123)	0	(19)	0	(8)
24	Alsek	0	(3)	0	(16)	0	(8)	0	(8)	0	(3)
50	Puget Sound	0	(5)	70	(72)	2	(16)	2	(20)	1	(6)
51	Juan de Fuca	0	(1)	0	(4)	0	(2)	0	(4)	0	(1)
52	Coastal Washington	33	(30)	889	(251)	785	(197)	1,826	(322)	306	(69)
53	Lower Columbia	4	(15)	288	(147)	185	(114)	568	(181)	53	(35)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0	(4)	0	(5)	0	(5)	0	(6)	0	(2)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	214	(90)	1,672	(356)	1,817	(304)	3,288	(430)	251	(70)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	0	(8)	0	(15)	0	(12)	2	(18)	0	(5)
57	Snake Fall	128	(79)	602	(262)	344	(194)	1,039	(324)	0	(1)
58	North & Central Oregon	31	(30)	698	(221)	199	(123)	439	(178)	236	(66)
59	South Oregon Coastal	29	(27)	13	(54)	40	(81)	246	(147)	48	(38)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0	(4)	0	(11)	0	(5)	0	(8)	0	(2)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0	(3)	1	(17)	0	(6)	0	(8)	0	(3)
63	Upper Willamette	0	(2)	42	(68)	0	(6)	0	(9)	0	(3)
64	Central Valley Fall	0	(6)	0	(11)	0	(9)	24	(47)	1	(8)
65	Central Valley Spring	0	(2)	1	(13)	0	(4)	1	(10)	0	(4)
66	Coastal California	0	(1)	0	(4)	0	(3)	0	(2)	0	(1)

Table 10. Chinook stock proportions and catch estimates for 2012 Recreational fisheries in Areas 3 &amp; 4.

Standard deviations appear in brackets. Catch estimates are preliminary.

		2012		2012		2012		2012		2012 Total		2012 Total	
		June		June		July & August		July & August		June to August		June to August	
		Area 3 & 4		Area 3 & 4		Area 3 & 4		Area 3 & 4		Area 3 & 4		Area 3 & 4	
Sample size (N) or Catch		N=200		Catch = 2,785		N = 143		Catch = 4,622		N = 343		Catch = 7,407	
		Proportion		Catch estimate		Proportion		Catch estimate		Proportion		Catch estimate	
Code	Region	%	SD	Est.	SD	%	SD	Est.	SD	%	SD	Est.	SD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(5)	0.0	(0.3)	0	(12)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(13)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	0.1	(0.4)	2	(10)	0.0	(0.3)	0	(14)	0.0	(0.2)	2	(17)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	0.7	(1.3)	20	(35)	0.7	(1.6)	34	(74)	0.7	(1.1)	54	(82)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(4)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(8)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(9)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	0.7	(0.7)	21	(19)	4.0	(1.6)	184	(76)	2.8	(1.1)	205	(78)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(3)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(8)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(9)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	2.1	(1.0)	59	(28)	5.4	(2.0)	249	(94)	4.2	(1.3)	308	(98)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	7.8	(1.9)	216	(53)	9.2	(2.4)	425	(110)	8.6	(1.6)	641	(122)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	1.9	(1.1)	52	(30)	2.4	(1.3)	112	(62)	2.2	(0.9)	164	(69)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	12.7	(2.6)	355	(71)	9.2	(3.3)	424	(151)	10.5	(2.3)	779	(167)
11	Nass	8.7	(2.3)	242	(64)	6.5	(2.7)	302	(126)	7.3	(1.9)	544	(141)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	0.2	(0.4)	4	(10)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(7)	0.1	(0.2)	4	(13)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(1)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(5)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(5)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	0.0	(0.0)	0	(1)	0.0	(0.0)	0	(2)	0.0	(0.0)	0	(2)
15	Alaska	0.0	(0.1)	0	(3)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(7)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(8)
17	Taku	0.0	(0.2)	0	(5)	0.3	(0.7)	13	(32)	0.2	(0.4)	13	(32)
18	Stikine	2.9	(1.8)	82	(49)	1.2	(1.7)	54	(78)	1.8	(1.2)	136	(92)
19-23	Skeena	55.2	(6.7)	1,537	(187)	47.3	(6.2)	2,188	(285)	50.3	(4.6)	3,725	(341)
24	Alsek	0.0	(0.1)	0	(2)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(8)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(8)
50	Puget Sound	0.0	(0.2)	0	(4)	3.7	(1.9)	172	(87)	2.3	(1.2)	173	(87)
51	Juan de Fuca	0.0	(0.0)	0	(1)	1.5	(1.0)	68	(45)	0.9	(0.6)	68	(45)
52	Coastal Washington	0.0	(0.1)	0	(4)	0.0	(0.3)	2	(14)	0.0	(0.2)	2	(15)
53	Lower Columbia	0.2	(0.4)	4	(10)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(4)	0.1	(0.1)	4	(11)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.1)	0	(3)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(6)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(6)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	4.5	(1.7)	126	(46)	7.6	(2.1)	353	(96)	6.5	(1.4)	479	(106)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	0.0	(0.2)	0	(5)	0.2	(0.6)	9	(28)	0.1	(0.4)	9	(28)
57	Snake Fall	1.2	(1.0)	35	(29)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(3)	0.5	(0.4)	35	(29)
58	North & Central Oregon	0.0	(0.1)	0	(4)	0.7	(0.7)	33	(33)	0.4	(0.4)	33	(33)
59	South Oregon Coastal	0.0	(0.1)	0	(4)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(9)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(10)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0.0	(0.1)	0	(4)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(6)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(7)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.1)	0	(3)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(7)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(8)
63	Upper Willamette	0.5	(0.6)	13	(16)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(6)	0.2	(0.2)	13	(17)
64	Central Valley Fall	0.5	(0.6)	13	(17)	0.0	(0.2)	1	(11)	0.2	(0.3)	14	(20)
65	Central Valley Spring	0.0	(0.1)	0	(2)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(7)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(7)
66	Coastal California	0.0	(0.0)	0	(1)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(4)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(4)

Table 11. Chinook stock proportions and catch estimates for 2013 Recreational fisheries in Areas 3 &amp; 4.

Standard deviations appear in brackets. Catch estimates are preliminary.

	Year	2013		2013		2013		2013		2013 Total		2013 Total	
	Month	June		June		July & August		July & August		June to August		June to August	
	Areas	Areas 3 & 4		Areas 3 & 4		Areas 3 & 4		Areas 3 & 4		Areas 3 & 4		Areas 3 & 4	
	Sample N or Catch	N = 190		Catch = 5,250		N = 127		Catch = 5,056		N = 317		Catch = 10,306	
		Proportion		Catch estimate		Proportion		Catch estimate		Proportion		Catch estimate	
Code	Region	%	SD	Est.	SD	%	SD	Est.	SD	%	SD	Est.	SD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(10)	0.0	(0.3)	0	(14)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(17)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(11)	0.0	(0.4)	1	(18)	0.0	(0.2)	1	(21)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	0.6	(0.6)	32	(31)	3.4	(2.4)	171	(123)	2.0	(1.2)	203	(126)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(6)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(8)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(10)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	8.9	(2.0)	466	(105)	10.5	(2.7)	530	(138)	9.7	(1.7)	997	(173)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(6)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(8)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(10)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	2.3	(1.1)	121	(59)	0.9	(0.9)	48	(48)	1.6	(0.7)	169	(76)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	12.7	(2.4)	666	(124)	15.5	(3.2)	783	(160)	14.1	(2.0)	1,448	(203)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	4.0	(1.5)	209	(80)	1.0	(1.0)	51	(50)	2.5	(0.9)	260	(94)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	28.4	(3.4)	1,490	(179)	1.2	(1.1)	60	(56)	15.0	(1.8)	1,550	(188)
11	Nass	1.7	(1.2)	88	(63)	0.6	(1.0)	31	(51)	1.2	(0.8)	119	(81)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	0.5	(0.5)	28	(27)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(6)	0.3	(0.3)	28	(27)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(3)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(5)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(6)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	0.0	(0.0)	0	(2)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(4)	0.0	(0.0)	0	(4)
15	Alaska	0.1	(0.4)	6	(21)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(8)	0.1	(0.2)	7	(22)
17	Taku	0.0	(0.2)	1	(10)	0.1	(0.4)	4	(23)	0.1	(0.2)	6	(25)
18	Stikine	1.1	(1.3)	60	(68)	1.9	(2.1)	97	(107)	1.5	(1.2)	158	(126)
19-23	Skeena	29.5	(4.8)	1,547	(252)	25.9	(6.4)	1,310	(326)	27.7	(4.0)	2,857	(412)
24	Alsek	0.0	(0.1)	0	(6)	0.0	(0.2)	1	(11)	0.0	(0.1)	1	(12)
50	Puget Sound	1.0	(0.8)	52	(41)	4.9	(2.1)	250	(105)	2.9	(1.1)	302	(112)
51	Juan de Fuca	0.0	(0.1)	0	(3)	0.5	(0.8)	28	(43)	0.3	(0.4)	28	(43)
52	Coastal Washington	0.0	(0.1)	0	(5)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(8)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(9)
53	Lower Columbia	0.0	(0.1)	0	(3)	3.3	(2.1)	167	(106)	1.6	(1.0)	167	(106)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.1)	0	(5)	0.0	(0.2)	1	(10)	0.0	(0.1)	1	(12)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	6.7	(2.1)	352	(108)	19.8	(3.7)	1,002	(188)	13.1	(2.1)	1,353	(217)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	0.1	(0.4)	5	(19)	0.5	(1.1)	24	(55)	0.3	(0.6)	29	(58)
57	Snake Fall	0.6	(1.1)	30	(56)	5.6	(2.2)	283	(113)	3.0	(1.2)	313	(126)
58	North & Central Oregon	0.6	(0.6)	34	(33)	1.3	(1.1)	68	(55)	1.0	(0.6)	102	(65)
59	South Oregon Coastal	1.1	(0.8)	59	(44)	0.0	(0.3)	2	(16)	0.6	(0.5)	62	(47)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0.0	(0.1)	0	(4)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(6)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(7)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0.1	(0.3)	3	(15)	1.2	(1.3)	61	(64)	0.6	(0.6)	63	(66)
63	Upper Willamette	0.0	(0.1)	0	(5)	1.6	(1.1)	80	(56)	0.8	(0.5)	80	(56)
64	Central Valley Fall	0.0	(0.2)	1	(10)	0.0	(0.2)	0	(9)	0.0	(0.1)	1	(13)
65	Central Valley Spring	0.0	(0.0)	0	(2)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(4)	0.0	(0.0)	0	(4)
66	Coastal California	0.0	(0.0)	0	(2)	0.0	(0.2)	1	(10)	0.0	(0.1)	1	(10)

Table 12. Chinook stock proportions observed in monthly samples from 2014 Areas 3 and 4 Recreational catches.

Composition presented as % of the sample N. Standard deviations appear in brackets.

	Year	2014		2014		2014		2014		2014		2014	
	Area	3		3		3		4		4		4	
	Month	June		July		August		June		July		August	
	N	146		124		29		172		192		44	
Code	Region	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD	%	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.9)	0.0	(0.2)	0.8	(0.8)	0.0	(0.4)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.8)	0.2	(0.5)	0.5	(0.8)	0.0	(0.5)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	8.7	(4.4)	6.3	(4.1)	1.0	(3.4)	0.7	(0.7)	6.0	(3.4)	0.0	(0.4)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.3)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	5.2	(2.0)	6.4	(2.4)	0.0	(0.7)	7.0	(2.0)	13.0	(2.6)	2.4	(2.2)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.5)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.4)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	2.7	(1.6)	0.6	(1.0)	2.4	(5.7)	2.0	(1.3)	5.2	(1.7)	10.7	(4.8)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	6.2	(2.0)	8.8	(2.6)	8.7	(5.6)	9.5	(2.2)	16.7	(2.7)	9.1	(4.1)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	2.9	(1.6)	0.1	(0.4)	0.3	(1.4)	1.9	(1.1)	1.9	(1.2)	3.5	(3.0)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	8.0	(4.3)	8.7	(3.6)	14.6	(7.2)	21.7	(3.7)	8.9	(2.4)	6.6	(3.7)
11	Nass	18.2	(4.2)	5.4	(2.9)	1.5	(3.0)	1.0	(1.7)	0.6	(0.7)	0.3	(1.4)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.5)	0.5	(0.6)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.2)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)
15	Alaska	0.1	(0.4)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.6)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.3)
17	Taku	0.0	(0.3)	0.1	(0.6)	6.1	(6.9)	0.3	(0.7)	0.0	(0.2)	0.4	(1.4)
18	Stikine	0.4	(0.9)	0.5	(1.2)	14.2	(7.2)	0.8	(1.4)	0.3	(0.7)	0.2	(1.0)
19-23	Skeena	21.1	(6.8)	23.3	(5.9)	7.9	(5.7)	35.7	(6.9)	15.3	(3.5)	12.2	(7.9)
24	Alsek	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.3)
50	Puget Sound	3.1	(1.9)	3.5	(2.6)	5.9	(5.1)	6.3	(2.2)	2.3	(1.2)	13.9	(5.4)
51	Juan de Fuca	0.5	(0.7)	0.9	(1.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)	0.5	(0.5)	0.0	(0.2)
52	Coastal Washington	3.4	(1.6)	7.5	(2.9)	2.1	(3.8)	0.0	(0.1)	1.8	(1.1)	6.0	(3.7)
53	Lower Columbia	1.4	(1.1)	2.3	(1.7)	6.5	(4.8)	3.9	(1.5)	3.9	(1.6)	1.9	(2.2)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.3)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	9.4	(2.7)	23.7	(4.2)	27.7	(9.0)	8.5	(2.2)	21.1	(2.9)	15.8	(6.1)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	3.1	(2.6)	1.0	(2.0)	0.0	(0.9)	0.0	(0.2)	1.0	(1.1)	0.2	(1.0)
57	Snake Fall	3.7	(2.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.1	(0.7)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.2)	13.9	(6.1)
58	North & Central Oregon	0.8	(0.8)	0.0	(0.2)	0.2	(1.3)	0.1	(0.3)	0.1	(0.3)	0.0	(0.4)
59	South Oregon Coastal	0.1	(0.5)	0.8	(1.0)	0.1	(0.8)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.3)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.4)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)
63	Upper Willamette	0.8	(0.8)	0.1	(0.4)	0.4	(1.6)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	2.8	(2.5)
64	Central Valley Fall	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.3)	0.2	(1.6)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.4)
65	Central Valley Spring	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.3)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.3)
66	Coastal California	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.0	(0.2)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)

Table 13. Chinook catch composition from 2014 Area 3 Recreational fisheries by month.

Catch composition presented in numbers of fish. Standard deviations appear in brackets. Catch estimates are preliminary.

	Year	2014		2014		2014		2014 Total		2014 Total	
	Area	3		3		3		3		3	
	Date	June		July		August		June-August		June-August	
	Catch	3,807		2,898		325		7,030		7,030	
	N	146		124		29		299		299	
Code	Region	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	%	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	0	(8)	0	(6)	0	(3)	1	(11)	0.0	(0.2)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	1	(9)	0	(7)	0	(3)	1	(12)	0.0	(0.2)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	331	(169)	184	(119)	3	(11)	518	(207)	7.4	(2.9)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0	(5)	0	(3)	0	(2)	0	(6)	0.0	(0.1)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	196	(75)	184	(69)	0	(2)	381	(102)	5.4	(1.5)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0	(4)	0	(4)	0	(2)	0	(6)	0.0	(0.1)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	105	(62)	16	(30)	8	(18)	129	(71)	1.8	(1.0)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	235	(76)	255	(76)	28	(18)	519	(109)	7.4	(1.6)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	109	(62)	2	(12)	1	(5)	113	(64)	1.6	(0.9)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	305	(162)	251	(106)	48	(23)	604	(195)	8.6	(2.8)
11	Nass	694	(161)	156	(85)	5	(10)	856	(182)	12.2	(2.6)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	0	(3)	0	(2)	0	(2)	0	(4)	0.0	(0.1)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0	(1)	0	(2)	0	(1)	0	(2)	0.0	(0.0)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	0	(1)	0	(2)	0	(1)	0	(2)	0.0	(0.0)
15	Alaska	5	(16)	0	(4)	0	(2)	5	(16)	0.1	(0.2)
17	Taku	2	(12)	4	(16)	20	(22)	25	(30)	0.4	(0.4)
18	Stikine	14	(35)	15	(36)	46	(23)	75	(55)	1.1	(0.8)
19-23	Skeena	804	(260)	676	(170)	26	(19)	1,506	(311)	21.4	(4.4)
24	Alsek	0	(5)	0	(3)	0	(1)	0	(6)	0.0	(0.1)
50	Puget Sound	120	(72)	103	(75)	19	(17)	241	(105)	3.4	(1.5)
51	Juan de Fuca	18	(26)	26	(29)	0	(0)	45	(38)	0.6	(0.5)
52	Coastal Washington	131	(63)	217	(85)	7	(12)	355	(106)	5.0	(1.5)
53	Lower Columbia	51	(40)	67	(50)	21	(16)	140	(66)	2.0	(0.9)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0	(4)	0	(2)	0	(1)	0	(5)	0.0	(0.1)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	357	(105)	685	(122)	90	(29)	1,132	(163)	16.1	(2.3)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	119	(99)	29	(59)	0	(3)	148	(116)	2.1	(1.6)
57	Snake Fall	141	(79)	0	(5)	0	(2)	142	(79)	2.0	(1.1)
58	North & Central Oregon	29	(31)	0	(6)	1	(4)	30	(32)	0.4	(0.4)
59	South Oregon Coastal	5	(19)	22	(30)	0	(3)	27	(36)	0.4	(0.5)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0	(3)	0	(2)	0	(1)	0	(4)	0.0	(0.1)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0	(4)	0	(3)	0	(1)	0	(6)	0.0	(0.1)
63	Upper Willamette	31	(31)	2	(11)	1	(5)	34	(33)	0.5	(0.5)
64	Central Valley Fall	0	(6)	1	(9)	1	(5)	2	(12)	0.0	(0.2)
65	Central Valley Spring	0	(2)	0	(4)	0	(1)	0	(5)	0.0	(0.1)
66	Coastal California	0	(2)	0	(2)	0	(1)	0	(3)	0.0	(0.0)



Table 14. Chinook catch composition from 2014 Area 4 Recreational fisheries by month.

Catch composition presented in numbers of fish. Standard deviations appear in brackets. Catch estimates are preliminary.

	Year	2014		2014		2014		2014 Total		2014 Total	
	Area	4		4		4		4		4	
	Date	June		July		August		June-August		June-August	
	Catch	2,334		2,118		492		4,944		4,944	
	N	172		192		44		408		408	
Code	Region	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	Catch	STD	%	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	0	(4)	18	(17)	0	(2)	18	(18)	0.4	(0.4)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	4	(12)	11	(17)	0	(2)	15	(21)	0.3	(0.4)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	16	(17)	128	(72)	0	(2)	144	(74)	2.9	(1.5)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0	(3)	0	(2)	0	(2)	0	(4)	0.0	(0.1)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	163	(46)	275	(56)	12	(11)	450	(73)	9.1	(1.5)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0	(2)	0	(2)	0	(2)	0	(4)	0.0	(0.1)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	46	(31)	109	(36)	53	(24)	208	(54)	4.2	(1.1)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	221	(52)	353	(57)	45	(20)	619	(79)	12.5	(1.6)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	44	(25)	40	(25)	17	(15)	101	(39)	2.0	(0.8)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	507	(86)	189	(52)	33	(18)	729	(102)	14.7	(2.1)
11	Nass	23	(39)	13	(16)	1	(7)	37	(43)	0.8	(0.9)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	12	(13)	0	(1)	0	(1)	12	(14)	0.2	(0.3)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0	(1)	0	(1)	0	(1)	0	(1)	0.0	(0.0)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	0	(0)	0	(0)	0	(0)	0	(1)	0.0	(0.0)
15	Alaska	0	(2)	0	(2)	0	(1)	0	(3)	0.0	(0.1)
17	Taku	6	(17)	0	(4)	2	(7)	9	(18)	0.2	(0.4)
18	Stikine	19	(33)	6	(16)	1	(5)	25	(37)	0.5	(0.7)
19-23	Skeena	833	(162)	323	(75)	60	(39)	1,216	(182)	24.6	(3.7)
24	Alsek	0	(2)	0	(1)	0	(2)	0	(3)	0.0	(0.1)
50	Puget Sound	147	(51)	50	(25)	69	(27)	265	(63)	5.4	(1.3)
51	Juan de Fuca	0	(0)	12	(11)	0	(1)	12	(11)	0.2	(0.2)
52	Coastal Washington	0	(3)	39	(24)	30	(18)	69	(30)	1.4	(0.6)
53	Lower Columbia	92	(36)	83	(33)	9	(11)	184	(50)	3.7	(1.0)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0	(2)	0	(1)	0	(1)	0	(3)	0.0	(0.1)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	198	(52)	446	(62)	78	(30)	722	(86)	14.6	(1.7)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	0	(5)	21	(23)	1	(5)	22	(24)	0.5	(0.5)
57	Snake Fall	1	(7)	1	(4)	68	(30)	70	(31)	1.4	(0.6)
58	North & Central Oregon	2	(6)	2	(6)	0	(2)	4	(9)	0.1	(0.2)
59	South Oregon Coastal	0	(5)	0	(2)	0	(1)	1	(5)	0.0	(0.1)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0	(2)	0	(1)	0	(1)	0	(3)	0.0	(0.1)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0	(2)	0	(1)	0	(1)	0	(3)	0.0	(0.1)
63	Upper Willamette	0	(1)	0	(2)	14	(12)	14	(13)	0.3	(0.3)
64	Central Valley Fall	0	(3)	0	(3)	0	(2)	0	(5)	0.0	(0.1)
65	Central Valley Spring	0	(1)	0	(1)	0	(1)	0	(2)	0.0	(0.0)
66	Coastal California	0	(1)	0	(1)	0	(0)	0	(1)	0.0	(0.0)

Table 15. Chinook salmon catch by stock group for the 2014 Recreational fishery in Areas 3 and 4.

Standard deviations (STD) appear in brackets. Catch estimates are preliminary.

	Year	2014	2014	2014	2014
	Areas	3 & 4	3 & 4	3 & 4	3 & 4
	Date	Jun-Aug	Jun-Aug	Jun-Aug	Jun-Aug
	Sample N or Catch	N = 707	N = 707	11,974	11,974
Code	Region	Proportion	STD	Catch	STD
1	Upper Fraser (UPFR)	0.2	(0.2)	18	(21)
2	Middle-Upper Fraser (MUFR)	0.1	(0.2)	16	(24)
3	Lower Fraser Fall (LWFR-F)	5.5	(1.8)	662	(219)
4	North Thompson (NOTH)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(7)
5	South Thompson (SOTH)	6.9	(1.0)	831	(126)
6	Lower Thompson (LWTH)	0.0	(0.1)	0	(7)
7	East Coast Vancouver Island (ECVI)	2.8	(0.7)	337	(89)
8	West Coast Vancouver Island (WCVI)	9.5	(1.1)	1,138	(135)
9	Southern BC Mainland (SOMN)	1.8	(0.6)	213	(75)
10	Northern BC Mainland (NOMN)	11.1	(1.8)	1,333	(220)
11	Nass	7.5	(1.6)	893	(187)
12	Lower Fraser Spring (LWFR-Sp)	0.1	(0.1)	12	(14)
13	Lower Fraser Summer (LWFR-Su)	0.0	(0.0)	0	(3)
14	Haida Gwaii (QCI)	0.0	(0.0)	0	(2)
15	Alaska	0.0	(0.1)	5	(17)
17	Taku	0.3	(0.3)	34	(35)
18	Stikine	0.8	(0.6)	100	(66)
19-23	Skeena	22.7	(3.0)	2,722	(361)
24	Alsek	0.0	(0.1)	0	(6)
50	Puget Sound	4.2	(1.0)	506	(123)
51	Juan de Fuca	0.5	(0.3)	56	(40)
52	Coastal Washington	3.5	(0.9)	424	(111)
53	Lower Columbia	2.7	(0.7)	323	(83)
54	Upper Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.0)	0	(5)
55	Upper Columbia Summer/Fall	15.5	(1.5)	1,854	(184)
56	Snake Spring/Summer	1.4	(1.0)	171	(118)
57	Snake Fall	1.8	(0.7)	211	(85)
58	North & Central Oregon	0.3	(0.3)	34	(33)
59	South Oregon Coastal	0.2	(0.3)	28	(36)
61	Klamath/Trinity	0.0	(0.0)	0	(5)
62	Middle Columbia Spring	0.0	(0.1)	0	(6)
63	Upper Willamette	0.4	(0.3)	48	(35)
64	Central Valley Fall	0.0	(0.1)	2	(13)
65	Central Valley Spring	0.0	(0.0)	0	(5)
66	Coastal California	0.0	(0.0)	0	(3)
	TOTAL	100		11,974	

## FIGURES

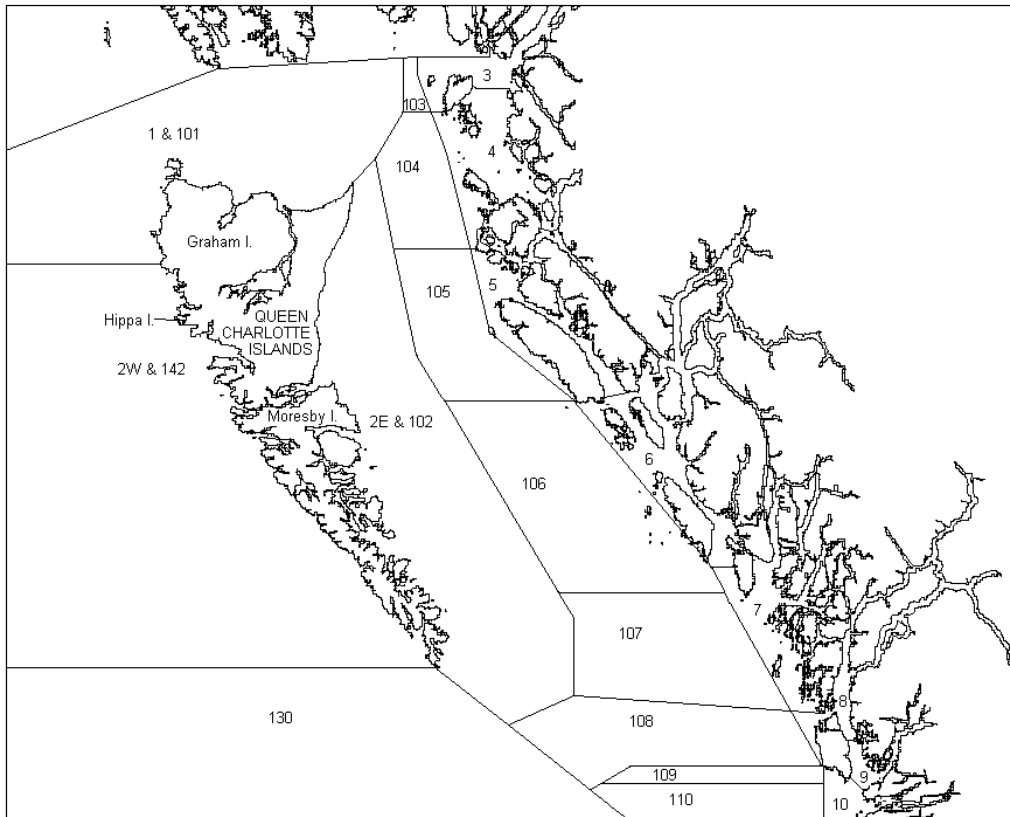
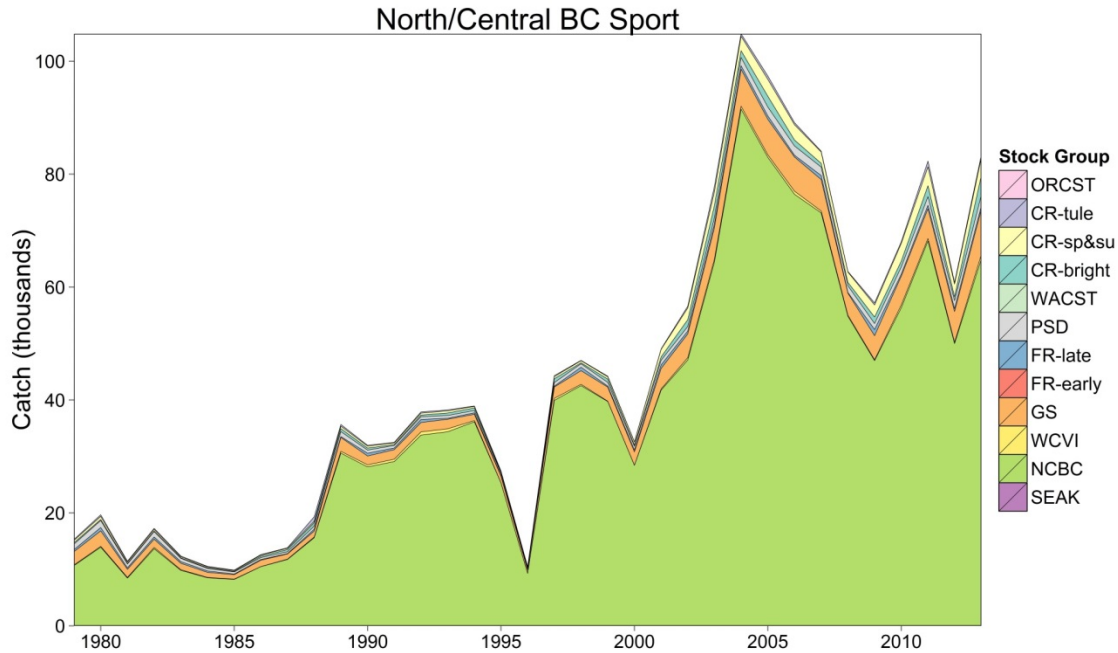


Figure 1. The North Coast of British Columbia showing Pacific Fishery Management Areas 1 to 10, 101 to 110, 130 and 142.



Appendix E19 Chinook Model estimates of landed catch stock composition for North/Central BC Sport 1979-2013

(Pacific Salmon Commission Joint Chinook Technical Committee Report, 2014)

Figure 2. Chinook model-generated stock composition of actual landed catch for the North / Central BC Sport model fishery, 1979-2013.

## APPENDICES

Appendix 1. Scale sampling instructions for Chinook salmon caught in the 2014 Northern British Columbia, Area 1 Recreational fishery.

### 2014 FISHING LODGE CHINOOK SAMPLE INSTRUCTIONS

The sample data will consist of date, length and sex information matched to scales. Scales will be collected onto scale books and the age information and DNA will be extracted from the scales. Please sample 5 Chinook salmon each day that the lodge operates according to the following protocol:

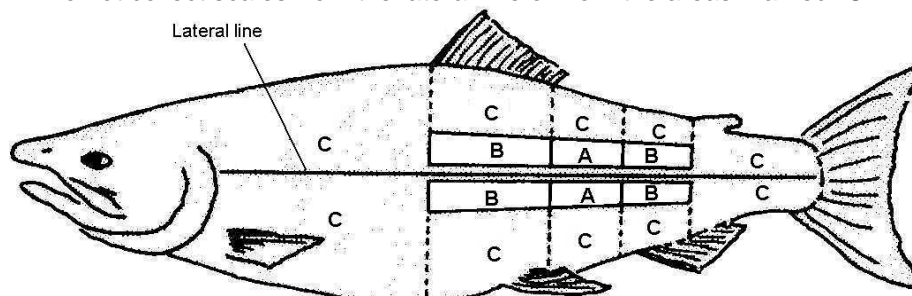
- 75 scale books have been provided. Each book holds 50 scales for 10 fish sampled at 5 scales per fish.
- Please collect samples from 5 Chinook salmon per day. You can modify this procedure so long as you set up a program in advance and stick to it.
- On days where you can't sample 5 fish, simply collect those samples from the catch on the following day.
- It's important that you collect a random sample and not select fish. You might sample the first 5 fish that arrive at the dock each day (or use some other way to ensure that you randomise the sample).
- Collect 5 scales from each fish as noted below.
- The scale books are individually numbered and the number must be entered on the data sheet.
- Note the date sampled on the back of this sheet. Use dittos or arrows for fish sampled on the same day.
- Record the length to the nearest cm and determine the sex for each fish sampled.

If you have a special fish that you want sampled, like a huge Chinook or a derby winner, collect the scale sample as above in a separate scale book and put a note at the bottom of the sample sheet describing why it's special. Other valuable data would be the date, length, sex and whether the chinook had an adipose fin clip or not. In the past you have collected samples from all the fish over 40 pounds. Thanks. It would be great if you could continue to collect this fascinating sample. If you have any questions feel free to call or email.

Please return all data and samples to: Ivan Winther, Fisheries & Oceans Canada  
417 West 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenue  
Prince Rupert, B.C. V8J-1G8  
(250) 627-3459 Ivan.Winther@dfo-mpo.gc.ca

#### SCALE SAMPLES:

- Record the scale book number on the data sheet.
- Collect 5 scales from the chinook salmon as follows:
- Scale samples must come from preferred locations on the fish as indicated by an "A" in the diagram below.
- Avoid collecting scales near scars, wounds or net marks. To avoid scars you may have to collect scales from the locations marked "B" in the diagram below.
- Do not collect scales from the lateral line or from the areas marked "C".



- Using forceps, remove a scale from the preferred location.

- Check the scale to ensure the rings extend all the way to the center of the scale. If not, discard the scale and select another. Regenerated scales have a clear spot in the center of the scale that is missing the rings necessary to determine the age of the fish.
- Wipe off the scale and add it to the scale book on the appropriate numbered square.
- Do not turn the scale over. The scale should be mounted in the book with the same side up as it was on the fish.
- Select 5 scales from the fish, 3 from one side and 2 from the other.
- The 5 scales are applied to the numbered squares in the book from top to bottom starting at the column with numbers 1, 11, 21, 31 & 41. Scales from the second fish are applied to squares 2, 12, 22, 32 & 42. etc.
- THE SCALES in the SCALE BOOKS MUST MATCH THE NUMBERS ON THE DATA SHEETS.
- Keep the scale books dry.
- Once the book is full, fill out the information on the back of the page bearing the scales. Let the books dry out completely then store in a dry location.

Sport Chinook Salmon scale samples

**Scale Book # \_\_\_\_\_**

DATE	Length (cm)	SEX (M / F)	SCALE #
		M / F	1 to 41
		M / F	2 to 42
		M / F	3 to 43
		M / F	4 to 44
		M / F	5 to 45
		M / F	6 to 46
		M / F	7 to 47
		M / F	8 to 48
		M / F	9 to 49
		M / F	10 to 50

**Scale Book # \_\_\_\_\_**

DATE	Length (cm)	SEX (M / F)	SCALE #
		M / F	1 to 41
		M / F	2 to 42
		M / F	3 to 43
		M / F	4 to 44
		M / F	5 to 45
		M / F	6 to 46
		M / F	7 to 47
		M / F	8 to 48
		M / F	9 to 49
		M / F	10 to 50

**Scale Book # \_\_\_\_\_**

		M / F	1 to 41
		M / F	2 to 42
		M / F	3 to 43
		M / F	4 to 44
		M / F	5 to 45
		M / F	6 to 46
		M / F	7 to 47
		M / F	8 to 48
		M / F	9 to 49
		M / F	10 to 50

Notes:

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## Appendix 2. Baseline samples used in the mixture analyses.

#	Region	Population	N	#	Region	Population	N
1	UPFR	Bowron	250	6	LWTH	U_Coldwat_SP	221
1	UPFR	Dome	382	6	LWTH	U_Spius_SP	175
1	UPFR	Fontoniko	63	7	ECVI	Big_Qualicum	365
1	UPFR	Goat	76	7	ECVI	Chemainus	261
1	UPFR	Holliday_Cr	29	7	ECVI	Cowichan	680
1	UPFR	Holmes	219	7	ECVI	L_Qualicum	305
1	UPFR	Horsey	47	7	ECVI	Nanaimo_F	523
1	UPFR	Indianpoint	47	7	ECVI	Nanaimo_SP	95
1	UPFR	James	58	7	ECVI	Nanaimo_SU	459
1	UPFR	Kenneth_Cr	98	7	ECVI	NanaimoS_u_BackX	135
1	UPFR	McGregor	125	7	ECVI	Nimpkish	316
1	UPFR	Morkill	208	7	ECVI	Puntledge_BackX	1025
1	UPFR	Nevin_Cr	50	7	ECVI	Puntledge_F	652
1	UPFR	Ptarmigan	32	7	ECVI	Puntledge_Su	1120
1	UPFR	Salmon@PG	263	7	ECVI	Quatse	30
1	UPFR	Slim_C	240	7	ECVI	Quinsam	503
1	UPFR	Swift	448	7	ECVI	Woss_Lake	31
1	UPFR	Tete_Jaune	475	8	WCVI	Burman	315
1	UPFR	Torpy	174	8	WCVI	Colonial_Cay	58
1	UPFR	Walker	45	8	WCVI	Conuma	455
1	UPFR	Willow_R	117	8	WCVI	Gold_R	227
2	MUFR	Baezaeko	82	8	WCVI	Kaouk_R	196
2	MUFR	Baker_Cr	31	8	WCVI	Kennedy	383
2	MUFR	Bridge	424	8	WCVI	Marble@NVI	512
2	MUFR	Chilako	45	8	WCVI	Megin_R	90
2	MUFR	Chilko	425	8	WCVI	Moyeha_R	57
2	MUFR	Cottonwood	176	8	WCVI	Nahmint	411
2	MUFR	Elkin_R	248	8	WCVI	Nitinat	346
2	MUFR	Endako	207	8	WCVI	Robertson	388
2	MUFR	Horsefly	80	8	WCVI	San_Juan	202
2	MUFR	Kuzkwa_Cr	93	8	WCVI	Sarita	429
2	MUFR	L_Cariboo	104	8	WCVI	Sooke	58
2	MUFR	L_Chilcoti	236	8	WCVI	Stamp	299
2	MUFR	Nazko	194	8	WCVI	Tahsis	355
2	MUFR	Nechako	562	8	WCVI	Thornton	522
2	MUFR	Portage_C	286	8	WCVI	Tlupana	66
2	MUFR	Quesnel	562	8	WCVI	Toquart	87
2	MUFR	Stuart	545	8	WCVI	Tranquil	395
2	MUFR	Taseko	205	8	WCVI	Zeballos	199
2	MUFR	U_Cariboo	171	9	SOMN	Bute	66
2	MUFR	U_Chilcotin	276	9	SOMN	Capilano	126
2	MUFR	Westroad	104	9	SOMN	Cheakamus	50
3	LWFR-F	Chilliwac@Stav	381	9	SOMN	Cheakamus_F	114
3	LWFR-F	Chilliwack_F	696	9	SOMN	Cheakamus_Su	40
3	LWFR-F	Harrison	686	9	SOMN	Devereux	325
4	NOTH	Barriere	55	9	SOMN	Homathko	51
4	NOTH	Blue	84	9	SOMN	Klinaklini	472
4	NOTH	Clearwater	281	9	SOMN	Mamquam	35
4	NOTH	Finn	211	9	SOMN	Phillips	641
4	NOTH	Lemieux_Cr	153	9	SOMN	Squamish_R	161
4	NOTH	N_Thom@Main	116	10	NOMN	Ashlulm	66
4	NOTH	Raft_R	457	10	NOMN	Atnarko	275
5	SOTH	Bessette	164	10	NOMN	Chuckwalla	315
5	SOTH	Duteau_Cr	73	10	NOMN	Dean	219
5	SOTH	Eagle_R	331	10	NOMN	Dean@Main	25
5	SOTH	L_Adams	340	10	NOMN	Docee	126
5	SOTH	L_Shus@U_Adams	46	10	NOMN	Hirsch	474
5	SOTH	L_Shuswap	389	10	NOMN	Kateen	244
5	SOTH	L_Thompson	229	10	NOMN	Kilbella	196
5	SOTH	Little_R	254	10	NOMN	Kildala	441
5	SOTH	M_Shuswap	375	10	NOMN	Kitimat	483
5	SOTH	Salmon@SA	215	10	NOMN	Kitlope	201
5	SOTH	Seymour@Thomp	44	10	NOMN	Kwinamass	362
5	SOTH	South_Thom	266	10	NOMN	LowAtnarko	50
6	LWTH	Bonaparte	344	10	NOMN	Marble@CC	41
6	LWTH	Coldwater	274	10	NOMN	Neechanze	57
6	LWTH	Deadman	492	10	NOMN	Nusatsum	103
6	LWTH	Louis	618	10	NOMN	Saloompt	138
6	LWTH	Nicola	433	10	NOMN	Takia	63
6	LWTH	Spius	137	10	NOMN	U_Atnarko	200

#	Region	Population	N	#	Region	Population	N
10	NOMN	U_Dean	203	23	Skeena Lower	Kitsumkalum_R	810
10	NOMN	Wannock_R	506	23	Skeena Lower	Thomas_Cr	117
11	NASS	Cranberry	175	23	Skeena Lower	Zymogotitz_R	120
11	NASS	Damdochax	273	24	Alsek	Blanchard	381
11	NASS	Ishkheenickh	199	24	Alsek	Goat_Cr	134
11	NASS	Kincolith	286	24	Alsek	Klukshu	433
11	NASS	Kiteen	59	24	Alsek	Kudwat_Cr	70
11	NASS	Kwinageese	266	24	Alsek	Takhanne	218
11	NASS	Meziadin	194	24	Alsek	Tatshenshi	24
11	NASS	Owegee	235	50	Puget Sound	Green@Kendal_F	50
11	NASS	Seaskinnish	99	50	Puget Sound	Green_F@Soos	100
11	NASS	Snowbank	51	50	Puget Sound	Nooksack_SP@Ke	200
11	NASS	Teigen	30	50	Puget Sound	Serpentine	46
11	NASS	Tseax	244	50	Puget Sound	Skagit_Su	310
12	LWFR-Sp	Big_Silver	210	50	Puget Sound	Skykomish_Su	114
12	LWFR-Sp	Birkenhead	347	50	Puget Sound	Snohomish_R	306
12	LWFR-Sp	BlueCr_UpPitt	50	50	Puget Sound	Soos_Cr_H	183
12	LWFR-Sp	Sloquet_Cr	35	50	Puget Sound	StillaguamishS	87
12	LWFR-Sp	Upper_Pitt	235	50	Puget Sound	White_F	252
13	LWFR-Su	Maria_Slough	366	51	Juan de Fuca	Elwha_F	99
13	LWFR-Su	Nahatlatch_R	26	52	Coastal Wash	Hoh_River_SP_S	59
14	QCI	Yakoun	211	52	Coastal Wash	Queets	138
15	Alaska	Big_Boulder_C	144	52	Coastal Wash	Quinault_F	100
15	Alaska	Chickamin	259	52	Coastal Wash	Solduc_F	98
15	Alaska	King_Salmon	266	52	Coastal Wash	Willapa_Cr	261
15	Alaska	Situk	132	53	Low Col	Abernathy_F	100
15	Alaska	Tahini	142	53	Low Col	Coweeaman	195
15	Alaska	Unuk	336	53	Low Col	Cowlitz_H_Sp	138
17	Taku	Dudidontu	352	54	Up Col-Sp	Chewuch_SP	100
17	Taku	Hackett_r	233	54	Up Col-Sp	Chiwawa_SP	100
17	Taku	Kowatua	379	54	Up Col-Sp	Entiat_SP	142
17	Taku	Little_Tatsam	698	54	Up Col-Sp	Twisp_SP	227
17	Taku	Nahlin	303	55	Up Col-Su/F	Deschutes-F	230
17	Taku	Nakina	480	55	Up Col-Su/F	Hanford_Reach	617
17	Taku	Tatsamenie	38	55	Up Col-Su/F	Okanagan	132
17	Taku	Tseta	327	55	Up Col-Su/F	Osoyoos_Resid	35
17	Taku	Yeth_Cr	53	55	Up Col-Su/F	Silmilkameen_S	370
18	Stikine	Andrew_Cr	144	55	Up Col-Su/F	Wenatchee_Su	235
18	Stikine	Christina	240	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Frenchman-SP	61
18	Stikine	Craig	114	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Imnaha	239
18	Stikine	Johnny_Tashoot	99	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Johnson_Cr	240
18	Stikine	Little_Tahltan	745	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Marsh_Cr	220
18	Stikine	Shakes_Cr	225	56	Snake-Sp/Su	McCall	32
18	Stikine	Tahltan_R	212	56	Snake-Sp/Su	McCall_Hat	41
18	Stikine	Verrett	854	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Minam_Cr	144
19	Skeena Upper	Bear	270	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Rapid_Sp	363
19	Skeena Upper	Kluatantan	38	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Salmon_E_Fork	53
19	Skeena Upper	Kluayaz_Cr	165	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Secech	277
19	Skeena Upper	Kuldo_C	171	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Snake_S	36
19	Skeena Upper	Otsi_Cr	276	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Tucannon_SP	274
19	Skeena Upper	Sicintine_R	319	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Up_Salmon-SP	165
19	Skeena Upper	Slamgeesh	129	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Upper_Valley	77
19	Skeena Upper	Squingula_R	271	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Valley_Cr	43
19	Skeena Upper	Sustut	509	56	Snake-Sp/Su	Wenaha	89
20	Skeena Babine	Babine	198	57	Snake-F	Lyon's_Ferry_F	370
21	Skeena Bulkley	Bulkley_Early	567	58	North & Central Oregon	Cle_Elm_Hatch	95
21	Skeena Bulkley	Morice_R	243				
21	Skeena Bulkley	Suskwa	111	58	North & Central Oregon	Elk	206
22	Skeena Mid	Kispiox	197				
22	Skeena Mid	Kitseguecla_R	260	58	North & Central Oregon	Euchre_Cr	57
22	Skeena Mid	Kitwanga	284				
22	Skeena Mid	Nangeese_R	32	58	North & Central Oregon	Nehalem	327
22	Skeena Mid	Shegunia_R	132				
22	Skeena Mid	Sweetin	245				
23	Skeena Lower	Cedar_Early	116	58	North & Central Oregon	Siuslaw	258
23	Skeena Lower	Ecstall	367				
23	Skeena Lower	Exchamsiks	116	58	North & Central Oregon	Trask_hat_F	236
23	Skeena Lower	Extew_R	140				
23	Skeena Lower	Fiddler_Cr	113	58	North & Central Oregon	Trask_hat_SP	48
23	Skeena Lower	Gitnadoix	245				
23	Skeena Lower	Kasiks_R	63	58	North & Central Oregon	Umpqua_Smith	229
23	Skeena Lower	Khyex_R	37				



#	Region	Population	N
59	South Oregon coastal	Cole	188
59	South Oregon coastal	Hunter_Cr	96
59	South Oregon coastal	Lobster_Cr	49
59	South Oregon coastal	Nestucca_F	153
59	South Oregon coastal	Pistol	98
59	South Oregon coastal	Umpqua_Sp	136
59	South Oregon coastal	Winchuk	80
61	Klamath/Trinity	Blue_Cr	94
61	Klamath/Trinity	Salmon_Cal	28
61	Klamath/Trinity	Trinity_F	244
61	Klamath/Trinity	Trinity_SP	100
62	Mid Col-Sp	Granite	93
62	Mid Col-Sp	John_Day_main	228
62	Mid Col-Sp	John_Day_Mid	40
62	Mid Col-Sp	John_Day_N	40
62	Mid Col-Sp	Naches_Sp	109
62	Mid Col-Sp	Spring_Cr_H	137
63	Up Willamette	Clackamas_N	79
63	Up Willamette	North_Santiam	236
63	Up Willamette	Sandy	208
64	Cent Val-F	American	69
64	Cent Val-F	Battle_Cr	183
64	Cent Val-F	Butte_F	49
64	Cent Val-F	Feather_F	272
64	Cent Val-F	Merced	200
64	Cent Val-F	Mokelumne	95
64	Cent Val-F	Sacr_F	129
64	Cent Val-F	Sacr_LF	211
64	Cent Val-F	Stanislaus	101
64	Cent Val-F	Toulumne	34
64	Cent Val-F	Yuba	50
65	Cent Val-Sp	Butte_Sp	186
65	Cent Val-Sp	Feather_Sp	226
65	Cent Val-Sp	Yuba_Sp	32
66	Coastal California	Eel_F	279

