# PACIFIC SALMON COMMISSION JOINT TRANSBOUNDARY TECHNICAL COMMITTEE <br> ESTIMATES OF TRANSBOUNDARY RIVER SALMON PRODUCTION, HARVEST AND ESCAPEMENT AND A REVIEW OF JOINT <br> ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITIES IN 2009 <br> REPORT TCTR (14)-2 

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## ACRONYMS

| ADF\&G | Alaska Department of Fish and Game |
| :--- | :--- |
| AF | Aboriginal Fishery |
| CAFN | Champagne Aishihik First Nation |
| CPUE | Catch per unit effort |
| CWT | Coded Wire Tag |
| DFO | Department of Fisheries and Oceans (Canada) |
| DIPAC | Douglas Island Pink and Chum (Private Hatchery) |
| ESSR | Excess Salmon to Spawning Requirement (surplus fishery license) |
| IHN | Infectious Hematopoietic Necrosis (a virus which infects sockeye salmon) |
| LCM | Latent Class Model |
| LRCF | Lower River Commercial Fishery |
| LRTF | Lower River test Fishery |
| MEF | Mid-Eye-Fork (fish length measurement) |
| POH | Post-Orbital-Hyperal (fish length measurement) |
| PSC | Pacific Salmon Commission |
| SMM | Stikine Management Model |
| SPA | Scale Pattern Analysis |
| TAC | Total Allowable Catch |
| TRTFN | Taku River Tlingit First Nation |
| TBR | Transboundary River |
| TTC | Transboundary Technical Committee |
| URCF | Upper River Commercial Fishery |
| YSC | Yukon Salmon Committee |

## CALENDAR OF STATISTICAL WEEKS

| Statistical <br> Week | Date |  | Week | Date |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Begin | End |  | Begin | End |
| 1 | 1-Jan | 3-Jan | 28 | 5-Jul | 11-Jul |
| 2 | 4-Jan | 10-Jan | 29 | 12-Jul | 18-Jul |
| 3 | 11-Jan | 17-Jan | 30 | 19-Jul | 25-Jul |
| 4 | 18-Jan | 24-Jan | 31 | 26-Jul | 1-Aug |
| 5 | 25-Jan | 31-Jan | 32 | 2-Aug | 8-Aug |
| 6 | 1-Feb | 7-Feb | 33 | 9-Aug | 15-Aug |
| 7 | 8-Feb | 14-Feb | 34 | 16-Aug | 22-Aug |
| 8 | 15-Feb | 21-Feb | 35 | 23-Aug | 29-Aug |
| 9 | 22-Feb | 28-Feb | 36 | 30-Aug | 5-Sep |
| 10 | 1-Mar | 7-Mar | 37 | 6-Sep | 12-Sep |
| 11 | 8-Mar | 14-Mar | 38 | 13-Sep | 19-Sep |
| 12 | 15-Mar | 21-Mar | 39 | 20-Sep | 26-Sep |
| 13 | 22-Mar | 28-Mar | 40 | 27-Sep | 3-Oct |
| 14 | 29-Mar | 4-Apr | 41 | 4-Oct | $10-\mathrm{Oct}$ |
| 15 | 5-Apr | 11-Apr | 42 | 11-Oct | 17-Oct |
| 16 | 12-Apr | 18-Apr | 43 | $18-\mathrm{Oct}$ | 24-Oct |
| 17 | 19-Apr | 25-Apr | 44 | 25-Oct | 31-Oct |
| 18 | 26-Apr | 2-May | 45 | 1-Nov | 7-Nov |
| 19 | 3-May | 9-May | 46 | 8-Nov | 14-Nov |
| 20 | 10-May | 16-May | 47 | 15-Nov | 21-Nov |
| 21 | 17-May | 23-May | 48 | 22-Nov | 28-Nov |
| 22 | 24-May | 30-May | 49 | 29-Nov | 5-Dec |
| 23 | 31-May | 6-Jun | 50 | 6-Dec | 12-Dec |
| 24 | 7-Jun | 13-Jun | 51 | 13-Dec | 19-Dec |
| 25 | 14-Jun | 20-Jun | 52 | 20-Dec | 26-Dec |
| 26 | 21-Jun | 27-Jun | 53 | 27-Dec | 31-Dec |
| 27 | 28-Jun | 4-Jul |  |  |  |

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Preliminary estimates of harvests and escapements of Pacific salmon returning to the transboundary Stikine, Taku, and Alsek Rivers for 2009 are presented and compared with historical patterns. Average, unless stated differently, refers to the 1999-2008 average. Relevant information pertaining to the management of appropriate U.S. and Canadian fisheries is presented and the use of inseason management models is discussed. Preliminary results from transboundary river sockeye salmon Oncorhynchus nerka enhancement projects are also reviewed.

## Stikine River

The 2009 Stikine River sockeye salmon terminal run estimate was 185,000 fish, of which approximately 125,000 fish were harvested in various fisheries including test fisheries. An estimated 60,000 Stikine River fish escaped to spawn, including 13,000 fish that migrated to the Tuya River block that were not harvested. The run and harvest were below average. The Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon escapement of 30,000 was on the upper end of the escapement goal range ( 18,000 to 30,000 fish). The estimated U.S. commercial harvest of Stikine River sockeye salmon in Districts 106 and 108, including the Stikine River subsistence fishery, was 74,000 fish. The Canadian inriver commercial harvest was 42,000 and aboriginal fishery harvest was 5,000 fish. The inriver test fishery harvested 1,300 sockeye salmon and there was no marine test fishery for sockeye salmon in 2009. Weekly inseason run projections from the Stikine Management Model (SMM) ranged from 176,000 to 234,000 sockeye salmon; the final inseason model prediction was 182,000 fish, with a total allowable catch (TAC) of 118,000 fish. Weekly inseason run projections using other methods ranged from 132,000 to 182,000 sockeye salmon. The final inseason run size based on other methods was 161,000 with a TAC of 95,000 fish. Based on the postseason run size estimates $(185,000)$ and TAC calculations of 59,000 Stikine River fish for each country, Canada harvested 79\% and the U.S. harvested 124\% of their respective TACs. Broodstock collection removed 3,000 sockeye salmon and otolith sampling removed 350 sockeye salmon from the escapement to Tahltan Lake leaving a spawning escapement of 27,300 fish. The estimated spawning escapement of 17,200 mainstem Stikine River sockeye salmon was below the goal range of 20,000 to 40,000 fish for this stock group.

The 2009 Stikine River Chinook salmon (non large salmon) terminal run estimate was 16,000 fish, of which approximately 3,700 fish were harvested in various fisheries. An estimated 12,800 Stikine River fish escaped to spawn, below the escapement goal range of 14,000 to 28,000 large Chinook. The run and harvest were below their respective averages. The Little Tahltan River large Chinook salmon escapement of 2,245 fish was below the escapement goal range of 2,700 to 5,300 Chinook. The estimated U.S. commercial harvest of Stikine River Chinook salmon in Districts 108 gillnet, test, troll, subsistence, and sport fisheries was 1,300 fish. The estimated Canadian commercial, aboriginal, test, and sport fisheries harvest was 2,300 fish. There was no inriver test fishery for Chinook salmon in 2009; however, 31 large Chinook salmon were harvested in inriver sockeye test fisheries. Managers used the m-r, model, and other assessment
estimates to generate inseason run sizes after week 23. The inseason run projections were persistent throughout the course of the fishery in predicting a terminal run size that was less than the preseason forecast of 32,000 fish. Weekly inseason run projections ranged from 19,900 to 25,700 Chinook salmon. The postseason estimate run size estimate of 15,000 large Chinook salmon indicated zero TAC.

The 2009 run size of Stikine River coho salmon cannot be quantified. The U.S. marine harvest of Stikine River coho salmon is also unknown since there is no stock identification program for this species. The estimated mixed stock coho salmon harvest in Districts 106 was 145,000 fish (51\% AK hatchery) and in District 108 the estimated harvest was 31,000 fish ( $28 \%$ AK hatchery); both districts were near average. The Canadian inriver coho salmon harvest of 6,000 fish was above average. The aerial survey count of 2,700 fish from six index sites combined was below average. The cumulative CPUE observed in the coho test fishery was also below average.

## Taku River

The postseason estimate of the 2009 Taku River terminal sockeye salmon run was 119,000 fish, including an estimated U.S. harvest of 36,000 fish and an estimated aboveborder spawning escapement of 72,000 sockeye salmon. The terminal run size was below average and the escapement was near the lower bound of the goal range of 71,000 to 80,000 fish. An estimated 35,000 Taku River sockeye salmon were harvested in the District 111 commercial fishery which was below average and an additional 1,000 were harvested in the U.S. inriver personal use fishery. Canadian inriver commercial fishery harvested 11,000 sockeye salmon and aboriginal fishery harvested 100 sockeye salmon; both were below average. The U.S. harvested an estimated 102\% of their respective TAC and Canada harvested an estimated $125 \%$ of the their respective TAC.

The harvest of large Chinook salmon in the Canadian commercial fishery in the Taku River was 6,800 fish. The Canadian aboriginal fishery in the Taku River harvested 200 large Chinook salmon. District 111 mixed stock gillnet fishery harvest of 5,700 large Chinook salmon was above average. Postseason genetic stock analysis estimated 5,300 to be Taku River Chinook salmon. Approximately 7\% of the total harvest was estimated to be of Alaska hatchery origin. The postseason above border spawning escapement estimated from the mark-recapture program is 30,900 fish.

The estimated above border run of Taku River coho salmon in 2009 was 114,000 fish, which was average. The Canadian inriver commercial and test fishery harvest of 10,000 coho salmon was above average. After upriver Canadian harvests were subtracted from the inriver run, the above-border-spawning escapement estimate was 104,000 coho salmon, which exceeds the minimum escapement goal of 38,000 fish. The U.S. harvest of 36,000 wild coho salmon in the District 111 mixed stock fishery was above average. Alaskan hatcheries contributed an estimated 33 fish or $0.1 \%$ of the District 111 harvest.

The harvest of 57,000 pink salmon in District 111 was below average. No pink salmon were reported retained in the Canadian commercial inriver fishery in 2009. The
escapement of pink salmon to the Taku River as evidenced by the fish wheel catch and release of 9,225 fish was below the odd year average.

The harvest of chum salmon in the District 111 fishery was 918,000 fish; composed of 915,000 summer run fish (prior to mid-August) and 3,000 fall run fish. The harvest of summer chum salmon, primarily Alaskan hatchery stocks, is the highest on record. The harvest of fall chum salmon, composed of wild Taku River and Port Snettisham stocks, was below average. There was non-retention of chum salmon in the Canadian inriver fishery and there was no reported harvest in 2009. Although spawning escapement is not known, the Canyon Island fish wheel catch of 236 chum salmon was below average.


#### Abstract

Alsek River The Alsek River sockeye salmon harvest of 13,000 fish in the U.S. commercial fishery was below average. The Canadian inriver harvest was 130 sockeye salmon for Klukshu River and 700 total aboriginal harvest with no harvest reported for Village Creek. The Klukshu River weir count of 5,700 sockeye salmon was below the goal range of 7,500 to 15,000 fish. The count of 1,200 early run sockeye salmon (count through August 15) and the late run count of 4,500 were also below average.

The Chinook salmon run to the Alsek River appeared to be average. The U.S. Dry Bay harvest of 600 large Chinook salmon was above average. The Canadian recreational fishery harvest of 20 fish was below average and the aboriginal fishery harvest of 105 was above average. The 1,600 Chinook salmon counted through the Klukshu River weir was above average and within the goal range of 1,100 to 2,300 Chinook salmon.

Current stock assessment programs prevent an accurate comparison of the Alsek River coho salmon run with historical runs. The U.S. Dry Bay harvest of 3,500 coho salmon was above average while the Canadian inriver aboriginal fishery harvest of 3 fish was below average. The operation of the Klukshu weir does not provide a complete enumeration of coho salmon into this system since it is removed before the run is over; however, it does provide an annual index. The count of 400 coho salmon is below average.


## Enhancement

Eggs and milt were collected from the year 2009 sockeye salmon escapements at Tahltan, Tatsamenie and Little Trapper lakes. A total of 4.5 million eggs were collected at Tahltan Lake, 1.2 million at Tatsamenie Lake and 150 thousand at Trapper Lake (the Trapper eggs will be planted in Tunjony Creek).

Outplants of 2008 brood-year sockeye salmon fry in May and June 2009 included, 1.4 million fry into Tahltan Lake, 832 thousand fry into Tuya Lake, 3.8 million fry into Tatsamenie Lake. Green-egg to planted-fry survivals were $58 \%, 84 \%$, and $89 \%$ for the Tahltan, Tuya, and Tatsamenie, respectively. There were also 140,000 green eggs planted in Tunjony Creek in September of 2008 at Big Trapper Lake.

The egg incubation and thermal-marking program was continued at Snettisham Hatchery in 2008. Snettisham hatchery is operated by DIPAC (Douglas Island Pink and Chum, Inc.), a private aquaculture organization in Juneau. A co-operative agreement between ADFG and DIPAC provides for Snettisham hatchery to serve the needs of the joint TBR enhancement projects.

Adult sockeye salmon otoliths were processed inseason by the ADFG otolith lab to estimate the weekly contribution of fish from US/Canada TBR fry planting programs to the District 106, 108, and 111 gillnet fisheries and to Canadian commercial fisheries in the Stikine and Taku Rivers. Estimated contribution enhanced fish to Alaskan harvest were 29,000 planted Stikine River fish to District 106 and 108, and 250 planted Taku River fish to District 111. Preliminary estimates of contributions to Canadian fisheries included 20,000 enhanced fish to Stikine River fisheries and 100 enhanced fish to the Taku River fisheries.

## INTRODUCTION

This report presents final estimates of the 2009 harvest and escapement data for Pacific salmon runs to the transboundary Stikine, Taku, and Alsek rivers and discusses management actions taken during the season. Harvest and effort data are presented by management week (U.S. week), hereafter referred to as week, for each river for both U.S. and Canadian fisheries. Spawning escapement data for most species are reported from weir counts or other escapement monitoring techniques. Joint enhancement activities on the Stikine and Taku Rivers are also summarized.

The Transboundary Technical Committee (TTC) met prior to the season to update joint management, stock assessment and enhancement plans and determine preseason forecasts and outlooks for run strengths and initial total allowable catch TAC estimates for the various species and rivers. The results of this meeting are summarized in: Pacific Salmon Commission Transboundary Technical Committee, Salmon Management and Enhancement Plans for the Stikine, Taku and Alsek Rivers, 2009. April 2009.

Run reconstruction analyses are conducted for the purpose of evaluating stocks and the fisheries managed. Run reconstruction analysis is conducted on Chinook salmon $O$. tshawytscha runs on the Stikine and Taku rivers, sockeye salmon Oncorhynchus nerka runs on the Stikine and Taku rivers, and coho salmon O. kisutch runs on the Taku River. No estimates of marine harvest are made for Alaskan fisheries outside of District 106 and 108 for Stikine River stocks, District 111 for Taku River stocks and Sub-district 182-30 \& 31 for Alsek River stocks.

## STIKINE RIVER

Stikine River salmon are harvested by U.S. and Canadian fisheries (Figure 1). In the U.S, they are harvest in commercial gillnet fisheries in Alaskan Districts 106 and 108, a subsistence fishery on the Stikine River, and an unknown quantity are taken in U.S. troll and seine fisheries and in sport fisheries near Wrangell and Petersburg. In Canada, commercial gillnet and test fisheries located in the lower and upper Stikine River, and by a Canadian aboriginal fishery in the upper portion of the river. In addition, Canadian terminal area fisheries are operated in the lower Tuya River and/or at Tahltan Lake when escapements are estimated to include excess salmon to spawning requirements (ESSR). A recreational fishery also exists in the Canadian sections of the Stikine River drainage.

Changes have taken place in the U.S. fisheries. The United States personal use fishery was established 1995 in the lower Stikine River; no harvest were reported in this fishery in 1995 through 2000, approximately 30 sockeye salmon were harvested in 2001, and the personal use fishery on the Stikine River was not open in 2002 and 2003. A subsistence fishery was opened in 2004 that is still active. In 1996, the spring experimental troll area in the District 110 portion of Frederick Sound was expanded to target hatchery Chinook salmon; four previous areas were combined into one large area that also included previously unopened waters. This area has remained unchanged since the 1996 season. In 1993, the spring experimental troll fishery near Wrangell was expanded to include two
new areas in portions of District 106 and 108 to target hatchery Chinook salmon. In 1998 an additional area was included in a portion of District 108. The three areas in District 108 and one area in District 6 have remained unchanged have opened in the absence of District 108 directed Stikine River Chinook fisheries.


Figure 1. The Stikine River and principal U.S. and Canadian fishing areas.

## Harvest Regulations and the Joint Management Model

Negotiations between Canada and the United States to replace expired portions of Annex IV, Chapter 1 of the Pacific Salmon Treaty resulted in the following arrangements for Stikine River salmon which are expected to be in place through 2018. Highlights of the of the PSC negotiations held in Portland, Oregon in January 2008 included: the continuation of directed fisheries for Stikine River Chinook salmon stocks, first implemented in 2005; continuation of a US subsistence fishery on Chinook and coho salmon stocks within the US section of the Stikine River; continuation of coho harvest shares; and, a sockeye harvest sharing arrangement based on the production of enhanced fish. Details of the January 2008 agreement including harvest sharing provisions have been incorporated into the Transboundary Annex (Annex IV) of the Pacific Salmon Treaty and can be found at: http://www.psc.org/pubs/treaty.pdf.

As in most previous years, the Transboundary Technical Committee (TTC) met prior to the season to update joint management and enhancement plans, develop run forecasts and determine new parameters for input into the inseason Chinook and sockeye salmon run projection models. The nascent Chinook salmon model is referred to as the Stikine Chinook salmon Management Model (SCMM) and served as a key management tool governing weekly fishing regimes for Stikine River Chinook salmon. The SCMM, however, was complemented inseason with a concurrent mark-capture study and other inriver assessment methods. The sockeye salmon model is referred to as the Stikine Management Model (SMM). The SMM was complemented inseason with concurrent inriver run size estimates based on fishery performance against historical fishery performance and run size estimates.

## Chinook Salmon

The SCMM model is based on the linear regression (correlation) between weekly cumulative CPUE of large Chinook salmon at the tagging site and terminal run size based on mark-recapture studies conducted in 1996-2005 (2006-2008 correlation not used). Most of the CPUE and run size data sets are significantly correlated. Inseason model estimates were available commencing in week 23 (Table 1). Mark-recapture estimates based on the cumulative ratio of tagged-to-untagged fish observed in the inriver commercial fishery were also generated commencing in week 23. In order to honor Annex IV, Chapter1, Paragraph 3(a)(3)(vii), which obliges the Parties to apportion their overall TAC by historical weekly run timing, weekly fishery openings were announced based on weekly guideline harvests. The Canadian guideline harvests were derived from historical run timing data from the 2005 and 2006-2008 inriver commercial fisheries and the 2000-2003 inriver test fisheries. The U.S. guidelines were derived from historical run timing in District 108 (1969-1973, 2005-2008) and historical CPUE from the Kakwan Point tagging site, delayed one week (1996-2004) and the 2001-2003 average CPUE form the Canadian Chinook salmon test fishery delayed one week.

The preseason Chinook salmon forecast was used during weeks 19-22. After week 22, inseason forecasts of terminal run size and TAC were used to assist in determining weekly fishing plans (Table 1). The inseason estimates were based on averaging the

SCMM, the m-r capture estimate, an estimate derived from the regression of cumulative CPUE against terminal run size from 2005-2008, and the estimate based on the inriver harvest rate to date expanded by run timing. The weekly inputs to the model included: the catch and effort data from Kakwan Point, the District 108 sport, troll, and gillnet harvest. The Canadian sport and gillnet harvest were also added to the model. Weekly guideline quotas were established in District 108 and Canada based on the historical run timing curves mentioned above.

Table 1. Stikine River large Chinook salmon run size based on a model (SCMM) and mark-recapture estimates, and other methods, and weekly harvest estimates from the District 108 gillnet, sport, and troll fisheries and the Canadian gillnet and sport fisheries, 2009.

| Stat Week | Start Date | Terminal Run |  | TAC |  |  | Estimated Harvest |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Estimate | Method | Total | Weekly | Cum. | Weekly | Cumulative |
| Canada Estimates ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | 03-May | 32,000 | Preseason | 5,810 | 107 | 107 | 9 | 9 |
| 20 | 10-May | 32,000 | Preseason | 5,810 | 305 | 412 | 90 | 99 |
| 21 | 17-May | 32,000 | Preseason | 5,810 | 368 | 779 | 263 | 362 |
| 22 | 24-May | 32,000 | Preseason | 5,810 | 342 | 1,121 | 145 | 507 |
| 23 | 31-May | 25,500 | Average ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3,300 | 214 | 734 | 267 | 774 |
| 24 | 07-Jun | 25,200 | Average ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2,930 | 213 | 973 | 111 | 885 |
| 25 | 14-Jun | 24,700 | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 2,500 | 244 | 1,189 | 24 | 909 |
| 26 | 21-Jun | 24,700 | Average ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 2,500 | 479 | 1,636 | 554 | 1,463 |
| 27 | 28-Jun | 23,600 | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 2,300 | 366 | 1,926 | 353 | 1,816 |
| 28 | 05-Jul | 19,900 | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 2,300 | 243 | 2,042 | 140 | 1,956 |
| 29 | 12-Jul | 19,900 | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 2,300 | 216 | 2,115 | 131 | 2,087 |
| 30 | 19-Jul | 19,900 | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 2,300 | 182 | 2,155 | 170 | 2,257 |
| 31 | 26-Jul | 19,900 | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 2,300 | 122 | 2,258 | 66 | 2,323 |
| 32 | 02-Aug | 19,900 | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 2,300 | 105 | 2,281 | 5 | 2,328 |
| 33 | 09-Aug | 19,900 | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 2,300 | 98 | 2,292 | 2 | 2,330 |
| 34 | 16-Aug | 19,900 | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 2,300 | 21 | 2,300 |  | 2,330 |
| Postseason Final |  | 15,118 |  |  |  |  |  | 2,284 |
| U.S. Estimates ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | 03-May | 32,000 | Preseason | 390 | 25 | 32 | 41 | 41 |
| 20 | 10-May | 32,000 | Preseason | 390 | 30 | 62 | 100 | 141 |
| 21 | 17-May | 32,000 | Preseason | 390 | 46 | 107 | 285 | 426 |
| 22 | 24-May | 32,000 | Preseason | 390 | 60 | 167 | 245 | 671 |
| 23 | 31-May | 25,500 | Average ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 101 | 19 | 63 | 87 | 758 |
| 24 | 07-Jun | 25,200 | Average ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 50 | 9 | 40 | 172 | 930 |
| 25 | 14-Jun | 24,700 | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 20 | 2 | 18 | 107 | 1,037 |
| 26 | 21-Jun | 24,700 | Average ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 20 | 1 | 19 | 267 | 1,304 |
| 27 | 28-Jun | 23,600 | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 169 | 1,473 |
| 28 | 05-Jul |  | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 71 | 1,544 |
| 29 | 12-Jul | 20,000 | Average ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 1,602 |
| Postseason Final |  | 15,118 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,507 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Average of mark-recapture and SCMM
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Used week 25 estimate (fishery was closed in week 25 so no additional metrics.)
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Average of mark-recapture, SCMM, inriver commercial CPUE, estimated harvest rate to date.

The preseason forecast for the Stikine River large Chinook salmon terminal run was approximately 32,000 fish (Table 1), which indicated a run size characterized as below average. Joint Canadian and U.S. inseason predictions of terminal run size ranged from 19,900 to 25,500 Chinook salmon (Table 1). Managers used the daily catch and effort data transmitted from the Kakwan Point tagging site to make daily run projections. Joint weekly run size estimates were calculated on Wednesday or Thursday in the current week and were used to set the following week's fishery openings. Managers used the average of the model and m-r estimates in weeks 23-24. Because the number of tags released was a record low as was the Kakwan catch, other assessment tools were used post week 24 to generate a weekly run size. These methods included estimates using the cumulative cpue in the Lower Stikine commercial fishery to calculate terminal run size based on the historical relationship of these data, and an estimate of the lower commercial fishery harvest rate to the current date and expanded by Chinook run timing (fraction through the fishery). All inseason projections indicated a run size that was less than the preseason expectation and below the 2002-2007 average run size. Based on M-R data from the inriver commercial fishery, the final postseason estimated terminal run size of Stikine Chinook salmon was 15,118 large Chinook salmon, below the final preliminary inseason estimate of 19,900 large Chinook salmon, and well below the preseason forecast of 32,000 large Chinook salmon (Table 1). The 2009 Little Tahltan escapement of 2,245 fish represents approximately $18 \%$ of the total inriver escapement of 11,086 fish.

## Sockeye Salmon

The preseason forecast for the Stikine River sockeye run was approximately 247,500 fish (Table 2), and characterized as an above average run. The forecast included approximately 118,400 natural Tahltan sockeye salmon, 25,400 enhanced Tahltan fish, 25,400 enhanced Tuya sockeye salmon, and 58,100 mainstem sockeye salmon. The preseason forecast was used in week 25 and 26 and the SMM was used beginning in week 27 for District 106 and for the inriver fisheries.

Starting in week 27, weekly inputs of the harvest, effort, and stock composition were entered into the SMM to provide weekly forecast of run size and TAC. Specific inputs include proportion Tahltan/Tuya from egg diameters, proportion enhanced Tuya from thermal mark analyses of otoliths in the Canadian lower river test (when in operation) and commercial fisheries; the upper river harvest in the aboriginal fishery (AF) and upper river commercial fishery; the harvest, effort and assumed stock composition in Subdistrict 106-41 (Sumner Strait); and, the harvest and assumed stock composition in District 108 and Subdistrict 106-30 (Clarence Strait).

The SMM provides inseason projections of the Stikine River sockeye run, including: the Tahltan stock (wild and enhanced combined); the enhanced Tuya stock; and the mainstem stocks. The SMM uses linear regression by historical stock specific harvest data to predict run size from cumulative CPUE for each week of the fisheries. It breaks the stock proportions in District 106 and 108 harvest, from historical postseason scale pattern analysis (SPA) into triggers of run size for Tahltan and Mainstem; the averages used each week depended upon whether the run was judged to be below average ( 0 40,000 ), average (40,000-80,000), or above average (+80,000). The SMM for 2009 was
based on CPUE data from 1985 to 2008 from the Alaska District 106 fishery and the Canadian commercial fishery in the lower river and from 1986 to 2004 from the lower Stikine River test fishery. The enhanced Tuya and Tahltan stock proportions are adjusted inseason based on the analysis of otolith samples taken in Districts 106 and 108. To account for the addition of the enhanced Tuya fish (wild fish only from 1985-1993, since 1994 enhanced fish have been returning to Tuya) the weekly estimate of Tuya fish in District 106-41 and 108 was added to the historical proportion of Tahltan fish in the SMM since this stock was not present in the historical database.

Generally, the SMM has used the Canadian Lower River Commercial (LRCF) fishery CPUE to estimate the inriver run size, but both LRCF and Lower River Test fishery CPUE were entered into the SMM model to compare and contrast the respective run sizes generated from each of the inputs. In 2009 the upper commercial fishing zone (Flood fishery) was opened for harvest; in years that it is opened the harvest and effort from this area are excluded from the CPUE and not used in the model estimate. The annual weekly CPUE values were adjusted in order to make the current year data comparable with historical CPUE. For example, during 1979-1994 and 2000-2004, only one net per licence was permitted, while in 1996-1999 and 2005-2009 two nets per license were allowed. Only one net was permitted in the 2013 fishing season and the model was adjusted accordingly.

After week 27, Canada used a combination of inseason forecasts of run size and TAC, produced by the SMM, and Tahltan Lake sockeye and non-Tahltan sockeye salmon regression models to develop weekly fishing plans (Table 2).

Other assessment methods including inseason run reconstruction and a linear regression of CPUE of Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon and mainstem sockeye salmon against total inriver run size (1998-2007) were occasionally used in concert with the SMM by Canada post week 27 during the 2009 fishing season (Table 2).

Table 2. Weekly forecasts of run size and total allowable harvest for Stikine River sockeye salmon as estimated inseason by the Stikine Management Model, 2009.

| Stat. Week | Start <br> Date | Terminal Run |  | TAC |  |  | Cum. Harvest |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Estimate | Method | Total | U.S. | Canada | U.S. | Canada |
| Model runs generated by Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 14-Jun | 274,500 | Preseason | 206,660 | 103,330 | 103,330 |  |  |
| 26 | 21-Jun | 274,500 | Preseason | 206,660 | 103,330 | 103,330 |  | 2,463 |
| 27 | 28-Jun | 235,500 | Model | 173,000 | 86,500 | 86,500 |  | 15,365 |
| 28 | 05-Jul | 182,300 | Inriver Regression | 116,000 | 58,000 | 58,000 |  | 23,677 |
| 29 | 12-Jul | 140,000 | Average Model \& Regression | 75,600 | 37,800 | 37,800 |  | 30,435 |
| 30 | 19-Jul | 132,700 | Average Model \& Regression | 68,800 | 34,400 | 34,400 |  | 38,263 |
| 31 | 26-Jul | 133,400 | Average Model \& Regression | 68,800 | 34,400 | 34,400 |  | 41,803 |
| 32 | 02-Aug | 162,300 | Average Model \& Run Reconstruction | 101,600 | 50,800 | 50,800 |  | 43,533 |
| 33 | 09-Aug | 165,500 | Average Model \& Run Reconstruction | 100,200 | 50,100 | 50,100 |  | 44,829 |
| 34 | 16-Aug | 155,300 | Run Reconstruction | 89,000 | 44,500 | 44,500 |  | 45,390 |
| 35 | 23-Aug | 160,500 | Run Reconstruction | 95,200 | 47,600 | 47,600 |  | 45,765 |
| 36 | 30-Aug | 160,500 | Run Reconstruction | 95,200 | 47,600 | 47,600 |  | 45,880 |
| Model runs generated by the U.S. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 14-Jun | 274,500 | Preseason | 206,107 | 103,054 | 103,054 | 4,863 | 0 |
| 26 | 21-Jun | 274,500 | Preseason | 206,107 | 103,054 | 103,054 | 19,977 | 2,446 |
| 27 | 28-Jun | 234,440 | Model | 171,881 | 85,941 | 85,941 | 39,607 | 6,001 |
| 28 | 05-Jul | 231,315 | Model | 168,343 | 84,172 | 84,172 | 51,278 | 18,134 |
| 29 | 12-Jul | 190,622 | Model | 126,418 | 63,209 | 63,209 | 55,069 | 26,173 |
| 30 | 19-Jul | 186,393 | Model | 121,943 | 60,972 | 60,972 | 57,398 | 30,755 |
| 31 | 26-Jul | 176,463 | Model | 112,116 | 56,058 | 56,058 | 60,692 | 38,146 |
| 32 | 02-Aug | 185,437 | Model | 120,284 | 60,142 | 60,142 | 62,218 | 40,015 |
| 33 | 09-Aug | 179,467 | Model | 115,105 | 57,553 | 57,553 | 63,485 | 45,163 |
| 34 | 16-Aug | 181,821 | Model | 117,970 | 58,985 | 58,985 |  |  |
| Final postseason estimate 185,276 |  |  |  | 118,777 | 59,388 | 59,388 |  |  |

The weekly inputs to the Tahltan sockeye salmon regression model included the cumulative weekly CPUE of Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon (1998-2008: from week 28 to 33 all correlations were significant and ranged from an $r^{2}$ of 0.67 in week 28 to an $r^{2}$ of 0.91 week 33). The contribution of Tuya origin sockeye salmon was based on otolith marks and presented as a ratio of the total Tahltan run size. The contribution of mainstem sockeye salmon was based on egg diameter measurements and presented as a ratio of total Tahltan run size or calculated based on a regression of cumulative CPUE against to inriver run size (1998-2008: from week 28 to 33 all correlations were significant and ranged from an $r^{2}$ of 0.31 in week 28 to an $r^{2}$ of 0.64 week 33). The contribution of Tuya sockeye salmon (thermal marks) and mainstem sockeye salmon (large eggs) were expressed as a ratio of the total Tahltan Lake run. Preliminary results of thermal mark analyses were available inseason for the marine and lower river fisheries to account for Tuya production in the model and reduce the risk of over-estimating the TAC of Tahltan sockeye salmon. In 2009 the SMM, based on commercial fishery performance, was the primary forecast used by the US, while Canada used the regression models in conjunction with the commercial fishery derived SMM.

Canadian inseason predictions of terminal run ranged from 235,500 to 132,800 sockeye salmon; U.S. forecasts ranged from 234,400 to 176,400 (Table 2). All inseason forecasts indicated a run that was below the preseason forecast. Differences in U.S. and Canadian weekly predictions are due to different approaches to assessing the inseason run size, with Canada electing to forego the SMM estimates exclusively and use the run reconstruction and Tahltan regression assessment methods in concert with the model
estimate for all of the fishing season; the US used the SMM exclusively in assessing weekly run sizes.

In 2009 the SMM, based on commercial fishery performance, was the primary forecast used by the US (Table 2). It was also used for the preliminary postseason harvest estimates of Mainstem and Tuya in US fisheries. The final postseason estimates of run size and TAC are close to the U.S. estimates generated by the model, but higher than most of the Canadian estimates which were generated using a suite of assessment tools cited above. The final SMM estimate $(178,736)$ was $4 \%$ lower than the final postseason estimate of 185,276 (Table 2).

Table 3. Terminal run reconstruction for Stikine River sockeye salmon, 2009.

|  | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Terminal Stikine | Tahltan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | EnhacedTahltan | WildTahltan |
| Escapementa | 30,324 | 13,226 | 17,148 | 60,698 | 4,971 | 25,353 |
| ESSR Harvestb | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Broodstock | 3,011 |  |  | 3,011 | 930 | 2,081 |
| Natural Spawning | 27,313 |  | 17,148 | 44,461 | 4,041 | 23,272 |
| Excessc |  | 13,226 |  | 13,226 |  |  |
| Biological Samples | 349 | 214 |  | 563 | 59 | 290 |
| Canadian Harvest |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aboriginal | 3,530 | 1,449 | 169 | 5,148 | 738 | 2,791 |
| Upper Commercial | 1,654 | 749 | 73 | 2,476 | 390 | 1,264 |
| Lower Commercial | 23,666 | 9,852 | 5,891 | 39,409 | 6,124 | 17,542 |
| Total | 28,850 | 12,050 | 6,133 | 47,033 | 7,253 | 21,597 |
| \% Harvest | 43.4\% | 39.4\% | 26.2\% | 39.0\% | 40.4\% | 44.5\% |
| Test Fishery Harvest | 434 | 251 | 657 | 1,342 | 125 | 309 |
| Tuya Test | 471 | 1,530 | 144 | 2,145 | 81 | 390 |
| All Inriver harvest | 29,755 | 13,831 | 6,934 | 50,520 | 7,459 | 22,296 |
| (harvest plus samples) | 30,104 | 14,045 | 6,934 | 51,083 | 7,518 | 22,586 |
| Inriver Run | 60,428 | 27,271 | 24,082 | 111,780 | 12,430 | 47,649 |
| U.S. Harvesta |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 106-41\&42 | 23,623 | 8,589 | 5,583 | 37,795 | 6,938 | 16,685 |
| 106-30 | 462 | 1,491 | 3,057 | 5,009 | 115 | 346 |
| 108 | 13,188 | 8,271 | 8,508 | 29,968 | 3,560 | 9,628 |
| Subsistence | 391 | 176 | 156 | 723 | 101 | 290 |
| Total | 37,664 | 18,527 | 17,304 | 73,495 | 10,714 | 26,950 |
| \% Harvest | 56.6\% | 60.6\% | 73.8\% | 61.0\% | 59.6\% | 55.5\% |
| Test Fishery Harvest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Terminal Run | 98,092 | 45,798 | 41,385 | 185,276 | 23,144 | 74,599 |
| Escapement Goal | 24,000 | 0 | 30,000 |  |  |  |
| Terminal Excessd |  | 11,408 |  |  |  |  |
| Total TAC | 73,658 | 34,390 | 10,728 | 118,777 |  |  |
| Total Harveste | 66,948 | 30,828 | 24,094 | 121,870 |  |  |
| Canada TAC | 36,829 | 17,195 | 5,364 | 59,388 |  |  |
| Actual Harvestfg | 28,850 | 12,050 | 6,133 | 47,033 |  |  |
| \% of total TAC | 78\% | 70\% | 114\% | 79\% |  |  |
| U.S. TAC | 36,829 | 17,195 | 5,364 | 59,388 |  |  |
| Actual Harvest fg | 37,664 | 18,527 | 17,304 | 73,495 |  |  |
| \% of total TAC | 102\% | 108\% | 323\% | 124\% |  |  |

U.S. overage/underage

Canada overage/underage
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Escapement into terminal and spawning areas from traditional fisheries.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Harvest allowed in terminal areas under the Excess Salmon to Spawning Requirement license.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Fish returning to the Tuya system are not able to access the lake where they originated due to velocity barriers.
${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ The number of Tuya fish that should be passed through traditional fisheries in order to harvest the Tuya stock at the same rate as the Tahltan stock to ensure adequate spawning escapement for Tahltan fish.
${ }^{e}$ Includes traditional, ESSR, and test fishery Harvestes.
${ }^{\mathrm{f}}$ Does not include ESSR or test fishery Harvestes.
${ }^{\mathrm{g}}$ U.S. harvest estimate differs from Joint Interception Committee estimate because no estimates are made for Harvestes other than in the listed fisheries.

## U.S. Fisheries

The 2009 gillnet harvest in District 106 included 2,138 Chinook, 111,984 sockeye, 144,569 coho, 143,589 pink, and 287,707 chum salmon (Appendices A.1, A. 4, A. 14, B. 1, and B. 2). All salmon harvests were above average with the exception of the pink salmon harvest, which was below average. The estimated contribution of Stikine River sockeye salmon harvested in District 106 was 42,805 fish or approximately $38 \%$ of the harvest (Appendices A.5-A. 8). The District 106 drift gillnet fishery was open for 45 days from June 14 through October 3 (Appendix A.16). Total fishing time was below average (Appendix B.1). Sections 6-A, 6-B, and 6-C were open simultaneously each week throughout the season. Weekly fishing effort in number of vessels fishing in District 106 was above average for every week of the season with the exception of weeks 29 through 31 and week 35. The greatest effort in vessels fishing ( 99 boats), and the greatest number of boat days (297) both occurred in week 36 (Appendix A.16). The total season effort was above average at 3,253 boat days (Appendix A.16).

The Sumner Strait fishery (Subdistricts 106-41 \& 42) harvested an estimated 37,795 Stikine River sockeye salmon (Table 3; Appendix A.6); 46\% of the total sockeye salmon harvest in that subdistrict. The Clarence Strait fishery (Subdistrict 106-30) harvested an estimated 5,009 Stikine River sockeye salmon (Appendix A.7), 6\% of the total sockeye salmon harvest in that subdistrict.

The District 108 total season gillnet harvest (excluding the Chinook test fishery) included 2,830 Chinook, 36,680 sockeye, 30,860 coho, 27,010 pink, and 190,800 chum salmon (Appendices A.1, A. 4, A. 14, B. 1, and B. 2). Coho and chum salmon harvests were above average while Chinook, sockeye, and pink salmon harvests were below average. The District 108 fishery harvested an estimated 29,968 Stikine River sockeye salmon (Appendix A.8); 82\% of the District 108 sockeye salmon harvest. The District 108 fishery started on June 21 after being postponed two weeks for Stikine Chinook conservation. District 108 and District 106 closed in week 40 on September 29. The 47 days the district was open is average excluding the directed Chinook fishery that took place the previous four seasons (Appendix A.16). The average days fished in District 108 including the directed Chinook fisheries is 52 days. An estimated 28\% (8,537 fish) of the District 108 coho salmon harvest was of Alaskan hatchery origin (Appendix A.14). The Alaska hatchery Chinook salmon contribution in District 108 was estimated at 1,706 fish, $71 \%$ of the total harvest (Appendix A. 1). The weekly fishing effort in number of vessels fishing in District 108 was above average every week with the exception of weeks 26, 27, 29 , and 36.

In 2009, U.S. Federal subsistence Chinook, sockeye and coho salmon fisheries were again conducted on the Stikine River. The fisheries were managed by the United States Forest Service. A permit issued by the USFS to federally qualified users was required. The fisheries took place on the Stikine River upriver from marine waters to the U.S./Canadian border. Fishing in "clearwater" tributaries or side channels and at stock assessment sites was prohibited. The annual Guideline Harvest Levels were 125 Chinook, 600 , sockeye, and 400 coho salmon. The open dates were May 15 to June 20 for the Chinook salmon fishery, June 21 to July 31 for the sockeye salmon fishery, and August 1 to October 1 for the coho salmon fishery. The allowable gear for the fishery included dipnets, spears, gaffs, rod and reel, beach seine, and gillnets not exceeding 15 fathoms in length with mesh size no larger than $5 ½$ inches except during the Chinook fishery when mesh up to 8 inches was allowed. A total of 80 permits were issued and the estimated harvests included 31 Chinook, 723 sockeye, and 21 coho salmon.

The 2009 season marked the first season in the past five where a directed Stikine River Chinook drift gillnet fishery did not occur. The preseason terminal run forecast of 32,000 large Stikine Chinook resulted in a US TAC of 390 fish above the 3,400 fish base level. Fishermen and processors were notified that an in-season run estimate would be produced in late May and if this estimate was similar to or greater than the preseason forecast, a limited directed fishery could occur.

Although the US TAC based on the preseason forecast did not allow for a directed commercial fishery, a test fishery was implemented in order to correlate marine Chinook harvest rates with run size. The test fishery was designed for three boats to fish for a 24 hour period each week in three separate areas within District 108 starting the first Monday in May. Only four of the proposed seven test fish openings occurred as the first inseason terminal run estimate dropped to approximately 25,500 fish. This initial estimate, which came out on May 28, reduced the US TAC to 100 fish. The test fishery was never reinstated due to a lack of allowable catch. The test fishery harvested a total of 109 large Stikine Chinook (Appendix A. 1). The fishery did not progress into the peak of the Stikine Chinook run timing through District 108, and therefore, the harvest rate information gained was not complete. However, a similar fishery in the future may help provide run size and run timing indicators in marine waters if there is some US allowable harvest but not enough to prosecute a commercial fishery.

The total number of large Stikine Chinook harvested by District 108 gillnetters from weeks 26 through 29 (during sockeye management openings) was approximately 244 fish (estimate based on GSI). The initial gillnet sockeye season opening was postponed by one week in District 106 and by two weeks in District 108 due to Stikine Chinook conservation concerns. District 108 troll hatchery access openings through the end of June resulted in a total harvest of 188 Stikine Chinook. Troll hatchery access openings were also reduced for Stikine Chinook conservation in weeks 23 through 25. Two of the three hatchery access areas (the two having the highest component of Stikine Chinook in the harvests) within District 108 were reduced to one day openings in weeks 23 and 25, while these same two areas were closed in week 24. The District 108 sport fish Stikine Chinook harvest estimate from weeks 18 through 29 was 887 fish (estimate based on

GSI). The final cumulative U.S. harvest of large Stikine Chinook salmon through week 29, including the federal Stikine subsistence fishery and District 108 test fishery, was 1,463 fish. The post-season estimate of the total terminal run was approximately 15,118 large Chinook and was based upon mark-recapture information. Based upon that final post-season estimate of the run size, the U.S. allowable harvest was 0 large Stikine Chinook salmon above the base level catch.

The District 106 gillnet season began at 12:00 noon on Monday, June 15 (week 25) for an initial two-day period. The sockeye fishery was originally planned to open the week prior (June 8). However, this opening would have been the earliest second Monday of the month possible and the Stikine Chinook inseason run estimate had decreased significantly, therefore it was decided to postpone the opening by one week. Monday openings will occur during the first two sockeye management periods due to a recent Board of Fish action attempting to minimize interactions between commercial gillnetters and sport fishermen on the weekends during the Stikine Chinook run. No additional area closures were implemented in District 106 and District 108 remained closed. The first sockeye salmon opening is normally two days and any decision to extend fishing is based on fishery harvest rates estimated by management biologists on site in the fishery. Sockeye harvest rates were exceptional during the opening and a one-day extension was announced resulting in three total days of fishing for the week. Six boats fished in Clarence Strait (106-30) for this initial sockeye opening and 64 boats fished in Sumner Strait (106-41). The preseason SMM forecasted a total Stikine River TAC of 206,107 fish and a Tahltan TAC of 118,857 fish (Table 2). This run size would allow the U.S. fisheries to harvest a total of 103,054 Stikine River fish, including 59,429 Tahltan fish. The preseason forecast was used for weeks 25 through 27, while inriver run estimates were produced weekly starting in week 27 and used from weeks 28 through the remainder of the season.

During week 26 (June 21-June 27), there were 57 boats fishing in Sumner Strait, 14 boats fishing in Clarence Strait and 42 boats fishing in District 108 during the total four days of fishing (Appendices A. 16). This was the first opening of the season in District 108. The initial opening was announced for three days in each district and was extended by an additional day in both districts due to above average sockeye harvest rates. The District 106 sockeye harvest rates were slightly above average while the District 108 harvest rates, for those boats targeting sockeye, were well above average. The boat distribution in District 108 was already showing a shift towards the south end of Section 8-B in order to target returns of Anita Bay Chinook, and eventually chum, as has been the pattern in recent seasons. These boats targeting larger fish, farther from the Stikine River create a reduced district-wide average sockeye harvest rate. Significant portions of Section 8-A and 8-B were closed during this opening to further aid in Stikine Chinook conservation. These area closures limited fishing in District 108 to waters far off the mouth of the river. The inseason otolith readings for sub-district 106-41 indicated that $16 \%$ of the harvest was comprised of thermally marked Tahltan fish while $20 \%$ were Tuya fish. In District 108, 13\% were thermally marked Tahltan fish and $34 \%$ were Tuya fish.

During week 27 (June 28-July 4), there were 67 boats fishing in Sumner Strait, 23 boats fishing in Clarence Strait and 65 boats fishing in District 108 (Appendices A.16). Both districts were opened for an initial three days this week due to solid sockeye harvest rates in both districts and strong inriver indications. The boats targeting sockeye in Section 8-B were minimal as chum harvest in District 106 were significant. Those boats targeting sockeye in District 108 enjoyed well above average harvest rates. The District 106 sockeye harvest rates were split, with Clarence Strait having solid harvest rates and Sumner Strait having below-average harvest rates. With sub-average sockeye harvest rates in Sumner Strait and above average harvest rates everywhere else, a 24-hour midweek opening in District 108 was announced. The inseason otolith readings for subdistrict 106-41 for week 26 indicated that $1 \%$ of the harvest was comprised of thermally marked Tahltan fish while 7\% were Tuya fish. The District 108 reading indicated 19\% thermally marked Tahltan fish and $22 \%$ Tuya fish. The first inseason terminal run estimate was produced this week and resulted in a terminal run that was over 40,000 fish less than the preseason forecast. This estimate reduced the U.S. TAC to 84,000 Stikine sockeye with 39,000 Tahltan fish. The U.S. Tahltan sockeye harvest estimate at this point was 24,000 fish.

During week 28 (July 5-July 11), District 106 and 108 were opened for an initial three days (Appendix A.16). There were 32 boats fishing in Clarence Strait, 53 boats in Sumner Strait, and a total of 68 boats fishing in District 108 for the week (Appendices A. 16). Surveys on the fishing grounds showed that sockeye harvest rates were near average in District 106 and above average for those boats targeting sockeye in Section 8-B. Chum harvest rates in District 108 began to increase significantly this week. With average to above average sockeye harvest rates and a large proportion of the District 108 fleet targeting chum, a 24-hour midweek opening was announced in District 108. The inseason percentage of thermally marked Tahltan sockeye salmon in sub-district 106-41 fell to $1 \%$ while the marked Tuya fish contributed 3\%. In District 108, marked Tahltan fish contributed $5 \%$ while marked Tuya fish contributed $16 \%$. The Stikine sockeye model estimate decreased the total Stikine sockeye U.S. TAC to 63,000 fish with a Tahltan TAC of 39,000 fish. The estimated cumulative U.S. harvest of Tahltan sockeye salmon was 30,000 fish. The mainstem run forecast stayed similar to the previous week at around 53,000 fish with a U.S. TAC of 11,000 fish. The estimated U.S. harvest of mainstem fish at this point was 6,000 fish.

During week 29 (July 12-July 18), 24 boats fished in Clarence Strait, 28 boats fished in Sumner Strait, and 36 boats fished in District 108 (Appendices A.16). Fishing time was reduced to two days in both districts this opening for the initial week of the McDonald Lake sockeye conservation period. Any additional time during this three-week period would be in the form of a midweek opening in District 108. The effort fell substantially this week in both districts due mainly to boats leaving for the Juneau area where chum harvest were rapidly growing. Sockeye harvest rates were the best of the season in District 106 and for the few boats targeting sockeye in District 108. However, a preliminary inseason model dropped the terminal run estimate by nearly 30,000 sockeye which resulted in the U.S. already being over the Tahltan TAC. Even with some of the lowest effort of the season in both districts and well above average sockeye harvest rates,
no extra time was announced due to allowable harvest concerns. The inseason otolith readings for week 29 indicated that the marked Tahltan fish contributed $1 \%$ of the District 106 harvest and $10 \%$ of the District 108 harvest. The marked Tuya fish contributed 1\% in District 106 and 6\% in District 108. The SMM decreased the Tahltan terminal run estimate to 99,000 fish, with a U.S. TAC of 37,000 fish. The estimated U.S. Tahltan harvest by the end of this week was 31,500 sockeye salmon.

During week 30 (July 19-July 25), there were 35 boats fishing in District 106 and 82 boats fishing in District 108 (Appendices A.16). Both districts were open for an initial two days. Effort was at the lowest point of the season thus far in District 106. Sockeye harvest rates in 106-41 continued to be well above average and even with poor weather and reduced sockeye harvest in 106-30, the total District 106 sockeye harvest rates were above average. Only six boats were observed targeting sockeye in Section 8-B on the survey and they had well above-average sockeye harvest rates. This week had the highest chum harvest rates in District 108 and the vast majority of the fleet continued to target the Anita Bay return. The Tahltan sockeye run was returning in record numbers, and by this time, more than 18,000 sockeye were through the weir. The mainstem component had also increased slightly last week. With a small fleet targeting sockeye and reduced concerns for Stikine fish, a 48-hour midweek opening was announced in District 108. This midweek opening had much higher than anticipated effort as the chum fishing in the Juneau area slowed considerably this week and several of these boats headed to District 108 for the extended opening to target chum. The inseason otolith readings for week 30 indicated no marked Tahltan fish in the District 106 harvest and $11 \%$ of the District 108 harvest. The SMM estimated a U.S. Tahltan TAC of 34,000 sockeye this week. The U.S. harvest of Tahltan sockeye salmon through week 30 was estimated at 32,000 fish. The SMM estimated a U.S. mainstem harvest of 9,000 sockeye salmon with a U.S. TAC of 10,000 fish.

During week 31 (July 26-August 1), there were 68 boats fishing in District 106 and 94 boats fishing in District 108. Both districts were open for an initial two days. Sockeye harvest rates continued to be well above average in District 106 and above average for the small number of boats targeting sockeye in District 108. The model produced this week increased the mainstem run estimate to 59,000 fish which brought the US AC over 14,000 fish. With a small sockeye fleet and an increased mainstem run estimate, a 24hour midweek was announced in District 108. Marked Tahltan/Tuya sockeye were nearly nonexistent in District 106 this week while in District 108, of the harvest consisted of 2\% marked Tahltan and $5 \%$ Tuya fish. The SMM estimated the total Tahltan run size at 94,000 fish with a U.S. TAC of 35,000 fish. This was the last week of sockeye management in both districts. The final inseason SMM run, released in week 33, estimated a total U.S. harvest of 63,500 Stikine sockeye salmon broken into 33,300 Tahltan fish, 16,800 Tuya fish, and 13,400 mainstem fish. The US TAC for each component was 33,600 Tahltan fish, 10,600 Tuya fish, and 14,800 mainstem fish.

During weeks 32 through 35 (August 2-August 29), both Districts 106 and 108 were managed for pink salmon. Both districts were open three days a week during this period. Section D of District 106 was closed from week 32 through week 36. The region-wide
preseason pink salmon forecast was substantial this year, yet returns to District 106 displayed few signs of strength throughout the season. Pink salmon harvests in both districts are not always a true reflection of abundance because low prices for pink salmon and harvest of other more valuable species may affect the fishing patterns and methods. During the 2009 season, the fishing effort was generally well above the weekly average effort in both districts throughout the pink salmon management period. Above average coho and chum harvests were likely the catalysts behind the increased effort in both districts. Total pink salmon harvests were far below average in District 106 while District 108 had above average harvests during the pink salmon management period but a below average total harvest.

Coho salmon management typically commences in late August or early September in both the District 106 and 108 gillnet fisheries. During week 36 (August 30 - September 5) the management emphasis changed from pink to coho salmon. Prior to the switch to coho salmon management, the District 106 fishery harvested 96,011 coho salmon, approximately $66 \%$ of the total District 106 coho salmon harvest. The Neck Lake/Burnett Inlet enhanced summer coho returns made up a significant component of this early coho harvest with an estimated contribution of 46,000 coho in the District 106 fishery prior to week 36. The average weekly Alaska hatchery coho salmon harvest rate in the District 106 fishery was above average until week 36, at which point it remained below average the rest of the season. Total average weekly coho harvest rates in District 106 were above average in weeks 29 through 34 and were below average in openings before and after this period. In District 108, weekly coho harvests were generally above average from week 30 through the end of the season. Coho harvests in both districts tapered off significantly the last two weeks of the season although harvest rates in District 108 were above average in the last opening. Both districts had three day openings from weeks 36 through 39 and then ended with a two day opening in week 40 . The 2009 gillnet season in both districts ended at noon on Tuesday, September 29.

## Canadian Fisheries

Harvest from the combined Canadian commercial and aboriginal gillnet fisheries, and sport fishery in the Stikine River in 2009 included: 2,284 large Chinook (includes 170 release mortalities), 651 non large Chinook (includes 77 release mortalities), 50,520 sockeye, 5,981 coho, 193 chum, 362 pink salmon, and 237 steelhead. A large portion of the total chum and pink salmon harvest and all of the steelhead harvest were not retained (Appendices A. 2, A. 9, A.15). A test fishery designed to target on Tuya bound fish at a site located in the mainstem Stikine River between the mouth of the Tahltan and the mouth of the Tuya River yielded a harvest of 2,144 sockeye 37 Chinook salmon, and 1 non chinook (Table 3). Seventeen Chinook were released.

The harvest of large Chinook salmon was $64 \%$ below average and the lowest harvest recorded since the targeted Chinook fishery started in 2005. Harvest of non large Chinook salmon were also well below average. The sockeye salmon harvest was $14 \%$ below average. The estimate of the total contribution of sockeye salmon from the Canada/U.S. fry-planting programme to the combined Canadian aboriginal and
commercial fisheries was 21,562 fish, $43 \%$ of the harvest (Table 3). The harvest of 5,981 coho is well above average 406 fish.

A sockeye salmon test fishery was conducted for stock assessment purposes in the lower Stikine River weeks 28-36 ( 09 July to 04 September). The test fishery was located immediately upstream from the Canada/U.S. border. Test fishery harvest totaled: 3 large Chinook, 0 non large Chinook, 1,340 sockeye, 188 coho, 147 pink, 91 chum salmon, and 33 steelhead trout (all steelhead trout, chum and pink salmon were released; Appendices A.2, A. 9, A.15). The objectives of the sockeye salmon test fishery were similar to those in previous years: to provide inseason harvest, stock ID and effort data for input, if necessary, into the SMM to estimate the inriver run size; and, to determine migratory timing and stock composition of the sockeye salmon run for use in the postseason estimations of the inriver sockeye salmon run. Unfortunately, limited sockeye salmon test fishing was conducted during the late June and early July due budget constraints. Proxy test fishery harvest and CPUE for early July were calculated based on the performance of the commercial fishery and the historical co-relation between commercial and test CPUE, 1996-2004.

A coho salmon test fishery was conducted in the lower Stikine River weeks 36-42 (05 Sept. to 13 October). The test fishery was located immediately upstream from the Canada/U.S. border. Test fishery harvest totaled: 01 sockeye, 306 coho, 0 chum salmon, and 12 steelhead trout (all steelhead were released; Appendices A. 15). The objectives of this test fishery was to provide an index harvest expressed in cumulative weekly CPUE to complement and compare with the existing test fishery historical data set (1986-2008), which provided a general sense of relative run strength of Stikine coho salmon.

## Lower Stikine River Commercial Fishery

Canadian commercial fishers in the lower Stikine River harvested 1,926 large Chinook (released 339), 651 non large Chinook (released 153), 39,409 sockeye, 5,981 coho, 362 pink, 193 chum salmon, and 237 steelhead trout in 2009 (Appendices A.1, A. 9, A. 15). The majority of pink and chum salmon were released; all steelhead trout were released. (note: the harvest of large Chinook included an estimated released fish mortality of 170 and non large Chinook harvest mortality of 77 fish.). The harvest of large Chinook salmon in the fifth year of the new, targeted fishery was the lowest on record since the 2005 inception of a targeted Chinook salmon fishery. The harvest of non large salmon was also the lowest on record , The harvest of coho salmon was well above average. The sockeye salmon harvest was slightly below average The targeted Chinook salmon fishery was opened for a total of 7.5 days, below the recent 4 year average of 30 days. The fleet targeted sockeye salmon for a total of 28 days, below the average 35 days. The coho salmon fishery was opened for a total of 19 days, above the average 6 days.

Final estimates (Table 3), the stock composition of the lower river sockeye salmon harvest was as follows: 6,124 enhanced Tahltan fish, which accounted for $16 \%$ of the sockeye salmon harvest; 17,542 wild Tahltan fish accounting for $35 \%$ of the harvest; 5,891 mainstem fish accounting for $26 \%$ of the harvest; and 9,852 enhanced Tuya fish which accounted for $24 \%$ of the harvest.

Stock compositions of the commercial harvest taken in the targeted Chinook and coho salmon fisheries are not available. However, assuming that the Chinook salmon harvest reflects the contribution of the Little Tahltan and 'other' stocks to the total inriver escapement, the commercial harvest of Chinook salmon of Little Tahltan origin was 351 large Chinook salmon, the harvest of large Chinook salmon originating from 'other' stocks was 1,406 fish.

Weekly Chinook and sockeye salmon guideline harvests, based on SCMM, SMM and other forecasts of the total allowable catch (TAC) apportioned by average run timing and domestic and international allocation agreements, were developed each week to guide management decisions during the Chinook and sockeye salmon seasons. For purposes of managing the lower river harvest, 1,100 large Chinook salmon were allocated to the upper Stikine fisheries: 150 to the sport, 50 to the upper commercial, and 900 to the Aboriginal fishery. A total of 8,000 sockeye salmon were allocated to the upper Stikine commercial and aboriginal fishery. The remaining balance of the Chinook and sockeye salmon TAC was allocated to the lower Stikine commercial fishery. Particular attention was directed at weekly Chinook salmon guideline harvests and the inriver run and escapement projections of the various sockeye salmon stock groupings. Management through week 25 (week ending 20 June) was focused primarily on the harvest of large Chinook salmon. From week 26 through week 30 (week ending 25 July), management emphasis switched to the Tahltan and Tuya lake sockeye salmon stock after which time the sole focus was the management of mainstem sockeye salmon stocks through the end of the fishery week 34 (week ending 22 Aug). The coho salmon management regime commenced on week 35 (week ending 29 August).

The preseason estimate governing the start of the 2009 commercial fishery was 32,000 large Chinook and a total Canadian TAC, including base line catch, of 5,800 large Chinook. The Chinook salmon fishery commenced at noon May 03 (week 19) for a scheduled opening of one day. Fishers were limited to two nets with a maximum length of 135 metres. The maximum mesh size was 203 mm ( 8 in .). Only one of the two nets was permitted to be deployed as a drift gillnet. The upper boundary of the fishing zone extended to a point near the confluence of the Porcupine and Stikine rivers. The opening was based on a preseason Canadian guideline harvest for week 19 of 107 large Chinook salmon. Fishing conditions were relatively good; however, the harvest and cpue were well below average. The low harvest and in concert with the poor catches are the Kakwan tagging site indicated that the fish had yet to enter the river in numbers required to meet the weekly guideline harvest. The fishery was thus held at one day; the total harvest was only nine fish.

The fishery was posted for two days in week 20 (10-16 May) with a weekly guideline harvest of $\sim 320$ large Chinook salmon. The day one harvest of 42 fish and harvest per boat day ( $\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{b} / \mathrm{d}$ ) of 3.74 fish was less than half average. Based on the performance of the day one harvest in concert with the very poor catches at Kakwan and the low harvest in the US sport fishery, an extension was not posted. The day two harvest yielded only 45 fish for a total weekly harvest of 90 large Chinook salmon, 231 fish below the weekly
guideline harvest. The cumulative catch per hour registered at the Kakwan tagging site, under good fishing conditions, was $\sim 36 \%$ of average.

In week 21 (13-3 May) the preseason run size estimate of 32,000 large Chinook salmon remained as the governing run size even though latitude was given to the managers to generate an inseason run size before 25 May as agreed to in the preseason management plan. Both US and Canadian managers reasoned there was no compelling inseason information that warranted an inseason estimate before the agreed to date; however, it was surmised that this year's run was probably below the preseason estimate of 32,000 fish. The fishery was posted for two days in week 21 (13-23 May) with a weekly guideline harvest of ~370 large Chinook salmon. The day one harvest of 179 large Chinook salmon and a projected day two harvest estimate to be at least 200 which would have put the harvest close to the weekly guide line harvest resulted in holding the fishery at two days. The actual day two catch, however, was only 90 fish for a total weekly harvest of 269 large Chinook. The drop in day two harvest was probably due to an increase in water level and a decrease in harvest rates The c/b/d of 12 fish was slightly above the 9 fish average. The cum catch per hour (c/c/h) at Kakwan Point tagging site was only 24 per cent of average. The new U.S. District 108 test fishery, which commenced in week 19, showed a slight improvement in catches, but because this sentinel fishery was in its first year there was little to glean from its fishing performance. The US District 108 sport fishery reported very low harvest . (Note: It appeared that the fishing conditions thus far were similar to the fishing conditions faced in the 2007 season. The performance of the 2007 fishery and the run size $(42,500)$ were contrasted with the 2009 season as additional tools in assessing run size.)

In light of the general feeling that the run was returning in numbers below expectations, the fishery was only posted for one day in week 22 (24-30 May) even though the weekly guideline harvest of $\sim 342$ fish warranted a longer opening. A hail of 100 fish was reported after the initial 18 hrs of the fishery. The $f / b / d$ was only 8.3 fish well below the average of $29 \mathrm{f} / \mathrm{b} / \mathrm{s}$ and well below the harvest rate that a run size of 32,000 should produce. The fishery was thus held at one day. The total harvest for the week was 151 large Chinook. The Kakwan $\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{h}$ remained well below average under relatively good fishing conditions. The US sport fishery harvest did not show any signs of improvement this week. The District 108 test CPUE dropped by 14 per cent from last week. The first inseason estimate was generated late this week. It showed the run dropping to $\sim 25.5 \mathrm{k}$ large Chinook; a good measure below the preseason estimate of 32k fish. This new estimate governed week 23 fishery.

The fishery was posted for one day in week 23 (31 May to 06 June) with a weekly target of ~230 large Chinook salmon and a first inseason run size estimate of 25,500 Chinook salmon. The total harvest was 234 large Chinook harvested under good fishing conditions; the c/b/d was 22 fish vs an average c/b/d of 26 . The fishery was held at one day due to the fishery meeting its weekly guideline harvest. The Kakwan $\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{d}$ was only 7.8 fish vs an average of 42.3 fish. The US sport fish harvest remained well below average this week. The District 108 test fishery was closed due to the drop in run size and the U.S. allowable catch.

In week 24 (07-13 June) the fishery was posted for 12 hours. This week's run size dropped slightly to 25.2 k . The cumulative harvest as of Week 23 was 796 fish; the cum guideline harvest for this week was 974 , leaving a weekly guideline harvest of 178 large chinook. The 12 hour opening yielded a harvest of 114 fish and a c/b/d of 19 fish vs an average c/b/d of 65 . This week typical boasts a pre peak run timing and catches are typically strong. The harvest in District 108 sport fishery did not provide any hope for a late, strong return of Stikine chinook. The $\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{h}$ at Kakwan remained well below average. A new run size estimate of 24,700 large Chinook was generated on Thursday of this week. This estimate will serve to guide management for week 25 and clearly showed that there was very limited room to mount a commercial fishery with a guideline harvest of 32 fish (cum guideline harvest of 942 fish minus cumulative harvest to date of 910 large Chinook.)

The commercial fishery was closed in week 25 (14-20 June) for reasons cited above. On average, the Chinook migration peaks this week; however, catches at Kakwan, located approximately 15 km downstream for the commercial fishing grounds did not show an increase in harvest indicative of a peak in migration. The c/c/h was only 8.6 fish vs and average of 78.5 large Chinook. (The fishing conditions, however, were poor due to flooding.) Harvest from the Upper Stikine First Nation fishery were reported to be very weak as was the harvest in the small recreational fishery located at the mouth of the Tahltan River. The run size estimates continue to downward trend with this week's estimate dropping to 24,700 large Chinook. This estimate will guide the management plan for next week to a degree in light of the management regime switching to sockeye harvest in week 26. The proposed U.S District 108 sockeye fishery was not opened a scheduled due to the Chinook salmon conservation concern; District 106 had its first opening and reported very good harvest of sockeye.

In week 26 (22-28 June) the fishery management focus switched from Chinook to sockeye; however, the weak return of Chinook and the downward trend in the run size estimate to 24,700 fish this week resulted in managing the fishery based on the guideline harvest of large Chinook salmon. In order to minimize the incidental harvest of Chinook salmon, capped at $\sim 200$ fish, a mesh size restriction of 150 cm ( 5.75 in ) was implemented. After day one of a two day fishery and a Chinook harvest of 235 large Chinook salmon and 1,046 sockeye it was decide not to extend. The two day fishery yielded a harvest of 470 large Chinook and 2446 sockeye, which was well over the Chinook guideline harvest and well below the sockeye guideline harvest $\sim 7000$ fish, the latter based on the preseason run size of 274,400 sockeye. The day two harvest of sockeye was 1,400 indicating that the run was building. The total weekly sockeye harvest was comprised of 26,49,21, and 4 per cent Tahltan enhanced, Tahltan wild, Tuya, and mainstem sockeye respectively. The fishing conditions were good. Surprising, District 106 sockeye harvest dropped slightly and District 108 harvest was only average. In light of the near record harvest in District 106 in week 25 it was expected, based on average run timing, that the catches would build this week in the District. District 108 catches were expected to be better than they were based on the high harvest of sockeye in District 106 in the previous week. The Canadian harvest and c/b/d, although good, were only slightly above average,
which caused some suspicion as to the veracity of the preseason estimate. The Upper Stikine fishery showed some signs of improved Chinook catches, but was still below the seasonal average. The Little Tahltan weir was installed this week; no counts were registered when on average 119 fish passed the weir by this date. The Kakwan $\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{h}$ improved this week with the some of the best catches of the season taken, but still well below the seasonal c/c/d.

In week 27 (28 June-04 July) the fishery opening was delayed two days and started on Tuesday noon for an initial two day opening. This action was taken to provide extra time for Chinook salmon to clear the commercial fishing grounds. Once again the Chinook run size dropped. This week's estimate was 20,100 large Chinook salmon. The guideline harvest was only 121 fish. This paucity of Chinook salmon prompted a volunteer release of the Chinook that were caught in the course of this week's sockeye fishery. The sockeye guideline harvest was $\sim 22 \mathrm{k}$ fish based on an inseason run size estimate of 235.5 k . After a day one harvest of $\sim 3,500$ and a projected harvest of $<20,000$ fish, should the fishery be extended to Sunday, an extension was given for a five day fishery this week. The total week's harvest of 12,648 fish consisted of $64 \%$ Tahltan ( $21 \%$ enhanced), $30 \%$ Tuya, and $7 \%$ mainstem fish. The c/b/d was below average; however, the fishing conditions were characterized as poor during the latter part of the week due to rising water. A total of 308 large Chinook were caught, 148 fish were released (it was estimated that $50 \%$ of the released fish died due to handling stress). A total of 21 large Chinook were counted through the Little Tahltan weir vs a seasonal average for this date of 519 fish. The Upper Stikine fishery Chinook harvest improved again this week, but were well below the seasonal average for this date. Very poor sport fishing success was reported. The Kakwan c/c/h of 17.9 compared poorly with the seasonal average of $113 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{h}$

In week 28 (06-12 July) the fishery posted for two days. The initial model estimate for this week which was run late in week 27 was $\sim 235,500$ sockeye salmon. A second model estimate generated after one day of fishing generated a run size of 188,000 sockeye salmon including an estimate 103,000 Tahltan Lake sockeye. In light of the relatively low catches and CPUE under good fishing conditions the model estimate was abandoned in favour of assessing the run based on the inriver regression of cumulative CPUE of Tahltan Lake sockeye against total inriver run size. A similar regression was applied to the mainstem component; the Tuya component was presented as a ratio of the Tahltan run size. This estimate generated at terminal run size of 182,200 made up of 82,500 Tahltan sockeye, 36,900 Tuya sockeye, and 62,800 mainstem sockeye. (the US harvest was based on an average harvest rate of $30 \%$ ). The guideline sk harvest for this week was $\sim 6,300$ sockeye. After a day one harvest of 980 fish an extension was given for a total of three days this week. The initial harvest rate for District 108 from the previous week indicated that the run strength dropped dramatically. In anticipation of a major drop in the run size estimate this week, the fishery was not extended beyond three days, even though the weekly guideline harvest showed that an additional 3,000 could be harvested. On Wednesday of the current week an error in the District 108 CPUE from week 27 was corrected to show a fairly solid sockeye return. In response, the fishery was reopened from Friday noon to Saturday noon. The total weekly harvest of 6,292 (close to the guideline harvest) consisted of $61 \%$ Tahltan ( $16 \%$ enhanced), $31 \%$ Tuya, and $8 \%$
mainstem fish. The c/b/d was below average; however, the fishing conditions were characterized as only fair due to relatively high water. A total of 94 large Chinook were caught, 24 fish were released (it was estimated that $50 \%$ of the released fish died due to handling stress). A total of 838 large Chinook were counted through the Little Tahltan weir vs a seasonal average for this date of 1,437 fish. The Upper Stikine fishery Chinook catches decreased this week. Still very poor sport fishing success reported this week. The final Kakwan c/c/h of 18 compared poorly with the final seasonal average of $118 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{h}$. The Kakwan project concluded on 10 July. The sockeye harvest from the Upper Stikine fishery were very strong this week, which was a bewildering report in light of the less than stellar harvest taken in the lower Stikine River fishery. The Tahltan Lake weir was installed on 06 July.

In week 29 (12-20 July) the fishery was opened for an initial two day period. The initial run size estimate to start the fishery was 182,300 fish. After one day of fishing and a harvest of 1,300 fish the run size estimate dropped to 133,100 sockeye. The estimate was generated by averaging the SCM and the run size generated by the inriver regressions. With a run of this magnitude the guideline harvest for Tahltan dropped to zero fish and the overall guideline harvest dropped to $\sim 500$ fish. The fishery was thus held at two days ending Tuesday noon. In the mid afternoon 14 July the Tahltan weir crew reported a weir count of 5,500 fish. By day's end the count was 7,693 sockeye salmon through the weir. Fish were building with no signs of waning the next day. This cumulative weir count of 7,693 eclipsed the seasonal average on 905 fish and was the second high on record (in 1977 the cumulative count was 13,505 fish). The 15 July weir count was 1,962 fish with reports that fish were building below the weir. In light of what was reported at the weir and a projected weir count, based on early run timing at the weir, of $25 \mathrm{k}-30 \mathrm{k}$ sockeye (escapement goal is 24,000 fish) it was decide to once again reopen the lower Stikine commercial fishery starting at noon Friday through to Sunday noon. In addition to the late week opening the commercial fishing grounds were extended upstream to the mouth of the Flood River with the objective of catching the tail end of the Tahltan and Tuya bound sockeye possible. On average $81 \%$ of the migration exits the lower reach (border to the mouth of the Porcupine) by week 29. The total week's harvest of 5,157 consisted $46 \%$ Tahltan ( $18 \%$ enhanced), $30 \%$ Tuya, and $24 \%$ mainstem fish. Because it was assumed that the Tahltan escapement and First Nations fishery requirement would be met based on the current and projected Tahltan weir count, all Tahltan and Tuya sockeye could safely be harvested without concern for conservation. The management focus, by default, was the run strength and guideline harvest of mainstem sockeye. This guideline harvest was calculated at $\sim 1700$ fish; the harvest was $\sim 1,500$ sockeye. The overall c/b/d was below average and was based on harvest and effort from the fishing grounds below the Porcupine (excludes the Flood River reach). (In retrospect, it appears that the Lower commercial fishery missed an opportunity to harvest additional Tahltan Lake sockeye in late week 26 and early week 27 when the fishery opening was reduced in week 26 and, in respect to week 27, delayed to protect the poor return of Chinook salmon. Further, it is thought that the low river velocities registered at the USGS Stikine water gauge probably resulted in an above average migration rate for returning sockeye, thus the fish exited the fishing grounds post haste). A total of 103 large Chinook were caught, 53 fish were released (It was estimated that $50 \%$ of the released fish died due to handling stress.) A
total of 1,081 large Chinook were counted through the Little Tahltan weir vs a seasonal average for this date of 3,151 fish. Only a minor number of Chinook were caught in the Upper Stikine fishery this week. The sockeye harvest from the Upper Stikine fishery dropped this week. The Tahltan Lake weir count for the week was 17,267 fish.

In week 30 (19-25 July) the fishery was opened for an initial two day period. The run size was estimated at 132,700 fish (based on averaging the SSM and the regression estimate). with a weekly guideline harvest of 1,339 mainstem sockeye. The Tahltan Lake sockeye escapement and Upper Fishery harvest were projected to be serviced in terms of escapement and harvest respectively; therefore, the management focus was trained on spawning escapement requirements for mainstem fish. The day one harvest of 483 mainstem sockeye, 456 Tahltan Lake sockeye, and 456 Tuya sockeye prompted a one day extension. The cumulative harvest of 750 mainstem sockeye after two days of fishing prompted another one day extension in order to reach the guideline harvest of 1,339 sockeye. (note: the mainstem component decreased in day two). The total week's harvest, taken under very good fishing conditions; of 6,159 sockeye salmon consisted $41 \%$ Tahltan ( $7 \%$ enhanced), $25 \%$ Tuya, and $34 \%$ mainstem fish. The c/b/d of mainstem fish increased from 19 fish in week 29 to 38 fish this week. The Tahltan Lake weir count totaled 22,707 this week. The Upper Stikine First Nations fishery harvest of 1,670 registered as the highest weekly harvest this season, but below the seasonal average. A total of 103 large Chinook were caught in the lower Stikine commercial fishery, 47 fish were released.

In week 31 (26 July-04 August) the fishery opened for an initial two day period. The Flood area commercial fishery originally opened in an attempt to harvest the latter portion of the Tahltan and Tuya return was closed this week because the Tahltan and Tuya stock groupings had, in general, transited the fishery. The run size increased to 133,400 (based on averaging the SSM and the regression estimate). The weekly guideline harvest of mainstem sockeye salmon was estimated at 2,100 fish The day one c/b/d of 58 mainstem sockeye was close to the seasonal average. This observation in concert with a day one total harvest of 760 mainstem fish prompted a one day extension. The total weekly harvest, taken under fair fishing conditions, of 2,676 sockeye salmon consisted of $17 \%$ Tahltan ( $3 \%$ enhanced), $7 \%$ Tuya, and $76 \%$ mainstem fish. The weekly c/b/d of mainstem fish decreased after day one from 58 fish to 40 fish which was below the seasonal average of $58 \mathrm{f} / \mathrm{b} / \mathrm{d}$. The Tahltan Lake weir count totaled 26,936 this week. The Upper Stikine First Nations fishery harvest of 749 was close to half the harvest reported the previous week. A minor number of Chinook were caught.

In week 32 (02-08 August) the fishery opened for an initial two day period. The terminal run size estimate increased to 162,300 fish. This run size was generated by the average of the model and the estimated generated by reconstruction the Tahltan run (escapement and harvest projections); the Tuya component was expressed as a ratio of the Tahltan run size; the mainstem component was based on an inriver correlation. The mainstem component increased slightly to 50,000 fish. The projected escapement was estimated to be between 25,000 and 30,000 fish and the weekly guideline harvest this week was 2,600 sockeye. The day one harvest of only 300 mainstem sockeye with a c/b/d of only 21 fish
vs a seasonal average of $51 \mathrm{f} / \mathrm{b} / \mathrm{d}$ resulted in holding the fishery at two days. It was felt that this week's estimate did not square with the poor harvest with very good fishing conditions. It should be noted, however that the $\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{b} / \mathrm{d}$ increased from 21 fish on day one to 47 fish on day two. The total weekly harvest, taken under good fishing conditions, of 1,540 sockeye salmon consisted of $36 \%$ Tahltan ( $1 \%$ enhanced), $2 \%$ Tuya, and $62 \%$ mainstem fish (note: unusual to see such a high contribution of Tahltan Lake sockeye in this week). The Tahltan Lake weir count totaled 28,500 this week. The Upper Stikine First Nations fishery harvest of 190 sockeye was a reflection of the both the reduced effort and the waning run size entering the fishery. A minor number of Chinook were caught.

In week 33 (09-15 August) the fishery opened for an initial three day period. The terminal run size estimate increased to 165,500 fish. This run size was generated by the average of the model and the estimated generated by reconstruction the Tahltan run (escapement and harvest projections); the Tuya component was expressed as a ratio of the Tahltan run size; the mainstem component was based on an inriver correlation. The mainstem component increased to 55,000 fish. The projected escapement was estimated to be between 25,000 and 30,000 fish and the weekly guideline harvest this week was 2,900 sockeye. Similar to the day one harvest in week 32, the low harvest of only 295 mainstem sockeye with a c/b/d of only 20 fish vs a seasonal average of $31 \mathrm{f} / \mathrm{b} / \mathrm{d}$ resulted in holding the fishery at three days. It was felt that the harvest did not reflect this week's population estimate. The total weekly harvest, taken under very good fishing conditions, of 1,258 sockeye salmon consisted of $33 \%$ Tahltan ( $1 \%$ enhanced), $1 \%$ Tuya, and $65 \%$ mainstem fish (note: unusual to see such a high contribution of Tahltan Lake sockeye in this week). The Tahltan Lake weir count totaled 29,167 this week. The Upper Stikine First Nations fishery harvest of 38 fish was taken by Tahltan First Nations sampling crew; no other fishing activity was reported.

In week 34 (16-22 August) the fishery opened for an initial two day period. The terminal run size estimate decreased to 155,300 fish. This run size was generated by the average of the model and the estimated generated by reconstruction the Tahltan run (escapement and harvest projections); the Tuya component was expressed as a ratio of the Tahltan run size; the mainstem component was based on an inriver correlation. The mainstem component decreased to 54,000 fish. The projected escapement was estimated to be between 25,000 and 30,000 fish and the weekly guideline harvest this week was 1,470 sockeye. The day one harvest of 216 mainstem sockeye and a c/b/d of 20 fish, which was above the seasonal average of $11 \mathrm{f} / \mathrm{b} / \mathrm{d}$, prompted a two day extension. The total week's harvest, taken under fair fishing conditions, of 525 sockeye salmon consisted of $7 \%$ Tahltan ( $1 \%$ enhanced), $1 \%$ Tuya, and $92 \%$ mainstem fish. The Tahltan Lake weir count totaled 30,028 this week. The Upper Stikine First Nations fishery harvest of 36 fish was taken by Tahltan First Nations sampling crew; no other fishing activity was reported. The coho harvest of 658 fish tripled in size from week 33.

In week 35 (23-29 August) the fishery was opened for an initial three day period with a management focus switched from sockeye to coho. On average $91 \%$ of the sockeye return exits the fishery by this week. The sockeye run size increased to 160,500 fish and
the mainstem guideline harvest was 1,100 sockeye. The number of licenses dropped from 11 to 7 this week. After two days of fish and a total harvest of 563 coho and a guideline harvest for the season of 5,000 fish it was decided to extend the fishery through till Sunday noon. The total harvest, taken under fair fishing conditions, was 1,741 coho and 375 sockeye.

In weeks 36-37 (30 Aug- 12 Sept) the fishery was opened for the entire period (14 days) with the goal of the reduced fleet (five licenses) harvesting the 5,000 coho allotment under the terms of the PSC. The total harvest, taken under fair fishing conditions, was 3,320 coho and 170 sockeye.

## Upper Stikine River Commercial Fishery

A small commercial fishery has existed near Telegraph Creek on the upper Stikine River since 1975. A total of 2,476 sockeye salmon were harvested in 2009, which was above the average 776 fish (Appendix A. 9). Two non large and 29 large Chinook salmon were harvested. The non large and large Chinook salmon harvest were above average. The fishing effort of 16 boat days fished was slightly above average 14 boat days. Generally, fishery openings were based on the lower Stikine commercial fishery openings, lagged one week. The first opening, however, was concurrent with the lower fishery opening.

## Aboriginal Fishery

The Stikine River aboriginal fishery, which is located near Telegraph Creek, harvested 496 large Chinook, 136 non large Chinook, 5,148 sockeye, and 4 coho salmon (Appendices A. 2, A. 9, A. 15). The harvest of large Chinook salmon was $37 \%$ below average and the sockeye salmon harvest was average. The harvest of non large Chinook salmon was $50 \%$ below average. Coho harvest relatively rare in this fishery with the average of only 1 fish caught. Run timing to the fishing grounds was approximately one week early. The fishing conditions were, in general, good.

## Sport Fishery

The Stikine River salmon sport fishery targets primarily Chinook salmon and its principal fishing location is located at the mouth of the Tahltan River. Minor sport fishing activities occur in upper reaches of the Tahltan River and in some tributaries of the Iskut River, including Verrett and Craig River. The 2009 the harvest estimate was 20 large Chinook salmon, all of which were taken in the Telegraph Creek area. The fishing success was reported as very poor throughout the course of the Chinook run.

## Escapement

## Sockeye Salmon

A total of 30,324 sockeye salmon were counted through the Tahltan Lake weir in 2009; $15 \%$ above average (Appendix A.19). The 2009 count was approximately $27 \%$ above the escapement goal of 24,000 and $2 \%$ above the upper end of the escapement goal range of

18,000 to 30,000 fish. A total of 349 sockeye salmon was sacrificed at the weir for stock composition analysis. In addition, a total of 3,011 sockeye salmon was collected for broodstock, resulting in a spawning escapement of 27,313 sockeye salmon in Tahltan Lake. Based on the final inseason SCM model estimate of 71,000 inriver Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon, minus the inriver harvest of 24,500 fish, the escapement to Tahltan Lake was projected to be $\sim 47,000$ fish.

Based on the regression model the generates inriver Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon run size and Tahltan escapement from historical Tahltan sockeye salmon CPUE in the lower river commercial fishery against the terminal run size and Tahltan Lake weir counts, the projected count based on the final running of the estimate in week 31 was $<10,000$ fish. The method using a run reconstruction model whereby the weir count and inriver harvest is projected showed a projected weir count of $\sim 24,000$ sockeye.

The spawning escapements for the non-Tahltan and the Tuya stock groups are calculated using stock ID, test fishery and inriver commercial harvest data. Because the test fishery was not conducted at the outset of the sockeye return a decision was made to use the commercial fishery CPUE to assess inseason run size. Proxy test CPUE were used for week 25 and 26 to complete the total coverage of the sockeye return. The proxy figures were based on the linear relationship between the commercial CPUE and the test fishery CPUE in 1986-04. All of the weekly data sets were significantly correlated. Based on this run reconstruction approach, the final escapement estimates are 17,148 non-Tahltan and 13,226 Tuya sockeye salmon. The non-Tahltan spawning escapement estimate is below the point escapement goal of 30,000 fish and below the range of 20,000 to 40,000 fish. The near record low aerial survey count of non-Tahltan sockeye salmon followed suit. The index count of only 403 fish, observed on 12 Sept, was $55 \%$ below the average.

The existence of enhanced Tuya escapement continues to be a concern because of straying of this stock to other Stikine River tributaries. Furthermore, the injury to Tuya River sockeye salmon attempting to ascend the lower reaches of the Tuya River is evident based on reports from First Nations fishers and stock assessment personnel. (A study on the behavior of Tuya river sockeye salmon strays was conducted in August and September, 2004 and April and May 2005 and concluded that in the short term the straying of Tuya River sockeye salmon does not pose a genetic risk to natural mainstem Stikine River sockeye salmon; however, over the long term, given enough straying, an interaction/spawning of Tuya strays with natural sockeye salmon may occur.) To address problems associated with fish capture in the lower Tuya River; fishway/trapping apparatus was constructed during the spring of 2006. Unfortunately the Tuya fish trapping project was not prosecuted because of a major rock slide at the Tuya River fishing site that occurred sometime in June 2006. The rockslide rendered the fishing site, for which the fish trap was groomed for, unusable due to changes and river hydrology as well as the unsafe working conditions at the site. More rockslide activity occurred in May and June 2007 and 2008.

A steering committee, consisting of Canadian and US engineers and others visited the site in August 2007 to assess the conditions and to consider and discuss other fish capture
options. The steering committee decided to proceed with a blasting plan so designed to provide fish passage around the newly formed barrier. The project was first attempted in March 2008, but was aborted due dangerous working conditions and an abnormal amount of ice at the blasting site. In late October and early November 2008 the project proceeded and succeeded to remove approximately $120 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ of rock from the slide area. On 23-27 July 2009 a field visit was conducted to assess the success of the 2008 blasting and to collect baseline biological samples from Tuya River sockeye. On the 23 July while enroute to camp an aerial survey was done. Although the viewing conditions were somewhat impaired due to the murky nature of the flow, an estimated 1.5 k salmon was counted above the blast site; no fish were observed below the blast site. In past aerial surveys conducted after the 2006 rock slide no fish were observed above the rock slide while many fish (schools) were observed below. (It should be noted that these aerial surveys were victim of poor viewing conditions and the fish observed were in large schools that the surveyor could only identify as such. Nonetheless, the contrast with fish distribution in 2006-2008 compared to fish distribution in 2009 was evident.) In addition to the aerial survey, set gillnets were fished above and below the blast site. Sockeye, Chinook, and pink salmon were caught at both sites. The set net site located below the blast site, however, had the highest harvest, which was probably due to the quality of set net site in that it was set in a natural holding area below the blast site. Fish were also caught by angling. Four visual assessment of fish passage was conducted at the blast site. The number of salmon breaches and the number of successful attempts were recorded over a 30 minute period from 23-26 July. Of the total 396 breaches observed, 26 fish succeeded in ascending the river. Seventy-five per cent of the breaches and $73 \%$ of the successes occurred at river right section of the flow. This is the site of the original channel before the 2008 blasting project diverted a large measure of flow to river left. The attraction of this site (river right) is probably due to the 2-3 metre vertical falls and plunge pool located there. The balance of the flow was located at the blast site. The estimated velocity was measured at 3.6 metres/second, within the burst speeds of sockeye salmon ( 3.6 to $5.4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ ). The total distance of travel though the blast site was 11.3 metres, while the estimated slope was $\sim 30$ degrees. Fish were observed ascending the flow at this site. One fish entered the site, ascended approximately 6 metres and held in small eddy located on river left. This site was purposely blasted to create an eddy. In light of the observation articulate above it is reasonable to conclude that the 2008 blasting project succeeded in its objective which was to provide fish passage around the barrier that slid into the river in July 2006.

Work continues in the development of a weir/fish trap combination compatible with the Tuya River flow regime. A template model from a fence located in the Docee River, B.C.is being considered. An initial routing for a tote road connecting the Tuya River site to the Telegraph Creek road was surveyed in May 2009. A refined survey is slated to be done by DFO in the spring of 2010. Permitting requirements, including community meeting(s) have yet to addressed.

The second year of an experimental test fishery designed to harvest Tuya River sockeye salmon at a site on the mainstem Stikine located between the mouths of the Tahltan and Tuya rivers was conducted from 22 to 30 July. The total harvest from the test fishery was

2,145 sockeye and 37 Chinook salmon. The preliminary harvest rate on Tuya sockeye salmon was estimate at $\sim 18 \%(2,145 / 12,011)$. This harvest rate assumes that all of the fish were Tuya River origin sockeye, when in fact the 2008 test fishery results showed that only half the harvest was Tuya origin fish. In the 2009 fishery, the otolith analyses was $71 \%$ Tuya, $22 \%$ Tahltan, and $5 \%$ non Tahltan. It should be noted that the fishing conditions are very challenging due to high river velocities. It is highly recommended that fishing at this test fish site be limited to persons with extensive experience in both net fishing and river navigation.

## Chinook Salmon

The 2009 Chinook salmon escapement enumerated at the Little Tahltan weir was 2,245 large fish and 99 non large Chinook salmon (Appendix A.21). The escapement of large Chinook salmon in the Little Tahltan River was $65 \%$ below average and $23 \%$ below the MSY escapement goal for this stock of 3,300 large Chinook salmon. The weir count was also below the low end of the escapement goal range of 2,700 to 5,300 large fish.

A mark-recapture study was conducted again in 2009 concurrent with the SCMM to assess the inriver Chinook salmon abundance. Inseason mark-capture estimates were calculated weekly post week 23 (week ending June 09). The final postseason estimate of inriver run, based on tag recoveries in the commercial fishery was 15,118 large Chinook salmon, $63 \%$ below the average run size of 57,300 . The estimated escapement of 12,803 was $35 \%$ below the escapement goal of 17,400 large Chinook salmon. The escapement to the Little Tahltan River represented approximately $20 \%$ of the total Stikine River escapement. The percentage is slightly above average Little Tahltan contribution of approximately $18 \%$.

Stikine River Chinook salmon run timing to the Lower Stikine commercial fishing grounds was thought to be close to normal, although the sporadic commercial fishery openings did not provide a precise measure of run timing. Fish arriving at the Little Tahltan weir were one week late. Verrett Creek escapements counts were judged as weak, but an improvement from the 2008 return, as reported by the carcass pitch crew stationed at the creek from $05-10$ August. The Verrett Creek project is primarily a study to collect spaghetti tags; not so to assess escapement numbers. A below average run of Shakes Creek Chinook salmon was also reported by residents living at the creek mouth.

## Coho Salmon

Aerial surveys of four index sites were conducted on 02 November. The combined count of 2,275 coho salmon, under good viewing conditions, was $42 \%$ below the average 3,927 coho salmon. All, but the Craig River index site, had showings that were average to above average in spawning coho.

A coho salmon drift gillnet test fishery was conducted from 04 Sept to 13 October 2009. The total harvest was 287 coho, 1 sockeye and 12 steelhead trout taken in 463 drift fishing events. Each event was approximately 10-15 minutes in length. Net dimension
were constant at 33 metres (100’), 150cm (5.5 ") mesh, by 30 meshes deep. The total cum weekly CPUE (harvest per drift) was 5.1 fish vs. the average 5.4 fish. This test fishery has been operated a various levels of vigour since 1986 through to 2008. (Funding in 2007 was not granted.)

## Sockeye Salmon Run Reconstruction

The final postseason estimate of the terminal Stikine River sockeye salmon run size is approximately 185,276. Of this number, approximately 98,092 were of Tahltan Lake origin (wild \& enhanced), 45,798 were of Tuya origin (fry from Tahltan broodstock planted into Tuya Lake), and 41,385 were mainstem stocks (Table 3). These estimates are based otolith recovery and analysis and scale pattern analysis in the U.S. Districts 106 and 108 harvest; otolith analysis, egg diameter stock composition estimates for inriver harvest from the Canadian commercial, aboriginal, ESSR, and test fishery harvest; and escapement data. Analysis of the CPUE data from the commercial and test fisheries indicate a range in escapement estimates. The 2009 terminal run was below average and well below the preseason forecast of 274,400 fish.

## TAKU RIVER

Taku River salmon are harvested in the U.S. gillnet fishery in the Alaskan District 111, in the northern Southeast Alaska seine and troll fisheries, in the Juneau area sport fishery, and in the inriver personal use fishery (Figure 2). Canadian fisheries for Taku River salmon include a commercial gillnet fishery located in the river near the Canada/U.S. border, an aboriginal fishery, and a sport fishery.


Figure 2. The Taku River and principal U.S. and Canadian fishing areas.

## Harvest Regulations

New fishing arrangements were in place in 1999 as a result of negotiations between Canada and the United States of Annex IV, Chapter 1 of the Pacific Salmon Treaty. As with the fishery regimes for the Stikine River, details of the February 2005 agreement including harvest sharing provisions as well as the fishery regimes adopted in 1999 are included in the Transboundary Annex (Annex IV) of the Pacific Salmon Treaty and can be found at: http://www.psc.org/pubs/treaty.pdf.

Negotiations between Canada and the United States held in Portland, Oregon in January 2008 to replace expired portions of Annex IV, Chapter 1 of the Pacific Salmon Treaty resulted in arrangements for Taku River salmon which are expected to be in place through 2018. These include the continuation of directed fisheries for Taku River Chinook salmon stocks, first implemented in 2005; continuation of coho harvest shares; and, a sockeye harvest sharing arrangement based on the production of enhanced fish. Details of the January 2008 agreement including harvest sharing provisions have been incorporated into the Transboundary Annex (Annex IV) of the Pacific Salmon Treaty and can be found at: http://www.psc.org/pubs/treaty.pdf.

## U.S. Fisheries

The traditional District 111 commercial drift gillnet salmon fishery was open for a total of 62 days from May 11 through October 15, 2009 (Appendix C.9). The harvest totaled 6,800 Chinook, 62,070 sockeye, 36,615 coho, 56,801 pink, and 918,350 chum salmon (Appendix C.1, C.3, C.7, D.1). Harvests of Chinook, coho, and chum salmon were above average, and the harvest of sockeye and pink salmon were below average.

Hatchery stocks contributed significantly to the numbers of both sockeye and chum salmon harvested and minor numbers to the harvest of other species. The 2009 season was the tenth year of significant numbers of adult sockeye salmon returning to the Snettisham Hatchery inside Port Snettisham. These fish contributed significantly to the harvests primarily in Stephens Passage. The Speel Arm Special Harvest Area (SHA) inside Port Snettisham was not opened to common property fishing in 2009.

A bilateral review of the escapement goal for large Taku Chinook salmon completed in early 2009 resulted in a revised escapement goal range of 19,000 to 36,000 fish. This along with the preseason terminal run estimate of 50,164 large Taku Chinook allowed for directed Chinook fisheries in District 111 in 2009. The total 2009 traditional drift gillnet Chinook salmon harvest in District 111 was 6,800 fish. Preliminary coded wire tag (CWT) analysis indicates Alaskan hatchery Chinook salmon contributed at least 756 fish, or $11 \%$ of the total 2009 District 111 Chinook salmon harvest. The final harvest estimate of Taku Chinook salmon was 5,309 (estimate was based on GSI). The final spawning escapement estimate for Taku River Chinook salmon run was 22,761 large Chinook, within the new escapement goal range of 19,000-36,000 fish.

The traditional District 111 sockeye salmon harvest was 62,070 fish; $38 \%$ of the average (Appendix D.6). Weekly sockeye salmon harvests and CPUE were below average during all weeks in 2009. Domestic hatchery sockeye salmon stocks began to contribute to the traditional fishery in SW27 and added significant numbers to the harvests in week 29-33 (Appendix C.4). Fishermen targeting these runs of hatchery sockeye salmon and the Limestone Inlet hatchery chum salmon increased the amount and percentage of fishing effort that occurred in Stephens Passage. Of the total traditional District 111 sockeye salmon harvest, $26 \%$ occurred in Stephens Passage, the average is $28 \%$. The contributions of wild Taku River and Port Snettisham thermally marked sockeye salmon from fry plants was estimated inseason from analysis of otoliths and postseason from scale pattern analysis. The final estimated stock composition of the harvest of sockeye salmon in the traditional district was 35,361 (57\%) wild Taku River, 6,796 (11\%) enhanced Tatsamenie, 8,674 (14\%) wild Port Snettisham, and 17,888 U.S. Domestic hatchery fish (mostly Snettisham; Appendices C.4). Due to lower than anticipated returns of wild and enhanced Port Snettisham sockeye salmon, Port Snettisham and the Speel Arm SHA were not opened during the common property fishery in 2009.

The traditional District 111 chum salmon harvest of 918,350 fish was well above the average 370,600 fish (Appendix d.1). The summer chum salmon harvest of 915,100 fish was $99.7 \%$ of the season's total chum salmon harvest. The summer chum salmon run is considered to last through mid-August (week 33) and was comprised mostly of domestic hatchery fish, with small numbers of wild fish contributing to the harvest. Chum salmon runs to DIPAC hatcheries in Gastineau Channel and to the DIPAC remote release site in Limestone Inlet contributed a major portion of the harvest but quantitative contribution estimates were not available. Approximately 62\% of the total traditional District 111 chum salmon harvest was made in Taku Inlet, 38\% in Stephens Passage. The harvest of 3,100 fall chum salmon, SW34 and later, was below the average 4,200 fall chum salmon. Most of these chum salmon are assumed to be wild fish of Taku and Whiting Rivers origin.

The District 111 pink salmon harvest of 56,800 fish was below average. (Appendix D.1).
Coho salmon stocks harvested in District 111 include runs to the Taku River, Port Snettisham, Stephens Passage, and local Juneau area streams as well as Alaskan hatcheries. The traditional District 111 coho salmon harvest of 36,615 fish was above average (Appendix D.1). CWT analyses indicate Alaskan hatchery coho salmon contributed 33 fish or $0.1 \%$ of the traditional District 111 harvest.

Table 4. Taku sockeye salmon run reconstruction, 2009. Estimates do not include spawning escapements below the U.S./Canada border.

|  | Taku |  |  | Snettisham Stocks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Wild | Enhanced | Total | Wild | Enhanced |
| Escapement | 71,837 | 71,484 | 353 |  |  |  |
| Canadian Harvest |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial | 10,980 | 10,875 | 105 |  |  |  |
| Food Fishery | 106 | 105 | 1 |  |  |  |
| Total | 11,086 | 10,980 | 106 |  |  |  |
| Test Fishery harvest | 174 | 172 | 2 |  |  |  |
| Above Border Run | 83,097 | 82,636 | 461 |  |  |  |
| U.S. Harvest a |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| District 111 | 35,361 | 35,121 | 240 | 26,562 | 8,674 | 17,888 |
| Personal Use | 871 | 863 | 8 |  |  |  |
| Total | 36,232 | 35,984 | 248 |  |  |  |
| Test Fishery harvest | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Terminal Run | 119,329 | 118,620 | 709 |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Wild |  |  |  |  |
| Terminal Run | 119,329 | 118,620 |  |  |  |  |
| Escapement Goal | 75,000 | 75,000 |  |  |  |  |
| AC | 44,329 | 43,620 |  |  |  |  |
| Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Harvest Share | 20\% | 20\% |  |  |  |  |
| Base Allowable | 8,866 | 8,724 |  |  |  |  |
| Surplus Allowable | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Canada AC | 8,866 | 8,724 |  |  |  |  |
| Actual harvest | 11,086 | 10,980 |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Harvest Share | 80\% | 80\% |  |  |  |  |
| US AC | 35,463 | 34,896 |  |  |  |  |
| Actual harvest | 36,232 | 35,984 |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{a}$ U.S. harvest estimate differs from Joint Interception Committee estimate because no estimates are made for harvest other than the listed fisheries.

The pre-season terminal run forecast of 50,164 large Taku River Chinook salmon allowed for directed Chinook fisheries in District 11 beginning the first Monday in May with a US Allowed Catch (AC) of 8,257 fish in addition to the 3,500 fish Base Level Catch (BLC) to be shared amongst the sport, troll, and drift gillnet fisheries. Due to the limited Chinook AC, the first opening of the gillnet season was postponed until the second Monday in May, and the fishery opened for one day in week 20 with the north line of the district pulled south to the latitude of Jaw Point. A fleet of 45 boats harvested 613 fish, of which 536 were large Taku Chinook. Previous directed Chinook fisheries occurred only in 2005 and 2006. The 2005 fishery had different gear restrictions, and previous seasons both were managed for a higher escapement goal range, so there is
limited historical data with which to meaningfully compare this season with previous ones. In week 21 the fishery was again open for one day in the same reduced area and 43 boats harvested 290 fish, of which 228 were large Taku Chinook. The first inseason run estimate was generated and projected a terminal run of 47,510 large Taku Chinook, close to the preseason forecast and providing a US AC of 7,781 fish.

In week 22 the fishery was opened for one day beginning on Tuesday due to the Memorial Day holiday and to normal markers due to low over all harvest and adequate inriver indicators. Staff on the grounds monitoring the opening extended the fishery an additional day based on good fishery harvest rates, the inseason estimate being close to the preseason estimate, and adequate available AC. In week 22, 55 boats harvested 1,627 fish, of which 1,373 were large Taku Chinook salmon. The inseason estimate generated in week 22 projected a terminal run of 50,043 large Chinook salmon resulting in a US AC of 9,638 fish.

In week 23 the fishery was opened for one day, and again extended by staff on the grounds based on good harvest rates, consistent inseason estimates to this point, and available AC. In week 23, 64 boats harvested 1,909 fish, of which 1,591 were large Taku Chinook. The third inseason estimate generated in week 23 post fishery projected a terminal run of 39,994 large Taku Chinook, significantly reducing the US AC to 2,266 fish. The $20 \%$ decline in terminal run projection resulted in a $76 \%$ reduction of US AC.

In week 24 the fishery was opened for one day and 64 boats harvested 858 fish, 702 of which were large Taku Chinook salmon. The fourth inseason estimate projected a terminal run of 37,361 large Taku Chinook, and a further reduction in US AC to 338 fish. Due to the significant drop in the inseason run strength estimate, there was no directed Chinook salmon fishery in week 25. Management emphasis for the District 11 drift gillnet fishery shifted to sockeye salmon beginning in week 26, but the bilaterally agreed upon Chinook salmon accounting period extends through week 28.

Management actions to conduct the Taku River directed sockeye salmon drift gillnet fishery were limited to imposing restrictions in time, area, and gear. Because there is no bi-laterally agreed forecast for Taku River sockeye salmon, early season management of the District 111 fishery is based on fishery CPUE and Canyon Island fish wheel catches. As the fishing season progresses sufficient data is acquired to estimate the inriver run size from the mark-recapture program at Canyon Island and to use that estimate in conjunction with migratory timing and historical fishery harvest data to forecast the entire Taku sockeye salmon run. In the first week of sockeye management (week 26), which began June 21, Section 11B was open for 3 days with the northern boundary restricted to the latitude of Jaw Point and a 6-inch maximum mesh restriction imposed to conserve for Chinook salmon. Fifty-nine boats harvested 685 Chinook salmon of which 253 were large Taku fish. The sockeye salmon harvest was $50 \%$ and the sockeye CPUE was $57 \%$ of average. The first weekly sockeye inriver run estimate projected an inriver run of 117,300 fish (Table 5).

In 27, Section 11B was open for three days, with Taku Inlet again closed north of Jaw Point and the 6 inch maximum mesh requirement. 56 boats harvested 417 Chinook of which 64 were large Taku Chinook. The sockeye harvest was $30 \%$ and the sockeye CPUE was $55 \%$ of average. The weekly estimate projected an inriver run of 116,800 sockeye.

Table 5. U.S. inseason forecasts of terminal run size, TAC, inriver run size, and the U.S. harvest of Taku River sockeye salmon for 2009.

| Stat | Above border | Terminal | Total | U.S. | Projected |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Week | Run | Run $^{\text {a }}$ | TAC | TAC | U.S. Harvest |
| 28 | 112,885 | 147,641 | 72,641 | 58,113 | 14,528 |
| 29 | 135520 | 179169 | 104,169 | 83,335 | 20,834 |
| 30 | 88252 | 131587 | 56,587 | 45,270 | 11,317 |
| 31 | 71847 | 113846 | 38,846 | 31,077 | 7,769 |
| 32 | 79853 | 125960 | 50,960 | 40,768 | 10,192 |
| 33 | 83949 | 123642 | 48,642 | 38,914 | 9,728 |
| Postseason | 83,097 | 119,329 | 44,329 | 35,463 | 36,232 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Terminal run does not include any marine harvest of Taku River salmon that might occur outside of District 111.

Fishing time for week 28 was set for two days in Taku Inlet due to weak inriver indicators, and three days south of Circle Point in Stephens Passage with a six-inch minimum mesh restriction to conserve for wild Port Snettisham sockeye salmon while providing opportunity on enhanced summer chum salmon. Limestone Inlet was opened concurrent with Stephens Passage to provide access to enhanced DIPAC chum salmon returning to this remote release site. Effort increased to 100 boats and 160 Chinook were harvested, none of which were large Taku fish. The total gillnet harvest of large Taku Chinook salmon for the directed Chinook fishery accounting period, weeks 20-28 was 4,748 fish. Sockeye harvest and CPUE were respectively $38 \%$ and $43 \%$ of the average. The weekly estimate projected an inriver run of 112,900 sockeye. The Section 11B chum salmon harvest increased dramatically from the previous weeks $70 \%$ to $303 \%$ of the average.

Fishing time for week 29 was again set for two days in Taku Inlet, and three days south of Circle Point in Stephens Passage with a six-inch minimum mesh restriction to conserve for wild Port Snettisham sockeye salmon while providing opportunity on enhanced summer chum salmon. Effort increased to 158 boats and sockeye harvest and CPUE were $66 \%$ and $51 \%$ of average. Analysis of otoliths revealed that $18 \%$ of the sockeye salmon harvest from Taku Inlet and $51 \%$ from Stephens Passage during this week were of DIPAC Snettisham hatchery origin. TBR enhanced sockeye salmon of Tatsamenie Lake origin contributed $0.8 \%$ of the harvest in Taku Inlet this week. The weekly estimate projected an inriver run of 130,500 sockeye. The Section 11B chum salmon harvest increased to $451 \%$ of average.

Fishing time for week 30 was set for two days in Taku Inlet, and three days south of Circle Point in Stephens Passage with a six-inch minimum mesh restriction to conserve
for wild Port Snettisham sockeye salmon while providing opportunity on enhanced summer chum salmon. Although the two days in Taku Inlet was due to overall Taku sockeye levels, it had been bilaterally agreed preseason to hold time in Taku Inlet to two days during weeks 30 through 32 to conserve for Tatsamenie origin sockeye, which were expected to have a poor return this season. Effort peaked for the season at 178 boats with sockeye harvest and CPUE of $52 \%$ and $37 \%$ of average. Otolith analysis revealed that $24 \%$ from Taku Inlet and $53 \%$ of the sockeye salmon harvest from Stephens Passage during this week were of DIPAC Snettisham hatchery origin. TBR enhanced Tatsamenie Lake origin sockeye salmon contributed $0.8 \%$ to Taku Inlet and $0.8 \%$ to Stephens Passage harvests. The weekly sockeye estimate projected an inriver run of 95,000 fish. The Section 11B chum salmon harvest was $190 \%$ of average.

Fishing time for week 31 was set for two days in Taku Inlet, and three days south of Circle Point in Stephens Passage with a six-inch minimum mesh restriction to conserve for wild Port Snettisham sockeye salmon while providing opportunity on enhanced summer chum salmon. Effort was 89 boats and sockeye harvest and CPUE were $42 \%$ and $62 \%$ of average. Otolith analysis revealed that $25 \%$ of the sockeye salmon harvest from Taku Inlet and 53\% from Stephens Passage during this week were of DIPAC Snettisham hatchery origin , and $0.3 \%$ of the harvest from Taku Inlet were of TBR enhanced Tatsamenie Lake origin. The weekly sockeye estimate projected an inriver run of 63,300 fish, possibly skewed low due to flood conditions and mechanical issues with the fishwheels. The Section 11B chum salmon harvest was $179 \%$ of average.

Fishing time for week 32 was set for two days in Taku Inlet, and three days south of Circle Point in Stephens Passage with a six-inch minimum mesh restriction to conserve for wild Port Snettisham sockeye salmon while providing opportunity on enhanced summer chum salmon. Effort was 79 boats and sockeye harvest and CPUE were $26 \%$ and $45 \%$ of average. Otolith analysis indicated that $47 \%$ of the sockeye salmon harvest from Taku Inlet and $64 \%$ of the harvest from Stephen's Passage were of DIPAC Snettisham hatchery origin. The weekly sockeye estimate projected an escapement of 70,100 fish. The Section 11B chum salmon harvest was $167 \%$ of average.

Fishing time for week 33 was set for two days in Section 11B due to poor sockeye numbers, with the six-inch mesh restriction south of Circle Point removed. Effort was 59 boats and the sockeye harvest and CPUE were $19 \%$ and $45 \%$ of average. Otolith analysis indicated $49 \%$ of the harvest from Taku Inlet was of DIPAC Snettisham hatchery origin. The weekly sockeye estimate projected an escapement of 75,000 fish. The Section 11B chum salmon harvest was $225 \%$ of average.

The fall drift gillnet season in District 111 lasted nine weeks, beginning on August 17 in week 34, and lasting until October 15 in week 42, During this time management focus switches from sockeye to coho salmon abundance Fishing time in Section 11B during week 34 was held to two days due to overall poor sockeye returns, and the opening was delayed until Monday August $17^{\text {th }}$ to accommodate the Golden North Salmon Derby taking place in Juneau area waters. Section 11C was opened for two days due to adequate pink returns to mainland systems. The coho salmon harvest was $43 \%$ of average, and the CPUE was $207 \%$ of average.

Fishing time in Sections 11B and 11C was set for 3 days in week 35, with coho salmon harvest and CPUE 128\% and 94\% of average. The first inseason coho estimate projected and inriver run of 138,000 fish, exceeding the preseason forecast of 100,000 coho salmon.

Fishing time in Section 11B was set for three days in week 36 and coho harvest and CPUE were $266 \%$ and $172 \%$ of average. The second inseason coho estimate projected an inriver run of 107,000 fish, with 50,000 coho past all fisheries, exceeding the 38,000 PST minimum escapements. Based on good coho harvest in the D11 fishery, being past the peak period of wild fall chum presence, and continued strong inseason coho estimates, openings of four days per week were held for the remainder of the season. The District 11 sockeye salmon harvest for the weeks $34-42$ was $17 \%$ of average. The coho salmon harvest in weeks 37-42 was average. The final inseason coho estimate was for 113,700 fish inriver, with an escapement past all fisheries of 104,300 fish. The fall chum salmon harvest in weeks 34-42 was $74 \%$ of average. Escapement numbers for Taku River chum salmon are unknown, however the numbers of fall chum passing through the fish wheels at Canyon Island were used as an index of escapement. The index number for 2009, 236 chum salmon was $72 \%$ of average. The District 11 common property drift gillnet pink salmon harvest of 56,400 fish was $50 \%$ of average. The escapement number to the Taku River was unknown; however the number of pink salmon passing through the fish wheels at Canyon Island was used as an index of escapement. The total of 9,234 pink salmon caught in the fish wheels was $74 \%$ of the 2007 parent-year and was $60 \%$ the odd-year average. The District 11 drift gillnet fishery closed on October 15 in week 42.

Several other fisheries in the Juneau area harvested transboundary Taku River salmon stocks in 2009. Personal use permits were used to harvest an estimated 871 Taku River sockeye salmon. In 2009, an estimated 3,299 Chinook salmon were harvested by sport fisheries in the Juneau area. A number of stocks are known to contribute to the Juneau area sport fishery, including those from the Taku, Chilkat, and King Salmon rivers, and local hatchery stocks, but the major contributor of large, wild mature fish was believed to be the Taku River. Of the Chinook salmon harvested 673 fish were estimated to be of Taku River origin based on GSI analysis. A purse seine test fishery was conducted each Friday from SW26 through SW29 between Hawk Inlet and Point Retreat, the results indicated average to above average abundance of pink salmon. In July, portions of the Hawk Inlet shoreline were opened six times to the commercial purse seine pink salmon fishery in Chatham Strait in accordance with the northern southeast seine fishery management plan. Approximately 2.5 million pink salmon were harvested along the portion of west Admiralty Island shoreline extending from Pt Hepburn north to the latitude of Point Couverden. A large number of stocks, including the Taku River, contribute to this pink salmon directed fishery.

## Canadian Fisheries

The Taku River commercial fishery harvest was 6,759 large Chinook, 1,137 small Chinook salmon ,10,980 sockeye, and 5,649 coho, in 2009 (Appendix C.2, C.5, C. 8). An additional 174 sockeye and 3,963 coho were taken in a test fishery which was conducted during the latter part of the fishing season. The sockeye salmon harvest was $58 \%$ below
average. Sockeye salmon originating from Taku fry plants contributed an estimated 105 fish to the harvest, comprising less than $1 \%$ of the total harvest. The harvest of coho salmon was $14 \%$ above the average. The harvest of large Chinook salmon was 2.6 times average (Appendix D.5). In 2005, as a result of the new Chinook salmon agreement which allows directed Chinook salmon fishing if abundance warrants, harvest accounting for small salmon was revised from a commercial weight-based designation (previously referred to "non larges" which were typically fish under 2.5 kg or 5 kg , depending on where they were being marketed), to a length-based designation (small Chinook salmon i.e. less than 660 mm in length from the middle of the eye to fork-of-tail (MEF)). Hence, comparisons with harvest from previous years should be noted accordingly. There were 98 days of fishing; this was 2.0 times average. The seasonal fishing effort of 454 boat days was $26 \%$ above average. As in recent years, both set and drift gillnets were used with the majority of the harvest taken in drift gillnets. The maximum allowable mesh size was 20.4 cm ( 8.0 inches) until June 21 at which point it was reduced to 14.0 cm ( 5.5 inches) in order to minimise incidental harvest of Chinook salmon.

In addition to the commercial harvest , 172 Chinook, 106 sockeye, and 154 coho salmon were harvested in the aboriginal fishery in 2009. The harvest in the Taku Aboriginal fishery have averaged 167 Chinook, 188 sockeye, and 355 coho salmon and two steelhead.

Recreational harvest figures are not available, but is assumed that about 105 large chinook were retained in this fishery. The harvest of other species are believed to be have been negligible.

As noted, a test fishery to capture coho salmon for stock assessment purposes took place during the latter part of the fishing season, specifically from August 23 through October 8 (weeks 35-41), and landed 3,963 coho and 174 sockeye salmon.

The bilateral preseason Chinook salmon forecast, based on sibling relationships, was for a terminal run of 50,164 fish, $7 \%$ above the average run of approximately 46,700 fish. At a run size of this magnitude, factoring in the revised MSY escapement point target of 25,500 fish the allowable catch (AC) was 18,264 fish, with 8,357 fish ( $47 \%$ of total) allocated to Canada and 9,727 fish ( $53 \%$ of total) allocated to the US. Adding the base level catches (BLCs) of 1,500 fish for Canada and 3,500 fish for the US meant that that total allowable catch (TAC) was 23,264 fish.

For the chinook fishery, guideline harvests were developed each week to guide management decisions so that: a) the harvest was consistent with conservation and Treaty goals; and b) management was responsive to changes in projections of abundance, i.e. abundance-based. The guidelines were based on joint Canada/US run assessments, using mark recapture estimates, plus D11 harvests through the previous week; the sum was then expanded by historical run timing, which was assumed to be average, unless otherwise agreed to by managers of both parties. Management of the chinook fishery was predicated upon weekly guidelines, to avoid overharvesting specific components of the run. Base level catches were
not used in calculation of weekly guidelines, rather they were set aside for Aboriginal, recreational and directed sockeye fisheries.

Licences conditions were similar to the 2008 conditions except that the net length increase permited for drift-nets (from 100 to 120 feet) was extended to set-nets.

The chinook commercial fishery was scheduled to commence on April 26 (week 18), fishing conditions permitting, i.e. provided that there was sufficient open water. As per the agreement, the preseason forecast was used to calculate the allowable harvest and guide weekly management actions for the first three weeks of the season, i.e. through week 21. Thereafter, inseason bilateral run projections were used (Table 4). The following presents management actions on a weekly basis, along with inseason estimates of run sizes, and weekly guideline catches versus actual catches.

Due to a lack of open water, the opening of the fishery was delayed until Wednesday, April 29, i.e. noon on day four of week 18. The guideline harvest for this week was 412 fish. The opening was initially posted for two days and was extended two more to the end of the week. Only two licences fished for the first three days; they were joined by one more for day seven. Fishing was hampered by ice and snags and the harvest was only 86 fish, well below the guideline. Based on the gauge in the canyon, the river level rose approximately five feet over the course of the week.

Week 19 (starting May 3) was also posted for two days, with a weekly guideline of 949 fish. The harvest for day one was only 43 fish and extension of two days was posted. By day 4, the harvest was still well below the guideline and the fishery was extended to the end of the week. At this time river level began to drop slightly and harvest rates almost doubled on day 7. The weekly average harvest per unit effort (CPUE) of 28 fish per boat day (fbd) was close to the 2005-2006 average of 30 . The weekly harvest was 589 chinook, with 3 licences fishing.

Week 20 (starting May 10) was posted for four days, with a weekly guideline of 1,245 fish. River level dropped slightly over the course of the week to slightly above average. By the close of day 3, about 800 fish had been harvested and the fishery was extended two days. The CPUE was well above average this week ( 64 versus 43 fbd ), peaking on day 6 . The weekly harvest was 1,781 fish. In contrast with the first two weeks of the fishery which were below guideline by a combined total of 686 fish, week 20 harvest was above guideline by 536 fish. Five licences fished in week 20.

The guideline for week 21 (starting May 17) was 1,512 fish. An initial posting of three days was announced. Due to room in the guideline, the fishery was extended one day and then an additional two days. River levels were relatively stable initially but began to increase dramatically after day 3 . CPUE was down from week 20, and but still well above average ( 44 versus 26 fbd ). The weekly harvest was 1,452 fish, with effort levels similar to week 20.

The first Canada/US joint inseason run size projection was made after day 3 of the week 21 opening. It was estimated, based on mark-recapture data that 14,519 fish had passed
the international border, and 920 fish had been harvested in the U.S sport fishery through week 20. This was expanded using average run timing at Canyon Island (32\%) to give a terminal run size projection of 47,510 , close to the preseason forecast of 50,164 .

Based on this run projection, the guideline for week 22 (starting May 24) was 1,280 fish. An initial posting of three days was announced. Water levels continued to increase and by the close of day 2 the harvest was only 154 fish and effort was decreasing due to poor fishing conditions. The fishery was extended to the end to the week in two day increments. Fortunately river levels began to drop and catches picked up. The weekly harvest was 657 fish, with the CPUE of 22 fbd below the average of 29 fbd. Daily effort averaged 4 boats.

The joint run assessment made in week 22 projected a run of 50,043 fish, up slightly for the first projection and almost identical to the preseason forecast. Based on this, the guideline for week 23 (starting May 31) was 1,187 fish, and an initial posting of 3 days was announced. River levels began to increase significantly early in the week and the fishery was extended by one day. The joint run projection made after day 3 was much lower than the pre-week projection ( 39,994 versus 50,043 ) and the fishery was not extended further. The weekly harvest was 789 fish, with an average of 8 boats fishing. CPUE was average, at 25 fbd .

Based on the week 23 run size projection, the guideline for week 24 (starting June 7) was 770 fish. An opening of three days was posted; by the start of the fishery the level gauge in the canyon was reading over 12 feet, i.e. flood level. With a guideline balance of 672 fish after 2 days the fishery was extended to the end of the week in 2-day increments. The weekly harvest was only 243 fish, with an average of 4 licences fishing. The CPUE of 9 fbd was well below the average of 23 fbd .

The week 24 run assessment resulted in another decrease in the projection, to 37,361 fish. This reduced the AC to 5,123 fish, and the cumulative harvest at the time of posting for week 25 was 5,532 . It was felt however, that the recent flood conditions may have held the fish up slightly and the run projection might improve in week 25 . Consequently the fishery was opened for two days. Unfortunately, there was no evidence of a pulse of fish, as CPUE remained relatively low even while river levels dropped. Therefore, the fishery was not extended beyond 2 days. The weekly harvest was 364 fish, with a CPUE 17 fbd below the average of 23 fbd . Effort was up significantly this week with an average of 11 licences fishing. The cumulative harvest at the close of the directed fishery was 5,961 fish, approximately 838 fish over the AC identified going into the week.

Table 6. Forecasts of terminal run size, allowable catch (AC), and weekly guideline, and actual harvest of Taku Chinook salmon, 2009 ${ }^{\text {a }}$.

| Stat <br> Week | Terminal <br> Run | Canada <br> BLC $^{\text {a }}$ | Weekly <br> Guideline | Weekly <br> Harvest | Cum. <br> Harvest |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 17 | 50,164 | 18,264 | 8,537 | 40 | 0 |
| 18 | 50,164 | 18,264 | 8,537 | 412 | 86 |
| 19 | 50,164 | 18,264 | 8,537 | 949 | 589 |
| 20 | 50,164 | 18,264 | 8,537 | 1,245 | 1,781 |
| 21 | 50,164 | 18,264 | 8,537 | 1,512 | 1,452 |
| 22 | 47,510 | 15,610 | 7,829 | 1,280 | 657 |
| 23 | 50,043 | 18,143 | 8,505 | 1,187 | 789 |
| 24 | 39,994 | 8,094 | 5,825 | 770 | 243 |
| 25 | 37,361 | 5,461 | 5,123 | 397 | 364 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Inseason terminal run projections are as per approximately day 3 of the previous week.
The preseason outlook for Taku River coho salmon in 2009 was for an average run. Based on catch rates in the Taku River CWT program, an estimated 2.0 million coho smolt emigrated during the spring of 2008, with survivals to return as adults in 2009. Using a marine survival rate similar to the average (8.5\%), a terminal run of 170,00 was expected in 2009, similar to the average run size of 189,700 fish. Using average US exploitation rates (39\%), this translated to a border escapement of approximately 104,900 fish. For reference, the 2008 outmigration experienced $8.1 \%$ marine survival, and an exploitation rate of $45 \%$.

Week 34 (starting August 16) was opened on 2 days. However, high river levels hampered fishing efforts and the fishery was extended to six days in 1- and 2-day increments. The weekly harvest was 1,244 coho with only 4 licenses fishing. The CPUE was 56 , below the average of 77 .

For weeks 35-37, effort was only two licenses. The fishery was opened initially for 3 days then extended to 7 days for each of these weeks. Run assessments made during this time projected border escapements of over 100,000 fish. After this time, effort dropped even further and the fishery was opened for seven days for each of weeks 38 and 39 and then through day 5 of week 42 (i.e. noon October 8). The season total commercial coho harvest was 5,649 fish.

In order to ensure that the run assessments continued for the majority of the coho run, a test fishery was conducted, starting on August 23 (week 35) and continuing through October 8 (week 41). This fishery landed 3,963 coho and 174 sockeye salmon.

The final postseason coho mark-recapture estimate indicates that 113,716 fish reached the border. As per the new PST provisions, the Canadian allowable catch after week 33 was 10,000 coho plus surplus escapement. The actual treaty harvest was 7,387 fish. This includes the commercial harvest taken after week 33 (3,270 fish), the test fishery harvest of 3,963 fish, plus the Aboriginal fishery harvest of 154 fish; it is assumed that the recreational harvest of coho was zero. Subtracting the total inriver harvest of 9,766 fish from the border passage translates to a spawning escapement estimate of 103,950 fish, well above the upper end of the escapement goal range of 27,500 to 35,000 fish. The
cumulative commercial coho CPUE through week 34 was 188 fbd, $53 \%$ above the average of 123 fbd .

## Escapement

## Sockeye Salmon

Spawning escapement of sockeye salmon into the Canadian portion of the Taku River drainage is estimated from the joint Canada/US mark-recapture program. Counting weirs operated by DFO at Little Trapper and Tatsamenie lakes and by the TRTFN at Kuthai and King Salmon lakes provide some information on the distribution and abundance of discrete spawning stocks within the watershed.

The sockeye mark-recapture program has been operated annually since 1984 to estimate the above-border run size (i.e., border escapement); spawning escapement is then estimated by subtracting the inriver harvest. The final postseason estimate of the border run in 2009 is 83,097 ; subtracting the inriver harvest of 11,086 fish ( 10,980 commercial, 106 Aboriginal and 174 test) indicates that 71,837 sockeye reached the spawning grounds. This spawning escapement is $35 \%$ below average (Appendix D.9), but within the interim escapement goal range of 71,000 to 80,000 sockeye salmon. The Canyon Island fishwheel harvest of 3,489 sockeye salmon was $40 \%$ below average.

The sockeye count through the Kuthai Lake weir was 1,442 fish; counts during the last four years have been the lowest on record, although there have been several instances of counts close to 1,500 . The 2009 count was $65 \%$ below average and $9 \%$ below the primary brood year escapement of 1,578 fish (Appendix D.15). The fish were about nine days late arriving at the weir and the run mid-point (July 24) was about three days earlier than average.

A weir was operated at King Salmon Lake for the seventh consecutive season. However, only 54 fish were enumerated; it is believed that the majority of the escapement passed undetected. Counts for 2004-2008 have averaged 2,417 fish (the 2002 count is based on a boat survey as only a partial weir count was obtained that year while the 2005 count is excluded as only 5 fish were enumerated, with many more observed in the lake after weir removal).

The Little Trapper Lake weir count of 5,552 was $56 \%$ below average and $58 \%$ below the primary brood year escapement of 9,613 fish (Appendix D.15). The run was about nine days late arriving, however, the mid-point was only three days later than average (August 11 versus August 8 ). One hundred nine fish were held for artificial spawning; details are presented in the enhancement section of this report.

The Tatsamenie Lake weir count of 2,032 was $77 \%$ below average and just above the primary brood year count of 1,951 . The management target of at least 6,600 sockeye (established in order to meet the broodstock collection target of 4 million eggs ) was not met. The fish arrived at the lake approximately one week late; however the mid-point of

September 1 was one day earlier than average. Approximately 740 fish were held for artificial spawning.

## Chinook Salmon

Spawning escapement of Chinook salmon in the Canadian portion of the Taku drainage was estimated from the joint Canada/US mark-recapture program. Tag application took place from April 30 through July 25. Tag recovery effort consisted of the commercial fishery from April 29 through June 20 (weeks 18-24), the sockeye and coho commercial/test fisheries (weeks 26-34), and spawning ground sampling in August and September on the Nakina, Tatsatua, Kowatua, Nahlin, Dudidontu, rivers as well as Tseta and Yeth creeks. The number of tags recovered on the spawning grounds was very low, hence the preliminary postseason estimates of border and spawning escapement are based on fishery data alone. The above border run estimate was 29,797 large Chinook; subtracting the harvest of 7,036 fish (6,759 commercial, 172 Aboriginal, and 105 recreational) leaves a spawning escapement of 20,761 fish. This is below the new interim point target of 25,500 fish (the escapement point goal, $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{MSY}}$ ) but with the target range of 19,000 to 36,000 fish. In comparison, the average spawning escapement (which had a higher target) was 37,645 fish (Appendix D.11).

Aerial surveys of large Chinook salmon to the six escapement index areas were as follows: Nakina, 1,698 fish ( $28 \%$ below average); Kowatua, 408 fish ( $48 \%$ below average); Tatsamenie, 633 fish (33\% below average); Dudidontu, 272 fish ( $48 \%$ below average); Nahlin, 1,033 fish (16\% above average); and Tseta Creek, 145 fish (56\% below average). Survey conditions were rated as normal. The total of 4,189 large Chinook salmon observed was $28 \%$ below average. Surveys with poor viewing conditions are excluded from these averages.

Carcass weirs were operated on the Nakina and Little Tatsamenie rivers in order to obtain tag and age-length-sex data. A total of 112 large Chinook were counted on the Nakina and the Little Tatsamenie count was 91 large Chinook. Both weirs were below average. Water levels did not appear to have a negative influence on operations at either site in 2009.

## Coho Salmon

Spawning escapement of coho salmon in the Canadian portion of the Taku drainage was estimated from the joint Canada/US mark-recapture program. Tag application and recovery occurred through the first week of October (both dates fall in week 40). The tag recovery effort consisted of the commercial fishery until week 41 and a test fishery from week 35 through day 5 of week 41 (October 8). Taking into account the inriver harvest of 9,766 fish, the final postseason above border run estimate was 113,716 and spawning escapement estimate was 103,950 fish (Appendix D.18). The spawning escapement was 5\% below average but almost 3 times the upper end of the interim escapement goal range (27,500 to 35,000 fish).

## Pink Salmon

There is no program to estimate the escapement of Taku River pink salmon; however, the Canyon Island fish wheels provide an index of annual variation in border escapement. A total of 9,234 pink salmon were captured the fish wheels in 2009 (Appendix D.22); 60\% of average.

## Chum Salmon

As with pink salmon, the Canyon Island fish wheels are used to determine annual variations in border escapement. A total of 231 chum salmon were captured in the wheels in 2009, which was $70 \%$ of average (Appendix D.15). The Taku River fall chum run has been depressed since 1988. It is unlikely that the spawning escapement goal of 50,000 to 80,000 fish has been achieved in recent years.

## Sockeye Salmon Run Reconstruction

An estimated 35,121 wild Taku sockeye salmon were harvested
in the U.S. District 111 fishery. An additional 863 wild sockeye salmon were estimated to have been taken in the U.S. inriver personal use fishery. The estimated total U.S. harvest of wild Taku sockeye salmon was 35,984 fish (Table 4).

In the Canadian commercial fishery harvest estimate of wild Taku sockeye salmon is 10,875 fish. An estimated 105 wild sockeye salmon were taken in the Canadian aboriginal fishery. Therefore, the estimated Canadian treaty harvest of wild Taku sockeye salmon is 10,980 fish (Table 4). An additional 172 wild sockeye salmon were taken in test fisheries.

The contribution of Taku sockeye salmon from the fry planting program was estimated based on expansion of otolith-marked sockeye salmon recovered in the sampled harvest. Estimates are 240 to the District 111 fishery, 8 to the inriver personal use fishery, 105 to the Canadian commercial fishery, and 1 to the aboriginal fishery (Table 4).

The estimate of the above-border run size of sockeye salmon, based on the joint Canada/U.S. mark-recapture program, is 83,097 fish. Deducting the Canadian inriver harvest of 11,086 fish (in commercial, aboriginal and test fisheries) from the above-border run estimate results in an estimated escapement of 71,837 sockeye salmon. The terminal run of Taku sockeye salmon was estimated at 119,329 fish. Based on the escapement goal of 75,000 fish, the AC was 44,329 sockeye salmon, of which the U.S. harvested $102 \%$ and Canada harvested $125 \%$ of their respective AC (Table 4).

The escapement of 353 Taku sockeye salmon originating from the fry planting program was estimated by sampling broodstock otoliths at Tatsamenie Lake and applying the mark rate (69/397) to the weir count of 2,032 fish. The terminal run Taku sockeye salmon from the fry planting program was estimated at 709 fish (Table 4).


#### Abstract

ALSEK RIVER Alsek River salmon stocks contribute to the U.S. commercial gillnet fisheries located in Dry Bay, at the mouth of the Alsek River (Figure 3). Unknown quantities of Alsek River origin fish are also taken in the U.S. commercial gillnet and troll fisheries in the Yakutat area. No commercial fishery exists in the Canadian portions of the Alsek River drainage, although aboriginal and recreational fisheries occur in the Tatshenshini River and some of its headwater tributaries (Figure 3).


## Harvest Regulations \& Management Objectives

Although harvest sharing of Alsek River salmon stocks between Canada and the U.S. has not yet been specified, Annex IV does call for the development and implementation of cooperative abundance-based management plans and programs for Alsek River Chinook, sockeye and coho salmon. Interim escapement goal ranges for Alsek River sockeye and coho salmon were initially set by the TTC at 33,000 to 58,000 sockeye, and 5,400 to 25,000 coho salmon. The principle escapement-monitoring tool for Chinook, sockeye, and coho salmon stocks on the Alsek River is the Klukshu weir, operated by DFO in cooperation with the Champagne-Aishihik First Nation (CAFN). The weir has been in operation since 1976. To make the management objectives of Chinook and sockeye salmon better defined in terms of Klukshu stocks, revised goals, expressed in terms of Klukshu stocks only, were established in 1999 and adopted again in 2009. Markrecapture programs to estimate the total inriver abundance and the fraction of the escapement contributed by the Klukshu stocks were in operation since 1997 for Chinook salmon and since 2000 for sockeye salmon. These however were discontinued in 2005.

The initiative to establish a specific Klukshu Chinook salmon spawning goal began in 1991 when the TTC set an interim spawning objective of 4,700 Klukshu Chinook salmon. This goal was based more on manager’s intuition than on science. From 1995 through 1997, the TTC reviewed this escapement level and concluded that goal of 4,700 Chinook salmon was not supported by the data. A new goal range of 1,100 to 2,300 fish was proposed based on joint analyses of stock-recruitment data. The Parties conducted independent internal reviews of these analyses. Although there was not unanimous support


Figure 3. The Alsek River and principal U.S. and Canadian fishing areas.
for the proposal, there was agreement on establishing a minimum goal consistent with the lower end of the proposed range. As a result, Canadian and U.S. managers agreed to a minimum spawning escapement goal of 1,100 Chinook salmon for the Klukshu system for 2000 and this was used again in the 2009 season.

The stock-recruitment analysis of Klukshu sockeye salmon data was completed in 2000 and has undergone internal peer review. The new escapement goal range for Klukshu River sockeye salmon is 7,500 to 15,000 spawners per year.

## Preseason Forecasts

The overall sockeye salmon run to the Klukshu River in 2009 was expected to be above average in strength. Principal contributing brood years to the 2009 run were expected to be 2004 (Klukshu escapement of 15,348 fish) and 2005 (Klukshu escapement of 3,373 fish); average Klukshu escapement was approximately 16,700 fish. The estimated production of Klukshu sockeye salmon for 2009 was 20,100 fish. Based on historical stock-recruitment analysis, the range of Klukshu escapements that appear most likely to produce maximum sustained yields is 7,500 to 15,000 sockeye salmon.

The 2009 overall Alsek River sockeye salmon run was expected to be approximately 80,200 fish. This estimate was based on a predicted run of 20,100 Klukshu sockeye salmon derived from the average of the historical Klukshu stock-recruitment data and an assumed Klukshu contribution of $15 \%$ up to week 26 (early run) and $32 \%$ for the late run (based on the 2001-2003 sockeye salmon radio tagging study). A run size of this magnitude is above the average run size estimate of approximately 63,500 fish (based on the Klukshu weir count expanded to account for other in-river escapement and an assumed U.S. harvest rate of 20\%).

The contributing Klukshu early sockeye salmon run counts in 2004 was 3,464 and 2005 was 994 (Appendix E.8). The principal brood year (2004) was above the optimal level of 2,000 sockeye salmon spawners as determined through separate stock-recruitment analyses by DFO of the early run. For 2009, the early run was expected to be slightly above the average 3,200 fish.

The Klukshu Chinook salmon escapements in 2003 was 1,661 and in 2004 was 2,445 fish. The 2003 and 2004 escapements were average $(1,600)$ and near the upper end of the optimum escapement range of 1,100 to 2,300 Chinook salmon estimated from current stock-recruitment analysis. As a result, the preliminary outlook was for an above average run. The 2009 overall Alsek River Chinook salmon run was expected to be approximately 13,700 fish. This estimate was based on a predicted run of 2,800 Klukshu Chinook salmon derived from the historical Klukshu stock-recruitment data; and an assumed Klukshu contribution to the terminal run of approximately 20\% (expansion factor of 4.9).

The coho escapements at the Klukshu River weir in 2005 (663 fish) and 2006 (420 fish) suggest the run in 2009 will be below average. (Note: although Klukshu coho weir counts
are incomplete, they may serve as a reasonable indicator of escapement.) The average weir count is approximately 2,600 coho salmon (Appendix C.7).

## U.S. Fisheries

Although harvest sharing arrangements of Alsek salmon stocks between Canada and the U.S. have not been specified, Annex IV of the Pacific Salmon Treaty does call for a cooperative attempt to rebuild depressed Chinook and early-run sockeye salmon stocks. Preseason expectations were for slightly above average runs of sockeye and Chinook salmon. These expectations were based on parent-year escapements to the Klukshu River. The Alsek River commercial fishery opened on the first Sunday in June, week 24 (June 7). The first two openings remained at 24 hours. Sockeye salmon CPUE remained above average for the next two weeks of the season, and both openings were extended to 48 hours. The openings for the next two weeks, 28 and 29, remained at 24 hours. Effort started to decline by week 30 and the next three openings were extended to 48 hours. Coho salmon are targeted from mid-August on and effort becomes minimal. Fishing times remained at three days per week for the entire coho salmon season. The Alsek River remained open through the second week in October, and the river was not fished during the last two weeks of the season.

The 2009 Dry Bay commercial set-gillnet fishery harvested 603 Chinook, 12,906 sockeye, and 3,446 coho salmon (Table 12). No pink and 20 chum salmon were harvested. No test fishery was conducted on the Alsek River for Chinook salmon in 2009. The Chinook salmon BEG was not attained for Chinook salmon in 2007 and 2008, and the test fishery was dropped to facilitate escapement. The Chinook salmon harvest was slightly below average, while the sockeye salmon harvest was slightly above average. The coho salmon harvest was well above average. Very little effort was recorded during the coho salmon season due to market conditions, although the coho salmon harvest was the highest recorded in the past five years. The number of fishing days was 44 . The total effort expended in the fishery was 200 boat days, which was below average.

## Canadian Fisheries

Due to the elimination of the harvest monitor position in 2005, harvest from the food fishery are largely unknown. The only harvest information for 2009 was the fish taken from the Klukshu River weir and an estimate of harvest above/below the weir (based on the past relationship with the weir count and harvest) which was 105 Chinook, 715 sockeye, and 3 coho salmon. The average harvest were 83 Chinook, 1,271 sockeye, and 11 coho salmon. As a result of the weak return of late run sockeye salmon, discussions with DFO and the CAFN were held and it was decided to suspend fishing for Klukshu sockeye salmon starting on September $24^{\text {th }}$ until October $8^{\text {th }}$.

The harvest estimates for the Tatshenshini recreational fishery were below average for Chinook salmon, with an estimated 20 fish retained (112 released), and well below average for sockeye salmon with 2 retained ( 35 released), and no harvest were recorded for coho salmon. These represented $22 \%$ of average for Chinook, $5 \%$ of the average for
sockeye, and $0 \%$ for coho salmon. On September $23^{\text {rd }}$, the daily and possession limits for sockeye salmon were reduced to zero for the remainder of the year due to the weak return of late run sockeye salmon.

Management of salmon in the Yukon is a shared responsibility between DFO and the Yukon Salmon Committee (YSC). The YSC was established in 1995 pursuant to the Comprehensive Land Claim Umbrella Final Agreement between the Government of Canada, the Council for Yukon Indians and the Government of the Yukon. The Committee is a public board consisting of ten members, $70 \%$ of which are appointed by Yukon First Nations. Two CAFN members sit on the YSC. Although the Committee currently operates by consensus, the voting structure of the Committee is organized so that, should a vote be necessary, 50\% of the votes reside with appointees of Yukon First Nations.

The 2009 Alsek-Tatshenshini management plan, adopted by CAFN, YSC, and DFO, was based on the objectives described in the Harvest Regulations \& Management Objectives section above. For Chinook and early run sockeye salmon management, the status of the Klukshu weir counts was to be reviewed on or about July 18 to ensure weir and spawning escapement targets were on track. The status of the late run sockeye salmon would be reviewed the first week of September. Adjustments to inseason fishing regimes in the recreational and aboriginal fisheries would be made if deemed necessary. Other key elements of the plan are described below.

The center of aboriginal fishing activity in the Alsek River drainage occurs at the CAFN village of Klukshu, on the Haines road, about 60 km south of Haines Junction. Salmon are harvested by means of gaff, small gillnets, sport rods, and traditional fish traps as the fish migrate up the Klukshu River and into Klukshu Lake. The fishing plan for the aboriginal fishery in the Klukshu River and adjacent areas allowed for fishing by any means (as established in the communal license) 7 days a week. Conservation thresholds that might invoke restrictions in the Aboriginal fishery were projected Klukshu weir counts of $<1,100$ Chinook and $<1,500$ early sockeye salmon. Food fisheries also exist on Village Creek and in the headwaters of the Tatshenshini River and tributaries thereof (Goat Creek, Stanley Creek, Parton River, and the Blanchard River). The plan did not restrict the fishery other than to reserve harvests of Chinook salmon at Goat Creek, Stanley Creek, and the Parton River for elders only.

The majority of the recreational fishing effort on the Alsek drainage occurs in the Tatshenshini River, at and just downstream of the mouth of the Klukshu River in the vicinity of the abandoned settlement of Dalton Post. The management plan prohibited the retention of sockeye salmon in the recreational fishery prior to August 15 unless the weir count projection for the early run was $>4,500$ sockeye salmon. The Chinook salmon daily harvest limit was one fish and the possession limit was two Chinook salmon. For other salmon species, the daily harvest and possession limits were two and four fish, respectively. However, the aggregate limit for all salmon combined was two salmon per day, four fish in possession. Starting in 2003, recreational salmon fishing was permitted in the

Tatshenshini River 7 days a week; this fishery had previously been open from 6:00 am Saturday to 12:00 noon Tuesday each week. Headwater areas in the vicinity of the British Columbia/Yukon border were to be closed in late July to protect spawning Chinook salmon. Conservation thresholds that were expected to invoke additional restrictions in the recreational fishery were projected Klukshu weir counts of $<1,300$ Chinook and $<$ 10,500 sockeye salmon (early and late runs combined).

A mandatory Yukon Salmon Conservation Catch Card (YSCCC), introduced by the YSC in 1999, was required by all recreational salmon fishers in 2009. The purpose of the YSCCC is to improve harvest estimates and to serve as a statistical base to ascertain the importance of salmon to the Yukon recreational fishery. Anglers are required to report their harvest via mail by the late fall. Information requested includes the number, sex, size, date and location of salmon caught and released.

Since 2001, CAFN has imposed a fishing area closure from the Klukshu River Bridge crossing up to the new weir location to allow for better staging opportunities for salmon in the vicinity of the Klukshu/Tatshenshini confluence.

## Escapement

Total drainage abundance programs are being investigated as part of the development of abundance-based management regimes and to accurately assess whether the escapement goals for Alsek River Chinook and sockeye salmon stocks are appropriate and if so, are being achieved. At this time, there are no programs in place to estimate the drainage-wide coho salmon escapement. A large and variable proportion of the escapement of each species is enumerated at the weir on the Klukshu River. Current escapement monitoring programs including the Klukshu weir, Village Creek electronic counter, and aerial surveys allow annual comparisons of escapement indices. The most reliable long-term comparative escapement index for Alsek River drainage salmon stocks is the Klukshu River weir count. Escapements for 2009 are shown in Table 8.

## Sockeye Salmon

The Klukshu River sockeye salmon final weir count was 5,712 and the escapement estimates was 5,509 fish (Table 8, Appendices E. 3). The count of 1,247 early run fish (count through August 15) was $52 \%$ of average while the count of 4,465 late run fish was $44 \%$ of average. The total escapement of 5,509 fish was well below the lower end of the recommended escapement goal range of 7,500 to 15,000 fish. It should be noted that the weir was pulled on October $1^{\text {st }}$ (approx. 10 days earlier than normal). Historically, the sockeye salmon run is $95 \%$ complete by this time but in some years, as little as, $65 \%$ of the sockeye run has migrated through the weir. The sockeye salmon escapement to Village Creek was only partially enumerated in 2009 due to malfunctions of the electronic counter. An over flight of Nesketaheen Lake in early August indicated that approximately 4,500 sockeye spawners had reached the lake (average count at Village Creek is 2,989).

## Chinook Salmon

The most reliable comparative Chinook salmon escapement index for the Alsek River drainage is the Klukshu River weir count. The final Chinook salmon weir count was 1,571 and escapement was 1,518 (Table 8), and were both 7\% above average (1,467 and $1,414)$. The 2009 escapement was within the escapement goal range of 1,100 to 2,300 Klukshu Chinook salmon.

## Coho Salmon

The Klukshu River coho weir count of 424 cannot serve as a reliable run strength indicator as the weir was removed (October $1^{\text {st }}$ ) near the beginning of the coho salmon return to the Klukshu River.

Table 8. Preliminary Harvest and Klukshu index escapement data for Alsek River sockeye, Chinook, and coho salmon for 2009.

|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Escapement Index ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| Klukshu Weir Count | 1,571 | 5,712 | 424 |
| Klukshu Escapement | 1,518 | 5,509 | 421 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Harvest $^{\mathrm{b}}$ |  |  |  |
| U.S. Commercial | 602 | 12,906 | 3,454 |
| U.S. Subsistence | 57 | 245 | 17 |
| U.S. Test | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Canadian Aboriginal | 105 | 715 | 3 |
| Canadian Recreational | 20 | 2 | 0 |
| Total | 784 | 13,868 | 3,474 |

${ }^{a}$ Klukshu River salmon stocks represent an assumed large and variable portion of the total Alsek River salmon escapement.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ U.S. harvest estimate differs from Joint Interception Committee estimate because no estimates are made for harvest other than the listed fisheries.

## ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITIES

## Egg Collection

In 2009, sockeye salmon eggs were collected at Tahltan Lake on the Stikine River for the twenty-first year, and in the Tatsamenie Lake system on the Taku River, for the twentieth year of this program.

## Tahltan Lake

The egg collection was contracted to Arc Environmental Ltd. for the fourteenth consecutive year. The egg-take goal at Tahltan Lake is 6.0 million eggs; 4.5 million eggs were collected. Fish were captured with a beach seine at the major spawning site as has been done in most years. Brood year 2009 egg takes were initiated on September 2nd at

Tahltan Lake and were completed on September $24^{\text {th }}$; there were 12 egg collections. The receipt of two lots of Tahltan eggs was delayed by 2 days, and three others by 1 day, due to unfavorable weather conditions. Eggs were collected from 1,505 females and a like number of males.

## Tatsamenie Lake

B. Mercer and Associates Ltd was contracted to collect eggs. Tatsamenie Lake broodstock was captured for the fifteenth year at an adult enumeration weir located at the outlet of Tatsamenie Lake. Egg takes were initiated September 21st at Tatsamenie Lake. An estimated 1.2 million eggs were collected from 305 females and milt was collected from a like number of males. Tatsamenie Lake egg takes were completed on October 17th. The receipt of one lot of Tatsamenie eggs was delayed by 2 days due to unfavorable weather conditions.

## Trapper Lake

Due to lowered adult escapement into Little Trapper Lake, only 140,000 eggs were collected from this stock, those eggs were planted in Tunjony Creek, a tributary of Big Trapper Lake. This project was operated with Northern Fund monies but will be reported in TBR reports. Evaluation of egg plants will take place in the spring using fyke nets and hydraulic sampling.

## Incubation, Thermal Marking, and Fry Plants (2004 Brood Year)

The egg incubation and thermal-marking program at Snettisham Hatchery went smoothly in year 2008/2009. Snettisham hatchery is operated by DIPAC (Douglas Island Pink and Chum, Inc.), a private aquaculture organization in Juneau. A co-operative agreement between ADF\&G and DIPAC provides for Snettisham hatchery to serve the needs of the joint TBR enhancement projects.

Incubation of 2008 brood eggs took place at Snettisham Hatchery and the resultant fry were transported to the appropriate systems from May 30 to June 14, 2009. There was one incubator lost to IHNV this year from Tatsamenie and 2 short-term rearing containers from Tahltan Lake.

## Tahltan Lake

A total of 1.39 million fry from the 2008 Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon egg take was planted back into that lake in 2009. Survival from green-egg to outplanted fry was $58 \%$. (Lower survival was primarily due to the IHNV loss reported above). Fry outplanting took place from May 31 to June 6.

## Tuya Lake

There were 832 thousand fry planted in Tuya Lake on June 14. These fish were from eggs collected at Tahltan Lake in the fall of 2008. Survival from green-egg to outplanted fry was $84 \%$.

## Tatsamenie Lake

A total of 3.87 million fry from the 2008 egg take were released into Tatsamenie Lake in 2009. There were two treatment groups: one group was released directly in the lake, and one group held for extended rearing; outplanting took place from May 30 to June 3. Survival from green-egg to outplanted-fry was $89 \%$. The extended rearing group of fry were reared with water from an upland fish-free water source and held in aluminum raceways. After approximately 6 weeks of rearing they were transported to net pens, held for an additional 7 days and release at approximately 2 grams. The expectation is that the additional growth will provide significantly greater survival than direct releases. Somewhat surprisingly, most of these fish left the lake within two weeks of release in a condition indicating that there were smolts and headed to sea. Full evaluation of the success of this study will not be available until these fish return as adults.

## Outplant Evaluation Surveys

## Acoustic, Trawl, Beach seine and Limnological Sampling

Standard limnological surveys were conducted at Tatsamenie, Tahltan, Trapper and Tuya Lakes. Hydroacoustic surveys with a newly purchased Bio-Sonics unit were conducted at Trapper Lake.

## Thermal Mark Laboratories

## ADF \& G Thermal Mark Laboratory

During the 2009 season the ADFG thermal mark lab processed 19,742 sockeye otoliths collected by ADFG and DFO staff as part of the U.S./Canada fry-planting evaluation program. These collections came from commercial and test fisheries in U.S. waters and in Canadian fisheries on the Taku and Stikine Rivers over a 14 -week period. In addition, several escapement samples were examined. The laboratory provided estimates on hatchery contributions for over 90 distinct sampling collections. Estimates of the percentage of hatchery fish contributed to commercial fishery harvest were provided to ADF\&G and DFO fishery managers 24 to 48 hours after samples arrived at the lab.

Contribution estimates of enhanced fish to Alaskan harvest were 29,242 enhanced Stikine River fish to District 106 and 108, and 248 enhanced Taku River fish to District 111. Contributions estimates of enhanced fish to Canadian fisheries included 19,302 enhanced fish to Stikine River fisheries and 106 enhanced fish to the Taku River fisheries.

## Canadian Thermal Mark Laboratory

Sub-samples of juvenile and adult otolith samples collected at the study lakes during the 2009 season are being analyzed at the DFO thermal mark lab in Whitehorse. In most cases $33 \%$ of collected samples were processed for preliminary analysis. Results were used for estimates of enhanced numbers in escapements and smolt projects.

## APPENDICES

## Standards

Large Chinook salmon are MEF length $\geq 660$
Unless otherwise stated Chinook salmon are large
Test fisheries for Chinook salmon became commercial assessment test fisheries starting in 2004

Data not available to estimate harvest of Alaska Hatchery pink and chum salmon
All harvest of Tahltan, Trapper, and Tatsamenie, unless otherwise noted, include both wild and hatchery fish.

Appendix A. 1. Weekly harvest of Chinook salmon in the US gillnet, troll, recreational, and subsistence and estimates of Stikine River bound Chinook salmon in District 108, 2009.

| Week | Subsistence harvest |  | D108 sport harvest |  |  | D108 gillnet harvest |  |  | D108 troll harvest |  | US total large Stikine harvest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non-large | LargeStikine | Large total | Large hatchery | Large Stikine | Non-large Large total | Large hatchery | Large Stikine | Large total Large hatchery | Large Stikine |  |
| 18 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 19 |  | 0 | 30 | 0 | 30 | 8 |  | 8 | 3 | 3 | 41 |
| 20 |  | 0 | 64 | 0 | 64 | 17 |  | 17 | 23 | 23 | 104 |
| 21 |  | 0 | 185 | 18 | 165 | 50 |  | 50 | 69 | 69 | 284 |
| 22 |  | 1 | 183 | 0 | 183 | 34 |  | 34 | $69 \quad 32$ | 37 | 255 |
| 23 |  | 1 | 137 | 78 | 59 |  |  | 0 | $65 \quad 18$ | 58 | 118 |
| 24 |  | 0 | 137 | 0 | 137 |  |  | 0 | 10 | 10 | 147 |
| 25 |  | 7 | 98 | 0 | 90 |  |  | 0 | $31 \quad 26$ | 4 | 101 |
| 26 |  | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $57 \quad 231$ | 177 | 54 | $31 \quad 55$ | -33 | 28 |
| 27 |  | 5 | 63 | 40 | 23 | 196593 | 678 | -85 | 5 | 5 | -52 |
| 28 |  | 3 | 10 | 0 | 10 | $219 \quad 729$ | 282 | 447 | 6 | 6 | 466 |
| 29 |  | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $119 \quad 237$ | 127 | 110 | 0 | 0 | 117 |
| Total | 19 | 31 | 907 | 136 | 761 | 591 1,901 | 1,264 | 636 | 318 131 | 188 | 1,616 |

Appendix A. 2. Weekly harvest of Chinook salmon in the Canadian commercial, aboriginal Telegraph, and recreational fishery in the Stikine River, 2009.

| Week | LRCF |  |  |  |  |  | URCF |  | Aboriginal Telegraph |  | Tahltan sport fishery |  |  | Canada tota large Stikint harvest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kept |  | Released |  | Estimated mortality (50\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Retained | Released | Total |  |
| 19 | 9 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | 90 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 90 |
| 21 | 260 | 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 1 |  |  |  | 263 |
| 22 | 143 | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 0 |  |  |  | 145 |
| 23 | 260 | 36 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 0 |  |  |  | 267 |
| 24 | 111 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 111 |
| 25 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 | 2 |  |  |  | 24 |
| 26 | 423 | 267 | 41 | 0 | 21 | 0 |  |  | 110 | 40 |  |  |  | 554 |
| 27 | 134 | 33 | 122 | 67 | 61 | 34 |  |  | 145 | 27 |  |  | 0 | 340 |
| 28 | 50 | 14 | 48 | 31 | 24 | 16 | 10 | 10 | 50 | 20 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 138 |
| 29 | 52 | 20 | 53 | 11 | 27 | 6 | 1 | 11 | 35 | 16 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 123 |
| 30 | 35 | 55 | 48 | 36 | 24 | 18 | 0 | 1 | 93 | 23 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 160 |
| 31 | 14 | 5 | 16 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 26 | 2 |  |  |  | 48 |
| 32 | 4 | 4 | 11 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |  |  |  | 11 |
| 33 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 2 |
| 34 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |
| 35 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 36 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 37 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| Total kept | 1,587 | 498 | 339 | 153 | 170 | 77 | 11 | 26 | 496 | 136 | 20 | 0 | 20 | 2,275 |
| Total harvest | 1,926 | 651 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,284 |
| Total harvest + mortality | 1,757 | 575 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Appendix A. 3. Weekly harvest of Chinook salmon in the Canadian test fisheries 2009.

| Week | Drift |  | Set |  | Commercial license |  | Tuya |  |  |  |  |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Kept |  | Released |  | Estimated mortality (50\%) |  | Large | Non-large |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large |  |  |
| 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 28 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 20 |  | 17 |  | 9 |  | 30 | 0 |
| 29 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 0 |
| 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 36 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 37 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 38 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 39 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 40 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 41 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 42 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 32 | 0 |

Appendix A. 4. Weekly harvest of sockeye salmon in the Alaskan District 106 and 108 fisheries, 2009.

| Effort may be less than the sum of effort from 106-41\&42 and 106-30 because some boats fished in more than one subdistrict. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Effort may be less than the sum of <br> Week Subsistence D106 Total |  |  | D106-30 |  |  |  | D106-41/42 |  |  |  | D108 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Harvest | Permits | Days | Permit days | Harvest | Permits | Days | Permit days | Harvest | Permits | Days | Permit days |
| 22 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 0 | 17,936 | 148 | 6 | 3.0 | 18 | 17,788 | 64 | 3.0 | 192 |  |  |  | 0 |
| 26 | 225 | 17,529 | 1,142 | 14 | 4.0 | 56 | 16,387 | 57 | 4.0 | 228 | 7,919 | 42 | 4.0 | 168 |
| 27 | 164 | 16,745 | 3,796 | 23 | 3.0 | 69 | 12,949 | 67 | 3.0 | 201 | 10,280 | 65 | 4.0 | 180 |
| 28 | 119 | 15,285 | 4,819 | 32 | 3.0 | 96 | 10,466 | 53 | 3.0 | 159 | 8,100 | 68 | 4.0 | 177 |
| 29 | 163 | 10,723 | 4,782 | 24 | 2.0 | 48 | 5,941 | 28 | 2.0 | 56 | 2,337 | 36 | 2.0 | 72 |
| 30 | 33 | 4,899 | 2,058 | 20 | 2.0 | 40 | 2,841 | 17 | 2.0 | 34 | 3,454 | 82 | 4.0 | 232 |
| 31 | 2 | 8,134 | 3,297 | 27 | 2.0 | 54 | 4,837 | 42 | 2.0 | 84 | 2,571 | 94 | 3.0 | 197 |
| 32 |  | 10,440 | 5,341 | 46 | 3.0 | 138 | 5,099 | 45 | 3.0 | 135 | 876 | 46 | 3.0 | 138 |
| 33 |  | 6,146 | 2,983 | 34 | 3.0 | 102 | 3,163 | 51 | 3.0 | 153 | 531 | 35 | 3.0 | 105 |
| 34 |  | 2,975 | 1080 | 31 | 3.0 | 93 | 1895 | 43 | 3.0 | 129 | 465 | 41 | 3.0 | 123 |
| 35 |  | 829 | 148 | 12 | 3.0 | 36 | 681 | 45 | 3.0 | 135 | 92 | 37 | 3.0 | 111 |
| 36 |  | 261 | 116 | 37 | 3.0 | 111 | 145 | 63 | 3.0 | 189 | 36 | 22 | 3.0 | 66 |
| 37 |  | 59 | 36 | 41 | 3.0 | 123 | 23 | 60 | 3.0 | 180 | 15 | 40 | 3.0 | 120 |
| 38 |  | 23 | 12 | 40 | 3.0 | 120 | 11 | 47 | 3.0 | 141 | 3 | 42 | 3.0 | 126 |
| 39 |  | 0 | 0 | 14 | 3.0 | 42 | 0 | 38 | 3.0 | 114 | 0 | 31 | 3.0 | 93 |
| 40 |  | 0 | 0 | 10 | 2.0 | 20 | 0 | 21 | 2.0 | 42 | 1 | 12 | 2.0 | 24 |
| 41 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 723 | 111,984 | 29,758 | 411 | 45 | 1,166 | 82,226 |  | 45.0 | 2,172 | 36,680 |  | 47.0 | 1,932 |

Appendix A. 5. Weekly stock proportions of sockeye salmon harvested in the Alaskan D106 commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2009.

| Data are based on SPA and thermal mark data. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Stikine |  |  |  |  |  | CPUE of Stikine Fish |  |  |  |
| Week | Alaska | Canada | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total | TahltanEnhance | WildTahltan | AllTahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total |
| 25 | 0.120 | 0.255 | 0.474 | 0.131 | 0.020 | 0.625 | 0.179 | 0.295 | 0.363 | 0.241 | 0.038 | 0.264 |
| 26 | 0.226 | 0.127 | 0.464 | 0.126 | 0.057 | 0.646 | 0.150 | 0.314 | 0.347 | 0.225 | 0.107 | 0.266 |
| 27 | 0.493 | 0.131 | 0.248 | 0.098 | 0.031 | 0.377 | 0.054 | 0.194 | 0.138 | 0.130 | 0.042 | 0.115 |
| 28 | 0.582 | 0.247 | 0.084 | 0.012 | 0.075 | 0.171 | 0.018 | 0.066 | 0.045 | 0.015 | 0.100 | 0.050 |
| 29 | 0.528 | 0.137 | 0.128 | 0.079 | 0.129 | 0.335 | 0.005 | 0.122 | 0.081 | 0.120 | 0.203 | 0.117 |
| 30 | 0.616 | 0.199 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.184 | 0.185 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.190 | 0.042 |
| 31 | 0.564 | 0.108 | 0.037 | 0.134 | 0.158 | 0.328 | 0.000 | 0.037 | 0.013 | 0.113 | 0.139 | 0.064 |
| 32 | 0.408 | 0.378 | 0.008 | 0.062 | 0.145 | 0.215 | 0.000 | 0.008 | 0.003 | 0.054 | 0.131 | 0.043 |
| 33 | 0.450 | 0.338 | 0.034 | 0.112 | 0.066 | 0.212 | 0.000 | 0.034 | 0.007 | 0.059 | 0.036 | 0.025 |
| 34 | 0.359 | 0.483 | 0.016 | 0.108 | 0.035 | 0.158 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.002 | 0.031 | 0.010 | 0.010 |
| 35 | 0.345 | 0.528 | 0.011 | 0.094 | 0.022 | 0.127 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.000 | 0.010 | 0.002 | 0.003 |
| 36 | 0.365 | 0.463 | 0.018 | 0.114 | 0.040 | 0.172 | 0.000 | 0.018 | 0.000 | 0.002 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| 37 | 0.377 | 0.423 | 0.022 | 0.127 | 0.051 | 0.200 | 0.000 | 0.022 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 38 | 0.370 | 0.444 | 0.020 | 0.120 | 0.045 | 0.185 | 0.000 | 0.020 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 0.402 | 0.215 | 0.215 | 0.090 | 0.077 | 0.382 | 0.063 | 0.152 |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 2,153 | 4,575 | 8,499 | 2,353 | 356 | 11,208 | 3,202 | 5,296 | 123.2 | 34.1 | 5.2 | 162.4 |
| 26 | 3,968 | 2,230 | 8,125 | 2,202 | 1,003 | 11,331 | 2,626 | 5,499 | 117.8 | 31.9 | 14.5 | 164.2 |
| 27 | 8,252 | 2,186 | 4,155 | 1,639 | 513 | 6,307 | 899 | 3,255 | 46.7 | 18.4 | 5.8 | 70.9 |
| 28 | 8,901 | 3,771 | 1,284 | 177 | 1,152 | 2,613 | 268 | 1,016 | 15.1 | 2.1 | 13.6 | 30.7 |
| 29 | 5,666 | 1,464 | 1,368 | 847 | 1,378 | 3,593 | 58 | 1,310 | 27.4 | 16.9 | 27.6 | 71.9 |
| 30 | 3,020 | 974 | 3 | 0 | 903 | 906 | 0 | 3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 25.8 | 25.9 |
| 31 | 4,588 | 878 | 299 | 1,087 | 1,282 | 2,668 | 0 | 299 | 4.4 | 16.0 | 18.9 | 39.2 |
| 32 | 4,255 | 3,944 | 84 | 647 | 1,510 | 2,241 | 0 | 84 | 1.0 | 7.6 | 17.8 | 26.4 |
| 33 | 2,766 | 2,079 | 206 | 688 | 407 | 1,302 | 0 | 206 | 2.5 | 8.3 | 4.9 | 15.7 |
| 34 | 1,067 | 1,437 | 47 | 322 | 103 | 471 | 0 | 47 | 0.6 | 4.4 | 1.4 | 6.5 |
| 35 | 286 | 438 | 9 | 78 | 18 | 105 | 0 | 9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 1.9 |
| 36 | 95 | 121 | 5 | 30 | 10 | 45 | 0 | 5 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| 37 | 22 | 25 | 1 | 8 | 3 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| 38 | 9 | 10 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total | 45,047 | 24,132 | 24,085 | 10,080 | 8,640 | 42,805 | 7,053 | 17,032 | 338.9 | 141.5 | 135.8 | 616.2 |

Appendix A. 6. Weekly stock proportions of sockeye salmon harvested in the Alaskan Subdistrict 106-41\&42 (Sumner Strait) commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2009.

| Data are based on SPA and thermal mark data. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Alaska | Canada | Stikine |  |  |  |  |  | CPUE of Stikine Fish |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total | TahltanEnhance | WildTahltan | AllTahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total |
| 25 | 0.118 | 0.256 | 0.476 | 0.131 | 0.019 | 0.626 | 0.179 | 0.297 | 0.328 | 0.204 | 0.029 | 0.228 |
| 26 | 0.195 | 0.117 | 0.494 | 0.134 | 0.059 | 0.688 | 0.159 | 0.336 | 0.264 | 0.162 | 0.071 | 0.194 |
| 27 | 0.418 | 0.116 | 0.315 | 0.115 | 0.036 | 0.466 | 0.064 | 0.251 | 0.151 | 0.125 | 0.038 | 0.118 |
| 28 | 0.509 | 0.263 | 0.119 | 0.017 | 0.091 | 0.228 | 0.024 | 0.095 | 0.058 | 0.019 | 0.100 | 0.059 |
| 29 | 0.395 | 0.101 | 0.208 | 0.115 | 0.181 | 0.504 | 0.010 | 0.199 | 0.164 | 0.205 | 0.318 | 0.210 |
| 30 | 0.617 | 0.218 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.166 | 0.166 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.229 | 0.054 |
| 31 | 0.468 | 0.102 | 0.062 | 0.212 | 0.156 | 0.430 | 0.000 | 0.062 | 0.026 | 0.205 | 0.149 | 0.097 |
| 32 | 0.382 | 0.503 | 0.016 | 0.006 | 0.092 | 0.115 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.005 | 0.004 | 0.058 | 0.017 |
| 33 | 0.496 | 0.327 | 0.023 | 0.139 | 0.015 | 0.178 | 0.000 | 0.023 | 0.004 | 0.048 | 0.005 | 0.014 |
| 34 | 0.332 | 0.571 | 0.006 | 0.080 | 0.010 | 0.097 | 0.000 | 0.006 | 0.001 | 0.020 | 0.003 | 0.006 |
| 35 | 0.332 | 0.571 | 0.006 | 0.080 | 0.010 | 0.097 | 0.000 | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.007 | 0.001 | 0.002 |
| 36 | 0.332 | 0.571 | 0.006 | 0.080 | 0.010 | 0.097 | 0.000 | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 37 | 0.332 | 0.571 | 0.006 | 0.080 | 0.010 | 0.097 | 0.000 | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 38 | 0.332 | 0.571 | 0.006 | 0.080 | 0.010 | 0.097 | 0.000 | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 39 | 0.332 | 0.571 | 0.006 | 0.080 | 0.010 | 0.097 | 0.000 | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 40 | 0.332 | 0.571 | 0.006 | 0.080 | 0.010 | 0.097 | 0.000 | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Total | 0.326 | 0.214 | 0.287 | 0.104 | 0.068 | 0.460 | 0.084 | 0.203 | 0.529 | 0.233 | 0.237 | 1.000 |
| 25 | 2,097 | 4,552 | 8,476 | 2,324 | 340 | 11,139 | 3,191 | 5,285 | 44.1 | 12.1 | 1.8 | 58.0 |
| 26 | 3,190 | 1,922 | 8,102 | 2,199 | 974 | 11,275 | 2,603 | 5,499 | 35.5 | 9.6 | 4.3 | 49.5 |
| 27 | 5,411 | 1,501 | 4,082 | 1,490 | 464 | 6,036 | 831 | 3,251 | 20.3 | 7.4 | 2.3 | 30.0 |
| 28 | 5,325 | 2,757 | 1,250 | 177 | 957 | 2,384 | 255 | 995 | 7.9 | 1.1 | 6.0 | 15.0 |
| 29 | 2,347 | 598 | 1,238 | 684 | 1,075 | 2,996 | 58 | 1,180 | 22.1 | 12.2 | 19.2 | 53.5 |
| 30 | 1,752 | 619 | 0 | 0 | 470 | 470 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.8 | 13.8 |
| 31 | 2,265 | 493 | 299 | 1,024 | 757 | 2,080 | 0 | 299 | 3.6 | 12.2 | 9.0 | 24.8 |
| 32 | 1,947 | 2,566 | 84 | 30 | 471 | 585 | 0 | 84 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 4.3 |
| 33 | 1,568 | 1,033 | 74 | 441 | 48 | 562 | 0 | 74 | 0.5 | 2.9 | 0.3 | 3.7 |
| 34 | 629 | 1,083 | 12 | 152 | 20 | 183 | 0 | 12 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 1.4 |
| 35 | 226 | 389 | 4 | 54 | 7 | 66 | 0 | 4 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| 36 | 48 | 83 | 1 | 12 | 1 | 14 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| 37 | 8 | 13 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 38 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total | 26,817 | 17,614 | 23,623 | 8,589 | 5,583 | 37,795 | 6,938 | 16,685 | 134.8 | 59.4 | 60.4 | 254.6 |

Appendix A. 7. Weekly stock proportions of sockeye salmon harvested in the Alaskan Subdistrict 106-30 (Clarence Strait) commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2009.

|  |  |  | Stikine |  |  |  |  |  | CPUE of Stikine Fish |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Alaska | Canada | AllTahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total | TahltanEnhance | WildTahltan | AllTahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total |
| 25 | 0.379 | 0.159 | 0.152 | 0.196 | 0.113 | 0.461 | 0.078 | 0.074 | 0.163 | 0.090 | 0.021 | 0.055 |
| 26 | 0.681 | 0.270 | 0.020 | 0.002 | 0.026 | 0.048 | 0.020 | 0.000 | 0.054 | 0.003 | 0.012 | 0.014 |
| 27 | 0.748 | 0.180 | 0.019 | 0.039 | 0.013 | 0.071 | 0.018 | 0.001 | 0.137 | 0.120 | 0.016 | 0.057 |
| 28 | 0.742 | 0.210 | 0.007 | 0.000 | 0.041 | 0.048 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.046 | 0.000 | 0.047 | 0.035 |
| 29 | 0.694 | 0.181 | 0.027 | 0.034 | 0.063 | 0.125 | 0.000 | 0.027 | 0.352 | 0.189 | 0.145 | 0.180 |
| 30 | 0.616 | 0.172 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.210 | 0.212 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.009 | 0.000 | 0.249 | 0.157 |
| 31 | 0.705 | 0.117 | 0.000 | 0.019 | 0.159 | 0.178 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.065 | 0.224 | 0.158 |
| 32 | 0.432 | 0.258 | 0.000 | 0.116 | 0.194 | 0.310 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.249 | 0.173 | 0.174 |
| 33 | 0.402 | 0.351 | 0.044 | 0.083 | 0.121 | 0.248 | 0.000 | 0.044 | 0.169 | 0.135 | 0.081 | 0.105 |
| 34 | 0.406 | 0.328 | 0.032 | 0.157 | 0.077 | 0.266 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.048 | 0.102 | 0.021 | 0.045 |
| 35 | 0.406 | 0.328 | 0.032 | 0.157 | 0.077 | 0.266 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.017 | 0.036 | 0.007 | 0.016 |
| 36 | 0.406 | 0.328 | 0.032 | 0.157 | 0.077 | 0.266 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.004 | 0.009 | 0.002 | 0.004 |
| 37 | 0.406 | 0.328 | 0.032 | 0.157 | 0.077 | 0.266 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.001 | 0.003 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| 38 | 0.406 | 0.328 | 0.032 | 0.157 | 0.077 | 0.266 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 39 | 0.406 | 0.328 | 0.032 | 0.157 | 0.077 | 0.266 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 40 | 0.406 | 0.328 | 0.032 | 0.157 | 0.077 |  | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Total | 0.613 | 0.219 | 0.016 | 0.050 | 0.103 | 0.168 | 0.004 | 0.012 | 0.111 | 0.260 | 0.628 | 1.000 |
| 25 | 56 | 24 | 23 | 29 | 17 | 68 | 12 | 11 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 3.8 |
| 26 | 778 | 309 | 23 | 3 | 29 | 55 | 23 | 0 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 1.0 |
| 27 | 2,840 | 685 | 73 | 149 | 49 | 271 | 68 | 5 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 0.7 | 3.9 |
| 28 | 3,576 | 1,014 | 34 | 0 | 195 | 229 | 12 | 21 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 2.4 |
| 29 | 3,319 | 866 | 130 | 163 | 303 | 596 | 0 | 130 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 6.3 | 12.4 |
| 30 | 1,268 | 355 | 3 | 0 | 433 | 435 | 0 | 3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 10.8 | 10.9 |
| 31 | 2,323 | 385 | 0 | 63 | 526 | 588 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 9.7 | 10.9 |
| 32 | 2,308 | 1,378 | 0 | 617 | 1,039 | 1,656 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 4.5 | 7.5 | 12.0 |
| 33 | 1,198 | 1,046 | 132 | 247 | 359 | 739 | 0 | 132 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 3.5 | 7.2 |
| 34 | 438 | 354 | 34 | 170 | 83 | 288 | 0 | 34 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 3.1 |
| 35 | 60 | 49 | 5 | 23 | 11 | 39 | 0 | 5 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 1.1 |
| 36 | 47 | 38 | 4 | 18 | 9 | 31 | 0 | 4 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| 37 | 15 | 12 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| 38 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 18,231 | 6,518 | 462 | 1,491 | 3,057 | 5,009 | 115 | 346 | 7.7 | 18.0 | 43.4 | 69.1 |

Appendix A. 8. Weekly stock proportions and stock-specific harvest of sockeye salmon in the Alaskan District 108 commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2009.

| Data are based on SPA and thermal mark data. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Alaska |  | Canada | Stikine |  |  |  |  |  | CPUE of Stikine Fish |  |  |  |
|  |  | AllTahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total | TahltanEnhance | WildTahltan | AllTahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total |
| 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.000 |  |  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 26 | 0.075 | 0.072 | 0.488 | 0.301 | 0.064 | 0.853 | 0.153 | 0.336 | 0.289 | 0.273 | 0.054 | 0.215 |
| 27 | 0.030 | 0.111 | 0.521 | 0.232 | 0.107 | 0.859 | 0.153 | 0.368 | 0.373 | 0.255 | 0.109 | 0.262 |
| 28 | 0.076 | 0.105 | 0.225 | 0.291 | 0.302 | 0.819 | 0.056 | 0.170 | 0.129 | 0.257 | 0.248 | 0.200 |
| 29 | 0.047 | 0.025 | 0.269 | 0.239 | 0.421 | 0.929 | 0.044 | 0.225 | 0.109 | 0.150 | 0.245 | 0.161 |
| 30 | 0.099 | 0.178 | 0.204 | 0.077 | 0.442 | 0.723 | 0.031 | 0.173 | 0.038 | 0.022 | 0.118 | 0.057 |
| 31 | 0.134 | 0.130 | 0.222 | 0.059 | 0.454 | 0.736 | 0.038 | 0.185 | 0.036 | 0.015 | 0.106 | 0.051 |
| 32 | 0.249 | 0.267 | 0.085 | 0.109 | 0.289 | 0.484 | 0.022 | 0.063 | 0.007 | 0.013 | 0.033 | 0.016 |
| 33 | 0.219 | 0.140 | 0.121 | 0.025 | 0.495 | 0.641 | 0.000 | 0.121 | 0.008 | 0.002 | 0.045 | 0.017 |
| 34 | 0.036 | 0.265 | 0.159 | 0.109 | 0.431 | 0.700 | 0.004 | 0.155 | 0.008 | 0.008 | 0.029 | 0.014 |
| 35 | 0.036 | 0.265 | 0.159 | 0.109 | 0.431 | 0.700 | 0.015 | 0.144 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.006 | 0.003 |
| 36 | 0.036 | 0.265 | 0.159 | 0.109 | 0.431 | 0.700 | 0.000 | 0.159 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.002 |
| 37 | 0.036 | 0.265 | 0.159 | 0.109 | 0.431 | 0.700 | 0.000 | 0.159 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.000 |
| 38 | 0.036 | 0.265 | 0.159 | 0.109 | 0.431 | 0.700 | 0.000 | 0.159 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 39 | 0.036 | 0.265 | 0.159 | 0.109 | 0.431 | 0.700 | 0.000 | 0.159 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 40 | 0.036 | 0.265 | 0.159 | 0.109 | 0.431 | 0.700 | 0.000 | 0.159 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Total | 0.073 | 0.110 | 0.360 | 0.225 | 0.232 | 0.817 | 0.097 | 0.262 | 0.426 | 0.277 | 0.298 | 1.000 |
| 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 596 | 568 | 3,868 | 2,380 | 507 | 6,754 | 1,210 | 2,658 | 23.0 | 14.2 | 3.0 | 40.2 |
| 27 | 304 | 1,146 | 5,355 | 2,380 | 1,096 | 8,831 | 1,571 | 3,784 | 29.7 | 13.2 | 6.1 | 49.1 |
| 28 | 619 | 850 | 1,826 | 2,356 | 2,449 | 6,631 | 450 | 1,375 | 10.3 | 13.3 | 13.8 | 37.5 |
| 29 | 109 | 57 | 628 | 559 | 983 | 2,171 | 103 | 525 | 8.7 | 7.8 | 13.7 | 30.1 |
| 30 | 344 | 613 | 703 | 267 | 1,527 | 2,497 | 106 | 597 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 6.6 | 10.8 |
| 31 | 346 | 334 | 572 | 153 | 1,167 | 1,891 | 97 | 475 | 2.9 | 0.8 | 5.9 | 9.6 |
| 32 | 219 | 234 | 75 | 96 | 253 | 424 | 19 | 56 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.8 | 3.1 |
| 33 | 116 | 74 | 65 | 13 | 263 | 340 | 0 | 65 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 2.5 | 3.2 |
| 34 | 17 | 123 | 74 | 51 | 201 | 325 | 2 | 72 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 1.6 | 2.6 |
| 35 | 3 | 24 | 15 | 10 | 40 | 64 | 1 | 13 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.6 |
| 36 | 1 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 16 | 25 | 0 | 6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| 37 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 10 | 0 | 2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 38 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total | 2,674 | 4,038 | 13,188 | 8,271 | 8,508 | 29,968 | 3,560 | 9,628 | 79.8 | 51.8 | 55.7 | 187.3 |

Appendix A. 9. Weekly sockeye salmon harvest and effort in the Canadian commercial and assessment fisheries in the lower Stikine River, 2009.

| Week | LRCF |  |  |  | URCF | Telegraph aboriginal | Drift Net Test |  | Set Net Test |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Test } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | Commercia <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Harvest | Permits | Days | Permit days |  |  | harvest | \# drifts | harvest | hours |  |  |
| 19 | 0 | 11.0 | 1.0 | 11.0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 20 | 0 | 12.0 | 2.0 | 24.0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 21 | 0 | 11.0 | 2.0 | 22.0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 22 | 0 | 12.0 | 1.0 | 12.0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 23 | 0 | 12.0 | 1.0 | 12.0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 24 | 0 | 12.0 | 0.5 | 6.0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 25 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 26 | 2,446 | 12.0 | 2.0 | 24.0 |  | 17 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 2463 |
| 27 | 12,658 | 12.0 | 5.0 | 60.0 |  | 244 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 12902 |
| 28 | 6,292 | 12.0 | 5.0 | 60.0 | 758 | 1,263 | 39 | 14 | 139 | 24 | 178 | 8313 |
| 29 | 5,337 | 12.3 | 4.0 | 49.0 | 592 | 942 | 69 | 28 | 222 | 48 | 291 | 6871 |
| 30 | 6,159 | 13.0 | 4.0 | 52.0 | 362 | 1,670 | 54 | 14 | 170 | 36 | 224 | 8191 |
| 31 | 2,676 | 12.7 | 3.0 | 38.0 | 446 | 749 | 17 | 42 | 55 | 30 | 72 | 3871 |
| 32 | 1,540 | 9.0 | 2.0 | 18.0 | 318 | 190 | 50 | 56 | 230 | 72 | 280 | 2048 |
| 33 | 1,258 | 12.0 | 3.0 | 36.0 |  | 38 | 16 | 42 | 208 | 72 | 224 | 1296 |
| 34 | 525 | 10.3 | 4.0 | 41.0 |  | 36 | 2 | 28 | 59 | 48 | 61 | 561 |
| 35 | 375 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 50.0 |  |  | 1 | 42 | 9 | 12 | 10 | 375 |
| 36 | 119 | 4 | 7 | 30.0 |  |  | 2 | 56 |  |  | 2 | 119 |
| 37 | 24 | 5 | 4 | 18.0 |  |  | 0 | 78 |  |  | 0 | 24 |
| 38 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 77 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 39 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 84 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 84 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 41 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 84 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 42 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 42 |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 39,409 |  | 57.5 | 563.0 | 2,476 | 5,148 | 250 | 561 | 1,092 | 342 | 1,342 | 47,033 |

Appendix A. 10. Weekly sockeye salmon stock proportions and harvest by stock in the Canadian commercial fishery in the lower Stikine River, 2009.

| Sexspecific age compositions were calculated and the stock composition of the females sampled for egg diameters was expanded to the harvest by age. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Porportion |  |  |  |  | Harvest |  |  |  |  |
| Week Jmall EgçAllTahltaı |  |  | $\frac{\text { Tuya }}{0.224}$ | Mainstem hltanEnhaıAllTahltan |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tuya } \\ \hline 547 \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{\text { Mainstem }}{86}$ | WildTahltanltanEnhan |  |
| 26 | 0.972 | 0.741 |  | 0.035 | 0.260 | 1,813 |  |  | 1,178 | 635 |
| 27 | 0.930 | 0.741 | 0.224 | 0.035 | 0.219 | 9,382 | 2,831 | 445 | 6,605 | 2,778 |
| 28 | 0.921 | 0.649 | 0.307 | 0.044 | 0.166 | 4,082 | 1,932 | 277 | 3,041 | 1,041 |
| 29 | 0.762 | 0.622 | 0.324 | 0.054 | 0.173 | 3,320 | 1,728 | 289 | 2,397 | 923 |
| 30 | 0.583 | 0.514 | 0.314 | 0.172 | 0.093 | 3,168 | 1,934 | 1,057 | 2,595 | 573 |
| 31 | 0.241 | 0.419 | 0.199 | 0.382 | 0.019 | 1,122 | 533 | 1,021 | 1,070 | 52 |
| 32 | 0.357 | 0.107 | 0.127 | 0.766 | 0.049 | 165 | 196 | 1,180 | 89 | 75 |
| 33 | 0.358 | 0.356 | 0.088 | 0.555 | 0.037 | 448 | 111 | 698 | 402 | 47 |
| 34 | 0.096 | 0.269 | 0.031 | 0.700 | 0.000 | 141 | 16 | 367 | 141 | 0 |
| 35 | 0.100 | 0.048 | 0.032 | 0.920 | 0.000 | 18 | 12 | 345 | 18 | 0 |
| 36 | 0.050 | 0.046 | 0.081 | 0.873 | 0.000 | 6 | 10 | 104 | 6 | 0 |
| 37 | 0.000 | 0.046 | 0.081 | 0.873 | 0.000 | 1 | 2 | 21 | 1 | 0 |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  | 23,666 | 9,852 | 5,891 | 17,542 | 6,124 |
| Proportion |  |  |  |  |  | 0.601 | 0.250 | 0.149 | 0.445 | 0.155 |
| Harvest/Effort below Porcupin |  |  |  |  |  |  | CPUE |  |  |  |
| Week Sockeye ${ }^{\text {J }}$ ermit Day |  |  |  | Total | Small Egg | AllTahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | WildTahlta | anEnh |
| 26 | 2,446 | 24.0 |  | 101.917 | 99.086 | 75.542 | 22.792 | 3.583 | 49.070 | 26.472 |
| 27 | 12,658 | 60.0 |  | 210.967 | 196.176 | 156.371 | 47.178 | 7.417 | 110.077 | 46.294 |
| 28 | 6,292 | 60.0 |  | 104.867 | 96.619 | 68.042 | 32.202 | 4.623 | 50.684 | 17.357 |
| 29 | 4,733 | 45.0 |  | 105.178 | 80.135 | 65.427 | 34.051 | 5.700 | 47.234 | 18.193 |
| 30 | 4,638 | 45.0 |  | 103.067 | 60.122 | 53.011 | 32.366 | 17.690 | 43.423 | 9.588 |
| 31 | 2,676 | 38.0 |  | 70.421 | 16.998 | 29.522 | 14.029 | 26.870 | 28.155 | 1.367 |
| 32 | 1,540 | 18.0 |  | 85.556 | 30.556 | 9.144 | 10.870 | 65.541 | 4.970 | 4.173 |
| 33 | 1,258 | 36.0 |  | 34.944 | 12.522 | 12.457 | 3.086 | 19.401 | 11.155 | 1.302 |
| 34 | 525 | 41.0 |  | 12.805 | 1.231 | 3.448 | 0.397 | 8.960 | 3.448 | 0.000 |
| 35 | 375 | 50.0 |  | 7.500 | 0.750 | 0.357 | 0.243 | 6.900 | 0.357 | 0.000 |
| 36 | 115 | 30.0 |  | 3.833 | 0.192 | 0.178 | 0.311 | 3.345 | 0.178 | 0.000 |
| 37 | 24 | 18.0 |  | 1.333 | 0.000 | 0.062 | 0.108 | 1.163 | 0.062 | 0.000 |
| Tota | 37,280 | 465 |  | 842.39 | 594.39 | 473.56 | 197.63 | 171.19 | 348.81 | 124.75 |
| Prop | tion |  |  |  | 0.706 | 0.562 | 0.235 | 0.203 | 0.414 | 0.148 |

Appendix A. 11. Harvest by stock and week for sockeye salmon in the Canadian upper river commercial and Aboriginal fisheries in the Stikine River, 2009.

| Stock |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week 11 Tahltar Tuya |  |  | Mainstem WildTahltanlltanEnhance |  |  |
| Proportion by stock for upper river fisheries |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 0.512 | 0.238 | 0.250 | 0.404 | 0.108 |
| 27 | 0.512 | 0.238 | 0.250 | 0.404 | 0.108 |
| 28 | 0.633 | 0.317 | 0.050 | 0.445 | 0.188 |
| 29 | 0.712 | 0.288 | 0.000 | 0.592 | 0.120 |
| 30 | 0.750 | 0.250 | 0.000 | 0.625 | 0.125 |
| 31 | 0.750 | 0.250 | 0.000 | 0.625 | 0.125 |
| 32 | 0.460 | 0.430 | 0.110 | 0.223 | 0.237 |
| 33 | 0.269 | 0.421 | 0.310 | 0.041 | 0.228 |
| 34 | 0.402 | 0.378 | 0.220 | 0.294 | 0.108 |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |
| Harvest by stock for upper river commercial fishery |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | 480 | 240 | 38 | 338 | 143 |
| 29 | 422 | 170 | 0 | 350 | 71 |
| 30 | 272 | 91 | 0 | 226 | 45 |
| 31 | 335 | 112 | 0 | 279 | 56 |
| 32 | 146 | 137 | 35 | 71 | 75 |
| Total | 1,654 | 749 | 73 | 1,264 | 390 |
| Harvest by stock for Telegraph aboriginal fishery |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 26 | 9 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 2 |
| 27 | 125 | 58 | 61 | 98 | 26 |
| 28 | 800 | 400 | 63 | 562 | 237 |
| 29 | 670 | 271 | 0 | 557 | 113 |
| 30 | 1,252 | 417 | 0 | 1,043 | 209 |
| 31 | 562 | 187 | 0 | 468 | 94 |
| 32 | 87 | 82 | 21 | 42 | 45 |
| 33 | 10 | 16 | 12 | 2 | 9 |
| 34 | 14 | 14 | 8 | 11 | 4 |
| 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 3,530 | 1,449 | 169 | 2,791 | 738 |

Appendix A. 12. Weekly harvest, CPUE, and migratory timing of Tahltan, Tuya, and mainstem sockeye stocks in the Stikine test fishery, 2009.

| Week small eg:AllTahlta |  |  |  |  |  | Harvest |  |  |  | CPUE |  |  |  | Migratory Timing |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Tuya | Mainstem | tanEnh | llahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | hltanEnhan | llTahlta | Tuya | Mainstem | Total | AllTahltan | Tuya | Mainstem |
| Drift gillnet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 |  | 0.741 | 0.224 | 0.035 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 26 |  | 0.741 | 0.224 | 0.035 |  |  |  |  |  | 2.007 | 0.605 | 0.095 | 2.707 | 0.104 | 0.031 | 0.005 |
| 27 |  | 0.649 | 0.307 | 0.044 |  |  |  |  |  | 3.636 | 1.721 | 0.247 | 5.604 | 0.189 | 0.090 | 0.013 |
| 28 | 0.929 | 0.545 | 0.253 | 0.202 | 0.185 | 21 | 10 | 8 | 7 | 1.518 | 0.704 | 0.563 | 2.786 | 0.079 | 0.037 | 0.029 |
| 29 | 0.664 | 0.436 | 0.265 | 0.299 | 0.103 | 30 | 18 | 21 | 7 | 1.075 | 0.652 | 0.737 | 2.464 | 0.056 | 0.034 | 0.038 |
| 30 | 0.450 | 0.344 | 0.254 | 0.402 | 0.107 | 19 | 14 | 22 | 6 | 1.326 | 0.982 | 1.550 | 3.857 | 0.069 | 0.051 | 0.081 |
| 31 | 0.438 | 0.306 | 0.153 | 0.542 | 0.097 | 5 | 3 | 9 | 2 | 0.124 | 0.062 | 0.219 | 0.405 | 0.006 | 0.003 | 0.011 |
| 32 | 0.277 | 0.257 | 0.104 | 0.639 | 0.054 | 13 | 5 | 32 | 3 | 0.230 | 0.092 | 0.571 | 0.893 | 0.012 | 0.005 | 0.030 |
| 33 | 0.218 | 0.147 | 0.116 | 0.737 | 0.045 | 2 | 2 | 12 | 1 | 0.056 | 0.044 | 0.281 | 0.381 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.015 |
| 34 | 0.077 | 0.082 | 0.082 | 0.836 | 0.082 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 0.060 | 0.071 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.003 |
| 35 | 0.400 | 0.100 | 0.100 | 0.800 | 0.100 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.019 | 0.024 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 |
| 36 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.036 | 0.036 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.002 |
| Tota |  |  |  |  |  | 91 | 52 | 108 | 25 | 9.980 | 4.871 | 4.377 | 19.228 |  |  |  |
| Prop | rtion |  |  |  |  | 0.362 | 0.207 | 0.431 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.519 | 0.253 | 0.228 |
| Set gillnet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 |  | 0.545 | 0.253 | 0.202 | 0.185 | 76 | 35 | 28 | 26 | 3.156 | 1.464 | 1.171 | 5.792 | 0.126 | 0.058 | 0.047 |
| 29 |  | 0.436 | 0.265 | 0.299 | 0.103 | 97 | 59 | 66 | 23 | 2.018 | 1.224 | 1.383 | 4.625 | 0.081 | 0.049 | 0.055 |
| 30 |  | 0.344 | 0.254 | 0.402 | 0.107 | 58 | 43 | 68 | 18 | 1.623 | 1.202 | 1.897 | 4.722 | 0.065 | 0.048 | 0.076 |
| 31 |  | 0.306 | 0.153 | 0.542 | 0.097 | 17 | 8 | 30 | 5 | 0.560 | 0.280 | 0.993 | 1.833 | 0.022 | 0.011 | 0.040 |
| 32 |  | 0.257 | 0.104 | 0.639 | 0.054 | 59 | 24 | 147 | 12 | 0.821 | 0.331 | 2.042 | 3.194 | 0.033 | 0.013 | 0.082 |
| 33 |  | 0.147 | 0.116 | 0.737 | 0.045 | 31 | 24 | 153 | 9 | 0.426 | 0.335 | 2.128 | 2.889 | 0.017 | 0.013 | 0.085 |
| 34 |  | 0.082 | 0.082 | 0.836 | 0.082 | 5 | 5 | 49 | 5 | 0.101 | 0.101 | 1.028 | 1.229 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.041 |
| 35 |  | 0.100 | 0.100 | 0.800 | 0.100 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 0.075 | 0.075 | 0.600 | 0.750 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.024 |
| 36 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tota |  |  |  |  |  | 343 | 199 | 549 | 100 | 8.78 | 5.01 | 11.24 | 25.03 |  |  |  |
| Prop | rtion |  |  |  |  | 0.314 | 0.182 | 0.503 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.351 | 0.200 | 0.449 |
| Total Test Fishery Harvest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 |  | 0.545 | 0.253 | 0.202 | 0.185 | 97 | 45 | 36 | 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 |  | 0.436 | 0.265 | 0.299 | 0.103 | 127 | 77 | 87 | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 |  | 0.344 | 0.254 | 0.402 | 0.107 | 77 | 57 | 90 | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 |  | 0.306 | 0.153 | 0.542 | 0.097 | 22 | 11 | 39 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 |  | 0.257 | 0.104 | 0.639 | 0.054 | 72 | 29 | 179 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 |  | 0.147 | 0.116 | 0.737 | 0.045 | 33 | 26 | 165 | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34 |  | 0.082 | 0.082 | 0.836 | 0.082 | 5 | 5 | 51 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35 |  | 0.100 | 0.100 | 0.800 | 0.100 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tota |  |  |  |  |  | 434 | 251 | 657 | 125 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prop | rtion |  |  |  |  | 0.323 | 0.187 | 0.490 | 0.093 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AllTahltan harvest |  |  |  | TahltanEnhaniW ildTahltn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 |  | 0.545 |  | 0.185 | 0.360 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 |  | 0.436 |  | 0.103 | 0.333 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 |  | 0.344 |  | 0.107 | 0.237 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 |  | 0.306 |  | 0.097 | 0.208 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 |  | 0.257 |  | 0.054 | 0.204 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 |  | 0.147 |  | 0.045 | 0.103 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34 |  | 0.000 |  | 0.082 | 0.000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35 |  | 0.100 |  | 0.100 | 0.000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 |  | 0.000 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Appendix A. 13. Daily test harvest taken from the Tuya Assessment Fishery located above the Tahltan River, 22-30 July 2009.

| Date | Harvest | Proportions |  |  |  | Stock specific harvest |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | AllTahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | TahltanEnhance | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | TahltanEnhance |
| 7/22 | 213 | 0.428 | 0.552 | 0.020 | 0.069 | 91 | 118 | 4 | 15 |
| 7/23 | 280 | 0.210 | 0.750 | 0.040 | 0.083 | 59 | 210 | 11 | 23 |
| 7/24 | 259 | 0.320 | 0.680 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 83 | 176 | 0 | 0 |
| 7/25 | 223 | 0.132 | 0.808 | 0.060 | 0.000 | 30 | 180 | 13 | 0 |
| 7/26 | 175 | 0.315 | 0.625 | 0.060 | 0.083 | 55 | 109 | 11 | 15 |
| 7/27 | 231 | 0.285 | 0.615 | 0.100 | 0.077 | 66 | 142 | 23 | 18 |
| 7/28 | 249 | 0.149 | 0.731 | 0.120 | 0.000 | 37 | 182 | 30 | 0 |
| 7/29 | 240 | 0.150 | 0.750 | 0.100 | 0.000 | 36 | 180 | 24 | 0 |
| 7/30 | 275 | 0.054 | 0.846 | 0.100 | 0.038 | 15 | 233 | 28 | 11 |
| Total | 2,144 | 0.220 | 0.714 | 0.067 | 0.038 | 471 | 1,530 | 144 | 81 |

Appendix A. 14. Weekly coho salmon harvest in the Alaskan District 106 and 108 fisheries, 2009.

| Week | D106 |  |  |  |  | D108 |  |  | Subsistence harvest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hatchery | Wild | Total | 106-41/42 | 106-30 | Hatchery | Wild | Total |  |
| 25 | 700 | 569 | 1,269 | 1,220 | 49 |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 3,164 | 1,311 | 4,475 | 2,999 | 1,476 | 185 | -87 | 98 |  |
| 27 | 5,812 | 2,742 | 8,554 | 6,020 | 2,534 | 120 | 138 | 258 |  |
| 28 | 6,050 | 3,970 | 10,020 | 4,428 | 5,592 | 204 | 626 | 830 |  |
| 29 | 5,663 | 2,672 | 8,335 | 3,448 | 4,887 | 41 | 275 | 316 |  |
| 30 | 6,163 | 3,480 | 9,643 | 3,097 | 6,546 | 611 | 1,410 | 2,021 |  |
| 31 | 3,390 | 3,656 | 7,046 | 2,339 | 4,707 | 522 | 1,140 | 1,662 |  |
| 32 | 10,170 | 5,943 | 16,113 | 4,255 | 11,858 | 0 | 873 | 873 |  |
| 33 | 2,738 | 10,480 | 13,218 | 6,215 | 7,003 | 136 | 1,917 | 2,053 |  |
| 34 | 2,213 | 8,154 | 10,367 | 7,132 | 3,235 | 126 | 2,261 | 2,387 |  |
| 35 | 2,528 | 4,443 | 6,971 | 5,956 | 1,015 | 0 | 2,194 | 2,194 | 0 |
| 36 | 5,325 | 9,182 | 14,507 | 9,417 | 5,090 | 929 | 3,109 | 4,038 | 0 |
| 37 | 8,261 | 6,106 | 14,367 | 7,457 | 6,910 | 1,674 | 2,472 | 4,146 | 0 |
| 38 | 6,747 | 6,270 | 13,017 | 7,983 | 5,034 | 1,838 | 4,726 | 6,564 | 0 |
| 39 | 2,522 | 1,032 | 3,554 | 2,667 | 887 | 1,570 | 571 | 2,141 | 15 |
| 40 | 2,116 | 997 | 3,113 | 1,958 | 1,155 | 581 | 698 | 1,279 | 6 |
| 41 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 73,562 | 71,007 | 144,569 | 76,591 | 67,978 | 8,537 | 22,323 | 30,860 | 21 |

Appendix A. 15. Weekly harvest of coho salmon in the Canadian lower river commercial fishery and test fisheries 2009.

|  | LRCC | Test |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Drift ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Set | Additional |  |
| 19 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |
| 29 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  | 2 |
| 30 | 5 | 0 | 0 |  | 5 |
| 31 | 11 | 0 | 20 |  | 31 |
| 32 | 40 | 3 | 11 |  | 54 |
| 33 | 157 | 12 | 42 |  | 211 |
| 34 | 684 | 9 | 61 |  | 754 |
| 35 | 1,741 | 18 | 11 |  | 1,770 |
| 36 | 2,171 | 32 |  |  | 2,203 |
| 37 | 1,171 | 69 |  |  | 1,240 |
| 38 |  | 80 |  |  | 80 |
| 39 |  | 26 |  |  | 26 |
| 40 |  | 65 |  |  | 65 |
| 41 |  | 29 |  |  | 29 |
| 42 |  | 5 |  |  | 5 |
| Total | 5,981 | 348 | 146 | 0 | 6,475 |

Appendix A. 16. Weekly salmon effort in the Alaskan District 106 and 108 fisheries, 2009.

| Week | Start <br> Date | D106 |  |  | 106-41/42 |  |  | 106-30 |  |  | D108 |  |  | Subsistence <br> Permits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Permits | Days | Permit <br> Days | Permits | Days | Permit <br> Days | Permits | Days | Permit <br> Days | Permits | Days | Permit <br> Days |  |
| 25 | 14-Jun | 69 | 3.0 | 207 | 64 | 3.0 | 192 | 6 | 3.0 | 18 |  |  | 0 |  |
| 26 | 21-Jun | 69 | 4.0 | 276 | 57 | 4.0 | 228 | 14 | 4.0 | 56 | 42 | 4.0 | 168 |  |
| 27 | 28-Jun | 89 | 3.0 | 267 | 67 | 3.0 | 201 | 23 | 3.0 | 69 | 65 | 4.0 | 180 |  |
| 28 | 5-Jul | 85 | 3.0 | 255 | 53 | 3.0 | 159 | 32 | 3.0 | 96 | 68 | 4.0 | 177 |  |
| 29 | 12-Jul | 50 | 2.0 | 100 | 28 | 2.0 | 56 | 24 | 2.0 | 48 | 36 | 2.0 | 72 |  |
| 30 | 19-Jul | 35 | 2.0 | 70 | 17 | 2.0 | 34 | 20 | 2.0 | 40 | 82 | 4.0 | 232 |  |
| 31 | 26-Jul | 68 | 2.0 | 136 | 42 | 2.0 | 84 | 27 | 2.0 | 54 | 94 | 3.0 | 197 |  |
| 32 | 2-Aug | 85 | 3.0 | 255 | 45 | 3.0 | 135 | 46 | 3.0 | 138 | 46 | 3.0 | 138 |  |
| 33 | 9-Aug | 83 | 3.0 | 249 | 51 | 3.0 | 153 | 34 | 3.0 | 102 | 35 | 3.0 | 105 |  |
| 34 | 16-Aug | 73 | 3.0 | 219 | 43 | 3.0 | 129 | 31 | 3.0 | 93 | 41 | 3.0 | 123 |  |
| 35 | 23-Aug | 56 | 3.0 | 168 | 45 | 3.0 | 135 | 12 | 3.0 | 36 | 37 | 3.0 | 111 |  |
| 36 | 30-Aug | 99 | 3.0 | 297 | 63 | 3.0 | 189 | 37 | 3.0 | 111 | 22 | 3.0 | 66 |  |
| 37 | 6-Sep | 97 | 3.0 | 291 | 60 | 3.0 | 180 | 41 | 3.0 | 123 | 40 | 3.0 | 120 |  |
| 38 | 13-Sep | 84 | 3.0 | 252 | 47 | 3.0 | 141 | 40 | 3.0 | 120 | 42 | 3.0 | 126 |  |
| 39 | 20-Sep | 51 | 3.0 | 153 | 38 | 3.0 | 114 | 14 | 3.0 | 42 | 31 | 3.0 | 93 |  |
| 40 | 27-Sep | 29 | 2.0 | 58 | 21 | 2.0 | 42 | 10 | 2.0 | 20 | 12 | 2.0 | 24 |  |
| 41 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  | 45 | 3,253 |  | 45 | 2,172 |  | 45 | 1,166 |  | 47 | 1,932 |  |

Appendix A. 17. Weekly salmon effort in the Canadian fisheries in the Stikine River, 2009.

| Week | Start <br> Date | Lower Stikine |  |  | Upper Sitkine |  |  | Telegraph Aboriginal |  |  | Test |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Permits | Days | Permit Days | Permits | Days | Permit Days | Permits | Days | Permit Days | \# Drifts | Set hours |
| 19 | 3-May | 11.00 | 1.0 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | 10-May | 12.00 | 2.0 | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | 17-May | 11.00 | 2.0 | 22 |  |  |  | 1 | 3 | 4 |  |  |
| 22 | 24-May | 12.00 | 1.0 | 12 |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| 23 | 31-May | 12.00 | 1.0 | 12 |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| 24 | 7-Jun | 12.00 | 0.5 | 6 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| 25 | 14-Jun | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0 |  |  |  | 2 | 6 | 14 |  |  |
| 26 | 21-Jun | 12.00 | 2.0 | 24 |  |  |  | 5 | 7 | 32 |  |  |
| 27 | 28-Jun | 12.00 | 5.0 | 60 |  |  |  | 7 | 7 | 50 |  |  |
| 28 | 5-Jul | 12.00 | 5.0 | 60 | 1.0 | 5.0 | 5 | 8.3 | 7.0 | 58 | 14 | 24.0 |
| 29 | 12-Jul | 12.25 | 4.0 | 49 | 1.2 | 5.0 | 6 | 8.3 | 7.0 | 58 | 28 | 48.0 |
| 30 | 19-Jul | 13.00 | 4.0 | 52 | 1.0 | 7.0 | 7 | 9.3 | 7.0 | 65 | 14 | 36.0 |
| 31 | 26-Jul | 12.67 | 3.0 | 38 | 1.0 | 6.0 | 6 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 48 | 42 | 30.0 |
| 32 | 2-Aug | 9.00 | 2.0 | 18 | 1.0 | 4.0 | 4 | 2.1 | 7.0 | 15 | 56 | 72.0 |
| 33 | 9-Aug | 12.00 | 3.0 | 36 |  |  |  | 1.3 | 4.0 | 5 | 42 | 72.0 |
| 34 | 16-Aug | 10.25 | 4.0 | 41 |  |  |  | 5 | 5 | 25 | 28 | 48.0 |
| 35 | 23-Aug | 7.14 | 7.0 | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42 | 12.0 |
| 36 | 30-Aug | 4.29 | 7.0 | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56 |  |
| 37 | 6-Sep | 4.50 | 4.0 | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 78 |  |
| 38 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 77 |  |
| 39 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 84 |  |
| 40 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 84 |  |
| 41 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 84 |  |
| 42 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42 |  |
| Total |  |  | 57.5 | 563.0 |  | 27.0 | 28.0 |  | 71.0 | 378.0 | 771.0 | 342.0 |

Appendix A. 18. Tuya assessment fishery, 2009.

| Date | total nets |
| :---: | :---: |
| $7 / 21$ | 8 |
| $7 / 22$ | 8 |
| $7 / 23$ | 8 |
| $7 / 24$ | 8 |
| $7 / 25$ | 8 |
| $7 / 26$ | 8 |
| $7 / 27$ | 8 |
| $7 / 28$ | 8 |
| $7 / 29$ | 8 |
| $7 / 30$ | 8 |
| Total | 80 |

Appendix A. 19. Daily counts of adult sockeye salmon passing through Tahltan Lake weir, 2009

| Date | Count ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Cumulative |  | Date | Count | Cumulative |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Percent |  |  | Count | Percent |
| 7-Jul |  |  |  | 13-Aug | 103 | 29,043 | 94.69\% |
| 8-Jul |  |  |  | 14-Aug | 52 | 29,095 | 94.86\% |
| 9-Jul | Installed |  |  | 15-Aug | 72 | 29,167 | 95.09\% |
| 10-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 16-Aug | 88 | 29,255 | 95.38\% |
| 11-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 17-Aug | 64 | 29,319 | 95.59\% |
| 12-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 18-Aug | 68 | 29,387 | 95.81\% |
| 13-Jul | 4 | 4 | 0.01\% | 19-Aug | 51 | 29,438 | 95.97\% |
| 14-Jul | 7,693 | 7,697 | 25.09\% | 20-Aug | 55 | 29,493 | 96.15\% |
| 15-Jul | 1,962 | 9,659 | 31.49\% | 21-Aug | 345 | 29,838 | 97.28\% |
| 16-Jul | 1,780 | 11,439 | 37.29\% | 22-Aug | 190 | 30,028 | 97.90\% |
| 17-Jul | 2,513 | 13,952 | 45.49\% | 23-Aug | 106 | 30,134 | 98.24\% |
| 18-Jul | 3,315 | 17,267 | 56.29\% | 24-Aug | 52 | 30,186 | 98.41\% |
| 19-Jul | 1,261 | 18,528 | 60.40\% | 25-Aug | 104 | 30,290 | 98.75\% |
| 20-Jul | 821 | 19,349 | 63.08\% | 26-Aug | 123 | 30,413 | 99.15\% |
| 21-Jul | 667 | 20,016 | 65.26\% | 27-Aug | 64 | 30,477 | 99.36\% |
| 22-Jul | 602 | 20,618 | 67.22\% | 28-Aug | 62 | 30,539 | 99.56\% |
| 23-Jul | 757 | 21,375 | 69.69\% | 29-Aug | 38 | 30,577 | 99.69\% |
| 24-Jul | 775 | 22,150 | 72.21\% | 30-Aug | 44 | 30,621 | 99.83\% |
| 25-Jul | 557 | 22,707 | 74.03\% | 31-Aug | 13 | 30,634 | 99.87\% |
| 26-Jul | 601 | 23,308 | 75.99\% | 1-Sep | 0 | 30,634 | 99.87\% |
| 27-Jul | 1,322 | 24,630 | 80.30\% | 2-Sep | 8 | 30,642 | 99.90\% |
| 28-Jul | 621 | 25,251 | 82.32\% | 3-Sep | 9 | 30,651 | 99.93\% |
| 29-Jul | 358 | 25,609 | 83.49\% | 4-Sep | 2 | 30,653 | 99.93\% |
| 30-Jul | 473 | 26,082 | 85.03\% | 5-Sep | 0 | 30,653 | 99.93\% |
| 31-Jul | 505 | 26,587 | 86.68\% | 6-Sep | 11 | 30,664 | 99.97\% |
| 1-Aug | 349 | 26,936 | 87.82\% | 7-Sep | 4 | 30,668 | 99.98\% |
| 2-Aug | 360 | 27,296 | 88.99\% | 8-Sep | 5 | 30,673 | 100.00\% |
| 3-Aug | 594 | 27,890 | 90.93\% | 9-Sep | 0 | 30,673 | 100.00\% |
| 4-Aug | 115 | 28,005 | 91.30\% | 10-Sep | 0 | 30,673 | 100.00\% |
| 5-Aug | 132 | 28,137 | 91.73\% | 11-Sep | 0 | 30,673 | 100.00\% |
| 6-Aug | 159 | 28,296 | 92.25\% | 12-Sep | 0 | 30,673 | 100.00\% |
| 7-Aug | 94 | 28,390 | 92.56\% | 13-Sep | 0 | 30,673 | 100.00\% |
| 8-Aug | 110 | 28,500 | 92.92\% |  | pulled |  |  |
| 9-Aug | 101 | 28,601 | 93.24\% |  |  |  |  |
| 10-Aug | 74 | 28,675 | 93.49\% |  |  |  |  |
| 11-Aug | 143 | 28,818 | 93.95\% |  |  |  |  |
| 12-Aug | 122 | 28,940 | 94.35\% |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \% contribu | n hatchery | Hatchery ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Wild | Total |
| Total Counted |  |  |  | 0.164 | 5,030 | 25,643 | 30,673 |
| Fish removed for broodstock |  |  |  | 0.309 | 930 | 2,081 | 3,011 |
| Fish removed for otolith samples |  |  |  |  | 59 | 290 | 349 |
| Total Spawners |  |  |  |  | 4,041 | 23,272 | 27,313 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Thermal mark contribution from pooled brood stock and weir sample otolith results.
weighted by run timing

Appendix A. 20. Daily counts of sockeye salmon smolt migrating through Tahltan Lake smolt weir, 2009.

| Date | Count | Cumulative |  | Date | Count | Cumulative |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Percent |  |  | Count | Percent |
| 8-May |  |  |  | 6-Jun | 12,232 | 720,232 | 96.54\% |
| 9-May |  | 0 | 0.00\% | 7-Jun | 11,695 | 731,927 | 98.11\% |
| 10-May |  | 0 | 0.00\% | 8-Jun | 4,629 | 736,556 | 98.73\% |
| 11-May |  | 0 | 0.00\% | 9-Jun | 2,180 | 738,736 | 99.02\% |
| 12-May | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 10-Jun | 4,405 | 743,141 | 99.61\% |
| 13-May | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 11-Jun | 1,309 | 744,450 | 99.79\% |
| 14-May | 5 | 5 | 0.00\% | 12-Jun | 374 | 744,824 | 99.84\% |
| 15-May | 8 | 13 | 0.00\% | 13-Jun | 994 | 745,818 | 99.97\% |
| 16-May | 2 | 15 | 0.00\% | 14-Jun | 116 | 745,934 | 99.99\% |
| 17-May | 18 | 33 | 0.00\% | 15-Jun | 29 | 745,963 | 99.99\% |
| 18-May | 14 | 47 | 0.01\% | 16-Jun | 51 | 746,014 | 100.00\% |
| 19-May | 35 | 82 | 0.01\% | 17-Jun | 31 | 746,045 | 100.00\% |
| 20-May | 1,927 | 2,009 | 0.27\% |  |  |  |  |
| 21-May | 804 | 2,813 | 0.38\% |  |  |  |  |
| 22-May | 1,313 | 4,126 | 0.55\% |  |  |  |  |
| 23-May | 67,718 | 71,844 | 9.63\% |  |  |  |  |
| 24-May | 243,814 | 315,658 | 42.31\% |  |  |  |  |
| 25-May | 46,914 | 362,572 | 48.60\% |  |  |  |  |
| 26-May | 27,121 | 389,693 | 52.23\% |  |  |  |  |
| 27-May | 29,620 | 419,313 | 56.20\% |  |  |  |  |
| 28-May | 111,752 | 531,065 | 71.18\% |  |  |  |  |
| 29-May | 74,133 | 605,198 | 81.12\% |  |  |  |  |
| 30-May | 4,010 | 609,208 | 81.66\% |  |  |  |  |
| 31-May | 34,820 | 644,028 | 86.33\% |  |  |  |  |
| 1-Jun | 34,728 | 678,756 | 90.98\% |  |  |  |  |
| 2-Jun | 10,489 | 689,245 | 92.39\% |  |  |  |  |
| 3-Jun | 1,188 | 690,433 | 92.55\% |  |  |  |  |
| 4-Jun | 2,312 | 692,745 | 92.86\% | Wild | 484,801 |  |  |
| 5-Jun | 15,255 | 708,000 | 94.90\% | Hatchery | 261,244 |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 746,045 |  |  |

Appendix A. 21. Daily counts of adult chinook salmon passing through Little Tahltan weir, 2009.

| Date | Large Chinook |  |  | non-large Chinook |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Count | Cumulative |  | Count | Cumulative |  |
|  |  | Count | Percent |  | Count | Percent |
| 19-Jun | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| 20-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 21-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 22-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 23-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 24-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 25-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 26-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 27-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 28-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 29-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 30-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 1-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 2-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 3-Jul | 1 | 1 | 0.04\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 4-Jul | 19 | 20 | 0.89\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 5-Jul | 0 | 20 | 0.89\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 6-Jul | 4 | 24 | 1.07\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 7-Jul | 31 | 55 | 2.45\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 8-Jul | 174 | 229 | 10.20\% | 0 | 0 | 0.00\% |
| 9-Jul | 217 | 446 | 19.87\% | 1 | 1 | 1.01\% |
| 10-Jul | 167 | 613 | 27.31\% | 1 | 2 | 2.02\% |
| 11-Jul | 224 | 837 | 37.28\% | 0 | 2 | 2.02\% |
| 12-Jul | 95 | 932 | 41.51\% | 5 | 7 | 7.07\% |
| 13-Jul | 15 | 947 | 42.18\% | 2 | 9 | 9.09\% |
| 14-Jul | 0 | 947 | 42.18\% | 0 | 9 | 9.09\% |
| 15-Jul | 40 | 987 | 43.96\% | 6 | 15 | 15.15\% |
| 16-Jul | 12 | 999 | 44.50\% | 4 | 19 | 19.19\% |
| 17-Jul | 34 | 1,033 | 46.01\% | 17 | 36 | 36.36\% |
| 18-Jul | 10 | 1,043 | 46.46\% | 2 | 38 | 38.38\% |
| 19-Jul | 97 | 1,140 | 50.78\% | 17 | 55 | 55.56\% |
| 20-Jul | 106 | 1,246 | 55.50\% | 3 | 58 | 58.59\% |
| 21-Jul | 21 | 1,267 | 56.44\% | 4 | 62 | 62.63\% |
| 22-Jul | 11 | 1,278 | 56.93\% | 4 | 66 | 66.67\% |
| 23-Jul | 20 | 1,298 | 57.82\% | 1 | 67 | 67.68\% |
| 24-Jul | 4 | 1,302 | 58.00\% | 0 | 67 | 67.68\% |
| 25-Jul | 6 | 1,308 | 58.26\% | 1 | 68 | 68.69\% |
| 26-Jul | 14 | 1,322 | 58.89\% | 0 | 68 | 68.69\% |
| 27-Jul | 214 | 1,536 | 68.42\% | 5 | 73 | 73.74\% |
| 28-Jul | 241 | 1,777 | 79.15\% | 10 | 83 | 83.84\% |
| 29-Jul | 58 | 1,835 | 81.74\% | 0 | 83 | 83.84\% |
| 30-Jul | 1 | 1,836 | 81.78\% | 2 | 85 | 85.86\% |
| 31-Jul | 54 | 1,890 | 84.19\% | 0 | 85 | 85.86\% |
| 1-Aug | 32 | 1,922 | 85.61\% | 0 | 85 | 85.86\% |
| 2-Aug | 34 | 1,956 | 87.13\% | 3 | 88 | 88.89\% |
| 3-Aug | 45 | 2,001 | 89.13\% | 1 | 89 | 89.90\% |
| 4-Aug | 27 | 2,028 | 90.33\% | 1 | 90 | 90.91\% |
| 5-Aug | 54 | 2,082 | 92.74\% | 3 | 93 | 93.94\% |
| 6-Aug | 55 | 2,137 | 95.19\% | 1 | 94 | 94.95\% |
| 7-Aug | 70 | 2,207 | 98.31\% | 2 | 96 | 96.97\% |
| 8-Aug | 0 | 2,207 | 98.31\% | 0 | 96 | 96.97\% |
| 9-Aug | 33 | 2,240 | 99.78\% | 3 | 99 | 100.00\% |
| 10-Aug | 3 | 2,243 | 99.91\% | 0 | 99 | 100.00\% |
| 11-Aug | 2 | 2,245 | 100.00\% | 0 | 99 | 100.00\% |
| Total Counted |  | 2,245 |  |  | 99 |  |
| Broodstock |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| Escapement |  | 2,245 |  |  | 99 |  |

Appendix B. 1. Historic salmon harvest and effort in the Alaskan District 106 commercial gillnet fishery, 1960-2009.

| Year | Harvest |  |  |  |  | Boats | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Days } \\ & \text { Open } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Effort Permit Days |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum |  |  |  |
| 1960 | 46 | 10,354 | 336 | 1,246 | 502 |  |  |  |
| 1961 | 416 | 20,614 | 14,934 | 124,236 | 64,479 |  |  |  |
| 1962 | 1,308 | 47,033 | 42,276 | 256,620 | 59,119 |  |  |  |
| 1963 | 1,560 | 80,767 | 52,103 | 514,596 | 90,103 |  |  |  |
| 1964 | 2,082 | 76,541 | 64,654 | 443,086 | 44,218 |  |  |  |
| 1965 | 1,802 | 87,749 | 75,728 | 625,848 | 27,658 |  |  |  |
| 1966 | 1,665 | 89,847 | 62,823 | 400,932 | 40,756 |  |  |  |
| 1967 | 1,318 | 86,385 | 17,670 | 91,609 | 26,370 |  |  |  |
| 1968 | 1,316 | 64,671 | 67,151 | 169,107 | 61,366 |  |  |  |
| 1969 | 877 | 70,484 | 10,305 | 198,785 | 10,930 | 613 | 31.0 | 2,111 |
| 1970 | 782 | 42,809 | 35,188 | 95,173 | 32,245 | 586 | 41.0 | 1,863 |
| 1971 | 1,336 | 53,262 | 48,085 | 528,737 | 37,682 | 897 | 50.0 | 2,773 |
| 1972 | 2,548 | 101,958 | 92,283 | 89,510 | 72,389 | 1,090 | 42.0 | 3,320 |
| 1973 | 1,961 | 72,025 | 38,447 | 304,536 | 87,704 | 1,244 | 26.0 | 3,299 |
| 1974 | 1,929 | 57,498 | 45,595 | 104,596 | 50,402 | 1,216 | 28.0 | 2,178 |
| 1975 | 2,587 | 32,099 | 30,962 | 203,031 | 24,047 | 856 | 17.0 | 1,648 |
| 1976 | 386 | 15,493 | 19,126 | 139,641 | 6,868 | 375 | 22.0 | 827 |
| 1977 | 671 | 67,394 | 8,389 | 422,955 | 13,311 | 449 | 28.0 | 1,381 |
| 1978 | 2,682 | 41,574 | 55,578 | 224,715 | 16,545 | 791 | 26.5 | 1,509 |
| 1979 | 2,720 | 66,373 | 31,454 | 648,212 | 35,507 | 1,162 | 25.0 | 2,702 |
| 1980 | 580 | 107,422 | 16,666 | 45,662 | 26,291 | 591 | 25.0 | 1,324 |
| 1981 | 1,565 | 182,001 | 22,614 | 437,573 | 34,296 | 1,160 | 26.0 | 2,925 |
| 1982 | 1,648 | 193,801 | 31,584 | 25,533 | 18,646 | 831 | 23.0 | 1,699 |
| 1983 | 567 | 48,842 | 62,442 | 208,290 | 20,144 | 728 | 32.0 | 1,452 |
| 1984 | 892 | 91,653 | 41,359 | 343,255 | 70,303 | 763 | 32.0 | 1,814 |
| 1985 | 1,687 | 264,987 | 91,188 | 584,953 | 69,673 | 1,196 | 32.0 | 2,672 |
| 1986 | 1,704 | 145,709 | 194,912 | 308,484 | 82,289 | 1,530 | 32.0 | 3,509 |
| 1987 | 836 | 136,427 | 34,534 | 243,482 | 42,025 | 982 | 20.0 | 1,766 |
| 1988 | 1,104 | 92,529 | 13,103 | 69,559 | 69,620 | 830 | 19.0 | 1,494 |
| 1989 | 1,544 | 192,734 | 92,385 | 1,101,194 | 67,351 | 1,253 | 34.0 | 3,221 |
| 1990 | 2,108 | 185,805 | 164,235 | 319,186 | 73,232 | 1,476 | 34.0 | 3,501 |
| 1991 | 2,055 | 144,104 | 198,160 | 133,566 | 124,630 | 1,554 | 39.0 | 3,620 |
| 1992 | 1,355 | 203,155 | 298,935 | 94,248 | 140,468 | 1,543 | 40.0 | 4,229 |
| 1993 | 992 | 205,955 | 231,038 | 537,960 | 134,601 | 1,772 | 38.0 | 4,352 |
| 1994 | 754 | 211,048 | 267,862 | 179,994 | 176,026 | 1,593 | 43.0 | 4,467 |
| 1995 | 951 | 207,298 | 170,561 | 448,163 | 300,078 | 1,517 | 34.0 | 3,656 |
| 1996 | 644 | 311,100 | 223,640 | 188,035 | 283,290 | 1,661 | 46.0 | 5,289 |
| 1997 | 1,075 | 168,518 | 77,550 | 789,051 | 186,456 | 1,357 | 39.0 | 3,667 |
| 1998 | 518 | 113,435 | 273,197 | 502,655 | 332,022 | 1,586 | 43.0 | 4,397 |
| 1999 | 518 | 104,835 | 203,301 | 491,179 | 448,409 | 1,609 | 49.0 | 4,854 |
| 2000 | 1,220 | 90,076 | 96,207 | 156,619 | 199,836 | 1,016 | 33.0 | 2,408 |
| 2001 | 1,138 | 164,013 | 188,465 | 825,447 | 283,462 | 1,291 | 50.0 | 3,853 |
| 2002 | 446 | 56,135 | 226,560 | 82,951 | 112,541 | 1,009 | 47.0 | 2,683 |
| 2003 | 422 | 116,904 | 212,057 | 470,697 | 300,253 | 1,095 | 59.0 | 3,803 |
| 2004 | 2,735 | 116,259 | 138,631 | 245,237 | 110,574 | 848 | 55.0 | 2,735 |
| 2005 | 1,572 | 110,192 | 114,440 | 461,187 | 198,564 | 947 | 53.0 | 2,963 |
| 2006 | 1,948 | 91,980 | 69,015 | 149,907 | 268,436 | 728 | 45.0 | 2,035 |
| 2007 | 2,144 | 92,481 | 80,573 | 383,355 | 297,998 | 913 | 49.0 | 2,740 |
| 2008 | 1,619 | 30,533 | 116,074 | 90,217 | 102,156 | 734 | 46.0 | 2,195 |
| 2009 | 2,138 | 111,984 | 144,569 | 143,589 | 287,707 | 1,122 | 45.0 | 3,252 |
| 60-08 | 1,354 | 109,487 | 97,232 | 316,425 | 109,712 | 1,085 | 36 | 2,823 |
| 99-08 | 1,376 | 97,341 | 144,532 | 335,680 | 232,223 | 1,019 | 49 | 3,027 |

Appendix B. 2. Historic salmon harvest and effort in the Alaskan District 108 commercial gillnet fishery, 1962-2009.

| Year | Harvest |  |  |  |  | Boats | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Days } \\ & \text { Open } \end{aligned}$ | Effort <br> Permit <br> Days |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum |  |  |  |
| 1962 | 618 | 4,430 | 3,921 | 2,889 | 2,035 |  |  |  |
| 1963 | 1,431 | 9,979 | 11,612 | 10,198 | 11,024 |  |  |  |
| 1964 | 2,911 | 20,299 | 29,388 | 114,555 | 10,771 |  |  |  |
| 1965 | 3,106 | 21,419 | 8,301 | 4,729 | 2,480 |  |  |  |
| 1966 | 4,516 | 36,710 | 16,493 | 61,908 | 17,730 |  |  |  |
| 1967 | 6,372 | 29,226 | 6,747 | 4,713 | 5,955 |  |  |  |
| 1968 | 4,604 | 14,594 | 36,407 | 91,028 | 14,537 |  |  |  |
| 1969 | 5,021 | 19,211 | 5,791 | 11,962 | 2,318 | 359 | 55 | 1,084 |
| 1970 | 3,199 | 15,121 | 18,529 | 20,523 | 12,304 | 418 | 54 | 1,222 |
| 1971 | 3,717 | 18,143 | 14,876 | 22,216 | 4,665 | 363 | 57 | 1,061 |
| 1972 | 9,342 | 51,725 | 38,440 | 17,197 | 17,442 | 695 | 64 | 2,094 |
| 1973 | 9,254 | 21,393 | 5,837 | 6,585 | 6,680 | 584 | 39 | 1,519 |
| 1974 | 8,199 | 2,428 | 16,021 | 4,188 | 2,107 | 564 | 31 | 1,240 |
| 1975 | 1,529 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 172 | 8 | 257 |
| 1976 | 1,123 | 18 | 6,074 | 722 | 124 | 210 | 20 | 372 |
| 1977 | 1,443 | 48,385 | 14,424 | 16,318 | 4,233 | 321 | 23 | 742 |
| 1978 | 531 | 56 | 32,650 | 1,157 | 1,001 | 255 | 12 | 565 |
| 1979 | 91 | 2,158 | 234 | 13,478 | 1,064 | 37 | 5 | 94 |
| 1980 | 631 | 14,053 | 2,946 | 7,224 | 6,910 | 161 | 22 | 327 |
| 1981 | 283 | 8,833 | 1,403 | 1,466 | 3,594 | 110 | 11 | 217 |
| 1982 | 1,052 | 7,136 | 20,003 | 16,174 | 734 | 250 | 21 | 494 |
| 1983 | 47 | 178 | 15,369 | 4,171 | 675 | 101 | 17 | 260 |
| 1984 | 14 | 1,290 | 5,141 | 4,960 | 1,892 | 28 | 16 | 88 |
| 1985 | 20 | 1,060 | 1,926 | 5,325 | 1,892 | 25 | 13 | 45 |
| 1986 | 102 | 4,185 | 7,439 | 4,901 | 5,928 | 83 | 25 | 216 |
| 1987 | 149 | 1,620 | 1,015 | 3,331 | 949 | 45 | 13 | 81 |
| 1988 | 206 | 1,246 | 12 | 144 | 3,109 | 30 | 8 | 60 |
| 1989 | 310 | 10,083 | 4,261 | 27,640 | 3,375 | 90 | 29 | 223 |
| 1990 | 557 | 11,574 | 8,218 | 13,822 | 9,382 | 157 | 34 | 359 |
| 1991 | 1,366 | 17,987 | 15,629 | 6,406 | 5,977 | 264 | 49 | 846 |
| 1992 | 967 | 52,717 | 22,127 | 66,742 | 15,458 | 445 | 51 | 1,812 |
| 1993 | 1,628 | 76,874 | 14,307 | 39,661 | 22,504 | 556 | 48 | 2,220 |
| 1994 | 1,996 | 97,224 | 44,891 | 35,405 | 27,658 | 721 | 58 | 3,011 |
| 1995 | 1,702 | 76,756 | 17,834 | 37,788 | 54,296 | 593 | 50 | 2,581 |
| 1996 | 1,717 | 154,150 | 19,059 | 37,651 | 135,623 | 694 | 57 | 3,228 |
| 1997 | 2,566 | 93,039 | 2,140 | 65,745 | 38,913 | 582 | 44 | 2,537 |
| 1998 | 460 | 22,031 | 19,206 | 39,246 | 41,057 | 355 | 45 | 1,073 |
| 1999 | 1,049 | 36,601 | 28,437 | 48,552 | 117,196 | 630 | 54 | 2,209 |
| 2000 | 1,671 | 15,833 | 5,651 | 9,497 | 40,337 | 265 | 35 | 714 |
| 2001 | 7 | 610 | 10,731 | 11,012 | 5,397 | 112 | 34 | 377 |
| 2002 | 25 | 208 | 21,131 | 4,578 | 2,017 | 100 | 30 | 323 |
| 2003 | 312 | 42,158 | 38,795 | 76,113 | 51,701 | 364 | 56 | 1,454 |
| 2004 | 7,410 | 103,392 | 26,617 | 20,439 | 37,996 | 529 | 53 | 2,058 |
| 2005 | 26,970 | 99,465 | 42,203 | 106,395 | 150,121 | 1,318 | 78 | 4,591 |
| 2006 | 30,033 | 61,298 | 34,430 | 56,810 | 343,827 | 1,374 | 64 | 4,032 |
| 2007 | 17,463 | 70,580 | 19,880 | 39,872 | 177,573 | 1,120 | 56 | 2,722 |
| 2008 | 14,599 | 35,679 | 34,479 | 18,105 | 81,876 | 1,207 | 58 | 3,083 |
| 2009 | 2,830 | 36,680 | 30,860 | 27,010 | 190,800 | 693 | 47 | 2,287 |
| 60-08 | 3,879 | 30,493 | 15,979 | 25,820 | 32,009 | 407 | 37 | 1,287 |
| 99-08 | 9,306 | 45,682 | 26,656 | 38,035 | 108,986 | 701 | 51 | 2,168 |

Appendix B. 3. Annual harvest of large Stikine Chinook salmon in the US gillnet, troll, recreational, and subsistence and estimates of Stikine River bound Chinook salmon in District 108, 2005-2009.

| GSI used for sport and gillnet. Troll is based on CWT. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year |  | D108 Large Stikine Chinook |  |  |  |  | Total Large |
| year | Subsistence | Sport | Gillent | Troll | Stikine Chinook |  |  |
| 2005 | 15 | 3,665 | 21,233 | 2,969 | 27,882 |  |  |
| 2006 | 37 | 3,346 | 17,259 | 1,418 | 22,060 |  |  |
| 2007 | 36 | 2,218 | 7,057 | 1,574 | 10,885 |  |  |
| 2008 | 26 | 1,453 | 4,905 | 951 | 7,335 |  |  |
| 2009 | 31 | 887 | 244 | 188 | 1,350 |  |  |

Appendix B. 4. Chinook salmon harvest in the Alaskan District 106 and 108 test fisheries, 1984-2009.
Table only includes years when test fisheries were operated.

|  | Large Chinook |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Total 106 | $106-41 / 42$ | $106-30$ | 108 |
| 1984 | 13 | 13 |  | 37 |
| 1985 | 16 | 16 |  | 33 |
| 1986 | 47 | 23 | 24 | 79 |
| 1987 | 25 | 24 | 1 | 30 |
| 1988 | 21 | 11 | 10 | 65 |
| 1989 | 15 | 11 | 4 | 15 |
| 1990 | 13 | 13 |  | 19 |
| 1991 |  |  |  | 21 |
| 1992 |  |  |  | 26 |
| 1993 |  |  |  | 30 |
| 1994 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| -- |  |  |  | 0 |
| 1998 |  |  |  | 29 |
| 1999 |  |  |  | 21 |
| 2000 |  |  |  |  |

Appendix B. 5. Chinook salmon harvest in the Canadian commercial and recreational fisheries in the Stikine River, 1979-2009.

|  | LRCF |  |  |  |  | URCF |  | Telegraph aboriginal Tahltan sport fishery |  |  |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Non- | arge |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year | Large | Non-large Released | morts | Released | morts | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large |
| 1972 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 200 |  |  |  | 200 | 0 |
| 1974 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 100 |  |  |  | 100 | 0 |
| 1975 |  |  |  |  |  | 178 |  | 1,024 |  |  |  | 1,202 | 0 |
| 1976 |  |  |  |  |  | 236 |  | 924 |  |  |  | 1,160 | 0 |
| 1977 |  |  |  |  |  | 62 |  | 100 |  |  |  | 162 | 0 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  | 100 |  | 400 |  |  |  | 500 | 0 |
| $1979^{\text {b }}$ | 712 | 63 |  |  |  |  |  | 850 |  | 74 | 10 | 1,636 | 73 |
| 1980 | 1,488 |  |  |  |  | 156 |  | 587 |  | 136 | 18 | 2,367 | 18 |
| 1981 | 664 |  |  |  |  | 154 |  | 586 |  | 213 | 28 | 1,617 | 28 |
| 1982 | 1,693 |  |  |  |  | 76 |  | 618 |  | 181 | 24 | 2,568 | 24 |
| 1983 | 492 | 430 |  |  |  | 75 |  | 851 | 215 | 38 | 5 | 1,456 | 650 |
| $1984{ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 643 | 59 | 83 | 11 | 726 | 70 |
| 1985 | 256 | 91 |  |  |  | 62 |  | 793 | 94 | 92 | 12 | 1,203 | 197 |
| 1986 | 806 | 365 |  |  |  | 104 | 41 | 1,026 | 569 | 93 | 12 | 2,029 | 987 |
| 1987 | 909 | 242 |  |  |  | 109 | 19 | 1,183 | 183 | 138 | 18 | 2,339 | 462 |
| 1988 | 1,007 | 201 |  |  |  | 175 | 46 | 1,178 | 197 | 204 | 27 | 2,564 | 471 |
| 1989 | 1,537 | 157 |  |  |  | 54 | 17 | 1,078 | 115 | 132 | 18 | 2,801 | 307 |
| 1990 | 1,569 | 680 |  |  |  | 48 | 20 | 633 | 259 | 129 | 17 | 2,379 | 976 |
| 1991 | 641 | 318 |  |  |  | 117 | 32 | 753 | 310 | 129 | 17 | 1,640 | 677 |
| 1992 | 873 | 89 |  |  |  | 56 | 19 | 911 | 131 | 181 | 24 | 2,021 | 263 |
| 1993 | 830 | 164 |  |  |  | 44 | 2 | 929 | 142 | 386 | 52 | 2,189 | 360 |
| 1994 | 1,016 | 158 |  |  |  | 76 | 1 | 698 | 191 | 218 | 29 | 2,008 | 379 |
| 1995 | 1,067 | 599 |  |  |  | 9 | 17 | 570 | 244 | 107 | 14 | 1,753 | 874 |
| 1996 | 1,708 | 221 |  |  |  | 41 | 44 | 722 | 156 | 162 | 22 | 2,633 | 443 |
| 1997 | 3,283 | 186 |  |  |  | 45 | 6 | 1,155 | 94 | 188 | 25 | 4,671 | 311 |
| 1998 | 1,614 | 328 |  |  |  | 12 | 0 | 538 | 95 | 165 | 22 | 2,329 | 445 |
| 1999 | 2,127 | 789 |  |  |  | 24 | 12 | 765 | 463 | 166 | 22 | 3,082 | 1,286 |
| 2000 | 1,970 | 240 |  |  |  | 7 | 2 | 1,109 | 386 | 226 | 30 | 3,312 | 658 |
| 2001 | 826 | 59 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 665 | 44 | 190 | 12 | 1,681 | 115 |
| 2002 | 433 | 209 |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 927 | 366 | 420 | 46 | 1,782 | 624 |
| 2003 | 695 | 672 |  |  |  | 19 | 12 | 682 | 373 | 167 | 46 | 1,563 | 1,103 |
| 2004 | 2,481 | 2,070 |  |  |  | 0 | 1 | 1,425 | 497 | 91 | 18 | 3,997 | 2,586 |
| 2005 | 19,070 | 1,181 |  |  |  | 28 | 1 | 800 | 94 | 118 |  | 20,016 | 1,276 |
| 2006 | 15,098 | 1,955 |  |  |  | 22 | 1 | 616 | 122 | 40 |  | 15,776 | 2,078 |
| 2007 | 10,131 | 1,469 |  |  |  | 10 | 25 | 364 | 233 | 0 |  | 10,505 | 1,727 |
| 2008 | 7,051 | 908 |  |  |  | 40 | 9 | 769 | 150 | 46 |  | 7,906 | 1,067 |
| 2009 | 1,587 | 498 339 | 170 | 153 | 77 | 11 | 26 | 496 | 136 | 20 |  | 2,284 | 737 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-08 | 3,208 | 556 |  |  |  | 46 | 14 | 845 | 229 | 158 |  | 4,257 | 820 |
| 99-08 | 5,934 | 926 |  |  |  | 14 | 8 | 785 | 240 | 132 |  | 6,882 | 1,197 |

Appendix B. 6. Chinook salmon harvest and effort in Canadian test fisheries in the Stikine River, 1985-2009.

| Year | Drift |  | Set |  | Additional drift |  | Commercial license |  | Tuya |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large | Large | Non-large |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 27 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27 | 12 |
| $1987{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 128 |  | 61 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 189 | 0 |
| 1988 | 168 | 14 | 101 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 269 | 29 |
| 1989 | 116 | 4 | 101 | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 217 | 24 |
| 1990 | 167 | 6 | 64 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 231 | 18 |
| 1991 | 90 | 1 | 77 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 167 | 16 |
| 1992 | 135 | 27 | 62 | 21 | 417 | 134 |  |  |  |  | 614 | 182 |
| 1993 | 94 | 11 | 85 | 11 | 389 | 65 |  |  |  |  | 568 | 87 |
| 1994 | 43 | 4 | 74 | 34 | 178 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 295 | 78 |
| 1995 | 18 | 13 | 61 | 35 | 169 | 136 |  |  |  |  | 248 | 184 |
| 1996 | 42 | 5 | 64 | 40 | 192 | 31 |  |  |  |  | 298 | 76 |
| 1997 | 30 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 | 7 |
| 1998 | 25 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 | 11 |
| 1999 | 53 | 43 | 49 | 16 | 751 | 38 |  |  |  |  | 853 | 97 |
| 2000 | 59 | 4 | 87 | 0 | 787 | 14 |  |  |  |  | 933 | 18 |
| 2001 | 128 | 3 | 56 | 7 | 1,652 | 49 |  |  |  |  | 1,836 | 59 |
| 2002 | 63 | 50 | 48 | 56 | 1,545 | 217 |  |  |  |  | 1,656 | 323 |
| 2003 | 64 | 62 | 14 | 91 | 1,225 | 617 |  |  |  |  | 1,303 | 770 |
| 2004 | 29 | 41 | 22 | 39 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 51 | 80 |
| 2005 | 14 | 8 | 19 | 13 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 33 | 21 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 2007 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 5 | 0 |
| 2008 | 7 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 13 |  | 26 | 10 |
| 2009 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 29 | 0 | 32 | 0 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-08 | 65 | 15 | 53 | 23 | 487 | 89 |  |  |  |  | 429 | 91 |
| 99-08 | 42 | 21 | 30 | 23 | 596 | 94 |  |  |  |  | 670 | 138 |

Appendix B. 7. Index counts of Stikine large Chinook escapements, 1979-2009.

| Inriver run and escapement generated from mark-recapture studies, inriver and marine harvest as reported in ADF\&G fisheries data series reports Total run from jointly accepted US and Canadian harvest estimates. Terminal run includes only harvest in the Stikine River and District 108. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Inriver <br> Run | Inriver <br> harvest | iscapemen | Marine <br> harvest | Terminal <br> Run | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% to } \\ \text { ttle Tahlte } \end{gathered}$ | Little Tahltan |  | Tahltan <br> Aerial | Beatty <br> Aerial | Andrew Creek | Andrew <br> Comments |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Weir | Aerial |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,166 | 2,118 |  | 327 | Weir inc. broodstoc |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,137 | 960 | 122 | 282 | Weir inc. broodstoc |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,334 | 1,852 | 558 | 536 | Weir inc. broodstoc |
| 1982 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,830 | 1,690 | 567 | 672 | Weir inc. broodstoc |
| 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 594 | 453 | 83 | 366 | Weir inc. broodstoc |
| 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,294 |  | 126 | 389 | Weir inc. broodstoc |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,114 | 1,598 | 1,490 | 147 | 320 | Foot |
| 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,891 | 1,201 | 1,400 | 183 | 708 | Foot |
| 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,783 | 2,706 | 1,390 | 312 | 788 | Heli |
| 1988 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,292 | 3,796 | 4,384 | 593 | 564 | Foot |
| 1989 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,715 | 2,527 |  | 362 | 900 | Aerial |
| 1990 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,392 | 1,755 | 2,134 | 271 | 664 | Foot |
| 1991 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,506 | 1,768 | 2,445 | 193 | 400 | Aerial |
| 1992 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,627 | 3,607 | 1,891 | 362 | 778 | Heli |
| 1993 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,437 | 4,010 | 2,249 | 757 | 1,060 | Foot |
| 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,373 | 2,422 |  | 184 | 572 | Heli |
| 1995 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,072 | 1,117 | 696 | 152 | 355 | Foot |
| 1996 | 31,718 | 2,931 | 28,787 |  |  | 0.167 | 4,821 | 1,920 | 772 | 218 | 335 | Heli |
| 1997 | 31,509 | 4,701 | 26,808 |  |  | 0.207 | 5,547 | 1,907 | 260 | 218 | 293 | Foot |
| 1998 | 28,133 | 2,354 | 25,779 |  |  | 0.189 | 4,873 | 1,385 | 587 | 125 | 487 | Foot |
| 1999 | 23,716 | 3,935 | 19,781 |  |  | 0.239 | 4,733 | 1,379 |  |  | 605 | Aerial |
| 2000 | 30,301 | 4,245 | 26,056 |  |  | 0.254 | 6,631 | 2,720 |  |  | 840 | Aerial |
| 2001 | 66,646 | 3,517 | 63,129 |  |  | 0.154 | 9,730 | 4,258 |  |  | 1,130 | Aerial |
| 2002 | 53,893 | 3,438 | 50,455 | 3,587 | 57,480 | 0.148 | 7,476 | survey tim | ue to weat |  | 876 | Aerial |
| 2003 | 49,881 | 2,866 | 47,015 | 3,895 | 53,776 | 0.138 | 6,492 | 1,903 |  |  | 907 | Foot |
| 2004 | 52,538 | 4,048 | 48,490 | 9,599 | 62,137 | 0.338 | 16,381 | 6,014 |  |  | 1,844 | Foot |
| 2005 | 59,885 | 20,049 | 39,836 | 27,882 | 87,767 | 0.182 | 7,253 |  |  |  | 1,701 | Foot |
| 2006 | 40,181 | 15,776 | 24,405 | 22,060 | 62,241 | 0.158 | 3,860 |  |  |  | 2,212 | Foot |
| 2007 | 25,069 | 10,510 | 14,559 | 10,885 | 35,954 | 0.039 | 562 |  |  |  | 890 | Aerial |
| 2008 | 26,284 | 7,932 | 18,352 | 7,335 | 33,619 | 0.145 | 2,663 |  |  |  | 503 | Heli |
| 2009 | 15,118 | 2,315 | 12,803 | 1,350 | 16,468 | 0.175 | 2,245 |  |  |  | 440 | Aerial |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96-08 | 39,981 | 6,639 | 33,342 |  |  | 0.181 | 6,232 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 42,839 | 7,632 | 35,208 | 12,178 | 56,139 | 0.180 | 6,578 |  |  |  |  |  |

Appendix B. 8. General stock proportions and harvest of sockeye salmon in the Alaskan commercial gillnet fishery; District 106 \& 108, 1982-2009.

|  | D106 |  |  | D106-41/42 |  |  | D106-30 |  |  | D108 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Alaska | Canada | Total Stikine | Alaska | Canada | Total Stikine | Alaska | Canada | Total Stikine | Alaska | Canada | Total Stikine |
| 1982 | 0.486 | 0.319 | 0.194 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 0.668 | 0.217 | 0.116 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 0.658 | 0.269 | 0.074 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.479 | 0.419 | 0.102 | 0.480 | 0.401 | 0.119 | 0.477 | 0.453 | 0.070 | 0.064 | 0.000 | 0.936 |
| 1986 | 0.689 | 0.293 | 0.018 | 0.662 | 0.308 | 0.030 | 0.726 | 0.272 | 0.002 | 0.206 | 0.017 | 0.777 |
| 1987 | 0.827 | 0.155 | 0.017 | 0.816 | 0.166 | 0.018 | 0.844 | 0.140 | 0.016 | 0.125 | 0.000 | 0.875 |
| 1988 | 0.874 | 0.106 | 0.020 | 0.868 | 0.112 | 0.020 | 0.883 | 0.095 | 0.021 | 0.213 | 0.039 | 0.749 |
| 1989 | 0.657 | 0.311 | 0.032 | 0.653 | 0.303 | 0.044 | 0.662 | 0.322 | 0.016 | 0.117 | 0.054 | 0.829 |
| 1990 | 0.608 | 0.371 | 0.021 | 0.579 | 0.395 | 0.026 | 0.645 | 0.340 | 0.015 | 0.395 | 0.128 | 0.477 |
| 1991 | 0.545 | 0.331 | 0.124 | 0.460 | 0.377 | 0.163 | 0.683 | 0.257 | 0.060 | 0.173 | 0.118 | 0.709 |
| 1992 | 0.595 | 0.232 | 0.172 | 0.582 | 0.241 | 0.177 | 0.630 | 0.211 | 0.159 | 0.163 | 0.051 | 0.786 |
| 1993 | 0.400 | 0.338 | 0.262 | 0.369 | 0.327 | 0.304 | 0.451 | 0.357 | 0.192 | 0.231 | 0.114 | 0.655 |
| 1994 | 0.579 | 0.254 | 0.167 | 0.531 | 0.271 | 0.198 | 0.718 | 0.207 | 0.075 | 0.326 | 0.208 | 0.466 |
| 1995 | 0.316 | 0.560 | 0.124 | 0.287 | 0.565 | 0.149 | 0.370 | 0.551 | 0.079 | 0.135 | 0.204 | 0.661 |
| 1996 | 0.531 | 0.268 | 0.201 | 0.479 | 0.245 | 0.276 | 0.665 | 0.326 | 0.010 | 0.102 | 0.082 | 0.816 |
| 1997 | 0.576 | 0.271 | 0.153 | 0.538 | 0.269 | 0.193 | 0.668 | 0.276 | 0.056 | 0.058 | 0.131 | 0.812 |
| 1998 | 0.598 | 0.307 | 0.095 | 0.550 | 0.337 | 0.113 | 0.710 | 0.237 | 0.053 | 0.115 | 0.108 | 0.777 |
| 1999 | 0.671 | 0.092 | 0.237 | 0.618 | 0.101 | 0.281 | 0.795 | 0.072 | 0.133 | 0.144 | 0.036 | 0.820 |
| 2000 | 0.643 | 0.233 | 0.124 | 0.611 | 0.223 | 0.167 | 0.702 | 0.252 | 0.046 | 0.204 | 0.128 | 0.669 |
| 2001 | 0.525 | 0.332 | 0.143 | 0.493 | 0.336 | 0.171 | 0.574 | 0.327 | 0.099 | 0.775 | 0.098 | 0.126 |
| 2002 | 0.758 | 0.098 | 0.144 | 0.730 | 0.101 | 0.169 | 0.824 | 0.091 | 0.085 | 0.875 | 0.120 | 0.005 |
| 2003 | 0.742 | 0.096 | 0.162 | 0.700 | 0.095 | 0.204 | 0.872 | 0.100 | 0.029 | 0.227 | 0.118 | 0.655 |
| 2004 | 0.499 | 0.222 | 0.279 | 0.413 | 0.227 | 0.359 | 0.741 | 0.206 | 0.053 | 0.100 | 0.030 | 0.869 |
| 2005 | 0.474 | 0.317 | 0.209 | 0.405 | 0.338 | 0.256 | 0.689 | 0.250 | 0.061 | 0.128 | 0.178 | 0.694 |
| 2006 | 0.364 | 0.362 | 0.274 | 0.270 | 0.332 | 0.398 | 0.527 | 0.415 | 0.059 | 0.067 | 0.130 | 0.803 |
| 2007 | 0.471 | 0.120 | 0.409 | 0.367 | 0.126 | 0.507 | 0.846 | 0.098 | 0.057 | 0.179 | 0.133 | 0.688 |
| 2008 | 0.281 | 0.164 | 0.555 | 0.177 | 0.151 | 0.672 | 0.500 | 0.190 | 0.309 | 0.089 | 0.110 | 0.801 |
| 2009 | 0.402 | 0.215 | 0.382 | 0.326 | 0.214 | 0.460 | 0.613 | 0.219 | 0.168 | 0.073 | 0.110 | 0.817 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83-08 | 0.575 | 0.260 | 0.172 | 0.519 | 0.262 | 0.219 | 0.672 | 0.251 | 0.077 | 0.211 | 0.098 | 0.691 |
| 99-08 | 0.543 | 0.214 | 0.324 | 0.380 | 0.212 | 0.408 | 0.684 | 0.211 | 0.105 | 0.123 | 0.115 | 0.761 |
| 1982 | 94,276 | 61,854 | 37,671 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 32,603 | 10,589 | 5,650 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 60,278 | 24,624 | 6,751 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 126,914 | 111,015 | 27,058 | 82,563 | 68,962 | 20,563 | 44,351 | 42,053 | 6,495 | 68 | 0 | 992 |
| 1986 | 100,337 | 42,685 | 2,687 | 56,462 | 26,214 | 2,571 | 43,875 | 16,471 | 116 | 862 | 71 | 3,252 |
| 1987 | 112,893 | 21,190 | 2,344 | 64,582 | 13,170 | 1,413 | 48,311 | 8,020 | 931 | 203 | 0 | 1,418 |
| 1988 | 80,868 | 9,784 | 1,877 | 49,776 | 6,426 | 1,135 | 31,092 | 3,358 | 742 | 265 | 48 | 933 |
| 1989 | 126,603 | 59,959 | 6,172 | 70,436 | 32,663 | 4,787 | 56,167 | 27,296 | 1,385 | 1,180 | 545 | 8,358 |
| 1990 | 112,983 | 68,921 | 3,901 | 60,795 | 41,415 | 2,712 | 52,188 | 27,506 | 1,189 | 4,576 | 1,479 | 5,519 |
| 1991 | 78,533 | 47,707 | 17,864 | 41,123 | 33,644 | 14,588 | 37,410 | 14,063 | 3,277 | 3,116 | 2,117 | 12,754 |
| 1992 | 120,977 | 47,207 | 34,971 | 85,364 | 35,277 | 25,967 | 35,613 | 11,930 | 9,004 | 8,604 | 2,696 | 41,417 |
| 1993 | 82,300 | 69,617 | 54,037 | 47,970 | 42,450 | 39,438 | 34,330 | 27,167 | 14,599 | 17,758 | 8,742 | 50,374 |
| 1994 | 122,118 | 53,683 | 35,247 | 83,692 | 42,620 | 31,214 | 38,426 | 11,063 | 4,033 | 31,715 | 20,250 | 45,259 |
| 1995 | 65,544 | 116,075 | 25,679 | 38,343 | 75,505 | 19,865 | 27,201 | 40,570 | 5,814 | 10,374 | 15,641 | 50,741 |
| 1996 | 165,221 | 83,271 | 62,608 | 107,193 | 54,823 | 61,768 | 58,028 | 28,448 | 840 | 15,755 | 12,618 | 125,777 |
| 1997 | 97,101 | 45,665 | 25,752 | 63,827 | 31,892 | 22,956 | 33,274 | 13,773 | 2,796 | 5,381 | 12,152 | 75,506 |
| 1998 | 67,890 | 34,811 | 10,734 | 43,479 | 26,661 | 8,912 | 24,411 | 8,150 | 1,822 | 2,541 | 2,376 | 17,114 |
| 1999 | 70,334 | 9,692 | 24,809 | 45,302 | 7,415 | 20,608 | 25,036 | 2,277 | 4,197 | 5,263 | 1,315 | 30,023 |
| 2000 | 57,935 | 20,996 | 11,145 | 35,327 | 12,875 | 9,661 | 22,608 | 8,121 | 1,484 | 3,226 | 2,019 | 10,588 |
| 2001 | 86,078 | 54,512 | 23,423 | 48,906 | 33,309 | 17,004 | 37,172 | 21,203 | 6,419 | 473 | 60 | 77 |
| 2002 | 42,573 | 5,487 | 8,075 | 28,487 | 3,928 | 6,615 | 14,086 | 1,559 | 1,460 | 182 | 25 | 1 |
| 2003 | 86,720 | 11,264 | 18,920 | 62,037 | 8,446 | 18,112 | 24,683 | 2,818 | 808 | 9,568 | 4,958 | 27,632 |
| 2004 | 58,006 | 25,787 | 32,467 | 35,521 | 19,534 | 30,874 | 22,485 | 6,253 | 1,593 | 10,375 | 3,136 | 89,882 |
| 2005 | 52,192 | 34,952 | 23,048 | 33,909 | 28,312 | 21,426 | 18,283 | 6,640 | 1,622 | 12,742 | 17,661 | 69,062 |
| 2006 | 33,454 | 33,337 | 25,189 | 15,750 | 19,394 | 23,215 | 17,704 | 13,943 | 1,975 | 4,088 | 7,973 | 49,237 |
| 2007 | 43,523 | 11,102 | 37,855 | 26,549 | 9,142 | 36,720 | 16,974 | 1,960 | 1,136 | 12,653 | 9,374 | 48,554 |
| 2008 | 8,593 | 4,997 | 16,943 | 3,649 | 3,117 | 13,886 | 4,944 | 1,880 | 3,057 | 3,189 | 3,919 | 28,571 |
| 2009 | 45,047 | 24,132 | 42,805 | 26,817 | 17,614 | 37,795 | 18,231 | 6,518 | 5,009 | 2,674 | 4,038 | 29,968 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83-08 | 80,994 | 41,511 | 21,588 | 51,293 | 28,216 | 19,000 | 32,027 | 14,438 | 3,200 | 6,840 | 5,382 | 33,043 |
| 99-08 | 52,119 | 22,493 | 21,896 | 32,237 | 15,340 | 19,724 | 19,882 | 7,153 | 2,173 | 6,277 | 5,458 | 35,956 |

Appendix B. 9. Stikine stock proportions and harvest of sockeye salmon in the Alaskan commercial gillnet fishery; Districts 106 \& 108, 1982-2009.

|  | D106 |  |  | D106-41/42 |  |  | D106-30 |  |  | D108 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | AllTahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | AllTahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | AllTahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | AllTahltar | Tuya | Mainstem |
| 1982 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 0.103 |  | 0.013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 0.029 |  | 0.044 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.091 |  | 0.011 | 0.109 |  | 0.010 | 0.056 |  | 0.013 | 0.292 |  | 0.644 |
| 1986 | 0.014 |  | 0.004 | 0.024 |  | 0.006 | 0.000 |  | 0.002 | 0.094 |  | 0.683 |
| 1987 | 0.010 |  | 0.007 | 0.015 |  | 0.003 | 0.004 |  | 0.012 | 0.438 |  | 0.437 |
| 1988 | 0.020 |  | 0.001 | 0.019 |  | 0.001 | 0.021 |  | 0.000 | 0.178 |  | 0.571 |
| 1989 | 0.006 |  | 0.026 | 0.009 |  | 0.036 | 0.002 |  | 0.015 | 0.034 |  | 0.795 |
| 1990 | 0.005 |  | 0.016 | 0.008 |  | 0.018 | 0.001 |  | 0.013 | 0.111 |  | 0.366 |
| 1991 | 0.100 |  | 0.024 | 0.129 |  | 0.034 | 0.052 |  | 0.008 | 0.395 |  | 0.314 |
| 1992 | 0.070 |  | 0.102 | 0.088 |  | 0.089 | 0.022 |  | 0.138 | 0.258 |  | 0.528 |
| 1993 | 0.098 |  | 0.164 | 0.134 |  | 0.169 | 0.036 |  | 0.156 | 0.256 |  | 0.399 |
| 1994 | 0.142 |  | 0.025 | 0.166 |  | 0.032 | 0.069 |  | 0.006 | 0.362 |  | 0.103 |
| 1995 | 0.081 | 0.001 | 0.043 | 0.099 | 0.001 | 0.048 | 0.047 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.455 | 0.006 | 0.200 |
| 1996 | 0.166 | 0.028 | 0.007 | 0.228 | 0.039 | 0.009 | 0.008 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.622 | 0.069 | 0.125 |
| 1997 | 0.058 | 0.079 | 0.016 | 0.079 | 0.101 | 0.014 | 0.009 | 0.026 | 0.021 | 0.362 | 0.261 | 0.189 |
| 1998 | 0.015 | 0.080 | 0.000 | 0.017 | 0.096 | 0.000 | 0.010 | 0.043 | 0.000 | 0.189 | 0.244 | 0.343 |
| 1999 | 0.057 | 0.061 | 0.118 | 0.074 | 0.079 | 0.128 | 0.018 | 0.020 | 0.095 | 0.414 | 0.201 | 0.205 |
| 2000 | 0.020 | 0.085 | 0.019 | 0.028 | 0.116 | 0.023 | 0.007 | 0.027 | 0.012 | 0.132 | 0.261 | 0.275 |
| 2001 | 0.039 | 0.079 | 0.025 | 0.032 | 0.112 | 0.028 | 0.049 | 0.029 | 0.021 | 0.000 | 0.005 | 0.121 |
| 2002 | 0.037 | 0.072 | 0.035 | 0.049 | 0.087 | 0.034 | 0.009 | 0.039 | 0.037 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.005 |
| 2003 | 0.075 | 0.053 | 0.035 | 0.097 | 0.068 | 0.040 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.019 | 0.179 | 0.062 | 0.414 |
| 2004 | 0.241 | 0.020 | 0.018 | 0.315 | 0.026 | 0.018 | 0.031 | 0.005 | 0.017 | 0.613 | 0.018 | 0.239 |
| 2005 | 0.182 | 0.000 | 0.027 | 0.227 | 0.000 | 0.029 | 0.041 | 0.000 | 0.020 | 0.437 | 0.000 | 0.257 |
| 2006 | 0.203 | 0.056 | 0.016 | 0.304 | 0.078 | 0.016 | 0.027 | 0.017 | 0.015 | 0.588 | 0.081 | 0.135 |
| 2007 | 0.322 | 0.082 | 0.005 | 0.403 | 0.099 | 0.005 | 0.028 | 0.021 | 0.007 | 0.474 | 0.147 | 0.067 |
| 2008 | 0.165 | 0.238 | 0.152 | 0.168 | 0.336 | 0.169 | 0.158 | 0.033 | 0.118 | 0.352 | 0.291 | 0.159 |
| 2009 | 0.215 | 0.090 | 0.077 | 0.287 | 0.104 | 0.068 | 0.016 | 0.050 | 0.103 | 0.360 | 0.225 | 0.232 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83-08 | 0.090 | 0.067 | 0.037 | 0.118 | 0.088 | 0.040 | 0.030 | 0.019 | 0.032 | 0.301 | 0.118 | 0.316 |
| 99-08 | 0.134 | 0.075 | 0.045 | 0.170 | 0.100 | 0.049 | 0.037 | 0.020 | 0.036 | 0.319 | 0.107 | 0.188 |
| 1982 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 5,020 |  | 631 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 2,673 |  | 4,078 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 24,045 |  | 3,013 | 18,801 |  | 1,762 | 5,244 |  | 1,251 | 310 |  | 683 |
| 1986 | 2,081 |  | 606 | 2,070 |  | 501 | 11 |  | 105 | 393 |  | 2,858 |
| 1987 | 1,376 |  | 968 | 1,155 |  | 258 | 221 |  | 710 | 710 |  | 708 |
| 1988 | 1,813 |  | 64 | 1,071 |  | 64 | 742 |  | 0 | 222 |  | 711 |
| 1989 | 1,111 |  | 5,061 | 957 |  | 3,830 | 154 |  | 1,231 | 341 |  | 8,017 |
| 1990 | 915 |  | 2,986 | 801 |  | 1,911 | 114 |  | 1,075 | 1,280 |  | 4,239 |
| 1991 | 14,364 |  | 3,501 | 11,541 |  | 3,048 | 2,823 |  | 453 | 7,112 |  | 5,642 |
| 1992 | 14,187 |  | 20,784 | 12,961 |  | 13,005 | 1,226 |  | 7,778 | 13,599 |  | 27,818 |
| 1993 | 20,204 |  | 33,833 | 17,446 |  | 21,992 | 2,758 |  | 11,841 | 19,688 |  | 30,686 |
| 1994 | 29,876 |  | 5,371 | 26,164 |  | 5,050 | 3,712 |  | 321 | 35,222 |  | 10,037 |
| 1995 | 16,715 | 125 | 8,839 | 13,292 | 125 | 6,448 | 6,220 | 0 | 2,391 | 34,950 | 461 | 15,330 |
| 1996 | 51,598 | 8,821 | 2,189 | 50,924 | 8,731 | 2,113 | 674 | 90 | 76 | 95,837 | 10,621 | 19,319 |
| 1997 | 9,764 | 13,232 | 2,756 | 9,327 | 11,937 | 1,692 | 437 | 1,295 | 1,064 | 33,644 | 24,288 | 17,574 |
| 1998 | 1,678 | 9,020 | 36 | 1,326 | 7,555 | 31 | 352 | 1,465 | 5 | 4,170 | 5,383 | 7,561 |
| 1999 | 5,986 | 6,424 | 12,399 | 5,421 | 5,782 | 9,405 | 563 | 641 | 2,993 | 15,156 | 7,371 | 7,497 |
| 2000 | 1,827 | 7,612 | 1,706 | 1,617 | 6,727 | 1,317 | 210 | 885 | 389 | 2,097 | 4,138 | 4,353 |
| 2001 | 6,339 | 12,965 | 4,119 | 3,164 | 11,063 | 2,777 | 3,175 | 1,902 | 1,342 | 0 | 3 | 74 |
| 2002 | 2,055 | 4,058 | 1,962 | 1,896 | 3,394 | 1,325 | 159 | 664 | 637 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 2003 | 8,736 | 6,145 | 4,039 | 8,595 | 6,016 | 3,501 | 141 | 129 | 538 | 7,562 | 2,615 | 17,455 |
| 2004 | 28,027 | 2,382 | 2,058 | 27,098 | 2,244 | 1,532 | 929 | 138 | 526 | 63,347 | 1,869 | 24,666 |
| 2005 | 20,080 | 0 | 2,968 | 18,979 | 0 | 2,447 | 1,101 | 0 | 521 | 43,467 | 0 | 25,595 |
| 2006 | 18,640 | 5,122 | 1,427 | 17,729 | 4,553 | 933 | 911 | 569 | 494 | 36,021 | 4,944 | 8,272 |
| 2007 | 29,759 | 7,612 | 484 | 29,196 | 7,182 | 342 | 563 | 430 | 142 | 33,439 | 10,398 | 4,716 |
| 2008 | 5,031 | 7,261 | 4,651 | 3,467 | 6,936 | 3,483 | 1,564 | 325 | 1,168 | 12,547 | 10,365 | 5,659 |
| 2009 | 24,085 | 10,080 | 8,640 | 23,623 | 8,589 | 5,583 | 462 | 1,491 | 3,057 | 13,188 | 8,271 | 8,508 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83-08 | 12,458 | 6,484 | 5,020 | 11,875 | 5,875 | 3,699 | 1,417 | 610 | 1,544 | 19,213 | 5,890 | 10,395 |
| 99-08 | 12,648 | 5,958 | 3,581 | 11,716 | 5,390 | 2,706 | 932 | 568 | 875 | 21,364 | 4,170 | 9,829 |

Appendix B. 10. Tahltan sockeye salmon stock proportions and harvest of in the Alaskan commercial gillnet fishery; Districts 106 \& 108, 1994-2009.


Appendix B. 11. Stikine River sockeye salmon harvest in the US Subsistence fishery, 2004-2009.

| Stocks were proportioned based on using inriver stock comps |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Stikine |  |  |  |  |  |  | TahltanEnhance | WildTahltan |
|  | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem |  |  |
| 2004 | 0.664 | 0.026 | 0.311 | 243 | 161 | 6 | 75 | 65 | 96 |
| 2005 | 0.662 | 0.020 | 0.318 | 252 | 167 | 5 | 80 | 77 | 90 |
| 2006 | 0.672 | 0.144 | 0.185 | 390 | 262 | 56 | 72 | 146 | 116 |
| 2007 | 0.541 | 0.165 | 0.294 | 244 | 132 | 40 | 72 | 67 | 65 |
| 2008 | 0.385 | 0.326 | 0.289 | 428 | 165 | 139 | 124 | 80 | 85 |
| 2009 | 0.541 | 0.244 | 0.215 | 723 | 391 | 176 | 156 | 101 | 290 |

Appendix B. 12. Stock proportions of sockeye salmon in the Alaskan District 106 and 108 test fisheries, 1984-2009.

| Year | Alaska | Canada | Stikine |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total | thltanEnhan | WildTahltan |
| Sub-district 106-41 (Sumner Strait) Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 0.658 | 0.269 | 0.029 |  | 0.044 | 0.074 |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.480 | 0.401 | 0.109 |  | 0.010 | 0.119 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.834 | 0.149 | 0.008 |  | 0.009 | 0.017 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.816 | 0.166 | 0.015 |  | 0.003 | 0.018 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.868 | 0.098 | 0.034 |  | 0.000 | 0.034 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.624 | 0.304 | 0.017 |  | 0.056 | 0.072 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.548 | 0.416 | 0.014 |  | 0.022 | 0.035 |  |  |
| ---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 0.500 | 0.250 | 0.250 |  | 0.000 | 0.250 | 0.083 | 0.167 |
| Sub-district 106-41 (Sumner Strait) harvest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 901 | 368 | 40 |  | 61 | 101 |  |  |
| 1985 | 2,085 | 1,741 | 475 |  | 44 | 519 |  |  |
| 1986 | 819 | 146 | 8 |  | 9 | 17 |  |  |
| 1987 | 2,169 | 442 | 39 |  | 9 | 47 |  |  |
| 1988 | 886 | 100 | 35 |  | 0 | 35 |  |  |
| 1989 | 1,274 | 621 | 34 |  | 114 | 148 |  |  |
| 1990 | 1,237 | 939 | 31 |  | 49 | 80 |  |  |
| ---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 6 | 3 | 3 |  | 0 | 3 |  |  |
| Sub-district 106-30 (Clarence Strait) Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.726 | 0.272 | 0.000 |  | 0.002 | 0.002 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.844 | 0.140 | 0.004 |  | 0.012 | 0.016 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.746 | 0.254 | 0.000 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.514 | 0.486 | 0.000 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 |  |  |
| Subdistrict 106-30 (Clarence Strait) harvest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 263 | 99 | 0 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 1987 | 758 | 126 | 3 |  | 11 | 15 |  |  |
| 1988 | 12 | 4 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| 1989 | 19 | 18 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| District 106 Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 0.658 | 0.269 | 0.029 |  | 0.044 | 0.074 |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.480 | 0.401 | 0.109 |  | 0.010 | 0.119 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.805 | 0.182 | 0.006 |  | 0.007 | 0.013 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.823 | 0.160 | 0.012 |  | 0.006 | 0.017 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.867 | 0.100 | 0.033 |  | 0.000 | 0.033 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.622 | 0.307 | 0.016 |  | 0.055 | 0.071 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.548 | 0.416 | 0.014 |  | 0.022 | 0.035 |  |  |
| ---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 0.500 | 0.250 | 0.250 |  | 0.000 | 0.250 | 0.000 | 0.250 |
| District 106 harvest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 901 | 368 | 40 |  | 61 | 101 |  |  |
| 1985 | 2,085 | 1,741 | 475 |  | 44 | 519 |  |  |
| 1986 | 1,082 | 245 | 8 |  | 9 | 17 |  |  |
| 1987 | 2,928 | 568 | 42 |  | 20 | 62 |  |  |
| 1988 | 898 | 104 | 35 |  | 0 | 35 |  |  |
| 1989 | 1,293 | 639 | 34 |  | 114 | 148 |  |  |
| 1990 | 1,237 | 939 | 31 |  | 49 | 80 |  |  |
| ---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 6 | 3 | 3 |  | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| District 108 Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.064 | 0.000 | 0.292 |  | 0.644 | 0.936 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.134 | 0.044 | 0.486 |  | 0.336 | 0.822 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.125 | 0.000 | 0.438 |  | 0.437 | 0.875 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.205 | 0.049 | 0.132 |  | 0.614 | 0.746 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.132 | 0.084 | 0.072 |  | 0.712 | 0.784 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.417 | 0.172 | 0.094 |  | 0.318 | 0.411 |  |  |
| 1991 | 0.128 | 0.128 | 0.494 |  | 0.251 | 0.745 |  |  |
| 1992 | 0.149 | 0.076 | 0.333 |  | 0.442 | 0.774 |  |  |
| 1993 | 0.168 | 0.109 | 0.475 |  | 0.248 | 0.719 |  |  |
| ---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0.064 | 0.041 | 0.353 | 0.438 | 0.104 | 0.895 | 0.016 | 0.336 |
| 1999 | 0.162 | 0.019 | 0.481 | 0.298 | 0.041 | 0.820 | 0.028 | 0.453 |
| 2000 | 0.110 | 0.116 | 0.302 | 0.321 | 0.150 | 0.774 | 0.062 | 0.240 |
| District 108 harvest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 81 | 0 | 367 |  | 810 | 1,177 |  |  |
| 1986 | 76 | 25 | 274 |  | 190 | 464 |  |  |
| 1987 | 36 | 0 | 127 |  | 127 | 254 |  |  |
| 1988 | 93 | 22 | 59 |  | 277 | 336 |  |  |
| 1989 | 137 | 87 | 75 |  | 739 | 814 |  |  |
| 1990 | 361 | 149 | 81 |  | 275 | 356 |  |  |
| 1991 | 114 | 114 | 441 |  | 224 | 665 |  |  |
| 1992 | 194 | 99 | 432 |  | 574 | 1,006 |  |  |
| 1993 | 51 | 33 | 144 |  | 75 | 219 |  |  |
| ---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 224 | 145 | 1,238 | 1,538 | 365 | 3,141 | 57 | 1,181 |
| 1999 | 776 | 89 | 2,309 | 1,430 | 197 | 3,936 | 135 | 2,174 |
| 2000 | 516 | 544 | 1,416 | 1,505 | 705 | 3,626 | 291 | 1,125 |

Appendix B. 13. All harvest in of sockeye salmon in Canadian commercial and assessment fisheries, 1972-2009.

| Year | Commercial/FN |  |  |  | Test |  |  |  |  | Tahltan Area |  | Tuya Area |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LRCF | URCF | Telegraph aboriginal | Total Canadian treaty harvest | Drift Net | Set Net | Additional Drifts | Tuya <br> Assesment | Test total | ESSR | Oto samples | ESSR | Oto samples |
| 1972 |  |  | 4,373 | 4,373 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1973 |  |  | 3,670 | 3,670 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1974 |  |  | 3,500 | 3,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 |  | 270 | 1,982 | 2,252 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1976 |  | 733 | 2,911 | 3,644 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1977 |  | 1,975 | 4,335 | 6,310 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978 |  | 1,500 | 3,500 | 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979a | 10,534 |  | 3,000 | 13,534 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 18,119 | 700 | 2,100 | 20,919 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 21,551 | 769 | 4,697 | 27,017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 15,397 | 195 | 4,948 | 20,540 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 15,857 | 614 | 4,649 | 21,120 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 |  |  | 5,327 | 5,327 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 17,093 | 1,084 | 7,287 | 25,464 |  | 1,340 |  |  | 1,340 |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 12,411 | 815 | 4,208 | 17,434 | 412 |  |  |  | 412 |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 6,138 | 498 | 2,979 | 9,615 | 385 | 1,283 |  |  | 1,668 |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 12,766 | 348 | 2,177 | 15,291 | 325 | 922 |  |  | 1,247 |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 17,179 | 493 | 2,360 | 20,032 | 364 | 1,243 |  |  | 1,607 |  |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 14,530 | 472 | 3,022 | 18,024 | 447 | 1,493 |  |  | 1,940 |  |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 17,563 | 761 | 4,439 | 22,763 | 503 | 1,872 |  |  | 2,375 |  |  |  |  |
| 1992 | 21,031 | 822 | 4,431 | 26,284 | 393 | 1,971 | 594 |  | 2,958 |  |  |  |  |
| 1993 | 38,464 | 1,692 | 7,041 | 47,197 | 440 | 1,384 | 1,925 |  | 3,749 | 1,752 |  | 0 |  |
| 1994 | 38,462 | 2,466 | 4,167 | 45,095 | 179 | 414 | 840 |  | 1,433 | 6,852 |  | 0 |  |
| 1995 | 45,622 | 2,355 | 5,490 | 53,467 | 297 | 850 | 1,423 |  | 2,570 | 10,740 |  | 0 |  |
| 1996 | 66,262 | 1,101 | 6,918 | 74,281 | 262 | 338 | 712 |  | 1,312 | 14,339 |  | 216 |  |
| 1997 | 56,995 | 2,199 | 6,365 | 65,559 | 245 |  |  |  | 245 |  | 378 | 2,015 |  |
| 1998 | 37,310 | 907 | 5,586 | 43,803 | 190 |  |  |  | 190 |  | 390 | 6,103 |  |
| 1999 | 32,556 | 625 | 4,874 | 38,055 | 410 | 803 | 4,683 |  | 5,896 |  | 429 | 2,822 |  |
| 2000 | 20,472 | 889 | 6,107 | 27,468 | 374 | 1,015 | 989 |  | 2,378 |  | 406 | 1,283 |  |
| 2001 | 19,872 | 487 | 5,241 | 25,600 | 967 | 2,223 | 91 |  | 3,281 |  | 50 | 0 | 410 |
| 2002 | 10,420 | 484 | 6,390 | 17,294 | 744 | 3,540 | 128 |  | 4,412 |  | 400 | 0 | 501 |
| 2003 | 51,735 | 454 | 6,595 | 58,784 | 997 | 2,173 | 186 |  | 3,356 |  | 400 | 7,031 |  |
| 2004 | 77,530 | 626 | 6,862 | 85,018 | 420 | 918 | 0 |  | 1,338 |  | 420 | 1,675 |  |
| 2005 | 79,952 | 605 | 5,333 | 85,890 | 339 | 1,312 | 0 |  | 1,651 |  | 400 | 0 | 148 |
| 2006 | 95,791 | 520 | 5,094 | 101,405 | 299 | 629 | 0 |  | 928 |  | 400 | 0 | 0 |
| 2007 | 56,913 | 912 | 2,188 | 60,013 | 435 | 673 | 0 |  | 1,108 |  | 200 | 0 | 151 |
| 2008 | 28,636 | 505 | 4,510 | 33,651 | 241 | 870 | 0 | 1,955 | 3,066 |  | 100 |  | 280 |
| 2009 | 39,409 | 2,476 | 5,148 | 47,033 | 250 | 1,092 | 0 | 2,144 | 3,486 |  | 349 |  | 214 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-08 | 36,488 | 922 | 4,986 | 42,395 | 420 | 1,298 |  | 1,955 | 2,103 |  |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 47,388 | 611 | 5,319 | 53,318 | 523 | 1,416 | 608 | 1,955 | 2,741 |  | 321 |  | 248 |

Appendix B. 14. Sockeye salmon stock proportions and harvest by stock in the Canadian commercial and assessment fishery in the Stikine River, 1979-2009.

| Stock compositions based on: scale circuli counts 1970-1983; SPA in 1985; average of SPA and GPA 1986; SPA in 1987 and 1988; and egg diameter and otolith thermal marks in 1989-2009. stock comp comes from sampling at this terminal fis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LRCF |  |  | URCF |  |  | Telegraph Aboriginal |  |  | LRTF |  |  | Tuya Assessment |  |  |
| Year | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem |
| 1972 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1974 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 |  |  |  | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1976 |  |  |  | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1977 |  |  |  | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978 |  |  |  | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 0.433 |  | 0.567 |  |  |  | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 0.309 |  | 0.691 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 0.476 |  | 0.524 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 0.624 |  | 0.376 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 0.422 |  | 0.578 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.623 |  | 0.377 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.372 |  | 0.628 |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.489 |  | 0.511 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.352 |  | 0.648 |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.225 |  | 0.775 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.273 |  | 0.727 |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.161 |  | 0.839 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.282 |  | 0.718 |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.164 |  | 0.836 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.258 |  | 0.742 |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.346 |  | 0.654 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.454 |  | 0.546 |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 0.634 |  | 0.366 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.608 |  | 0.392 |  |  |  |
| 1992 | 0.482 |  | 0.518 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.646 |  | 0.354 |  |  |  |
| 1993 | 0.537 |  | 0.463 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.583 |  | 0.417 |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 0.616 |  | 0.384 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.900 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.857 |  | 0.143 |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 0.676 | 0.020 | 0.304 | 0.900 | 0.025 | 0.075 | 0.900 | 0.025 | 0.075 | 0.803 | 0.008 | 0.189 |  |  |  |
| 1996 | 0.537 | 0.113 | 0.350 | 0.858 | 0.136 | 0.005 | 0.839 | 0.141 | 0.021 | 0.667 | 0.088 | 0.245 |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 0.356 | 0.272 | 0.372 | 0.524 | 0.379 | 0.097 | 0.521 | 0.378 | 0.101 | 0.396 | 0.220 | 0.384 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0.335 | 0.352 | 0.313 | 0.400 | 0.570 | 0.030 | 0.421 | 0.555 | 0.023 | 0.368 | 0.268 | 0.363 |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 0.576 | 0.241 | 0.183 | 0.574 | 0.330 | 0.096 | 0.623 | 0.292 | 0.085 | 0.514 | 0.265 | 0.221 |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 0.252 | 0.397 | 0.350 | 0.252 | 0.654 | 0.094 | 0.284 | 0.653 | 0.063 | 0.254 | 0.413 | 0.333 |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0.175 | 0.226 | 0.599 | 0.437 | 0.470 | 0.092 | 0.342 | 0.561 | 0.097 | 0.208 | 0.282 | 0.510 |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 0.320 | 0.128 | 0.552 | 0.376 | 0.496 | 0.128 | 0.422 | 0.494 | 0.084 | 0.391 | 0.157 | 0.451 |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 0.427 | 0.161 | 0.412 | 0.696 | 0.220 | 0.084 | 0.605 | 0.238 | 0.157 | 0.448 | 0.128 | 0.424 |  |  |  |
| 2004 | 0.707 | 0.016 | 0.276 | 0.861 | 0.067 | 0.072 | 0.909 | 0.089 | 0.002 | 0.512 | 0.033 | 0.455 |  |  |  |
| 2005 | 0.761 | 0.018 | 0.221 | 0.962 | 0.021 | 0.017 | 0.956 | 0.013 | 0.031 | 0.542 | 0.005 | 0.453 |  |  |  |
| 2006 | 0.747 | 0.178 | 0.075 | 0.852 | 0.133 | 0.015 | 0.780 | 0.131 | 0.089 | 0.355 | 0.014 | 0.631 |  |  |  |
| 2007 | 0.635 | 0.191 | 0.173 | 0.658 | 0.043 | 0.299 | 0.643 | 0.042 | 0.316 | 0.262 | 0.076 | 0.662 |  |  |  |
| 2008 | 0.470 | 0.389 | 0.141 | 0.719 | 0.186 | 0.095 | 0.729 | 0.183 | 0.088 | 0.385 | 0.266 | 0.348 | 0.278 | 0.489 | 0.233 |
| 2009 | 0.601 | 0.250 | 0.149 | 0.668 | 0.303 | 0.029 | 0.686 | 0.281 | 0.033 | 0.323 | 0.187 | 0.490 | 0.220 | 0.714 | 0.067 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79-08 | 0.466 |  |  | 0.774 | 0.133 | 0.093 | 0.779 | 0.126 | 0.094 | 0.450 |  | 0.458 |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 0.507 | 0.195 | 0.298 | 0.639 | 0.262 | 0.099 | 0.629 | 0.270 | 0.101 | 0.387 | 0.164 | 0.449 |  |  |  |
| 1972 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,936 |  | 437 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,303 |  | 367 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1974 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,150 |  | 350 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 |  |  |  | 243 |  | 27 | 1,784 |  | 198 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1976 |  |  |  | 660 |  | 73 | 2,620 |  | 291 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1977 |  |  |  | 1,778 |  | 198 | 3,902 |  | 434 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978 |  |  |  | 1,350 |  | 150 | 3,150 |  | 350 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 4,561 |  | 5,973 |  |  |  | 2,700 |  | 300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 5,599 |  | 12,520 | 630 |  | 70 | 1,890 |  | 210 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 10,258 |  | 11,293 | 692 |  | 77 | 4,227 |  | 470 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 9,608 |  | 5,789 | 176 |  | 20 | 4,453 |  | 495 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 6,692 |  | 9,165 | 553 |  | 61 | 4,184 |  | 465 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,794 |  | 533 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 10,649 |  | 6,444 | 976 |  | 108 | 6,558 |  | 729 | 499 |  | 841 |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 6,069 |  | 6,342 | 734 |  | 82 | 3,787 |  | 421 | 145 |  | 267 |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 1,380 |  | 4,758 | 448 |  | 50 | 2,681 |  | 298 | 455 |  | 1,213 |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 2,062 |  | 10,704 | 313 |  | 35 | 1,959 |  | 218 | 352 |  | 895 |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 2,813 |  | 14,366 | 444 |  | 49 | 2,124 |  | 236 | 415 |  | 1,192 |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 5,029 |  | 9,501 | 425 |  | 47 | 2,720 |  | 302 | 881 |  | 1,059 |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 11,136 |  | 6,427 | 685 |  | 76 | 3,995 |  | 444 | 1,443 |  | 932 |  |  |  |
| 1992 | 10,134 |  | 10,897 | 740 |  | 82 | 3,988 |  | 443 | 1,912 |  | 1,046 |  |  |  |
| 1993 | 20,662 |  | 17,802 | 1,523 |  | 169 | 6,337 |  | 704 | 2,184 |  | 1,565 |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 23,678 |  | 14,784 | 2,219 |  | 247 | 3,750 |  | 417 | 1,228 |  | 205 |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 30,848 | 893 | 13,881 | 2,120 | 60 | 176 | 4,941 | 139 | 410 | 2,064 | 20 | 486 |  |  |  |
| 1996 | 35,584 | 7,465 | 23,213 | 945 | 150 | 6 | 5,802 | 972 | 144 | 875 | 116 | 321 |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 20,269 | 15,513 | 21,213 | 1,152 | 834 | 213 | 3,318 | 2,403 | 644 | 97 | 54 | 94 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 12,498 | 13,137 | 11,675 | 363 | 517 | 27 | 2,352 | 3,103 | 131 | 70 | 51 | 69 |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 18,742 | 7,862 | 5,952 | 359 | 206 | 60 | 3,038 | 1,423 | 413 | 3,031 | 1,564 | 1,301 |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 5,165 | 8,136 | 7,171 | 224 | 581 | 84 | 1,733 | 3,989 | 385 | 605 | 982 | 791 |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 3,482 | 4,483 | 11,907 | 213 | 229 | 45 | 1,795 | 2,939 | 507 | 684 | 924 | 1,673 |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 3,335 | 1,335 | 5,750 | 182 | 240 | 62 | 2,697 | 3,155 | 538 | 1,726 | 694 | 1,992 |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 22,067 | 8,335 | 21,333 | 316 | 100 | 38 | 3,987 | 1,571 | 1,037 | 1,505 | 428 | 1,423 |  |  |  |
| 2004 | 54,841 | 1,276 | 21,415 | 539 | 42 | 45 | 6,240 | 608 | 14 | 686 | 44 | 608 |  |  |  |
| 2005 | 60,881 | 1,437 | 17,634 | 582 | 13 | 10 | 5,099 | 71 | 163 | 895 | 8 | 748 |  |  |  |
| 2006 | 71,573 | 17,079 | 7,139 | 443 | 69 | 8 | 3,974 | 668 | 452 | 329 | 13 | 586 |  |  |  |
| 2007 | 36,167 | 10,891 | 9,855 | 600 | 39 | 273 | 1,406 | 91 | 691 | 290 | 84 | 734 |  |  |  |
| 2008 | 13,455 | 11,153 | 4,028 | 363 | 94 | 48 | 3,287 | 825 | 398 | 428 | 296 | 387 | 543 | 956 | 455 |
| 2009 | 23,666 | 9,852 | 5,891 | 1,654 | 749 | 73 | 3,530 | 1,449 | 169 | 434 | 251 | 657 | 471 | 1,530 | 144 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79-08 | 17,905 |  | 11,342 | 677 |  | 81 | 3,661 |  | 420 | 950 |  | 851 |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 28,971 | 7,199 | 11,218 | 382 | 161 | 67 | 3,326 | 1,534 | 460 | 1,018 | 504 | 1,024 |  |  |  |

Appendix B. 15. Tahltan sockeye salmon stock proportions and harvest by stock in the Canadian commercial and assessment fishery in the Stikine River, 1979-2009.

|  | LRCF |  |  | URCF |  |  | Telegraph Aboriginal |  |  | LRTF |  |  | Tuya Assessment |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | AllTahltan | TahltanEnhance | WildTahltan | AllTahlan | TahltanEnhance | WildTahltan | AllTahltan | TahltanEnhance | WildTahltan | AllTahlan | TahlanEnhance | WildTahltan | AllTahltan | TahltanEnhance | WildTahltan |
| 1994 | 0.616 | 0.000 | 0.616 | 0.900 | 0.128 | 0.772 | 0.900 | 0.128 | 0.772 | 0.857 | 0.000 | 0.857 |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 0.676 | 0.195 | 0.481 | 0.900 | 0.260 | 0.640 | 0.900 | 0.260 | 0.640 | 0.803 | 0.284 | 0.519 |  |  |  |
| 1996 | 0.537 | 0.066 | 0.471 | 0.858 | 0.110 | 0.748 | 0.839 | 0.126 | 0.713 | 0.667 | 0.082 | 0.585 |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 0.356 | 0.072 | 0.284 | 0.524 | 0.108 | 0.416 | 0.521 | 0.108 | 0.413 | 0.396 | 0.082 | 0.314 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0.335 | 0.020 | 0.315 | 0.400 | 0.030 | 0.370 | 0.421 | 0.022 | 0.399 | 0.368 | 0.021 | 0.347 |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 0.576 | 0.021 | 0.554 | 0.574 | 0.005 | 0.570 | 0.623 | 0.028 | 0.596 | 0.514 | 0.019 | 0.495 |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 0.252 | 0.039 | 0.213 | 0.252 | 0.000 | 0.252 | 0.284 | 0.009 | 0.275 | 0.254 | 0.040 | 0.215 |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 0.175 | 0.032 | 0.143 | 0.437 | 0.133 | 0.304 | 0.342 | 0.065 | 0.277 | 0.208 | 0.038 | 0.171 |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 0.320 | 0.074 | 0.246 | 0.376 | 0.087 | 0.289 | 0.422 | 0.095 | 0.327 | 0.391 | 0.091 | 0.300 |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 0.427 | 0.131 | 0.296 | 0.696 | 0.214 | 0.482 | 0.605 | 0.201 | 0.403 | 0.448 | 0.111 | 0.337 |  |  |  |
| 2004 | 0.707 | 0.285 | 0.422 | 0.861 | 0.380 | 0.481 | 0.909 | 0.371 | 0.538 | 0.512 | 0.207 | 0.305 |  |  |  |
| 2005 | 0.761 | 0.352 | 0.409 | 0.962 | 0.240 | 0.722 | 0.956 | 0.235 | 0.721 | 0.542 | 0.198 | 0.344 |  |  |  |
| 2006 | 0.747 | 0.416 | 0.331 | 0.852 | 0.421 | 0.431 | 0.780 | 0.382 | 0.398 | 0.355 | 0.197 | 0.158 |  |  |  |
| 2007 | 0.635 | 0.321 | 0.315 | 0.658 | 0.235 | 0.423 | 0.643 | 0.237 | 0.406 | 0.262 | 0.105 | 0.157 |  |  |  |
| 2008 | 0.470 | 0.228 | 0.242 | 0.719 | 0.121 | 0.598 | 0.729 | 0.121 | 0.608 | 0.385 | 0.183 | 0.203 | 0.278 | 0.122 | 0.156 |
| 2009 | 0.601 | 0.155 | 0.445 | 0.668 | 0.157 | 0.511 | 0.686 | 0.143 | 0.542 | 0.323 | 0.093 | 0.230 | 0.220 | 0.038 | 0.182 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 0.507 | 0.190 | 0.317 | 0.639 | 0.184 | 0.455 | 0.629 | 0.174 | 0.455 | 0.387 | 0.119 | 0.268 | 0.278 | 0.122 | 0.156 |
| 1994 | 23,678 |  |  | 2,219 | 315 | 1,904 | 3,750 | 533 | 3,217 | 1,228 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 30,848 | 8,912 | 21,936 | 2,120 | 612 | 1,508 | 4,941 | 1,427 | 3,514 | 2,064 | 729 | 1,335 |  |  |  |
| 1996 | 35,584 | 4,387 | 31,197 | 945 | 121 | 824 | 5,802 | 871 | 4,931 | 875 | 108 | 767 |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 20,269 | 4,094 | 16,175 | 1,152 | 238 | 914 | 3,318 | 687 | 2,631 | 97 | 20 | 77 |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 12,498 | 747 | 11,751 | 363 | 27 | 336 | 2,352 | 125 | 2,227 | 70 | 4 | 66 |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 18,742 | 696 | 18,046 | 359 | 3 | 356 | 3,038 | 135 | 2,903 | 3,031 | 113 | 2,918 |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 5,165 | 801 | 4,364 | 224 | 0 | 224 | 1,733 | 52 | 1,681 | 605 | 94 | 511 |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 3,482 | 632 | 2,850 | 213 | 65 | 148 | 1,795 | 341 | 1,454 | 684 | 124 | 560 |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 3,335 | 776 | 2,559 | 182 | 42 | 140 | 2,697 | 605 | 2,092 | 1,726 | 402 | 1,324 |  |  |  |
| 2003 | 22,067 | 6,763 | 15,304 | 316 | 97 | 219 | 3,987 | 1,328 | 2,659 | 1,505 | 374 | 1,131 |  |  |  |
| 2004 | 54,841 | 22,124 | 32,717 | 539 | 238 | 301 | 6,240 | 2,549 | 3,691 | 686 | 277 | 409 |  |  |  |
| 2005 | 60,881 | 28,174 | 32,707 | 582 | 145 | 437 | 5,099 | 1,254 | 3,845 | 895 | 327 | 568 |  |  |  |
| 2006 | 71,573 | 39,888 | 31,685 | 443 | 219 | 224 | 3,974 | 1,946 | 2,028 | 329 | 183 | 146 |  |  |  |
| 2007 | 36,167 | 18,266 | 17,901 | 600 | 214 | 386 | 1,406 | 518 | 888 | 290 | 116 | 174 |  |  |  |
| 2008 | 13,455 | 6,533 | 6,922 | 363 | 61 | 302 | 3,287 | 547 | 2,740 | 428 | 203 | 225 | 543 | 239 | 304 |
| 2009 | 23,666 | 6,124 | 17,542 | 1,654 | 390 | 1,264 | 3,530 | 738 | 2,791 | 434 | 125 | 309 | 471 | 81 | 390 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 29,463 | 13,008 | 16,455 | 512 | 147 | 365 | 3,375 | 988 | 2,387 | 758 | 222 | 536 |  |  |  |

Appendix B. 16. Tahltan Lake weir data with enhanced and wild Tahltan fish, 19792009.


Appendix B. 17. Sockeye salmon harvest by stock in the Stikine River under Canadian ESSR licenses, 1992-2009.

| Year | Tahltan Area ESSR License |  |  | $\frac{\text { Tuya Area ESSR }}{\text { Tuya }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All Tahltan | TahltanEnhance | WildTahltan |  | Total | otolith samples |
| 1993 | 1,752 | 38 | 1,714 |  | 0 |  |
| 1994 | 6,852 | 1,170 | 5,682 |  | 0 |  |
| 1995 | 10,740 | 4,060 | 6,680 |  | 0 |  |
| 1996 | 14,339 | 1,672 | 12,667 | 216 | 216 |  |
| 1997 |  |  |  | 2,015 | 2,015 |  |
| 1998 |  |  |  | 6,103 | 6,103 |  |
| 1999 |  |  |  | 2,822 | 2,822 |  |
| 2000 |  |  |  | 1,283 | 1,283 |  |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 410 |
| 2002 | 3,120 | 1,061 | 2,059 |  | 0 | 501 |
| 2003 |  |  |  | 7,031 | 7,031 |  |
| 2004 |  |  |  | 1,675 | 1,675 |  |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 148 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 151 |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  | 280 |
| 2009 |  |  |  |  |  | 214 |

Appendix B. 18. Estimated proportion of inriver run comprised of Tahltan, Tuya, and mainstem sockeye salmon, 1979-2009
In 1979-1988, there were US estimates and 1983-1988, they overlapped with estimates from Canada
and the All tahltan estimate was oftened averaged. The estimates are from the LRCC, test, or average of LRCC and Test.

| Year | All Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1979 | 0.433 |  | 0.567 |  |
| 1980 | 0.305 |  | 0.695 |  |
| 1981 | 0.475 |  | 0.525 |  |
| 1982 | 0.618 |  | 0.382 |  |
| 1983 | 0.456 |  | 0.544 |  |
| 1984 | 0.493 |  | 0.507 |  |
| 1985 | 0.466 |  | 0.534 |  |
| 1986 | 0.449 |  | 0.551 |  |
| 1987 | 0.304 |  | 0.696 |  |
| 1988 | 0.172 |  | 0.828 |  |
| 1989 | 0.188 |  | 0.812 |  |
| 1990 | 0.417 |  | 0.583 |  |
| 1991 | 0.561 |  | 0.439 |  |
| 1992 | 0.496 |  | 0.504 |  |
| 1993 | 0.477 |  | 0.523 |  |
| 1994 | 0.606 |  | 0.394 | LRCC |
| 1995 | 0.578 | 0.016 | 0.406 | LRCC |
| 1996 | 0.519 | 0.104 | 0.377 | LRCC |
| 1997 | 0.297 | 0.229 | 0.474 | LRCC |
| 1998 | 0.309 | 0.348 | 0.344 | LRCC |
| 1999 | 0.545 | 0.245 | 0.209 | LRCC |
| 2000 | 0.260 | 0.391 | 0.349 | LRCC |
| 2001 | 0.202 | 0.268 | 0.530 | test |
| 2002 | 0.360 | 0.141 | 0.498 | test |
| 2003 | 0.421 | 0.158 | 0.421 | test |
| 2004 | 0.664 | 0.026 | 0.311 | LRCC |
| 2005 | 0.662 | 0.020 | 0.318 | LRCC |
| 2006 | 0.672 | 0.144 | 0.185 | LRCC |
| 2007 | 0.541 | 0.165 | 0.294 | LRCC |
| 2008 | 0.385 | 0.326 | 0.289 | average |
| 2009 | 0.541 | 0.244 | 0.215 | average |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |
| 79-08 | 0.444 |  | 0.470 |  |
| 99-08 | 0.471 | 0.188 | 0.341 |  |

Appendix B. 19. Aerial survey counts of Mainstem sockeye stocks in the Stikine River drainage, 1984-2009.

| Year | Chutine River | Scud <br> River | Porcupine Slough | Christina Creek | Craig <br> River | Bronson Slough | Verrett Creek | Verrett Slough | Escapement Index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1984 | 526 | 769 | 69 | 130 | 102 |  | 640 |  | 2,236 |
| 1985 | 253 | 282 | 69 | 67 | 27 |  | 383 |  | 1,081 |
| 1986 | 139 | 151 | 6 | 0 | 0 |  | 270 |  | 566 |
| 1987 | 6 | 490 | 62 | 6 | 30 |  | 103 |  | 697 |
| 1988 | 14 | 219 | 22 | 7 | 0 |  | 114 |  | 376 |
| 1989 | 29 | 269 | 133 | 10 | 60 | 60 | 180 | 68 | 809 |
| 1990 | 24 | 301 | 31 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 301 | 82 | 743 |
| 1991 | 0 | 100 | 61 |  | 7 | 32 | 179 | 8 | 387 |
| 1992 | 164 | 1,242 | 90 | 50 | 17 | 138 | 163 | 22 | 1,886 |
| 1993 | 57 | 321 | 141 | 28 | 2 | 79 | 107 | 142 | 877 |
| 1994 | 267 | 292 | 66 |  |  | 62 | 147 | 114 | 948 |
| 1995 | 13 | 260 | 11 |  |  | 72 | 47 | 31 | 434 |
| 1996 | 134 | 351 | 149 |  |  | 27 | 54 | 338 | 1,053 |
| 1997 | 204 | 271 | 25 |  |  | 12 | 116 | 32 | 660 |
| 1998 | 230 | 246 | 89 |  |  | 9 | 183 | 135 | 892 |
| 1999 | 56 | 301 | 64 |  |  | 54 | 98 | 78 | 651 |
| 2000 | 47 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 32 | 0 | 90 | 341 |
| 2001 | 601 | 2,037 | 268 |  |  | 163 | 217 | 232 | 3,518 |
| 2002 | 239 | 216 | 95 |  |  | 13 | 353 | 0 | 916 |
| 2003 | 240 | 71 | 239 |  |  | 0 | 54 | 0 | 604 |
| 2004 | 245 | 262 | 56 |  |  | 0 | 85 | 0 | 648 |
| 2005 | 66 | 124 | 111 |  |  | 23 | 158 | 76 | 558 |
| 2006 | 276 | 288 | 59 |  |  | 0 | 140 | 180 | 943 |
| 2007 | 0 | 17 | 34 | 0 |  | 3 | 45 | 21 | 120 |
| 2008 | 83 | 41 | 33 | 0 |  | 0 | 15 | 231 | 403 |
| 2009 | 51 | 45 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 17 | 0 | 113 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 84-08 | 157 | 360 | 83 |  |  | 39 | 166 | 94 | 894 |
| 99-08 | 185 | 344 | 105 |  |  | 29 | 117 | 91 | 870 |

Appendix B. 20. Stikine River sockeye salmon run size, 1979-2009.
Harvest includes test and assesment fisheries and otolith samples and escapement includes fish later captured for broodstock

|  | Stikine River |  |  |  |  | All Tahltan |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Inriver <br> Run | Inriver <br> Harvest | Escapement | Marine <br> Harvest | Terminal Run | Inriver <br> Run | Inriver <br> Harvest | Escapement | Marine Harvest | Terminal Run |
| 1979 | 40,353 | 13,534 | 26,819 | 8,299 | 48,652 | 17,472 | 7,261 | 10,211 | 5,076 | 22,548 |
| 1980 | 62,743 | 20,919 | 41,824 | 23,206 | 85,949 | 19,137 | 8,119 | 11,018 | 11,239 | 30,376 |
| 1981 | 138,879 | 27,017 | 111,862 | 27,538 | 166,417 | 65,968 | 15,178 | 50,790 | 16,189 | 82,157 |
| 1982 | 68,761 | 20,540 | 48,221 | 42,482 | 111,243 | 42,493 | 14,236 | 28,257 | 20,981 | 63,474 |
| 1983 | 71,683 | 21,120 | 50,563 | 5,774 | 77,457 | 32,684 | 11,428 | 21,256 | 5,075 | 37,759 |
| 1984 | 76,211 | 5,327 | 70,884 | 7,750 | 83,961 | 37,571 | 4,794 | 32,777 | 3,114 | 40,685 |
| 1985 | 184,747 | 26,804 | 157,943 | 29,747 | 214,494 | 86,008 | 18,682 | 67,326 | 25,197 | 111,205 |
| 1986 | 69,036 | 17,846 | 51,190 | 6,420 | 75,456 | 31,015 | 10,735 | 20,280 | 2,757 | 33,771 |
| 1987 | 39,264 | 11,283 | 27,981 | 4,077 | 43,342 | 11,923 | 4,965 | 6,958 | 2,255 | 14,178 |
| 1988 | 41,915 | 16,538 | 25,377 | 3,181 | 45,096 | 7,222 | 4,686 | 2,536 | 2,129 | 9,351 |
| 1989 | 75,058 | 21,639 | 53,419 | 15,492 | 90,550 | 14,111 | 5,795 | 8,316 | 1,561 | 15,672 |
| 1990 | 57,529 | 19,964 | 37,565 | 9,856 | 67,385 | 23,982 | 9,055 | 14,927 | 2,307 | 26,289 |
| 1991 | 120,153 | 25,138 | 95,015 | 31,284 | 151,437 | 67,394 | 17,259 | 50,135 | 21,916 | 89,311 |
| 1992 | 154,541 | 29,242 | 125,299 | 77,394 | 231,935 | 76,680 | 16,773 | 59,907 | 28,218 | 104,899 |
| 1993 | 176,100 | 52,698 | 123,402 | 104,630 | 280,730 | 84,068 | 32,458 | 51,610 | 40,036 | 124,104 |
| 1994 | 127,527 | 53,380 | 74,147 | 80,509 | 208,036 | 77,239 | 37,728 | 39,511 | 65,101 | 142,340 |
| 1995 | 142,308 | 66,777 | 75,531 | 76,420 | 218,728 | 82,290 | 50,713 | 31,577 | 54,462 | 136,752 |
| 1996 | 184,400 | 90,148 | 94,252 | 188,385 | 372,785 | 95,706 | 57,545 | 38,161 | 147,435 | 243,141 |
| 1997 | 125,657 | 68,197 | 57,460 | 101,258 | 226,915 | 37,319 | 25,214 | 12,105 | 43,408 | 80,727 |
| 1998 | 90,459 | 50,486 | 39,973 | 30,989 | 121,448 | 27,941 | 15,673 | 12,268 | 7,086 | 35,027 |
| 1999 | 65,879 | 47,202 | 18,677 | 58,765 | 124,644 | 35,918 | 25,599 | 10,319 | 23,449 | 59,367 |
| 2000 | 53,145 | 31,535 | 21,610 | 25,359 | 78,504 | 13,803 | 8,133 | 5,670 | 5,340 | 19,143 |
| 2001 | 103,755 | 29,341 | 74,414 | 23,500 | 127,255 | 20,985 | 6,224 | 14,761 | 6,339 | 27,324 |
| 2002 | 71,253 | 22,607 | 48,646 | 8,076 | 79,329 | 25,680 | 11,460 | 14,220 | 2,055 | 27,735 |
| 2003 | 194,425 | 69,571 | 124,854 | 46,552 | 240,977 | 81,808 | 28,275 | 53,533 | 16,298 | 98,106 |
| 2004 | 189,395 | 88,451 | 100,944 | 122,592 | 311,987 | 125,677 | 62,725 | 62,952 | 91,535 | 217,213 |
| 2005 | 167,570 | 88,089 | 79,482 | 92,362 | 259,932 | 110,903 | 67,857 | 43,046 | 63,714 | 174,617 |
| 2006 | 193,768 | 102,733 | 91,035 | 74,817 | 268,585 | 130,174 | 76,719 | 53,455 | 54,923 | 185,097 |
| 2007 | 110,132 | 61,472 | 48,660 | 86,654 | 196,786 | 59,537 | 38,663 | 20,874 | 63,330 | 122,867 |
| 2008 | 74,267 | 37,097 | 37,170 | 45,942 | 120,209 | 28,592 | 18,176 | 10,416 | 17,743 | 46,335 |
| 2009 | 111,780 | 51,082 | 60,699 | 73,495 | 185,276 | 60,428 | 30,104 | 30,324 | 37,664 | 98,092 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79-08 | 109,030 | 41,541 | 67,578 | 49,445 | 158,565 | 52,636 | 23,943 | 28,693 | 28,643 | 81,279 |
| 99-08 | 122,359 | 71,213 | 77,549 | 77,488 | 226,250 | 85,303 | 46,074 | 39,229 | 49,315 | 134,618 |
| Stikine Mainstem |  |  |  |  |  | Tuya |  |  |  |  |
| Year | Inriver Run | Inriver <br> Harvest | Escapement | Marine <br> Harvest | $\begin{gathered} \text { Terminal } \\ \text { Run } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Inriver <br> Run | Inriver <br> Harvest | Escapement | Marine Harvest | $\begin{gathered} \text { Terminal } \\ \text { Run } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| 1979 | 22,880 | 6,273 | 16,608 | 3,223 | 26,103 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 43,606 | 12,800 | 30,806 | 11,967 | 55,573 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 72,911 | 11,839 | 61,072 | 11,349 | 84,260 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 26,267 | 6,304 | 19,964 | 21,501 | 47,768 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 38,999 | 9,692 | 29,307 | 699 | 39,698 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 38,640 | 533 | 38,107 | 4,636 | 43,276 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 98,739 | 8,122 | 90,617 | 4,550 | 103,289 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 38,022 | 7,111 | 30,910 | 3,663 | 41,685 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 27,342 | 6,318 | 21,023 | 1,822 | 29,164 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 34,693 | 11,852 | 22,841 | 1,052 | 35,745 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 60,947 | 15,844 | 45,103 | 13,931 | 74,878 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 33,547 | 10,909 | 22,638 | 7,549 | 41,096 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 52,759 | 7,879 | 44,880 | 9,368 | 62,126 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1992 | 77,861 | 12,469 | 65,392 | 49,176 | 127,037 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1993 | 92,033 | 20,240 | 71,792 | 64,594 | 156,627 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 50,288 | 15,652 | 34,636 | 15,408 | 65,696 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 57,802 | 14,953 | 42,850 | 21,372 | 79,174 | 2,216 | 1,112 | 1,104 | 586 | 2,802 |
| 1996 | 69,536 | 23,684 | 45,852 | 21,508 | 91,044 | 19,158 | 8,919 | 10,239 | 19,442 | 38,600 |
| 1997 | 59,600 | 22,164 | 37,436 | 20,330 | 79,930 | 28,738 | 20,819 | 7,919 | 37,520 | 66,258 |
| 1998 | 31,077 | 11,902 | 19,175 | 7,962 | 39,039 | 31,442 | 22,911 | 8,531 | 15,941 | 47,383 |
| 1999 | 13,797 | 7,726 | 6,071 | 20,092 | 33,889 | 16,165 | 13,877 | 2,288 | 15,224 | 31,389 |
| 2000 | 18,563 | 8,431 | 10,132 | 6,764 | 25,327 | 20,779 | 14,971 | 5,808 | 13,255 | 34,034 |
| 2001 | 54,987 | 14,132 | 40,855 | 4,193 | 59,180 | 27,783 | 8,985 | 18,798 | 12,968 | 40,751 |
| 2002 | 35,496 | 5,222 | 30,274 | 1,963 | 37,459 | 10,078 | 5,925 | 4,153 | 4,058 | 14,136 |
| 2003 | 81,803 | 23,831 | 57,972 | 21,494 | 103,297 | 30,814 | 17,465 | 13,349 | 8,760 | 39,574 |
| 2004 | 58,809 | 22,080 | 36,728 | 26,799 | 85,608 | 4,909 | 3,645 | 1,264 | 4,257 | 9,166 |
| 2005 | 53,343 | 18,555 | 34,788 | 28,517 | 81,860 | 3,325 | 1,677 | 1,648 | 131 | 3,456 |
| 2006 | 35,788 | 8,185 | 27,603 | 9,772 | 45,560 | 27,806 | 17,829 | 9,977 | 10,122 | 37,928 |
| 2007 | 32,418 | 11,553 | 20,865 | 5,274 | 37,692 | 18,176 | 11,256 | 6,920 | 18,050 | 36,227 |
| 2008 | 21,494 | 5,316 | 16,178 | 10,434 | 31,928 | 24,180 | 13,604 | 10,576 | 17,765 | 41,945 |
| 2009 | 24,082 | 6,933 | 17,149 | 17,304 | 41,385 | 27,271 | 14,045 | 13,226 | 18,527 | 45,798 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79-08 | 47,802 | 12,052 | 35,749 | 14,365 | 62,167 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 40,650 | 12,503 | 28,147 | 13,530 | 54,180 | 18,401 | 10,923 | 7,478 | 10,459 | 28,861 |

Appendix B. 21. Coho salmon harvest in the Alaskan District 106 and 108 test fisheries, 1984-2009.

| Table only includes years when test fisheries were operated. |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | $106-41 / 42$ | $106-30$ | Total 106 | 108 |
| 1984 | 101 |  | 1,370 | 11 |
| 1985 | 301 |  | 4,345 | 11 |
| 1986 | 177 |  | 1,345 | 3 |
| 1987 | 799 | 95 | 3,558 | 13 |
| 1988 | 89 | 589 | 1,036 | 9 |
| 1989 | 275 | 412 | 2,080 | 45 |
| 1990 | 432 | 464 | 2,256 | 45 |
| 1991 |  |  |  | 18 |
| 1992 |  |  |  | 23 |
| 1993 |  |  |  | 0 |
| 1994 |  |  |  |  |
| -- |  |  |  | 142 |
| 1998 |  |  |  | 217 |
| 1999 |  |  |  | 140 |
| 2000 |  |  |  |  |

Appendix B. 22. Annual harvest of coho salmon in the Canadian lower and upper river commercial, Telegraph aboriginal and the Canadian test fisheries, 1979-2009.

| Year | LRCF | URCF | Telegraph Canada Total Aboriginal Stikine Harvest |  | Test |  |  |  | All <br> Harvest Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Drift | Set | Additional | Test Total |  |
| 1972 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 1973 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 1974 |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 1975 |  | 45 | 5 | 50 |  |  |  | 0 | 50 |
| 1976 |  | 13 | 0 | 13 |  |  |  | 0 | 13 |
| 1977 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 1978 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| 1979 | 10,720 |  | 0 | 10,720 |  |  |  | 0 | 10,720 |
| 1980 | 6,629 | 40 | 100 | 6,769 |  |  |  | 0 | 6,769 |
| 1981 | 2,667 | 0 | 200 | 2,867 |  |  |  | 0 | 2,867 |
| 1982 | 15,904 | 0 | 40 | 15,944 |  |  |  | 0 | 15,944 |
| 1983 | 6,170 | 0 | 3 | 6,173 |  |  |  | 0 | 6,173 |
| 1984 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 0 | 1 |
| 1985 | 2,172 | 0 | 3 | 2,175 |  |  |  | 0 | 2,175 |
| 1986 | 2,278 | 0 | 2 | 2,280 | 226 |  |  | 226 | 2,506 |
| 1987 | 5,728 | 0 | 3 | 5,731 | 162 | 620 |  | 782 | 6,513 |
| 1988 | 2,112 | 0 | 5 | 2,117 | 75 | 130 |  | 205 | 2,322 |
| 1989 | 6,092 | 0 | 6 | 6,098 | 242 | 502 |  | 744 | 6,842 |
| 1990 | 4,020 | 0 | 17 | 4,037 | 134 | 271 |  | 405 | 4,442 |
| 1991 | 2,638 | 0 | 10 | 2,648 | 118 | 127 |  | 245 | 2,893 |
| 1992 | 1,850 | 0 | 5 | 1,855 | 75 | 193 | 0 | 268 | 2,123 |
| 1993 | 2,616 | 0 | 0 | 2,616 | 37 | 136 | 2 | 175 | 2,791 |
| 1994 | 3,377 | 0 | 4 | 3,381 | 71 | 0 | 0 | 71 | 3,452 |
| 1995 | 3,418 | 0 | 0 | 3,418 | 35 | 166 | 26 | 227 | 3,645 |
| 1996 | 1,402 | 0 | 2 | 1,404 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 55 | 1,459 |
| 1997 | 401 | 0 | 0 | 401 | 11 |  |  | 11 | 412 |
| 1998 | 726 | 0 | 0 | 726 | 207 |  |  | 207 | 933 |
| 1999 | 181 | 0 | 0 | 181 | 312 | 64 | 16 | 392 | 573 |
| 2000 | 298 | 0 | 3 | 301 | 60 | 181 | 195 | 436 | 737 |
| 2001 | 233 | 0 | 0 | 233 | 257 | 1,078 | 426 | 1,761 | 1,994 |
| 2002 | 82 | 0 | 0 | 82 | 306 | 1,323 | 1,116 | 2,745 | 2,827 |
| 2003 | 190 | 0 | 0 | 190 | 291 | 525 | 883 | 1,699 | 1,889 |
| 2004 | 271 | 0 | 4 | 275 | 352 | 135 | 0 | 487 | 762 |
| 2005 | 276 | 0 | 0 | 276 | 444 | 271 | 0 | 715 | 991 |
| 2006 | 72 | 0 | 0 | 72 | 343 | 181 | 0 | 524 | 596 |
| 2007 | 50 | 0 | 2 | 52 | 89 | 99 | 0 | 188 | 240 |
| 2008 | 2,398 | 0 | 0 | 2,398 | 321 | 216 | 0 | 537 | 2,935 |
| 2009 | 5,981 | 0 | 0 | 5,981 | 348 | 146 | 0 | 494 | 6,475 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-08 | 1,787 | 0 | 3 | 1,789 | 184 | 311 | 178 | 546 | 2,336 |
| 99-08 | 405 | 0 | 1 | 406 | 278 | 407 | 264 | 948 | 1,354 |

Appendix B. 23. Index counts of Stikine coho salmon escapements, 1984-2009.

| Katete Bronson Scud |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year Date | West | Katete | Craig | Verrett | Slough | Slough | Porcupine | Christina | Total |
| 1984 10/30 | 147 | 313 | 0 | 15 | 42 |  |  |  | 517 |
| 1985 10/25 | 590 | 1,217 | 735 | 39 | 0 | 924 | 365 |  | 3,870 |
| 1988 10/28 | 32 | 227 |  | 175 |  | 97 | 53 | 0 | 584 |
| 1989 10/29 | 336 | 896 | 992 | 848 | 120 | 707 | 90 | 55 | 4,044 |
| 1990 10/30 | 94 | 548 | 810 | 494 |  | 664 | 430 |  | 3,040 |
| 1991 10/29 | 302 | 878 | 985 | 218 |  | 221 | 352 |  | 2,956 |
| 1992 10/29 | 295 | 1,346 | 949 | 320 |  | 462 | 316 |  | 3,688 |
| 1993 10/30 |  |  |  |  |  | 206 | 324 |  |  |
| 1994 11/1-2 | 28 | 652 | 1,026 | 466 |  | 448 | 1,105 |  | 3,725 |
| 1995 10/30 | 211 | 208 | 1,419 | 574 |  | 621 | 719 |  | 3,752 |
| 1996 10/30 | 163 | 232 | 205 | 549 |  | 630 | 1,466 |  | 3,245 |
| 1997 11/01 | 2 | 0 | 19 | 116 |  | 272 | 648 |  | 1,057 |
| 1998 10/30 | 14 | 63 | 141 | 282 |  | 143 | 450 |  | 1,093 |
| 1999 11/05 | 163 | 773 | 891 | 490 |  | 661 | 894 |  | 3,872 |
| 2000 11/2-3 |  |  |  | 5 |  | 95 | 206 |  | 306 |
| 2001 11/2-3 | 207 | 1,401 | 3,121 | 708 |  | 1,571 | 397 |  | 7,405 |
| 2002 11/05 | 806 | 2,642 | 4,488 | 1,695 |  | 1,389 | 1,626 |  | 12,646 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2004 11/03 | 78 | 762 | 19 | 959 |  | 173 | 1,009 |  | 3,000 |
| 2005 10/31 | 300 | 1,195 | 444 | 353 |  | 218 | 689 |  | 3,199 |
| 2006 11/02 | 350 | 543 | 675 | 403 |  | 95 | 147 |  | 2,213 |
| 2007 11/10 | 66 | 190 | 567 | 240 |  | 153 | 341 |  | 1,557 |
| 2008 ${ }^{\text {b }} 11 / 01-05$ |  |  | 535 | 501 |  | 86 | 25 |  | 1,147 |
| 2009 11/02 | 212 | 698 | 475 | 257 |  | 16 | 617 |  | 2,275 |
| Average |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 84-08 | 224 | 765 | 1,001 | 472 |  | 468 | 555 |  | 3,320 |
| 99-08 | 281 | 1,072 | 1,343 | 595 |  | 493 | 593 |  | 3,927 |

${ }^{a}$ Veiwing conditions at the Craig River site were poor in 2004 and 2010.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ West Katete and Katete not survey due to inclement weather
${ }^{\text {c }}$ aborted to due ice condtions and inclement weather
Appendix B. 24. Effort in the Canadian fisheries, including assessment fisheries in the Stikine River, 1979-2009.


Appendix B. 25. Counts of adult sockeye salmon migrating through Tahltan Lake weir, 1959-2009.

|  | Weir | Date of Arrival |  |  | Weir <br> Pulled | Total Count | Total escapement | Broodstock | Samples or ESSR | Otolith Samples | Spawners |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Installed | First | 50\% | 90\% |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Enhanced | Wild |
| 1959 | 30-Jun | 2-Aug | 12-Aug | 16-Aug |  | 4,311 | 4,311 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1960 | 15-Jul | 2-Aug | 24-Aug | 27-Aug |  | 6,387 | 6,387 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1961 | 20-Jul | 9-Aug | 11-Aug | 15-Aug |  | 16,619 | 16,619 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1962 | 1-Aug | 2-Aug | 5-Aug | 8-Aug |  | 14,508 | 14,508 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1963 | 3-Aug |  |  |  |  | 1,780 | 1,780 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1964 | 23-Jul | 26-Jul | 14-Aug | 25-Aug |  | 18,353 | 18,353 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1965 | 19-Jul | 18-Jul | 2-Sep | 7-Sep |  | 1,471 | 1,471 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1966 | 12-Jul | 3-Aug | 13-Aug | 21-Aug |  | 21,580 | 21,580 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1967 | 11-Jul | 14-Jul | 21-Jul | 28-Jul |  | 38,801 | 38,801 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1968 | 11-Jul | 21-Jul | 25-Jul | 8-Aug |  | 19,726 | 19,726 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | 7-Jul | 11-Jul | 18-Jul | 31-Jul |  | 11,805 | 11,805 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1970 | 5-Jul | 25-Jul | 1-Aug | 11-Aug |  | 8,419 | 8,419 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1971 | 12-Jul | 19-Jul | 28-Jul | 12-Aug |  | 18,523 | 18,523 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1972 | 13-Jul | 13-Jul | 19-Jul | 31-Aug | 21-Aug | 52,545 | 52,545 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1973 | 10-Jul | 24-Jul | 30-Jul | 7-Aug | 1-Sep | 2,877 | 2,877 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1974 | 3-Jul | 28-Jul | 3-Aug | 17-Aug | 13-Sep | 8,101 | 8,101 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 | 10-Jul | 25-Jul | 8-Aug | 17-Aug | 28-Aug | 8,159 | 8,159 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1976 | 16-Jul | 29-Jul | 1-Aug | 6-Aug | 24-Aug | 24,111 | 24,111 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1977 | 6-Jul | 11-Jul | 16-Jul | 10-Aug | 25-Aug | 42,960 | 42,960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978 | 10-Jul | 10-Jul | 20-Jul | 29-Jul | 26-Aug | 22,788 | 22,788 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 9-Jul | 23-Jul | 1-Aug | 11-Aug | 31-Aug | 10,211 | 10,211 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 4-Jul | 15-Jul | 22-Jul | 12-Aug | 3-Sep | 11,018 | 11,018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 30-Jun | 16-Jul | 26-Jul | 3-Aug | 8-Sep | 50,790 | 50,790 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 2-Jul | 10-Jul | 19-Jul | 29-Jul | 4-Sep | 28,257 | 28,257 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 27-Jun | 5-Jul | 22-Jul | 5-Aug | 7-Sep | 21,256 | 21,256 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 20-Jun | 19-Jul | 24-Jul | 3-Aug | 29-Aug | 32,777 | 32,777 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 28-Jun | 18-Jul | 31-Jul | 6-Aug | 5-Sep | 67,326 | 67,326 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 10-Jul | 26-Jul | 4-Aug | 11-Aug | 4-Sep | 20,280 | 20,280 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 14-Jul | 21-Jul | 4-Aug | 13-Aug | 27-Aug | 6,958 | 6,958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 16-Jul | 16-Jul | 6-Aug | 14-Aug | 29-Aug | 2,536 | 2,536 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 7-Jul | 9-Jul | 1-Aug | 14-Aug | 4-Sep | 8,316 | 8,316 | 2,210 |  |  | 6,106 |  |  |
| 1990 | 6-Jul | 15-Jul | 26-Jul | 3-Aug | 28-Aug | 14,927 | 14,927 | 3,302 |  |  | 11,625 |  |  |
| 1991 | 30-Jun | 17-Jul | 25-Jul | 7-Aug | 5-Sep | 50,135 | 50,135 | 3,552 |  |  | 46,583 |  |  |
| 1992 | 9-Jul | 18-Jul | 25-Jul | 3-Aug | 2-Sep | 59,907 | 59,907 | 3,694 |  |  | 56,213 |  |  |
| 1993 | 7-Jul | 10-Jul | 28-Jul | 10-Aug | 11-Sep | 53,362 | 51,610 | 4,506 | 1,752 |  | 47,104 | 1,030 | 46,074 |
| 1994 | 7-Jul | 14-Jul | 30-Jul | 9-Aug | 7-Sep | 46,363 | 39,511 | 3,378 | 6,852 |  | 36,133 | 6,172 | 29,961 |
| 1995 | 8-Jul | 9-Jul | 24-Jul | 12-Aug | 16-Sep | 42,317 | 31,577 | 4,902 | 10,740 |  | 26,675 | 10,084 | 16,591 |
| 1996 | 6-Jul | 14-Jul | 22-Jul | 04-Aug | 10-Sep | 52,500 | 38,161 | 4,402 | 14,339 |  | 33,759 | 3,936 | 29,823 |
| 1997 | 9-Jul | 15-Jul | 25-Jul | 26-Aug | 26-Sep | 12,483 | 12,105 | 2,294 |  | 378 | 9,811 | 1,982 | 7,829 |
| 1998 | 9-Jul | 11-Jul | 25-Jul | 26-Aug | 17-Sep | 12,658 | 12,268 | 3,099 |  | 390 | 9,169 | 616 | 8,553 |
| 1999 | 10-Jul | 19-Jul | 31-Jul | 13-Aug | 15-Sep | 10,748 | 10,319 | 2,870 |  | 429 | 7,449 | 497 | 6,952 |
| 2000 | 9-Jul | 21-Jul | 25-Jul | 03-Aug | 4-Sep | 6,076 | 5,670 | 1,717 |  | 406 | 3,953 | 801 | 3,152 |
| 2001 | 08-Jul | 19-Jul | 31-Jul | 09-Aug | 14-Sep | 14,811 | 14,761 | 2,386 |  | 50 | 12,375 | 4,900 | 7,475 |
| 2002 | 07-Jul | 12-Jul | 25-Jul | 08-Aug | 14-Sep | 17,740 | 17,340 | 3,051 |  | 400 | 11,169 | 3,799 | 7,370 |
| 2003 | 07-Jul | 11-Jul | 29-Jul | 08-Aug | 18-Sep | 53,933 | 53,533 | 3,946 |  | 400 | 49,587 | 21,694 | 27,893 |
| 2004 | 07-Jul | 12-Jul | 25-Jul | 10-Aug | 15-Sep | 63,372 | 62,952 | 4,243 |  | 420 | 58,709 | 29,994 | 28,715 |
| 2005 | 07-Jul | 11-Jul | 04-Aug | 25-Aug | 15-Sep | 43,446 | 43,046 | 3,424 |  | 400 | 39,622 | 16,420 | 23,202 |
| 2006 | 09-Jul | 12-Jul | 27-Jul | 20-Aug | 13-Sep | 53,855 | 53,455 | 3,403 |  | 400 | 50,052 | 24,126 | 25,926 |
| 2007 | 09-Jul | 20-Jul | 08-Aug | 19-Aug | 15-Sep | 21,074 | 20,874 | 2,839 |  | 200 | 18,035 | 7,673 | 10,362 |
| 2008 | 13-Jul | 21-Jul | 30-Jul | 10-Aug | 18-Sep | 10,516 | 10,416 | 2,364 |  | 100 | 8,052 | 4,143 | 3,909 |
| 2009 | 09-Jul | 13-Jul | 18-Jul | 04-Aug | 14-Sep | 30,673 | 30,324 | 3,011 |  | 349 | 27,313 | 4,041 | 23,272 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 59-08 | 09-Jul | 18-Jul | 30-Jul | 11-Aug | 06-Sep | 24,875 | 24,122 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 08-Jul | 15-Jul | 29-Jul | 12-Aug | 14-Sep | 29,557 | 29,237 | 3,024 |  | 321 | 25,900 | 14,496 | 11,405 |

Appendix B. 26. Estimates of sockeye salmon smolt migrating through Tahltan Lake smolt weir, 1984-2009.

| Year | 正 Installed | Date of Arrival |  |  | Total Count | Total Estimate | Date and Expansion | Smolt |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | First | 50\% | 90\% |  |  |  | Natural | Hatchery |
| 1984 | 10-May | 11-May | 23-May | 06-Jun |  | 218,702 |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 25-Apr | 23-May | 31-May | 28-May |  | 613,531 |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 08-May | 10-May | 31-May | 07-Jun |  | 244,330 |  |  |  |
| $1987{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 07-May | 15-May | 23-May | 24-May |  | 810,432 |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 01-May | 08-May | 20-May | 06-Jun |  | 1,170,136 |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 05-May | 08-May | 22-May | 06-Jun |  | 580,574 |  |  |  |
| $1990{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  | 15-May | 29-May | 05-Jun | 595,147 | 610,407 | 6/14 97.5\% |  |  |
| $1991{ }^{\text {c }}$ | 05-May | 14-May | 21-May | 30-May | 1,439,676 | 1,487,265 | 6/13 96.8\% | 1,220,397 | 266,868 |
| $1992{ }^{\text {d }}$ | 07-May | 13-May | 21-May | 27-May | 1,516,150 | 1,555,026 | 6/14 97.5\% | 750,702 | 804,324 |
| 1993 | 07-May | 11-May | 17-May | 22-May |  | 3,255,045 |  | 2,855,562 | 399,483 |
| 1994 | 08-May | 08-May | 16-May | 12-Jun |  | 915,119 |  | 620,809 | 294,310 |
| 1995 | 05-May | 06-May | 13-May | 11-Jun |  | 822,284 |  | 767,027 | 55,257 |
| 1996 | 11-May | 11-May | 20-May | 25-May |  | 1,559,236 |  | 1,408,020 | 151,216 |
| 1997 | 07-May | 11-May | 23-May | 30-May |  | 518,202 |  | 348,685 | 169,517 |
| 1998 | 07-May | 08-May | 25-May | 05-Jun |  | 540,866 |  | 326,420 | 214,446 |
| 1999 | 06-May | 10-May | 09-Jun | 15-Jun |  | 762,033 |  | 468,488 | 293,545 |
| 2000 | 07-May | 09-May | 22-May | 17-Jun |  | 619,274 |  | 355,618 | 263,656 |
| 2001 | 06-May | 07-May | 24-May | 18-Jun |  | 1,495,642 |  | 841,268 | 654,374 |
| 2002 | 06-May | 14-May | 27-May | 12-Jun |  | 1,873,598 |  | 1,042,435 | 831,163 |
| 2003 | 06-May | 11-May | 29-May | 06-Jun |  | 1,960,480 |  | 979,442 | 981,038 |
| 2004 | 06-May | 10-May | 21-May | 25-May |  | 2,116,701 |  | 825,513 | 1,291,188 |
| 2005 | 06-May | 07-May | 17-May | 25-May |  | 1,843,804 |  | 943,929 | 899,875 |
| 2006 | 06-May | 10-May | 25-May | 02-Jun |  | 2,195,266 |  | 1,773,062 | 422,204 |
| 2007 | 06-May | 16-May | 21-May | 28-May |  | 1,055,114 |  | 644,987 | 410,127 |
| 2008 | 06-May | 12-May | 23-May | 02-Jun |  | 1,402,995 |  | 870,295 | 532,700 |
| 2009 | 06-May | 14-May | 26-May | 01-Jun |  | 746,045 |  | 484,929 | 261,116 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 84-08 | 06-May | 11-May | 23-May | 03-Jun |  | 1,209,042 |  | 946,814 | 496,405 |
| 99-08 | 06-May | 10-May | 24-May | 05-Jun |  | 1,532,491 |  | 874,504 | 657,987 |

[^0]Appendix B. 27. Weir counts of Chinook salmon at Little Tahltan River, 1985-2009.

| Year | Weir Installed | Date of Arrival |  |  | Total Count | Broodstock and Other | Natural Spawners |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | First | 50\% | 90\% |  |  |  |
| Large Chinook |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 03-Jul | 04-Jul | 30-Jul | 06-Aug | 3,114 |  | 3,114 |
| 1986 | 28-Jun | 29-Jun | 21-Jul | 05-Aug | 2,891 |  | 2,891 |
| 1987 | 28-Jun | 04-Jul | 24-Jul | 02-Aug | 4,783 |  | 4,783 |
| 1988 | 26-Jun | 27-Jun | 18-Jul | 03-Aug | 7,292 |  | 7,292 |
| 1989 | 25-Jun | 26-Jun | 23-Jul | 02-Aug | 4,715 |  | 4,715 |
| 1990 | 22-Jun | 29-Jun | 23-Jul | 04-Aug | 4,392 |  | 4,392 |
| 1991 | 23-Jun | 25-Jun | 20-Jul | 03-Aug | 4,506 |  | 4,506 |
| 1992 | 24-Jun | 04-Jul | 21-Jul | 30-Jul | 6,627 | -12 | 6,615 |
| 1993 | 20-Jun | 21-Jun | 16-Jul | 28-Jul | 11,449 | -12 | 11,437 |
| 1994 | 18-Jun | 28-Jun | 22-Jul | 02-Aug | 6,387 | -14 | 6,373 |
| 1995 | 17-Jun | 20-Jun | 17-Jul | 04-Aug | 3,072 | 0 | 3,072 |
| 1996 | 17-Jun | 26-Jun | 16-Jul | 30-Jul | 4,821 | 0 | 4,821 |
| 1997 | 14-Jun | 22-Jun | 16-Jul | 29-Jul | 5,557 | -10 | 5,547 |
| 1998 | 13-Jun | 19-Jun | 14-Jul | 29-Jul | 4,879 | -6 | 4,873 |
| 1999 | 18-Jun | 27-Jun | 19-Jul | 1-Aug | 4,738 | -5 | 4,733 |
| 2000 | 19-Jun | 23-Jun | 21-Jul | 5-Aug | 6,640 | -9 | 6,631 |
| 2001 | 20-Jun | 23-Jun | 18-Jul | 2-Aug | 9,738 | -8 | 9,730 |
| 2002 | 20-Jun | 23-Jun | 18-Jul | 27-Jul | 7,490 | -14 | 7,476 |
| 2003 | 20-Jun | 20-Jun | 19-Jul | 6-Aug | 6,492 | 0 | 6,492 |
| 2004 | 18-Jun | 19-Jun | 20-Jul | 31-Jul | 16,381 | 0 | 16,381 |
| 2005 | 19-Jun | 21-Jun | 22-Jul | 4-Aug | 7,387 | 0 | 7,387 |
| 2006 | 20-Jun | 26-Jun | 21-Jul | 29-Jul | 3,860 | 0 | 3,860 |
| 2007 | 4-Jul | 10-Jul | 29-Jul | 4-Aug | 562 | 0 | 562 |
| 2008 | 19-Jun | 6-Jul | 26-Jul | 4-Aug | 2,663 | 0 | 2,663 |
| 2009 | 19-Jun | 3-Jul | 19-Jul | 4-Aug | 2,245 | 0 | 2,245 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-08 | 21-Jun | 26-Jun | 20-Jul | 01-Aug | 5,852 |  | 5,848 |
| 98-08 | 20-Jun | 25-Jun | 21-Jul | 02-Aug | 6,595 | -4 | 6,592 |


| non-largeChinook ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1985 | 03-Jul | 04-Jul | 31-Jul | 10-Aug | 316 | 3,430 |
| 1986 | 28-Jun | 03-Jul | 25-Jul | 06-Aug | 572 | 3,463 |
| 1987 | 28-Jun | 03-Jul | 26-Jul | 06-Aug | 365 | 5,148 |
| 1988 | 26-Jun | 27-Jun | 17-Jul | 02-Aug | 327 | 7,619 |
| 1989 | 25-Jun | 26-Jun | 23-Jul | 02-Aug | 199 | 4,914 |
| 1990 | 22-Jun | 05-Jul | 22-Jul | 30-Jul | 417 | 4,809 |
| 1991 | 23-Jun | 03-Jul | 24-Jul | 07-Aug | 313 | 4,819 |
| 1992 | 24-Jun | 12-Jul | 22-Jul | 30-Jul | 131 | 6,758 |
| 1993 | 20-Jun | 30-Jun | 14-Jul | 01-Aug | 60 | 11,509 |
| 1994 | 18-Jun | 02-Jul | 22-Jul | 05-Aug | 121 | 6,508 |
| 1995 | 17-Jun | 22-Jun | 28-Jul | 10-Aug | 135 | 3,207 |
| 1996 | 17-Jun | 12-Jul | 25-Jul | 05-Aug | 22 | 4,843 |
| 1997 | 14-Jun | 26-Jun | 21-Jul | 1-Aug | 54 | 5,611 |
| 1998 | 13-Jun | 26-Jun | 20-Jul | 7-Aug | 37 | 4,916 |
| 1999 | 18-Jun | 1-Jul | 23-Jul | 6-Aug | 202 | 4,940 |
| 2000 | 19-Jun | 23-Jun | 20-Jul | 5-Aug | 108 | 6,748 |
| 2001 | 20-Jun | 23-Jun | 27-Jul | 3-Aug | 269 | 10,007 |
| 2002 | 20-Jun | 26-Jun | 21-Jul | 7-Aug | 618 | 8,108 |
| 2003 | 20-Jun | 30-Jun | 21-Jul | 5-Aug | 334 | 6,826 |
| 2004 | 18-Jun | 21-Jun | 19-Jul | 31-Jul | 250 | 16,631 |
| 2005 | 19-Jun | 29-Jun | 23-Jul | 4-Aug | 231 | 7,618 |
| 2006 | 20-Jun | 7-Jul | 23-Jul | 5-Aug | 93 | 3,953 |
| 2007 | 04-Jul | 15-Jul | 29-Jul | 1-Aug | 12 | 574 |
| 2008 | 19-Jun | 14-Jul | 25-Jul | 29-Jul | 139 | 2,802 |
| 2009 | 19-Jun | 9-Jul | 19-Jul | 4-Aug | 99 | 2,344 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-08 | 21-Jun | 01-Jul | 22-Jul | 03-Aug | 222 | 6,073 |
| 98-08 | 20-Jun | 30-Jun | 23-Jul | 03-Aug | 226 | 6,821 |

Appendix C. 1. Chinook salmon harvest in the commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2009.

|  | D111 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Total | nonlarge | large |
| 20 | 613 | 77 | 536 |
| 21 | 290 | 37 | 253 |
| 22 | 1,627 | 205 | 1,422 |
| 23 | 1,909 | 206 | 1,703 |
| 24 | 858 | 69 | 789 |
| 25 | 0 |  |  |
| 26 | 685 | 259 | 426 |
| 27 | 417 | 156 | 261 |
| 28 | 160 | 46 | 114 |
| 29 | 151 | 30 | 121 |
| 30 | 44 | 11 | 33 |
| 31 | 23 | 1 | 22 |
| 32 | 15 | 9 | 6 |
| 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 35 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 36 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 38 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $40-42$ | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Total | 6,800 | 1,106 | 5,694 |

Appendix C. 2. Chinook salmon mark-recapture estimates of above border run and harvest in the Canadian fisheries in the Taku River, 2009.

| Week | Above <br> Border Run | Commercial |  | Test fishery |  | Aboriginal |  | Rec | Total large Above Border |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Large | non-large | Large | non-large | Large | non-large |  | Harvest | Escapement |
| 18 |  | 86 | 3 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 86 |  |
| 19 | 1,109 | 589 | 29 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 589 |  |
| 20 | 7,685 | 1781 | 107 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 1,781 |  |
| 21 | 13,672 | 1452 | 178 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 1,452 |  |
| 22 | 22,744 | 657 | 103 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 657 |  |
| 23 | 22,828 | 789 | 131 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 789 |  |
| 24 | 23,250 | 243 | 48 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 243 |  |
| 25 | 24,511 | 364 | 55 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 364 |  |
| 26 | 23,902 | 474 | 305 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 474 |  |
| 27 | 24,396 | 209 | 114 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 209 |  |
| 28 | 24,627 | 68 | 35 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 68 |  |
| 29 | 24,150 | 44 | 23 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 44 |  |
| 30 | 23,587 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| 31 |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 0 |  |
| 32 |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| Postseason estimate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 30,934 | 6,759 | 1,137 | 0 | 0 | 172 |  | 105 | 7,036 | 22,761 |

Appendix C. 3. Weekly sockeye salmon harvest of Alaskan D111 traditional and terminal common property commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2009.

| Week D11 Total |  | Traditional Stat Area specific harvests |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { Terminal }}{111-(33-35)}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 111-32 | 111-31/90 | 111-20 | 111-34 |  |  |
| 20 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | 12 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 50 | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 4,045 | 4,032 | 13 |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | 3,704 | 3,437 | 267 |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | 6,704 | 5,398 | 1,306 |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | 13,830 | 8,451 | 5,379 |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | 11,242 | 7,284 | 3,958 |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | 11,316 | 8,893 | 2,423 |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | 6,398 | 5,076 | 1,322 |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | 2,924 | 1,635 | 1,289 |  |  |  |  |
| 34 | 840 | 701 | 139 |  |  |  |  |
| 35 | 456 | 428 | 28 |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | 415 | 382 | 33 |  |  |  |  |
| 37 | 90 | 88 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | 32 | 32 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | 8 | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40-42 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 62,070 | 45,911 | 16,159 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |

Appendix C. 4. Estimates of wild and enhanced sockeye salmon stock harvested in the Alaskan District 111 traditional commercial drift gillnet fishery by week, 2009.

| Week | Taku harvest proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total <br> Taku | Wild |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { Enhanced } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Stikine <br> Enhanced | Total 'nhanced | Total wild |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kuthai | King Salmon | Mainstem | Little Trapper |  | Tatsamenie |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Wild | Enhanced | Wild | Enhanced |  | Crescent | Speel | Snett. |  |  |  |  |
| 21-24 | 0.307 | 0.000 | 0.479 | 0.000 |  | 0.116 | 0.000 | 0.902 | 0.000 | 0.098 | 0.098 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.999 |
| 26 | 0.307 | 0.000 | 0.479 | 0.000 |  | 0.116 | 0.000 | 0.902 | 0.000 | 0.098 | 0.098 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.999 |
| 27 | 0.069 | 0.000 | 0.460 | 0.054 |  | 0.132 | 0.000 | 0.715 | 0.000 | 0.231 | 0.231 | 0.033 | 0.021 | 0.053 | 0.947 |
| 28 | 0.017 | 0.000 | 0.474 | 0.065 |  | 0.127 | 0.002 | 0.685 | 0.042 | 0.214 | 0.257 | 0.057 | 0.002 | 0.060 | 0.940 |
| 29 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.290 | 0.149 |  | 0.112 | 0.005 | 0.557 | 0.077 | 0.056 | 0.132 | 0.307 | 0.003 | 0.316 | 0.684 |
| 30 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.424 | 0.018 |  | 0.100 | 0.008 | 0.550 | 0.000 | 0.108 | 0.108 | 0.342 | 0.000 | 0.350 | 0.650 |
| 31 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.295 | 0.143 |  | 0.090 | 0.002 | 0.531 | 0.127 | 0.030 | 0.157 | 0.312 | 0.000 | 0.314 | 0.686 |
| 32 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.202 | 0.101 |  | 0.113 | 0.004 | 0.420 | 0.036 | 0.041 | 0.077 | 0.500 | 0.002 | 0.507 | 0.493 |
| 33 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.215 | 0.050 |  | 0.118 | 0.003 | 0.385 | 0.035 | 0.044 | 0.079 | 0.536 | 0.000 | 0.539 | 0.461 |
| 34 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.215 | 0.050 |  | 0.118 | 0.003 | 0.385 | 0.035 | 0.044 | 0.079 | 0.536 | 0.000 | 0.539 | 0.461 |
| 35 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.215 | 0.050 |  | 0.118 | 0.003 | 0.385 | 0.035 | 0.044 | 0.079 | 0.536 | 0.000 | 0.539 | 0.461 |
| 36 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.215 | 0.050 |  | 0.118 | 0.003 | 0.385 | 0.035 | 0.044 | 0.079 | 0.536 | 0.000 | 0.539 | 0.461 |
| 37 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.215 | 0.050 |  | 0.118 | 0.003 | 0.385 | 0.035 | 0.044 | 0.079 | 0.536 | 0.000 | 0.539 | 0.461 |
| 38 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.215 | 0.050 |  | 0.118 | 0.003 | 0.385 | 0.035 | 0.044 | 0.079 | 0.536 | 0.000 | 0.539 | 0.461 |
| 39 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.215 | 0.050 |  | 0.118 | 0.003 | 0.385 | 0.035 | 0.044 | 0.079 | 0.536 | 0.000 | 0.539 | 0.461 |
| 40 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.215 | 0.050 |  | 0.118 | 0.003 | 0.385 | 0.035 | 0.044 | 0.079 | 0.536 | 0.000 | 0.539 | 0.461 |
| 41 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.215 | 0.050 |  | 0.118 | 0.003 | 0.385 | 0.035 | 0.044 | 0.079 | 0.536 | 0.000 | 0.539 | 0.461 |
| Total | 0.026 | 0.000 | 0.343 | 0.087 | 0.000 | 0.109 | 0.004 | 0.570 | 0.051 | 0.088 | 0.140 | 0.288 | 0.002 | 0.294 | 0.706 |
| 21-24 | 20 | 0 | 32 | 0 |  | 8 | 0 | 60 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 66 |
| 26 | 1,243 | 0 | 1,938 | 0 |  | 467 | 0 | 3,648 | 0 | 395 | 395 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 4,043 |
| 27 | 257 | 0 | 1,705 | 199 |  | 488 | 0 | 2,649 | 0 | 857 | 857 | 121 | 76 | 197 | 3,507 |
| 28 | 116 | 0 | 3,178 | 435 |  | 851 | 10 | 4,590 | 284 | 1,436 | 1,720 | 384 | 10 | 405 | 6,299 |
| 29 | 0 | 0 | 4,016 | 2,067 |  | 1,548 | 71 | 7,702 | 1,062 | 771 | 1,832 | 4,248 | 47 | 4,367 | 9,463 |
| 30 | 0 | 0 | 4,762 | 204 |  | 1,125 | 94 | 6,184 | 0 | 1,212 | 1,212 | 3,845 | 0 | 3,939 | 7,303 |
| 31 | 0 | 0 | 3,333 | 1,624 |  | 1,023 | 24 | 6,004 | 1,438 | 341 | 1,778 | 3,534 | 0 | 3,558 | 7,758 |
| 32 | 0 | 0 | 1,290 | 647 |  | 726 | 27 | 2,689 | 231 | 264 | 494 | 3,201 | 13 | 3,241 | 3,157 |
| 33 | 0 | 0 | 627 | 146 |  | 344 | 9 | 1,126 | 103 | 129 | 232 | 1,566 | 0 | 1,575 | 1,349 |
| 34 | 0 | 0 | 180 | 42 |  | 99 | 2 | 323 | 30 | 37 | 67 | 450 | 0 | 452 | 388 |
| 35 | 0 | 0 | 98 | 23 |  | 54 | 1 | 176 | 16 | 20 | 36 | 244 | 0 | 246 | 210 |
| 36 | 0 | 0 | 89 | 21 |  | 49 | 1 | 160 | 15 | 18 | 33 | 222 | 0 | 224 | 191 |
| 37 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 4 |  | 11 | 0 | 35 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 48 | 0 | 48 | 42 |
| 38 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 2 |  | 4 | 0 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 17 | 0 | 17 | 15 |
| 39 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |  | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 1,636 | 0 | 21,275 | 5,414 |  | 6,796 | 240 | 35,361 | 3,182 | 5,492 | 8,674 | 17,888 | 148 | 18,275 | 43,795 |

Appendix C. 5. Weekly sockeye salmon mark-recapture estimates of above border run and harvest in the Canadian fisheries in the Taku River, 2009.

|  | Above <br> Border <br> Run |  |  | Above <br> Border |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Weemmercial | Test | Aboriginal Escapement |  |  |

Appendix C. 6. Estimates of wild and enhanced sockeye salmon stock harvested in the Canadian commercial fishery in the Taku River by week, 2009.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enhanced estimates based on harvest expanations of thermally marked fish. Does not inlcude Port Snettisham harvests. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Little T | rapper | Tats | enie | Stikine | US | Taku |
| Week | Kuthai | King Salmon | Mainstem | Wild | Enhanced | Wild | Enhanced | Enhanced | Enhanced | Wild |
| 22-24 | 0.675 | 0.000 | 0.192 | 0.127 |  | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.000 |  | 1.000 |
| 25 | 0.675 | 0.000 | 0.192 | 0.127 |  | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.000 |  | 1.000 |
| 26 | 0.675 | 0.000 | 0.192 | 0.127 |  | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.000 |  | 1.000 |
| 27 | 0.159 | 0.000 | 0.187 | 0.580 |  | 0.073 | 0.000 | 0.001 |  | 0.999 |
| 28 | 0.141 | 0.000 | 0.096 | 0.664 |  | 0.097 | 0.000 | 0.001 |  | 0.999 |
| 29 | 0.115 | 0.000 | 0.215 | 0.536 |  | 0.113 | 0.011 | 0.011 |  | 0.978 |
| 30 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.292 | 0.424 |  | 0.273 | 0.011 | 0.000 |  | 0.989 |
| 31 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.478 | 0.383 |  | 0.107 | 0.032 | 0.000 |  | 0.968 |
| 32 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.362 | 0.346 |  | 0.292 | 0.000 | 0.000 |  | 1.000 |
| 33 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.319 | 0.447 |  | 0.235 | 0.000 | 0.000 |  | 1.000 |
| 34 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.722 | 0.009 |  | 0.234 | 0.035 | 0.000 |  | 0.965 |
| 35 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.722 | 0.009 |  | 0.234 | 0.035 | 0.000 |  | 0.965 |
| 36 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.722 | 0.009 |  | 0.234 | 0.035 | 0.000 |  | 0.965 |
| 37 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.722 | 0.009 |  | 0.234 | 0.035 | 0.000 |  | 0.965 |
| 38 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.722 | 0.009 |  | 0.234 | 0.035 | 0.000 |  | 0.965 |
| Total | 0.155 | 0.000 | 0.276 | 0.414 | 0.000 | 0.145 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.000 | 0.991 |
| 22-24 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| 25 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| 26 | 1,021 | 0 | 290 | 191 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,512 |
| 27 | 283 | 0 | 332 | 1,031 | 0 | 130 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1,775 |
| 28 | 145 | 0 | 99 | 685 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1,030 |
| 29 | 241 | 0 | 449 | 1,121 | 0 | 236 | 23 | 23 | 0 | 2,049 |
| 30 | 0 | 0 | 339 | 492 | 0 | 317 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 1,149 |
| 31 | 0 | 0 | 333 | 267 | 0 | 75 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 675 |
| 32 | 0 | 0 | 560 | 535 | 0 | 453 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,548 |
| 33 | 0 | 0 | 156 | 219 | 0 | 115 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 489 |
| 34 | 0 | 0 | 314 | 4 | 0 | 102 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 420 |
| 35 | 0 | 0 | 72 | 1 | 0 | 23 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 97 |
| 36 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 1 | 0 | 19 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 77 |
| 37 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 37 |
| 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 1,703 | 0 | 3,035 | 4,549 | 0 | 1,588 | 80 | 25 | 0 | 10,876 |

Appendix C. 7. Weekly coho salmon harvest in the Alaskan District 111 and StatArea 111-32 (Taku Inlet), commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2009

|  | D111 |  |  |  | $111-32$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Total | Hatchery | Wild |  |  |
| 25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 16 | 0 | 16 |  | 16 |
| 27 | 118 | 0 | 118 |  | 106 |
| 28 | 316 | 0 | 316 |  | 212 |
| 29 | 2,101 | 0 | 2,101 |  | 532 |
| 30 | 1,945 | 0 | 1,945 |  | 1,114 |
| 31 | 946 | 0 | 946 |  | 801 |
| 32 | 974 | 0 | 974 | 877 |  |
| 33 | 716 | 0 | 716 | 589 |  |
| 34 | 959 | 0 | 959 | 906 |  |
| 35 | 4,297 | 33 | 4,264 | 3,924 |  |
| 36 | 12,522 | 0 | 12,522 | 11,652 |  |
| 37 | 4,809 | 0 | 4,809 |  | 4,662 |
| 38 | 3,786 | 0 | 3,786 |  | 3,640 |
| 39 | 1,929 | 0 | 1,929 |  | 1,929 |
| $40-42$ | 1,181 | 0 | 1,181 |  | 1,181 |
| Total | 36,615 | 33 | 36,582 | 32,141 |  |

Appendix C. 8. Weekly coho salmon mark-recapture estimates of above border run and harvest in the Canadian fisheries in the Taku River, 2009.

| Week | Above border <br> Run | Harvest |  |  |  | Above border <br> Escapement |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Commercial | Aboriginal | Rec | Test |  |
| 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |
| 28 |  | 29 |  |  |  |  |
| 29 |  | 214 |  |  |  |  |
| 30 |  | 398 |  |  |  |  |
| 31 |  | 365 |  |  |  |  |
| 32 |  | 787 |  |  |  |  |
| 33 |  | 578 |  |  |  |  |
| 34 |  | 1,244 |  |  |  |  |
| 35 |  | 563 |  |  | 491 |  |
| 36 |  | 966 |  |  | 672 |  |
| 37 |  | 455 |  |  | 600 |  |
| 38 |  | 33 |  |  | 672 |  |
| 39 |  |  |  |  | 459 |  |
| 40 |  | 6 |  |  | 668 |  |
| 41 | 113,716 | 3 |  |  | 401 |  |
| Before SW34 |  | 2,379 |  |  | 3,963 |  |
| SW34 to end |  | 3,270 |  |  |  |  |
| Postseason Estima | 113,716 | 5,649 | 154 | 0 | 3,963 | 103,950 |

Appendix C. 9. Weekly effort in the Alaskan District 111 and StatArea 111-32 (Taku Inlet), commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2009.

| Week | Start <br> Date | D111 |  |  | D111-32 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Boats | Days <br> Open | Boat <br> Days | Boats | Days <br> Open | Boat <br> Days |
| 20 | 10-May | 45 | 1 | 45 | 45 | 1 | 45 |
| 21 | 17-May | 43 | 1 | 43 | 40 | 1 | 40 |
| 22 | 24-May | 55 | 2 | 110 | 55 | 2 | 110 |
| 23 | 31-May | 64 | 2 | 128 | 64 | 2 | 128 |
| 24 | 7-Jun | 64 | 1 | 64 | 63 | 1 | 63 |
| 25 | 14-Jun |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 21-Jun | 59 | 3.0 | 177 | 59 | 3 | 177 |
| 27 | 28-Jun | 56 | 3.0 | 168 | 55 | 3 | 165 |
| 28 | 5-Jul | 100 | 3.0 | 300 | 96 | 2 | 192 |
| 29 | 12-Jul | 158 | 3.0 | 474 | 129 | 2 | 258 |
| 30 | 19-Jul | 179 | 3.0 | 537 | 110 | 2 | 220 |
| 31 | 26-Jul | 89 | 3.0 | 267 | 75 | 2 | 150 |
| 32 | 2-Aug | 79 | 3.0 | 237 | 68 | 2 | 136 |
| 33 | 9-Aug | 59 | 2.0 | 118 | 44 | 2 | 88 |
| 34 | 16-Aug | 17 | 2.0 | 34 | 15 | 2 | 30 |
| 35 | 23-Aug | 46 | 3.0 | 138 | 44 | 3 | 132 |
| 36 | 30-Aug | 54 | 3.0 | 162 | 54 | 3 | 162 |
| 37 | 6-Sep | 55 | 4.0 | 220 | 53 | 4 | 212 |
| 38 | 13-Sep | 28 | 4.0 | 112 | 28 | 4 | 112 |
| 39 | 20-Sep | 16 | 4.0 | 64 | 16 | 4 | 64 |
| 40 | 27-Sep | 9 | 4.0 | 36 | 9 | 4 | 36 |
| 41 | 4-Oct | 1 | 4.0 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| 42 | 11-Oct | 0 | 4.0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Total |  |  | 62.0 | 3,438 |  | 57.0 | 2,524 |

Appendix C. 10. Weekly effort in the Canadian commercial and assessment fisheries in the Taku River, 2009.

| Week | Commercial |  |  |  | Test |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Start | Average | Days |  | Average | Days |  |
|  | Date | Permits | Fished | Days | Permits | Fished | Days |
| 18 | 26-Apr | 2.25 | 4.00 | 9.00 |  |  |  |
| 19 | 3-May | 3.00 | 7.00 | 21.00 |  |  |  |
| 20 | 10-May | 4.67 | 6.00 | 28.02 |  |  |  |
| 21 | 17-May | 5.83 | 6.00 | 34.98 |  |  |  |
| 22 | 24-May | 4.71 | 7.00 | 32.97 |  |  |  |
| 23 | 31-May | 6.75 | 4.00 | 27.00 |  |  |  |
| 24 | 7-Jun | 4.00 | 7.00 | 28.00 |  |  |  |
| 25 | 14-Jun | 9.50 | 2.00 | 19.00 |  |  |  |
| 26 | 21-Jun | 9.33 | 3.00 | 27.99 |  |  |  |
| 27 | 28-Jun | 9.67 | 3.00 | 29.01 |  |  |  |
| 28 | $5-\mathrm{Jul}$ | 7.50 | 4.00 | 30.00 |  |  |  |
| 29 | 12-Jul | 7.20 | 5.00 | 36.00 |  |  |  |
| 30 | 19-Jul | 4.86 | 7.00 | 34.02 |  |  |  |
| 31 | 26-Jul | 6.00 | 2.00 | 12.00 |  |  |  |
| 32 | 2-Aug | 8.00 | 2.00 | 16.00 |  |  |  |
| 33 | 9-Aug | 7.00 | 2.00 | 14.00 |  |  |  |
| 34 | 16-Aug | 4.33 | 6.00 | 25.98 |  |  |  |
| 35 | 23-Aug | 1.67 | 6.00 | 10.02 |  | 7 | 11.0 |
| 36 | 30-Aug | 1.86 | 7.00 | 13.02 |  | 7 | 11.0 |
| 37 | 6-Sep | 1.60 | 5.00 | 8.00 |  | 7 | 13.0 |
| 38 | 13-Sep | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 4 | 10.0 |
| 39 | $20-\mathrm{Sep}$ |  |  |  |  | 7 | 19.0 |
| 40 | 27-Sep | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 5 | 11.0 |
| 41 | 4-Oct | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 5 | 13.0 |
| Total |  |  | 98 | 459 |  |  | 88 |

Appendix C. 11. Daily counts of adult sockeye salmon passing through Tatsamenie weir, 2009.


Appendix C. 12. Daily counts of adult sockeye salmon passing through Little Trapper Lake weir, 2009.

| Date | Count ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Cumulative |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Percent |  |
| 21-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |
| 22-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |
| 23-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |
| 24-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |
| 25-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |
| 26-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |
| 27-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |
| 28-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |
| 29-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |
| 30-Jul | 13 | 13 | 0.2 |  |
| 31-Jul | 36 | 49 | 0.9 |  |
| 1-Aug | 108 | 157 | 2.8 |  |
| 2-Aug | 76 | 233 | 4.2 |  |
| 3-Aug | 42 | 275 | 5.0 |  |
| 4-Aug | 41 | 316 | 5.7 |  |
| 5-Aug | 155 | 471 | 8.5 |  |
| 6-Aug | 194 | 665 | 12.0 |  |
| 7-Aug | 92 | 757 | 13.6 |  |
| 8-Aug | 343 | 1,100 | 19.8 |  |
| 9-Aug | 397 | 1,497 | 27.0 |  |
| 10-Aug | 471 | 1,968 | 35.4 |  |
| 11-Aug | 416 | 2,384 | 42.9 |  |
| 12-Aug | 649 | 3,033 | 54.6 |  |
| 13-Aug | 519 | 3,552 | 64.0 |  |
| 14-Aug | 442 | 3,994 | 71.9 |  |
| 15-Aug | 259 | 4,253 | 76.6 |  |
| 16-Aug | 335 | 4,588 | 82.6 |  |
| 17-Aug | 231 | 4,819 | 86.8 |  |
| 18-Aug | 137 | 4,956 | 89.3 |  |
| 19-Aug | 60 | 5,016 | 90.3 |  |
| 20-Aug | 78 | 5,094 | 91.8 |  |
| 21-Aug | 41 | 5,135 | 92.5 |  |
| 22-Aug | 48 | 5,183 | 93.4 |  |
| 23-Aug | 47 | 5,230 | 94.2 |  |
| 24-Aug | 53 | 5,283 | 95.2 |  |
| 25-Aug | 22 | 5,305 | 95.6 |  |
| 26-Aug | 26 | 5,331 | 96.0 |  |
| 27-Aug | 10 | 5,341 | 96.2 |  |
| 28-Aug | 51 | 5,392 | 97.1 |  |
| 29-Aug | 5 | 5,397 | 97.2 |  |
| 30-Aug | 33 | 5,430 | 97.8 |  |
| 31-Aug | 13 | 5,443 | 98.0 |  |
| 1-Sep | 48 | 5,491 | 98.9 |  |
| 2-Sep | 34 | 5,525 | 99.5 |  |
| 3-Sep | 10 | 5,535 | 99.7 |  |
| 4-Sep | 6 | 5,541 | 99.8 |  |
| 5-Sep | 4 | 5,545 | 99.9 |  |
| 6-Sep | 0 | 5,545 | 99.9 |  |
| 7-Sep | 4 | 5,549 | 99.9 |  |
| 8-Sep | 3 | 5,552 | 100.0 |  |
| 9-Sep | 0 | 5,552 | 100.0 |  |
| 10-Sep | 0 | 5,552 | 100.0 |  |
| 11-Sep ----Weir Removed---- |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total | Wild | TMR |
| Holding below weir |  |  |  |  |
| Escapement to lake |  | 5,552 |  |  |
| Outlet spawners |  |  |  |  |
| otoltih samples |  | 0 |  |  |
| Broodstock a |  | -109 |  |  |
| Spawners |  | 5,443 |  |  |

Appendix C. 13. Daily counts of adult sockeye salmon passing through the King Salmon Lake weir, 2009.

| Date | Count | Cumulative |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Percent |
| 4-Jul |  |  |  |
| 5-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 6-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 7-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 8-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 9-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 10-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 11-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 12-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 13-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 14-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 15-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 16-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 17-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 18-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 19-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 20-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 21-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 22-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 23-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 24-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 25-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 26-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 27-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 28-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 29-Jul | 1 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 30-Jul | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 31-Jul | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 1-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 2-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 3-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 4-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 5-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 6-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 7-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 8-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 9-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 10-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 11-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 12-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 13-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 14-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 15-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 16-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 17-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 18-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 19-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 20-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 21-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 22-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 23-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 24-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 25-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 26-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 27-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 28-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1.8 |
| 29-Aug | 54 | 55 | 100.0 |
| Total | 55 |  |  |

Appendix C. 14. Daily counts of adult sockeye salmon passing through the Kuthai Lake weir, 2009.

| Date | Count | Cumulative |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Percent |
| 3-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 4-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 5-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 6-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 7-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 8-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 9-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 10-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 11-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 12-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 13-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 14-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 15-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 16-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 17-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 18-Jul |  | 0 | 0.0 |
| 19-Jul | 408 | 408 | 28.3 |
| 20-Jul | 47 | 455 | 31.6 |
| 21-Jul | 68 | 523 | 36.3 |
| 22-Jul | 0 | 523 | 36.3 |
| 23-Jul | 152 | 675 | 46.8 |
| 24-Jul | 18 | 693 | 48.1 |
| 25-Jul | 77 | 770 | 53.4 |
| 26-Jul | 86 | 856 | 59.4 |
| 27-Jul | 64 | 920 | 63.8 |
| 28-Jul | 0 | 920 | 63.8 |
| 29-Jul | 51 | 971 | 67.3 |
| 30-Jul | 0 | 971 | 67.3 |
| 31-Jul | 0 | 971 | 67.3 |
| 1-Aug | 0 | 971 | 67.3 |
| 2-Aug | 0 | 971 | 67.3 |
| 3-Aug | 0 | 971 | 67.3 |
| 4-Aug | 34 | 1,005 | 69.7 |
| 5-Aug | 45 | 1,050 | 72.8 |
| 6-Aug | 48 | 1,098 | 76.1 |
| 7-Aug | 11 | 1,109 | 76.9 |
| 8-Aug | 4 | 1,113 | 77.2 |
| 9-Aug | 0 | 1,113 | 77.2 |
| 10-Aug | 0 | 1,113 | 77.2 |
| 11-Aug | 0 | 1,113 | 77.2 |
| 12-Aug | 8 | 1,121 | 77.7 |
| 13-Aug | 0 | 1,121 | 77.7 |
| 14-Aug | 0 | 1,121 | 77.7 |
| 15-Aug | 17 | 1,138 | 78.9 |
| 16-Aug | 0 | 1,138 | 78.9 |
| 17-Aug | 0 | 1,138 | 78.9 |
| 18-Aug | 0 | 1,138 | 78.9 |
| 19-Aug | 0 | 1,138 | 78.9 |
| 20-Aug | 0 | 1,138 | 78.9 |
| 21-Aug | 19 | 1,157 | 80.2 |
| 22-Aug | 108 | 1,265 | 87.7 |
| 23-Aug | 57 | 1,322 | 91.7 |
| 24-Aug | 2 | 1,324 | 91.8 |
| 25-Aug | 2 | 1,326 | 92.0 |
| 26-Aug | 0 | 1,326 | 92.0 |
| 27-Aug | 21 | 1,347 | 93.4 |
| 28-Aug | 69 | 1,416 | 98.2 |
| 29-Aug | 6 | 1,422 | 98.6 |
| 30-Aug | 20 | 1,442 | 100.0 |
| 31-Aug Weir removed |  |  |  |
| Total count |  | 1,442 |  |
| Harvest above weir |  | 0 |  |
| Escapement |  | 1,442 |  |

Appendix C. 15. Daily counts of large Chinook salmon carcasses at the Nakina River weir, 2009.


Appendix D. 1. All historic harvest and effort of salmon in the D11 gillnet fishery and the annual harvest of personal use coho salmon, 1960-2009.

| These estimates include traditional and common proporty terminal harvest in D11. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Coho PU |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Boat Day | Days open |  |
| 1960 | 8,810 | 42,819 | 22,374 | 33,155 | 41,852 |  | 60 |  |
| 1961 | 7,434 | 45,981 | 15,486 | 41,455 | 24,433 |  | 62 |  |
| 1962 | 5,931 | 36,745 | 15,661 | 17,280 | 20,635 |  | 52 |  |
| 1963 | 2,652 | 24,119 | 10,855 | 21,692 | 20,114 |  | 54 |  |
| 1964 | 2,509 | 34,140 | 29,315 | 26,593 | 12,853 |  | 56 |  |
| 1965 | 4,170 | 27,569 | 32,667 | 2,768 | 11,533 |  | 63 |  |
| 1966 | 4,829 | 33,925 | 26,065 | 23,833 | 35,133 |  | 64 |  |
| 1967 | 5,417 | 17,735 | 40,391 | 12,372 | 22,834 |  | 53 | 221 |
| 1968 | 4,904 | 19,501 | 39,103 | 67,365 | 21,890 |  | 60 | 196 |
| 1969 | 6,986 | 41,222 | 10,802 | 74,178 | 15,046 | 1,518 | 42 | 8 |
| 1970 | 3,357 | 50,862 | 44,569 | 196,237 | 110,621 | 2,688 | 53 | 0 |
| 1971 | 6,945 | 66,261 | 41,588 | 31,296 | 90,964 | 3,053 | 55 | 0 |
| 1972 | 10,949 | 80,911 | 49,609 | 144,237 | 148,432 | 3,103 | 51 | 0 |
| 1973 | 9,799 | 85,402 | 35,453 | 58,186 | 109,245 | 3,286 | 41 | 0 |
| 1974 | 2,908 | 38,726 | 38,667 | 57,820 | 86,692 | 2,315 | 30 | 0 |
| 1975 | 2,182 | 32,550 | 1,185 | 9,567 | 2,678 | 1,084 | 16 | 0 |
| 1976 | 1,757 | 62,174 | 41,664 | 14,977 | 81,972 | 1,914 | 25 | 4 |
| 1977 | 1,068 | 72,030 | 54,929 | 88,904 | 60,964 | 2,258 | 27 |  |
| 1978 | 1,926 | 55,398 | 31,944 | 51,385 | 36,254 | 2,174 | 26 |  |
| 1979 | 3,701 | 122,148 | 16,194 | 152,836 | 61,194 | 2,269 | 29 |  |
| 1980 | 2,251 | 123,451 | 41,677 | 296,622 | 192,793 | 4,123 | 31 |  |
| 1981 | 1,721 | 49,942 | 26,711 | 254,856 | 76,438 | 2,687 | 30 |  |
| 1982 | 3,014 | 83,722 | 29,073 | 109,270 | 37,584 | 2,433 | 36 |  |
| 1983 | 888 | 31,821 | 21,455 | 66,239 | 15,264 | 1,274 | 33 |  |
| 1984 | 1,773 | 77,233 | 33,836 | 145,971 | 86,764 | 2,757 | 53 |  |
| 1985 | 2,632 | 88,093 | 55,518 | 311,305 | 106,900 | 3,264 | 48 | 35 |
| 1986 | 2,584 | 73,061 | 30,512 | 16,568 | 58,792 | 2,129 | 33 |  |
| 1987 | 2,076 | 75,212 | 35,219 | 363,439 | 121,660 | 2,514 | 35 |  |
| 1988 | 1,777 | 38,901 | 44,818 | 157,732 | 140,038 | 2,135 | 32 |  |
| 1989 | 1,811 | 74,019 | 51,812 | 180,639 | 36,979 | 2,333 | 41 | 57 |
| 1990 | 3,480 | 126,884 | 67,530 | 153,126 | 145,799 | 3,188 | 38 | 103 |
| 1991 | 3,214 | 109,471 | 126,576 | 74,170 | 160,422 | 4,145 | 57 | 86 |
| 1992 | 2,341 | 135,411 | 172,662 | 314,445 | 112,527 | 4,550 | 50 | 88 |
| 1993 | 7,159 | 171,427 | 65,539 | 29,216 | 167,902 | 3,827 | 43 | 25 |
| 1994 | 5,047 | 106,318 | 188,682 | 410,467 | 214,243 | 5,078 | 66 | 93 |
| 1995 | 4,660 | 104,064 | 83,609 | 41,513 | 350,033 | 4,034 | 49 | 97 |
| 1996 | 2,659 | 201,853 | 33,650 | 12,675 | 365,813 | 3,229 | 46 | 67 |
| 1997 | 2,805 | 143,009 | 32,364 | 51,483 | 176,913 | 2,107 | 33 | 27 |
| 1998 | 794 | 101,702 | 28,713 | 168,738 | 296,121 | 3,070 | 48 | 86 |
| 1999 | 1,961 | 93,368 | 17,309 | 59,368 | 429,405 | 2,841 | 59 | 44 |
| 2000 | 2,019 | 290,165 | 7,828 | 58,699 | 669,998 | 2,919 | 40 | 31 |
| 2001 | 1,698 | 293,657 | 22,646 | 123,026 | 241,370 | 4,731 | 54 | 22 |
| 2002 | 1,850 | 240,439 | 40,464 | 78,624 | 231,936 | 4,095 | 62 | 68 |
| 2003 | 1,467 | 313,725 | 24,338 | 114,184 | 170,901 | 3,977 | 78 | 59 |
| 2004 | 2,345 | 428,745 | 59,868 | 154,775 | 131,856 | 3,342 | 63 | 120 |
| 2005 | 23,301 | 222,156 | 21,289 | 182,778 | 97,588 | 3,427 | 68 | 134 |
| 2006 | 11,261 | 313,982 | 60,145 | 192,140 | 383,000 | 3,517 | 89 | 134 |
| 2007 | 1,452 | 184,810 | 22,394 | 100,375 | 590,169 | 3,505 | 64 | 60 |
| 2008 | 2,193 | 116,693 | 37,349 | 90,162 | 774,095 | 3,116 | 49 | 91 |
| 2009 | 6,800 | 62,070 | 36,615 | 56,801 | 918,350 | 3,438 | 62 | 240 |
| averag |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-08 | 4,091 | 110,277 | 42,492 | 110,995 | 155,074 | 3,000 | 48 | 63 |
| 99-08 | 4,955 | 249,774 | 31,363 | 115,413 | 372,032 | 3,547 | 63 | 76 |

Appendix D. 2. Annual harvest estimates of Taku River large Chinook salmon in the D11 fisheries, 2005-2009.
Sport and Gillnet estimates based on GSI.

| Year | Gillnet | Sport | PU | Troll | Total large Taku |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2005 | 16,490 | 2,476 | 32 | 21 | 19,019 |
| 2006 | 9,257 | 2,048 | 18 | 11 | 11,334 |
| 2007 | 303 | 1,034 | 22 | 0 | 1,359 |
| 2008 | 445 | 632 | 46 | 0 | 1,123 |
| 2009 | 4,609 | 673 | 25 | 2 | 5,309 |

Appendix D. 3. Annual Chinook Salmon harvest in the Canadian fisheries in the Taku River, 1979-2009.

| Year | Commerical |  | Aboriginal |  | Test |  |  | Rec Large | TotalAll Large |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Large | nonlarge | Large | nonlarge | Large | nonlarge | released large |  |  |
| 1979 | 97 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 300 | 397 |
| 1980 | 225 |  | 85 |  |  |  |  | 300 | 610 |
| 1981 | 159 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 300 | 459 |
| 1982 | 54 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 300 | 354 |
| 1983 | 156 | 400 | 9 |  |  |  |  | 300 | 465 |
| 1984 | 294 | 221 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 300 | 594 |
| 1985 | 326 | 24 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 300 | 630 |
| 1986 | 275 | 77 | 10 |  |  |  |  | 300 | 585 |
| 1987 | 127 | 106 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 300 | 427 |
| 1988 | 555 | 186 | 27 |  | 72 |  |  | 300 | 954 |
| 1989 | 895 | 139 | 6 |  | 31 |  |  | 300 | 1,232 |
| 1990 | 1,258 | 128 | 0 |  | 48 |  |  | 300 | 1,606 |
| 1991 | 1,177 | 432 | 0 |  | 0 |  |  | 300 | 1,477 |
| 1992 | 1,445 | 147 | 121 |  | 0 |  |  | 300 | 1,866 |
| 1993 | 1,619 | 171 | 25 |  | 0 |  |  | 300 | 1,944 |
| 1994 | 2,065 | 235 | 119 |  | There was no | Canadian co | test fishery | 300 | 2,484 |
| 1995 | 1,577 | 298 | 70 |  | There was no | Canadian co | o test fishery | 105 | 1,752 |
| 1996 | 3,331 | 144 | 63 |  | There was no | Canadian co | o test fishery | 105 | 3,499 |
| 1997 | 2,731 | 84 | 103 |  |  |  |  | 105 | 2,939 |
| 1998 | 1,107 | 227 | 60 |  | There was no | Canadian co | test fishery | 105 | 1,272 |
| 1999 | 908 | 257 | 50 |  | 577 | 2 | 181 | 105 | 1,640 |
| 2000 | 1,576 | 87 | 50 |  | 1,312 | 87 | 439 | 105 | 3,043 |
| 2001 | 1,458 | 118 | 125 |  | 1,175 | 229 | 871 | 105 | 2,863 |
| 2002 | 1,561 | 291 | 37 |  | 1,311 | 355 | 1,132 | 105 | 3,014 |
| 2003 | 1,894 | 547 | 277 | 237 | 1,403 | 397 |  | 105 | 3,679 |
| 2004 | 2,082 | 335 | 277 | 116 | 1,489 | 294 |  | 105 | 3,953 |
| 2005 | 7,399 | 821 | 212 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 105 | 7,716 |
| 2006 | 7,377 | 207 | 222 |  | 630 | 9 |  | 105 | 8,334 |
| 2007 | 874 | 426 | 167 | 16 | 1,396 | 302 |  | 105 | 2,542 |
| 2008 | 913 | 330 | 1 |  | 1,399 | 139 |  | 105 | 2,418 |
| 2009 | 6,759 | 1,137 | 172 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 105 | 7,036 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-08 | 1,855 | 242 | 84 |  |  |  |  | 183 | 2,756 |
| 99-08 | 2,604 | 342 | 142 |  | 1,069 | 181 |  | 105 | 3,920 |

Appendix D. 4. Taku River large Chinook salmon run size, 1979-2009.
Run estimate does not include spawning escapements below the U.S./Canada border. US harvest estimates
after 2004 are based on GSI (gillnet and sport fish) and CWT (troll) and harvest in the fisheries between SW 18-28.

| Above Border M-R |  |  | Above Border |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Spawning | Method | CI |  | Canadian Harvest ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Run Estimate | U.S. <br> Harvest | Terminal Run |
|  | Escapement |  | Lower | Upper |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 40,329 | Mark-recapture | 29,263 | 51,395 | 1,232 | 41,561 |  |  |
| 1990 | 52,142 | Mark-recapture | 33,863 | 70,421 | 1,606 | 53,748 |  |  |
| 1991 | 51,645 | Aerial expansion | 17,072 | 86,218 | 1,477 | 53,122 |  |  |
| 1992 | 55,889 | Aerial expansion | 18,475 | 93,303 | 1,866 | 57,755 |  |  |
| 1993 | 66,125 | Aerial expansion | 21,858 | 110,392 | 1,944 | 68,069 |  |  |
| 1994 | 48,368 | Aerial expansion | 15,989 | 80,747 | 2,484 | 50,852 |  |  |
| 1995 | 33,805 | Medium expansion | 23,887 | 43,723 | 1,752 | 35,557 | 6,263 | 41,820 |
| 1996 | 79,019 | Mark-recapture | 61,285 | 96,753 | 3,499 | 82,518 | 6,280 | 88,798 |
| 1997 | 114,938 | Mark-recapture | 79,878 | 149,998 | 2,939 | 117,877 | 8,325 | 126,202 |
| 1998 | 31,039 | Aerial expansion | 10,255 | 51,823 | 1,272 | 32,311 | 2,605 | 34,916 |
| 1999 | 16,786 | Mark-recapture | 10,571 | 23,001 | 1,640 | 18,426 | 4,019 | 22,445 |
| 2000 | 34,997 | Mark-recapture | 24,407 | 45,587 | 3,043 | 38,040 | 3,472 | 41,512 |
| 2001 | 46,644 | Mark-recapture | 33,383 | 59,905 | 2,863 | 49,507 | 3,883 | 53,390 |
| 2002 | 55,044 | Mark-recapture | 33,313 | 76,775 | 3,014 | 58,058 | 3,282 | 61,340 |
| 2003 | 36,435 | Mark-recapture | 23,293 | 49,577 | 3,679 | 40,114 | 2,768 | 42,882 |
| 2004 | 75,032 | Mark-recapture | 54,883 | 95,181 | 3,953 | 78,985 | 3,696 | 82,681 |
| 2005 | 38,599 | Mark-recapture | 28,980 | 48,219 | 7,716 | 46,315 | 19,019 | 65,334 |
| 2006 | 42,191 | Mark-recapture | 31,343 | 53,040 | 8,334 | 50,525 | 11,334 | 61,859 |
| 2007 | 14,749 | Mark-recapture | 8,326 | 21,172 | 2,542 | 17,291 | 1,359 | 18,650 |
| 2008 | 26,645 | Mark-recapture | 20,744 | 32,545 | 2,418 | 29,063 | 1,123 | 30,186 |
| 2009 | 22,761 | Mark-recapture | 17,134 | 28,388 | 7,036 | 29,797 | 5,309 | 35,106 |

Averages

| $99-08$ | 38,712 | 3,920 | 42,632 | 5,396 | 48,028 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ In years when sample size data is available (1999-present in the commercial and test fisheries, and 2003-2004 in the Aboriginal fishery) it was used to determine the number of large fish in the Canadian harvest. In years when sample data is not available, the average $\%$ large in the commercial fishery from 1999-2004 ( $75 \%$ ) was applied to all harvest except the recreational harvest which is assumed to be $100 \%$ large.

Appendix D. 5. Aerial survey index escapement counts of large (3-ocean and older) Taku River Chinook salmon, 1975-2009.

| Year | Kowatua | Tatsatua | Dudidontu | Nakina | Nahlin | Tallied Indexwithout Tseta | Tseta |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1975 |  |  | 15 | 1,800 | 274 | 2,089 |  |
| 1976 | 341 | 620 | 40 | 3,000 | 725 | 4,726 |  |
| 1977 | 580 | 573 | 18 | 3,850 | 650 | 5,671 |  |
| 1978 | 490 | 550 |  | 1,620 | 624 | 3,284 | 21 |
| 1979 | 430 | 750 | 9 | 2,110 | 857 | 4,156 |  |
| 1980 | 450 | 905 | 158 | 4,500 | 1,531 | 7,544 |  |
| 1981 | 560 | 839 | 74 | 5,110 | 2,945 | 9,528 | 258 |
| 1982 | 289 | 387 | 130 | 2,533 | 1,246 | 4,585 | 228 |
| 1983 | 171 | 236 | 117 | 968 | 391 | 1,883 | 179 |
| $1984{ }^{\text {ab }}$ | 279 | 616 |  | 1,887 | 951 | 3,733 | 176 |
| 1985 | 699 | 848 | 475 | 2,647 | 2,236 | 6,905 | 303 |
| 1986 | 548 | 886 | 413 | 3,868 | 1,612 | 7,327 | 193 |
| 1987 | 570 | 678 | 287 | 2,906 | 1,122 | 5,563 | 180 |
| 1988 | 1,010 | 1,272 | 243 | 4,500 | 1,535 | 8,560 | 66 |
| 1989 | 601 | 1,228 | 204 | 5,141 | 1,812 | 8,986 | 494 |
| 1990 | 614 | 1,068 | 820 | 7,917 | 1,658 | 12,077 | 172 |
| 1991 | 570 | 1,164 | 804 | 5,610 | 1,781 | 9,929 | 224 |
| 1992 | 782 | 1,624 | 768 | 5,750 | 1,821 | 10,745 | 313 |
| 1993 | 1,584 | 1,491 | 1,020 | 6,490 | 2,128 | 12,713 | 491 |
| 1994 | 410 | 1,106 | 573 | 4,792 | 2,418 | 9,299 | 614 |
| 1995 | 550 | 678 | 731 | 3,943 | 2,069 | 7,971 | 786 |
| 1996 | 1,620 | 2,011 | 1,810 | 7,720 | 5,415 | 18,576 | 1,201 |
| 1997 | 1,360 | 1,148 | 943 | 6,095 | 3,655 | 13,201 | 648 |
| 1998 | 473 | 675 | 807 | 2,720 | 1,294 | 5,969 | 360 |
| 1999 | 561 | 431 | 527 | 1,900 | 532 | 3,951 | 221 |
| 2000 | 702 | 953 | 482 | 2,907 | 728 | 5,772 | 160 |
| 2001 | 1,050 | 1,024 | 479 | 1,552 | 935 | 5,040 | 202 |
| 2002 | 945 | 1,145 | 834 | 4,066 | 1,099 | 8,089 | 192 |
| 2003 | 850 | 1,000 | 644 | 2,126 | 861 | 5,481 | 436 |
| 2004 | 828 | 1,396 | 1,036 | 4,091 | 1,787 | 9,138 | 906 |
| 2005 | 833 | 1,146 | 318 | 1,213 | 471 | 3,981 | 215 |
| 2006 | 1,180 | 908 | 395 | 1,900 | 955 | 5,338 | 199 |
| 2007 | 262 | 390 | 4 | NA | 277 | 933 | 199 |
| 2008 | 690 | 1,083 | 480 | 1,437 | 1,121 | 4,811 | 497 |
| 2009 | 408 | 633 | 272 | 1,698 | 1,033 | 4,044 | 145 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-08 | 783 | 1,039 | 629 | 3,882 | 1,611 | 7,764 | 378 |
| 99-08 | 790 | 948 | 520 | 2,355 | 877 | 5,253 | 323 |

Appendix D. 6. Annual Sockeye salmon harvest in the Alaskan District 111 fisheries, includes estimates of Taku wild and enhanced fish in the gillnet and personal use fisheries, 1967-2009.

Personal Use wild/enhanced estimates are based on the Canadian lower river commerical fisher

| Year | D111 gillnet harvest |  |  |  | PU Taku harvest |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | D11 without snet for stock comp |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | D111 | harvest | Wild Taku | EnhancedTakı | ll Taku | d Tak | aku |
| 1967 | 17,735 | 15,282 |  |  | 103 |  |  |
| 1968 | 19,501 | 17,721 |  |  | 41 |  |  |
| 1969 | 41,169 | 40,053 |  |  | 122 |  |  |
| 1970 | 50,922 | 49,951 |  |  | 304 |  |  |
| 1971 | 66,181 | 62,593 |  |  | 512 |  |  |
| 1972 | 80,404 | 76,478 |  |  | 554 |  |  |
| 1973 | 85,317 | 81,149 |  |  | 1,227 |  |  |
| 1974 | 38,670 | 33,934 |  |  | 1,431 |  |  |
| 1975 | 32,513 | 32,271 |  |  | 170 |  |  |
| 1976 | 61,749 | 54,456 |  |  | 351 |  |  |
| 1977 | 70,097 | 66,844 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978 | 55,398 | 54,305 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 122,148 | 115,192 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 123,451 | 116,861 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 49,942 | 48,912 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 83,625 | 80,161 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 31,821 | 31,073 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 77,233 | 76,015 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 88,077 | 87,550 |  |  | 920 |  |  |
| 1986 | 73,061 | 72,713 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 75,212 | 76,377 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 38,923 | 38,885 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 74,019 | 73,991 |  |  | 562 |  |  |
| 1990 | 126,884 | 126,876 |  |  | 793 |  |  |
| 1991 | 109,877 | 111,002 |  |  | 800 |  |  |
| 1992 | 135,411 | 132,669 |  |  | 1,217 |  |  |
| 1993 | 171,556 | 171,373 |  |  | 1,201 |  |  |
| 1994 | 105,861 | 105,758 |  |  | 1,111 |  |  |
| 1995 | 103,377 | 103,361 | 86,929 | 4,065 | 990 | 950 | 40 |
| 1996 | 199,014 | 198,303 | 181,776 | 4,762 | 1,189 | 1,168 | 21 |
| 1997 | 94,745 | 94,486 | 76,043 | 2,031 | 1,053 | 1,024 | 29 |
| 1998 | 69,677 | 68,462 | 47,824 | 806 | 1,202 | 1,165 | 37 |
| 1999 | 79,425 | 77,515 | 61,205 | 599 | 1,254 | 1,236 | 18 |
| 2000 | 168,272 | 166,248 | 128,567 | 1,561 | 1,134 | 1,116 | 18 |
| 2001 | 290,450 | 284,786 | 194,091 | 8,880 | 1,462 | 1,405 | 57 |
| 2002 | 178,488 | 176,042 | 114,461 | 651 | 1,289 | 1,287 | 2 |
| 2003 | 205,433 | 177,903 | 133,509 | 767 | 1,218 | 1,208 | 10 |
| 2004 | 241,254 | 177,830 | 75,186 | 676 | 1,150 | 1,135 | 15 |
| 2005 | 87,254 | 71,472 | 44,361 | 579 | 1,150 | 1,136 | 14 |
| 2006 | 134,781 | 99,622 | 62,814 | 2,210 | 804 | 773 | 31 |
| 2007 | 112,241 | 107,129 | 60,879 | 3,684 | 566 | 508 | 58 |
| 2008 | 116,693 | 116,693 | 63,002 | 11,680 | 1,010 | 903 | 107 |
| 2009 | 62,070 | 62,070 | 35,121 | 240 | 871 | 863 | 8 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 161,429 | 145,524 | 93,807 | 3,129 | 1,104 | 1,071 | 33 |

Appendix D. 7. Stock proportions and harvest of sockeye salmon in the Alaska District 111 commercial drift gillnet fishery, 1983-2009.

|  | King |  |  | Little Trapper |  | Tatsamenie |  | Taku Wild | Total Taku | Snettisham Total Wild |  |  | U.S. $\quad$ StikineEnhanced Enhanced |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Kuthai | Salmon | Mainstem | Wild | Enhanced | Wild | Enhanced |  |  | Crescent | Speel | Snett. |  |  |
| 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.755 | 0.755 |  |  | 0.245 |  |  |
| 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.758 | 0.758 |  |  | 0.242 |  |  |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.838 | 0.838 |  |  | 0.162 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.061 |  | 0.303 | 0.266 |  | 0.204 |  | 0.834 | 0.834 | 0.090 | 0.076 | 0.166 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.078 |  | 0.376 | 0.234 |  | 0.031 |  | 0.720 | 0.720 | 0.157 | 0.123 | 0.280 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.118 |  | 0.305 | 0.158 |  | 0.082 |  | 0.663 | 0.663 | 0.266 | 0.071 | 0.337 |  |  |
| $1989{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.077 |  |  |  |  | 0.156 |  | 0.849 | 0.849 | 0.051 | 0.100 | 0.152 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.036 |  | 0.336 | 0.197 |  | 0.286 |  | 0.855 | 0.855 | 0.112 | 0.033 | 0.145 |  |  |
| 1991 | 0.039 |  | 0.373 | 0.297 |  | 0.232 |  | 0.941 | 0.941 | 0.059 | 0.000 | 0.059 |  |  |
| 1992 | 0.048 |  | 0.445 | 0.220 |  | 0.191 |  | 0.904 | 0.904 | 0.036 | 0.060 | 0.096 |  |  |
| 1993 | 0.062 |  | 0.308 | 0.328 |  | 0.123 |  | 0.822 | 0.822 | 0.069 | 0.109 | 0.178 |  |  |
| 1994 | 0.110 |  | 0.361 | 0.356 |  | 0.091 |  | 0.917 | 0.917 | 0.036 | 0.022 | 0.058 | 0.025 |  |
| 1995 | 0.046 |  | 0.428 | 0.214 | 0.010 | 0.153 | 0.029 | 0.841 | 0.880 | 0.018 | 0.075 | 0.093 | 0.026 |  |
| 1996 | 0.069 |  | 0.499 | 0.117 | 0.010 | 0.232 | 0.014 | 0.917 | 0.941 | 0.013 | 0.032 | 0.045 | 0.014 |  |
| 1997 | 0.067 |  | 0.282 | 0.170 | 0.011 | 0.286 | 0.011 | 0.805 | 0.826 | 0.027 | 0.026 | 0.053 | 0.120 |  |
| 1998 | 0.087 |  | 0.209 | 0.158 | 0.008 | 0.245 | 0.004 | 0.699 | 0.710 | 0.026 | 0.007 | 0.033 | 0.257 |  |
| 1999 | 0.176 |  | 0.235 | 0.259 | 0.003 | 0.119 | 0.005 | 0.790 | 0.797 | 0.049 | 0.023 | 0.072 | 0.131 |  |
| 2000 | 0.139 |  | 0.211 | 0.273 | 0.002 | 0.151 | 0.008 | 0.773 | 0.783 | 0.004 | 0.054 | 0.058 | 0.160 |  |
| 2001 | 0.076 |  | 0.268 | 0.130 | 0.000 | 0.207 | 0.031 | 0.682 | 0.713 | 0.014 | 0.032 | 0.046 | 0.241 |  |
| 2002 | 0.098 |  | 0.173 | 0.254 | 0.000 | 0.126 | 0.004 | 0.650 | 0.654 | 0.014 | 0.032 | 0.047 | 0.299 |  |
| 2003 | 0.087 | 0.016 | 0.398 | 0.225 | 0.000 | 0.033 | 0.004 | 0.750 | 0.755 | 0.009 | 0.047 | 0.064 | 0.181 |  |
| 2004 | 0.064 | 0.043 | 0.233 | 0.041 | 0.000 | 0.042 | 0.004 | 0.423 | 0.427 | 0.011 | 0.040 | 0.052 | 0.522 |  |
| 2005 | 0.021 | 0.024 | 0.456 | 0.080 | 0.000 | 0.040 | 0.008 | 0.621 | 0.629 | 0.048 | 0.097 | 0.145 | 0.226 |  |
| 2006 | 0.019 | 0.025 | 0.361 | 0.067 | 0.000 | 0.159 | 0.022 | 0.631 | 0.653 | 0.015 | 0.044 | 0.060 | 0.288 |  |
| 2007 | 0.066 | 0.000 | 0.355 | 0.058 | 0.000 | 0.089 | 0.034 | 0.568 | 0.603 | 0.083 | 0.023 | 0.106 | 0.291 |  |
| 2008 | 0.092 | 0.011 | 0.267 | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.154 | 0.100 | 0.540 | 0.640 | 0.034 | 0.048 | 0.082 | 0.278 |  |
| 2009 | 0.026 | 0.000 | 0.343 | 0.087 | 0.000 | 0.109 | 0.004 | 0.566 | 0.570 | 0.051 | 0.088 | 0.140 | 0.288 | 0.002 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86-08 | 0.076 |  | 0.326 | 0.187 | 0.003 | 0.149 | 0.020 | 0.748 | 0.762 | 0.054 | 0.051 | 0.105 | 0.204 |  |
| 99-08 | 0.084 | 0.020 | 0.296 | 0.140 | 0.000 | 0.112 | 0.022 | 0.643 | 0.665 | 0.028 | 0.044 | 0.073 | 0.262 |  |
| 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23,460 | 23,460 |  |  | 7,613 |  |  |
| 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57,619 | 57,619 |  |  | 18,396 |  |  |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 73,367 | 73,367 |  |  | 14,183 |  |  |
| 1986 | 4,468 |  | 21,999 | 19,348 |  | 14,829 |  | 60,644 | 60,644 | 6,579 | 5,490 | 12,069 |  |  |
| 1987 | 5,984 |  | 28,724 | 17,867 |  | 2,388 |  | 54,963 | 54,963 | 11,997 | 9,417 | 21,414 |  |  |
| 1988 | 4,594 |  | 11,854 | 6,147 |  | 3,191 |  | 25,785 | 25,785 | 10,355 | 2,745 | 13,100 |  |  |
| $1989{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 5,694 |  |  |  |  | 11,532 |  | 62,804 | 62,804 | 3,788 | 7,422 | 11,210 |  |  |
| 1990 | 4,539 |  | 42,673 | 24,950 |  | 36,330 |  | 108,492 | 108,492 | 14,241 | 4,143 | 18,384 |  |  |
| 1991 | 4,339 |  | 41,376 | 33,020 |  | 25,736 |  | 104,471 | 104,471 | 6,531 | 0 | 6,531 |  |  |
| 1992 | 6,411 |  | 59,004 | 29,214 |  | 25,329 |  | 119,959 | 119,959 | 4,813 | 7,897 | 12,709 |  |  |
| 1993 | 10,662 |  | 52,820 | 56,290 |  | 21,116 |  | 140,888 | 140,888 | 11,864 | 18,621 | 30,485 |  |  |
| 1994 | 11,627 |  | 38,142 | 37,607 |  | 9,576 |  | 96,952 | 96,952 | 3,855 | 2,317 | 6,172 | 2,634 |  |
| 1995 | 4,787 |  | 44,271 | 22,106 | 1,017 | 15,765 | 3,049 | 86,929 | 90,994 | 1,901 | 7,740 | 9,641 | 2,727 |  |
| 1996 | 13,693 |  | 98,876 | 23,224 | 1,913 | 45,983 | 2,849 | 181,776 | 186,538 | 2,535 | 6,393 | 8,928 | 2,838 |  |
| 1997 | 6,328 |  | 26,621 | 16,061 | 1,028 | 27,033 | 1,003 | 76,043 | 78,074 | 2,551 | 2,503 | 5,054 | 11,358 |  |
| 1998 | 5,949 |  | 14,306 | 10,826 | 560 | 16,743 | 246 | 47,824 | 48,630 | 1,753 | 491 | 2,244 | 17,588 |  |
| 1999 | 13,679 |  | 18,231 | 20,101 | 241 | 9,194 | 358 | 61,205 | 61,804 | 3,786 | 1,770 | 5,556 | 10,155 |  |
| 2000 | 23,076 |  | 35,025 | 45,424 | 276 | 25,042 | 1,285 | 128,567 | 130,128 | 614 | 8,979 | 9,592 | 26,528 |  |
| 2001 | 21,612 |  | 76,418 | 37,124 | 0 | 58,937 | 8,880 | 194,091 | 202,971 | 4,017 | 9,149 | 13,166 | 68,649 |  |
| 2002 | 17,235 |  | 30,397 | 44,687 | 0 | 22,141 | 651 | 114,461 | 115,112 | 2,524 | 5,700 | 8,223 | 52,708 |  |
| 2003 | 15,462 | 2,829 | 70,801 | 39,989 | 0 | 5,876 | 767 | 133,509 | 134,276 | 1,622 | 8,361 | 11,431 | 32,196 |  |
| 2004 | 11,420 | 7,583 | 41,366 | 7,311 | 0 | 7,505 | 676 | 75,186 | 75,862 | 2,029 | 7,128 | 9,158 | 92,810 |  |
| 2005 | 1,495 | 1,715 | 32,591 | 5,699 | 0 | 2,860 | 579 | 44,361 | 44,940 | 3,418 | 6,953 | 10,371 | 16,161 |  |
| 2006 | 1,863 | 2,441 | 35,993 | 6,691 | 0 | 15,825 | 2,210 | 62,814 | 65,024 | 1,531 | 4,409 | 5,939 | 28,659 |  |
| 2007 | 7,087 | 0 | 38,084 | 6,224 | 0 | 9,484 | 3,684 | 60,879 | 64,563 | 8,878 | 2,475 | 11,353 | 31,213 |  |
| 2008 | 10,709 | 1,308 | 31,170 | 1,816 | 0 | 17,999 | 11,680 | 63,002 | 74,682 | 3,939 | 5,605 | 9,544 | 32,467 |  |
| 2009 | 1,636 | 0 | 21,275 | 5,414 | 0 | 6,796 | 240 | 35,121 | 35,361 | 3,182 | 5,492 | 8,674 | 17,888 | 148 |
| Average ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86-08 | 9,248 |  | 40,488 | 22,484 |  | 18,714 |  | 91,548 | 93,415 | 5,005 | 5,900 | 10,968 | 28,579 |  |
| 99-08 | 12,364 | 2,646 | 41,008 | 20,038 | 52 | 17,486 | 3,077 | 93,807 | 96,936 | 3,236 | 6,053 | 9,433 | 39,155 |  |

Appendix D. 8. Proportion of wild Taku River sockeye salmon in the Alaskan District 111 commercial drift gillnet harvest by week, 1983-2009.
Data based on scale patterns and incidence of brain parasites. Does not include enhanced fish.

| Week |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 |  |
| 1983 |  | 0.996 | 0.842 | 0.819 | 0.663 | 0.527 | 0.836 | 0.534 | 0.719 | 0.759 | 0.755 |
| 1984 | 0.970 | 0.956 | 0.843 | 0.670 | 0.588 | 0.712 | 0.728 | 0.809 | 0.726 |  | 0.758 |
| 1985 | 0.999 | 0.986 | 0.928 | 0.974 | 0.868 | 0.706 | 0.737 | 0.826 | 0.801 |  | 0.838 |
| 1986 | 0.938 | 0.953 | 0.873 | 0.880 | 0.852 | 0.777 | 0.851 | 0.757 | 0.893 | 0.739 | 0.834 |
| 1987 |  | 0.982 | 0.901 | 0.884 | 0.948 | 0.414 | 0.619 | 0.689 | 0.841 | 0.731 | 0.720 |
| 1988 |  | 0.964 | 0.886 | 0.889 | 0.510 | 0.643 | 0.677 | 0.528 | 0.478 | 0.346 | 0.663 |
| 1989 | 0.943 | 0.989 | 0.979 | 0.852 | 0.835 | 0.641 | 0.681 | 0.919 | 0.676 |  | 0.848 |
| 1990 | 0.874 | 0.935 | 0.904 | 0.773 | 0.782 | 0.863 | 0.943 | 0.939 | 0.878 | 0.862 | 0.855 |
| 1991 | 0.988 | 0.979 | 0.953 | 0.979 | 0.951 | 0.933 | 0.936 | 0.890 | 0.885 | 0.875 | 0.941 |
| 1992 |  | 0.978 | 0.985 | 0.956 | 0.916 | 0.943 | 0.893 | 0.858 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.904 |
| 1993 |  | 0.961 | 0.901 | 0.837 | 0.856 | 0.781 | 0.790 | 0.829 | 0.738 | 0.706 | 0.822 |
| 1994 |  | 1.000 | 0.981 | 0.973 | 0.967 | 0.870 | 0.835 | 0.938 | 0.804 | 0.901 | 0.917 |
| 1995 | 0.942 | 0.889 | 0.903 | 0.858 | 0.872 | 0.868 | 0.761 | 0.759 | 0.705 | 0.740 | 0.841 |
| 1996 | 1.000 | 0.998 | 0.909 | 0.974 | 0.950 | 0.991 | 0.914 | 0.945 | 0.879 | 0.804 | 0.953 |
| 1997 | 0.992 | 0.970 | 0.910 | 0.926 | 0.951 | 0.939 | 0.939 | 0.925 | 0.872 | 0.906 | 0.938 |
| 1998 |  | 0.964 | 0.974 | 0.978 | 0.971 | 0.949 | 0.948 | 0.942 | 0.997 | 0.857 | 0.955 |
| 1999 |  | 0.966 | 0.988 | 0.953 | 0.934 | 0.917 | 0.878 | 0.833 | 0.732 | 0.665 | 0.917 |
| 2000 |  | 0.973 | 0.962 | 0.958 | 0.929 | 0.898 | 0.872 | 0.907 | 0.908 | 0.858 | 0.931 |
| 2001 | 0.995 | 0.998 | 0.948 | 0.888 | 0.908 | 0.930 | 0.961 | 0.945 | 0.858 | 0.858 | 0.936 |
| 2002 | 0.986 | 0.989 | 0.993 | 0.970 | 0.872 | 0.946 | 0.829 | 0.880 | 0.851 | 0.851 | 0.933 |
| 2003 | 1.000 | 0.987 | 0.961 | 0.994 | 0.970 | 0.929 | 0.883 | 0.795 | 0.236 | 0.236 | 0.931 |
| 2004 |  | 0.968 | 0.950 | 0.930 | 0.939 | 0.884 | 0.731 | 0.799 | 0.909 | 0.891 | 0.891 |
| 2005 | 0.973 | 0.973 | 0.953 | 0.947 | 0.932 | 0.924 | 0.881 | 0.885 | 0.786 | 0.767 | 0.905 |
| 2006 | 0.957 | 0.957 | 0.912 | 0.856 | 0.896 | 0.819 | 0.802 | 0.842 | 0.970 | 0.970 | 0.914 |
| 2007 | 1.000 | 0.992 | 0.934 | 0.807 | 0.716 | 0.821 | 0.879 | 0.824 | 0.812 | 0.786 | 0.925 |
| 2008 | 0.975 | 0.900 | 0.695 | 0.632 | 0.589 | 0.470 | 0.424 | 0.488 | 0.489 | 0.489 | 0.868 |
| 2009 | 0.902 | 0.902 | 0.715 | 0.683 | 0.552 | 0.542 | 0.528 | 0.416 | 0.382 | 0.382 | 0.566 |


| Average |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $83-08$ | 0.969 | 0.922 | 0.891 | 0.852 | 0.811 | 0.816 | 0.819 | 0.777 | 0.755 | 0.873 |
| $99-08$ | 0.970 | 0.930 | 0.894 | 0.869 | 0.854 | 0.814 | 0.820 | 0.755 | 0.737 | 0.915 |

Appendix D. 9. Annual sockeye salmon harvest estimates of wild and enhanced fish in the Canadian fisheries in the Taku River, 1979-2009.

|  | All harvest |  |  |  | Wild Taku |  |  | EnhancedTaku (includes Stikine) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Commercial | Aborginal | Test | test released | Jommercia | Aborigina | Test | Commercia Aboriginal | Test |
| 1979 | 13,578 |  |  |  | 13,578 |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 22,602 | 150 |  |  | 22,602 | 150 |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 10,922 |  |  |  | 10,922 |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 3,144 |  |  |  | 3,144 |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 17,056 | 0 |  |  | 17,056 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 27,242 | 50 |  |  | 27,242 | 50 |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 14,244 | 167 |  |  | 14,244 | 167 |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 14,739 | 200 |  |  | 14,739 | 200 |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 13,554 | 96 | 237 |  | 13,554 | 96 | 237 |  |  |
| 1988 | 12,014 | 245 | 708 |  | 12,014 | 245 | 708 |  |  |
| 1989 | 18,545 | 53 | 207 |  | 18,545 | 53 | 207 |  |  |
| 1990 | 21,100 | 89 | 285 |  | 21,100 | 89 | 285 |  |  |
| 1991 | 25,067 | 150 | 163 |  | 25,067 | 150 | 163 |  |  |
| 1992 | 29,472 | 352 | 38 |  | 29,472 | 352 | 38 |  |  |
| 1993 | 33,217 | 140 | 166 |  | 33,217 | 140 | 166 |  |  |
| 1994 | 28,762 | 239 |  |  | 28,762 | 239 |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 32,640 | 71 |  |  | 31,306 | 68 |  | 1,334 3 | 0 |
| 1996 | 41,665 | 360 |  |  | 40,933 | 354 |  | $732-6$ | 0 |
| 1997 | 24,003 | 349 |  | 1 | 23,346 | 339 |  | 65710 | 0 |
| 1998 | 19,038 | 239 |  |  | 18,449 | 232 |  | $589 \quad 7$ | 0 |
| 1999 | 20,681 | 382 | 88 |  | 20,384 | 377 | 87 | 297 5 | 1 |
| 2000 | 28,009 | 140 | 319 |  | 27,573 | 138 | 314 | 436 2 | 5 |
| 2001 | 47,660 | 210 | 247 | 82 | 45,792 | 202 | 237 | 1,868 8 | 10 |
| 2002 | 31,053 | 155 | 518 | 161 | 31,004 | 155 | 517 | $49 \quad 0$ | 1 |
| 2003 | 32,730 | 267 | 27 | 197 | 32,463 | 265 | 27 | 267 2 | 0 |
| 2004 | 20,148 | 120 | 91 |  | 19,882 | 118 | 90 | 266 2 | 1 |
| 2005 | 21,697 | 161 | 244 |  | 21,440 | 159 | 241 | 257 2 | 3 |
| 2006 | 21,099 | 85 | 262 |  | 20,294 | 82 | 252 | 805 3 | 10 |
| 2007 | 16,714 | 159 | 376 |  | 14,987 | 143 | 337 | 1,727 16 | 39 |
| 2008 | 19,284 | 215 | 10 | 32 | 17,242 | 192 | 9 | 2,042 23 | 1 |
| 2009 | 10,980 | 106 | 174 |  | 10,875 | 105 | 172 | $105 \quad 1$ | 2 |
| Avera |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86-00 | 24,908 | 195 |  |  | 24,416 | 191 |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 25,908 | 189 | 218 | 118 | 25,106 | 183 | 211 | $801 \quad 6$ | 7 |

Appendix D. 10. Annual sockeye salmon stock proportions and harvest by stock in the Canadian commercial fishery on the Taku River, 1986-2009.
Data based on scale pattern, brain parasite, and thermal mark analyses.

| Year | King |  |  | Little Trapper |  | Tatsamenie |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Stikine } \\ \text { Enhance } \end{gathered}$ | Total Wild | Total <br> Enhance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kuthai | Salmon | Mainstem ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | Wild | Enhance | Wild | Enhance |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.111 |  | 0.350 | 0.397 |  | 0.143 |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1987 | 0.062 |  | 0.649 | 0.201 |  | 0.088 |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1988 | 0.143 |  | 0.343 | 0.417 |  | 0.098 |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| $1989{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.053 |  | a | a |  | 0.203 |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1990 | 0.112 |  | 0.338 | 0.388 |  | 0.163 |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1991 | 0.064 |  | 0.452 | 0.308 |  | 0.176 |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1992 | 0.092 |  | 0.569 | 0.240 |  | 0.099 |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1993 | 0.126 |  | 0.432 | 0.392 |  | 0.049 |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1994 | 0.158 |  | 0.302 | 0.482 |  | 0.058 |  |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1995 | 0.047 |  | 0.373 | 0.427 | 0.010 | 0.112 | 0.031 |  | 0.959 | 0.041 |
| 1996 | 0.105 |  | 0.442 | 0.221 | 0.008 | 0.215 | 0.010 |  | 0.982 | 0.018 |
| 1997 | 0.120 |  | 0.277 | 0.282 | 0.019 | 0.294 | 0.008 |  | 0.973 | 0.027 |
| 1998 | 0.225 |  | 0.254 | 0.207 | 0.028 | 0.283 | 0.003 |  | 0.969 | 0.031 |
| 1999 | 0.389 |  | 0.145 | 0.305 | 0.008 | 0.147 | 0.006 |  | 0.986 | 0.014 |
| 2000 | 0.172 |  | 0.326 | 0.205 | 0.000 | 0.282 | 0.016 |  | 0.984 | 0.016 |
| 2001 | 0.184 |  | 0.364 | 0.168 | 0.000 | 0.246 | 0.039 |  | 0.961 | 0.039 |
| 2002 | 0.316 |  | 0.192 | 0.428 | 0.000 | 0.062 | 0.002 |  | 0.998 | 0.002 |
| 2003 | 0.231 | 0.023 | 0.271 | 0.378 | 0.000 | 0.089 | 0.008 |  | 0.992 | 0.008 |
| 2004 | 0.168 | 0.071 | 0.586 | 0.132 | 0.000 | 0.031 | 0.013 |  | 0.987 | 0.013 |
| 2005 | 0.098 | 0.038 | 0.505 | 0.204 | 0.000 | 0.143 | 0.012 |  | 0.988 | 0.012 |
| 2006 | 0.055 | 0.028 | 0.474 | 0.176 | 0.000 | 0.229 | 0.038 |  | 0.962 | 0.038 |
| 2007 | 0.102 | 0.000 | 0.524 | 0.101 | 0.000 | 0.170 | 0.096 | 0.007 | 0.897 | 0.103 |
| 2008 | 0.308 | 0.007 | 0.222 | 0.058 | 0.000 | 0.299 | 0.099 | 0.007 | 0.894 | 0.106 |
| 2009 | 0.155 | 0.000 | 0.276 | 0.414 | 0.000 | 0.145 | 0.007 | 0.002 | 0.990 | 0.010 |
| Averages ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86-09 | 0.150 |  | 0.381 | 0.278 |  | 0.160 |  |  | 0.980 |  |
| 00-09 | 0.202 | 0.028 | 0.361 | 0.216 | 0.001 | 0.170 | 0.033 | 0.007 | 0.965 | 0.035 |
| 1986 | 1,629 |  | 5,152 | 5,855 |  | 2,103 |  |  | 14,739 |  |
| 1987 | 834 |  | 8,793 | 2,728 |  | 1,199 |  |  | 13,554 |  |
| 1988 | 1,715 |  | 4,122 | 5,005 |  | 1,172 |  |  | 12,014 |  |
| $1989{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 990 |  |  |  |  | 3,763 |  |  | 18,545 |  |
| 1990 | 2,355 |  | 7,131 | 8,183 |  | 3,431 |  |  | 21,100 |  |
| 1991 | 1,601 |  | 11,327 | 7,721 |  | 4,418 |  |  | 25,067 |  |
| 1992 | 2,699 |  | 16,764 | 7,085 |  | 2,924 |  |  | 29,472 |  |
| 1993 | 4,192 |  | 14,347 | 13,036 |  | 1,641 |  |  | 33,217 |  |
| 1994 | 4,544 |  | 8,684 | 13,858 |  | 1,676 |  |  | 28,762 | 0 |
| 1995 | 1,528 |  | 12,185 | 13,934 | 331 | 3,659 | 1,003 |  | 31,306 | 1,334 |
| 1996 | 4,357 |  | 18,422 | 9,195 | 331 | 8,959 | 401 |  | 40,933 | 732 |
| 1997 | 2,891 |  | 6,637 | 6,758 | 456 | 7,060 | 201 |  | 23,346 | 657 |
| 1998 | 4,279 |  | 4,829 | 3,944 | 533 | 5,397 | 56 |  | 18,449 | 589 |
| 1999 | 8,044 |  | 2,992 | 6,314 | 171 | 3,034 | 126 |  | 20,384 | 297 |
| 2000 | 4,809 |  | 9,122 | 5,745 | 0 | 7,897 | 436 |  | 27,573 | 436 |
| 2001 | 8,748 |  | 17,330 | 8,005 | 0 | 11,709 | 1,868 |  | 45,792 | 1,868 |
| 2002 | 9,826 |  | 5,948 | 13,305 | 0 | 1,925 | 49 |  | 31,004 | 49 |
| 2003 | 7,568 | 755 | 8,855 | 12,383 | 0 | 2,902 | 267 |  | 32,463 | 267 |
| 2004 | 3,381 | 1,430 | 11,799 | 2,653 | 0 | 620 | 266 |  | 19,882 | 266 |
| 2005 | 2,120 | 829 | 10,950 | 4,433 | 0 | 3,108 | 257 |  | 21,440 | 257 |
| 2006 | 1,168 | 589 | 9,993 | 3,704 | 0 | 4,840 | 805 |  | 20,294 | 805 |
| 2007 | 1,697 | 0 | 8,759 | 1,694 | 0 | 2,838 | 1,602 | 125 | 14,987 | 1,727 |
| 2008 | 5,949 | 139 | 4,276 | 1,114 | 0 | 5,763 | 1,905 | 137 | 17,242 | 2,042 |
| 2009 | 1,703 | 0 | 3,035 | 4,549 | 0 | 1,588 | 80 | 25 | 10,875 | 105 |
| Averages ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86-08 | 3,906 |  | 9,474 | 7,121 |  | 4,013 |  |  | 24,683 | 755 |
| 99-08 | 5,331 |  | 9,002 | 5,935 | 17 | 4,464 | 758 | 131 | 25,106 | 801 |

[^1]Appendix D. 11. Annual sockeye salmon weir counts, escapements, and samples at the Tatsamenie weir, 1984-2009.

| Ototlith samples are a proportion of the broodstock samples. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Weir Count | Actual <br> Spawners | Escapement |  | Total | Broodstock |  |  | wild | enhanced |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | ith sam | les |  |  |
|  |  |  | wild | enhanced |  | lll sample | wild | enhanced |  |  |
| 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1985{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1987{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1990 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1991 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1992 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1993 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 5,780 | 4,387 |  |  | 1,393 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996 | 10,381 | 8,026 |  |  | 2,355 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1997 | 8,363 | 5,981 |  |  | 2,382 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 5,997 | 4,735 | 5,861 | 136 | 1,262 | 398 | 389 | 9 | 1,233 | 29 |
| 1999 | 2,104 | 1,888 | 2,067 | 37 | 216 | 170 | 167 | 3 | 212 | 4 |
| 2000 | 7,575 | 5,570 | 6,575 | 1,000 | 2,005 | 394 | 342 | 52 | 1,740 | 265 |
| 2001 | 22,575 | 19,579 | 18,822 | 3,753 | 2,996 | 403 | 336 | 67 | 2,498 | 498 |
| 2002 | 5,495 | 4,379 | 4,836 | 659 | 1,116 | 392 | 345 | 47 | 982 | 134 |
| 2003 | 4,515 | 2,965 | 3,175 | 1,340 | 1,550 | 364 | 256 | 108 | 1,090 | 460 |
| 2004 | 1,951 | 1,357 | 1,552 | 399 | 594 | 347 | 276 | 71 | 472 | 122 |
| 2005 | 3,372 | 2,445 | 2,703 | 669 | 927 | 388 | 311 | 77 | 743 | 184 |
| 2006 | 22,475 | 19,820 | 19,984 | 2,491 | 2,655 | 415 | 369 | 46 | 2,361 | 294 |
| 2007 | 11,187 | 8,384 | 7,999 | 3,188 | 2,803 | 386 | 276 | 110 | 2,004 | 799 |
| 2008 | 8,976 | 6,176 | 4,809 | 4,167 | 2,800 | 392 | 210 | 182 | 1,500 | 1,300 |
| 2009 | 2,032 | 1,292 | 1,679 | 353 | 740 | 397 | 328 | 69 | 611 | 129 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 9,023 | 7,256 | 7,252 | 1,770 | 1,766 | 365 | 289 | 76 | 1,360 | 406 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Weir count plus spawning ground survey; Trapper 1983, 1985, 1987
Minimum estimates of run size and incomplete counts are bold.

Appendix D. 12. Annual sockeye salmon weir counts, escapements, and samples at the Little Trapper weir, 1983-2009.
Broodstock estimate is based on commercial ratio with tats weir dat

| Year | Weir <br> Count | Actual Spawners | Broodstock |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Broodstock <br> Total | Trapp wild | esc <br> enhanced |
| $1983{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 7,402 | 7,402 | 0 |  |  |
| 1984 | 13,084 | 13,084 | 0 |  |  |
| $1985{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 14,889 | 14,889 | 0 |  |  |
| 1986 | 13,820 | 13,820 | 0 |  |  |
| $1987{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 12,007 | 12,007 | 0 |  |  |
| 1988 | 10,637 | 10,637 | 0 |  |  |
| 1989 | 9,606 | 9,606 | 0 |  |  |
| 1990 | 9,443 | 7,777 | 1,666 |  |  |
| 1991 | 22,942 | 21,001 | 1,941 |  |  |
| 1992 | 14,372 | 12,732 | 1,640 |  |  |
| 1993 | 17,432 | 16,685 | 747 |  |  |
| 1994 | 13,438 | 12,691 | 747 |  |  |
| 1995 | 11,524 | 11,524 | 0 |  |  |
| 1996 | 5,483 | 5,483 | 0 |  |  |
| 1997 | 5,924 | 5,924 | 0 |  |  |
| 1998 | 8,717 | 8,717 | 0 |  |  |
| 1999 | 11,805 | 11,805 | 0 |  |  |
| 2000 | 11,551 | 11,551 | 0 |  |  |
| 2001 | 16,860 | 16,860 | 0 |  |  |
| 2002 | 7,973 | 7,973 | 0 |  |  |
| 2003 | 31,227 | 31,227 | 0 |  |  |
| 2004 | 9,613 | 9,613 | 0 |  |  |
| 2005 | 16,009 | 16,009 | 0 |  |  |
| 2006 | 25,265 | 24,557 | 708 |  |  |
| 2007 | 7,153 | 6,340 | 813 | 6,340 | 0 |
| 2008 | 3,831 | 2,791 | 1,040 | 2,791 | 0 |
| 2009 | 5,552 | 5,443 | 109 | 5,443 | 0 |


| Averages |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $83-08$ | 12,770 | 12,412 |
| 99 | 14,129 | 13,873 |

Appendix D. 13.. Taku River sockeye salmon run size, 1984-2009.

| Run estimate does not include spawning escapements below the U.S./Canada border. <br> The early season sockeye expansion is based on the proportion of fish wheel sockeye catch that occurs before the fishery opens. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Above Border M-R |  |  | Expansion |  | Expanded Above Border Run Estimate | Canadian harvest | Escape. | U.S. <br> Harvest | TotalTerminal Exploitation |  |
|  | Run | Start |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year | Estimate | Date | Method | Factor |  |  |  |  | Run | Rate |
| 1984 | 133,414 | 17-Jun | Ave.(88-90\&95-96) FW CPUE | 0.056 | 141,254 | 27,292 | 113,962 | 57,619 | 198,873 | 43\% |
| 1985 | 118,160 | 16-Jun | Ave.(88-90\&95-96) FW CPUE | 0.047 | 123,974 | 14,411 | 109,563 | 74,287 | 198,261 | 45\% |
| 1986 | 104,162 | 22-Jun | Ave.(88-90\&95-96) FW CPUE | 0.095 | 115,045 | 14,939 | 100,106 | 60,644 | 175,689 | 43\% |
| 1987 | 87,554 | 21-Jun | Ave.(88-90\&95-96) FW CPUE | 0.088 | 96,023 | 13,887 | 82,136 | 54,963 | 150,986 | 46\% |
| 1988 | 86,629 | 19-Jun | 1988 FW CPUE | 0.065 | 92,641 | 12,967 | 79,674 | 25,785 | 118,427 | 33\% |
| 1989 | 99,467 | 18-Jun | 1989 FW CPUE | 0.128 | 114,068 | 18,805 | 95,263 | 63,366 | 177,434 | 46\% |
| 1990 | 117,385 | 10-Jun | 1990 CPUE | 0.002 | 117,573 | 21,474 | 96,099 | 109,285 | 226,858 | 58\% |
| 1991 | 153,773 | 9-Jun | Ave.(88-90\&95-96) FW CPUE | 0.007 | 154,873 | 25,380 | 129,493 | 105,271 | 260,143 | 50\% |
| 1992 | 162,003 | 21-Jun | Ave.(88-90\&95-96) FW CPUE | 0.032 | 167,376 | 29,862 | 137,514 | 121,176 | 288,551 | 52\% |
| 1993 | 138,523 | 13-Jun | Ave.(88-90\&95-96) FW CPUE | 0.026 | 142,148 | 33,523 | 108,625 | 142,089 | 284,236 | 62\% |
| 1994 | 129,119 | 12-Jun | Ave.(88-90\&95-96) FW CPUE | 0.019 | 131,580 | 29,001 | 102,579 | 98,063 | 229,642 | 55\% |
| 1995 | 145,264 | 11-Jun | 1995 FW CPUE | 0.008 | 146,450 | 32,711 | 113,739 | 91,984 | 238,434 | 52\% |
| 1996 | 132,322 | 9-Jun | 1996 FW CPUE | 0.017 | 134,651 | 42,025 | 92,626 | 187,727 | 322,379 | 71\% |
| 1997 | 93,816 | 3-May | 1997 FW CPUE | 0.017 | 95,438 | 24,352 | 71,086 | 79,127 | 174,565 | 59\% |
| 1998 | 89,992 | 2-May | No Expansion |  | 89,992 | 19,277 | 70,715 | 49,832 | 139,824 | 49\% |
| 1999 | 113,706 | 14-May | No Expansion |  | 113,706 | 21,151 | 92,555 | 63,058 | 176,764 | 48\% |
| 2000 | 115,693 | 14-May | No Expansion |  | 115,693 | 28,468 | 87,225 | 131,262 | 246,954 | 65\% |
| 2001 | 192,245 | 27-May | No Expansion |  | 192,245 | 48,117 | 144,128 | 204,433 | 396,678 | 64\% |
| 2002 | 135,233 | 19-May | No Expansion |  | 135,233 | 31,726 | 103,507 | 116,401 | 251,634 | 59\% |
| 2003 | 193,390 | 20-May | No Expansion |  | 193,390 | 33,024 | 160,366 | 135,494 | 328,884 | 51\% |
| 2004 | 127,047 | 12-May | No Expansion |  | 127,047 | 20,359 | 106,688 | 77,012 | 204,059 | 48\% |
| 2005 | 142,155 | 5-May | No Expansion |  | 142,155 | 22,102 | 120,053 | 46,090 | 188,245 | 36\% |
| 2006 | 167,597 | 20-May | No Expansion |  | 167,597 | 21,446 | 146,151 | 65,828 | 233,425 | 37\% |
| 2007 | 104,815 | 19-May | FW CPUE | 0.002 | 105,012 | 17,249 | 87,763 | 65,129 | 170,141 | 48\% |
| 2008 | 84,073 | 17-May | FW CPUE after week 34 | 0.040 | 87,568 | 19,509 | 68,059 | 75,692 | 163,260 | 58\% |
| 2009 | 83,028 | 12-May | FW CPUE after week 34 | 0.001 | 83,097 | 11,260 | 71,837 | 36,380 | 119,477 | 40\% |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 84-08 | 126,701 | 30-May |  | 0.040 | 129,709 | 24,922 | 104,787 | 92,065 | 221,774 | 51\% |
| 99-08 | 137,595 | 16-May |  | 0.021 | 137,965 | 26,315 | 111,649 | 98,040 | 236,004 | 51\% |

Appendix D. 14. The terminal run reconstruction of Taku wild and enhanced sockeye salmon, 1984-2009.

| Year | Wild Total Run |  |  |  | Enhanced Total Run |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Canadian harvest | Escape | US harvest | Terminal <br> Run | Canadian harvest | Escape | US <br> harvest | Terminal Run |
| 1984 | 27,292 | 113,962 | 58,543 | 199,796 |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 14,411 | 109,563 | 73,809 | 197,783 |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 14,939 | 100,106 | 60,934 | 175,980 |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 13,887 | 82,136 | 54,124 | 150,148 |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 12,967 | 79,674 | 25,811 | 118,452 |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 18,805 | 95,263 | 62,828 | 176,895 |  |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 21,474 | 96,099 | 108,499 | 226,072 |  |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 25,380 | 129,493 | 103,412 | 258,285 |  |  |  |  |
| 1992 | 29,862 | 137,514 | 122,438 | 289,814 |  |  |  |  |
| 1993 | 33,523 | 108,625 | 141,038 | 283,186 |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 29,001 | 102,579 | 97,046 | 228,626 |  |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 31,374 | 113,739 | 87,878 | 232,991 | 1,337 | 0 | 4,106 | 5,443 |
| 1996 | 41,287 | 92,626 | 182,944 | 316,858 | 738 | 0 | 4,783 | 5,521 |
| 1997 | 23,685 | 71,086 | 77,067 | 171,838 | 667 | 0 | 2,060 | 2,727 |
| 1998 | 18,681 | 70,579 | 48,989 | 138,249 | 596 | 136 | 843 | 1,575 |
| 1999 | 20,847 | 92,518 | 62,441 | 175,806 | 304 | 37 | 617 | 958 |
| 2000 | 28,025 | 86,225 | 129,683 | 243,933 | 443 | 1,000 | 1,579 | 3,022 |
| 2001 | 46,231 | 140,375 | 195,496 | 382,101 | 1,886 | 3,753 | 8,938 | 14,577 |
| 2002 | 31,676 | 102,848 | 115,748 | 250,272 | 50 | 659 | 653 | 1,362 |
| 2003 | 32,755 | 159,026 | 134,717 | 326,498 | 269 | 1,340 | 777 | 2,386 |
| 2004 | 20,090 | 106,289 | 76,321 | 202,700 | 269 | 399 | 692 | 1,360 |
| 2005 | 21,840 | 119,384 | 45,497 | 186,721 | 262 | 669 | 593 | 1,524 |
| 2006 | 20,628 | 143,660 | 63,587 | 227,875 | 818 | 2,491 | 2,241 | 5,550 |
| 2007 | 15,467 | 84,575 | 61,387 | 161,428 | 1,782 | 3,188 | 3,742 | 8,713 |
| 2008 | 17,443 | 63,892 | 63,905 | 145,240 | 2,066 | 4,167 | 11,787 | 18,020 |
| 2009 | 11,152 | 71,484 | 35,984 | 118,620 | 108 | 353 | 248 | 709 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 84-08 | 24,463 | 104,073 | 90,166 | 218,702 |  |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 25,500 | 109,879 | 94,878 | 230,257 | 815 | 1,770 | 3,162 | 5,747 |

Appendix D. 15. Annual sockeye salmon escapement estimates of Taku River and Port Snettisham sockeye stocks, 1979-2009.

| Spawners equals escapement to the weir minus fish collected for brood stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Little Trapper |  | Little Tatsamenie |  | Tatsamenie |  | King Salmon Weir | Kuthai Lake$\qquad$ | Nahlin River Weir | Crescent Lake |  | Speel Lake |  |
| Year | Count | Escape. | Count | Escape. | Count | Escape. |  |  |  | Count | Escape. | Count | Escape. |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,658 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,299 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1983{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 7,402 | 7,402 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19,422 | 19,422 | 10,484 | 10,484 |
| 1984 | 13,084 | 13,084 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,707 | 6,707 | 9,764 | 9,764 |
| $1985{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 14,889 | 14,889 | 13,093 | 13,093 |  |  |  |  |  | 7,249 | 7,249 | 7,073 | 7,006 |
| 1986 | 13,820 | 13,820 | 11,446 | 11,446 |  |  |  |  |  | 3,414 | 3,414 | 5,857 | 5,457 |
| $1987{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 12,007 | 12,007 | 2,794 | 2,794 |  | 25 |  |  |  | 7,839 | 7,839 | 9,319 | 9,319 |
| 1988 | 10,637 | 10,637 | 2,063 | 2,063 |  |  |  |  | 138 | 1,199 | 1,199 | 969 | 710 |
| 1989 | 9,606 | 9,606 | 3,039 | 3,039 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,109 | 775 | 12,229 | 10,114 |
| 1990 | 9,443 | 7,777 | 5,736 | 4,929 |  |  |  |  | 2,515 | 1,262 | 757 | 18,064 | 16,867 |
| 1991 | 22,942 | 21,001 | 8,381 | 7,585 |  |  |  |  |  | 9,208 | 8,666 | 299 | 299 |
| 1992 | 14,372 | 12,732 | 6,576 | 5,681 |  |  |  | 1,457 | 297 | 22,674 | 21,849 | 9,439 | 8,136 |
| 1993 | 17,432 | 16,685 | 5,028 | 4,230 |  |  |  | 6,312 | 2,463 |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 13,438 | 12,691 | 4,371 | 3,578 |  |  |  | 5,427 | 960 |  |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 11,524 | 11,524 |  |  | 5,780 | 4,387 |  | 3,310 | 3,711 |  |  | 16,208 | 14,260 |
| 1996 | 5,483 | 5,483 |  |  | 10,381 | 8,026 |  | 4,243 | 2,538 |  |  | 20,000 | 18,610 |
| 1997 | 5,924 | 5,924 |  |  | 8,363 | 5,981 |  | 5,746 | 1,857 |  |  | 4,999 |  |
| 1998 | 8,717 | 8,717 |  |  | 5,997 | 4,735 |  | 1,934 | 345 |  |  | 13,358 |  |
| 1999 | 11,805 | 11,805 |  |  | 2,104 | 1,888 |  | 10,042 |  |  |  | 10,277 |  |
| 2000 | 11,551 | 11,551 |  |  | 7,575 | 5,570 |  | 4,096 |  |  |  | 6,764 |  |
| 2001 | 16,860 | 16,860 |  |  | 22,575 | 19,579 |  | 1,663 | 935 |  |  | 8,060 |  |
| 2002 | 7,973 | 7,973 |  |  | 5,495 | 4,379 |  | 7,697 |  |  |  | 5,016 |  |
| 2003 | 31,227 | 31,227 |  |  | 4,515 | 2,965 |  | 7,769 |  |  |  | 7,014 |  |
| 2004 | 9,613 | 9,613 |  |  | 1,951 | 1,357 | 5,005 | 1,578 |  | na | na | 7,813 |  |
| 2005 | 16,009 | 16,009 |  |  | 3,372 | 2,445 | 1,046 | 6,004 |  | na | na | 7,538 |  |
| 2006 | 25,670 | 25,670 |  |  | 22,475 | 19,820 | 2,177 | 1,015 |  | na | na | 4,163 |  |
| 2007 | 7,153 | 6,340 |  |  | 11,187 | 8,384 | 5 | 204 |  | na | na | 3,099 |  |
| 2008 | 3,831 | 2,791 |  |  | 8,976 | 6,176 | 888 | 1,547 |  | na | na | 1,763 |  |
| 2009 | 5,552 | 5,443 |  |  | 2,032 | 1,292 | 55 | 1,442 |  | na | na | 3,689 | 3,689 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83-08 | 12,785 | 12,455 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,315 |  |
| 99-08 | 14,169 | 13,984 |  |  | 9,023 | 7,256 | 1,824 | 4,162 | 935 |  |  | 6,151 |  |

Appendix D. 16. US fisheries of Taku coho harvest —should be D11, 1979-2009.

| Year | Gillnet |  | Sport Fish |  | $\frac{\mathrm{PU}}{\text { Total }}$ | All Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | SE | Total | SE |  | Total | SE |
| 1992 | 74,226 | 23,030 | 431 | 380 | 88 | 74,745 | 30,776 |
| 1993 | 32,456 | 8,515 | 3,222 | 3,048 | 25 | 35,703 | 24,687 |
| 1994 | 82,181 | 14,117 | 19,018 | 8,674 | 93 | 101,292 | 36,733 |
| 1995 | 51,286 | 7,263 | 7,857 | 2,920 | 97 | 59,240 | 12,179 |
| 1996 | 14,491 | 2,762 | 2,461 | 1,162 | 67 | 17,019 | 9,553 |
| 1997 | 1,489 | 412 | 4,963 | 1,674 | 27 | 6,479 | 2,691 |
| 1998 | 12,972 | 2,015 | 3,984 | 1,084 | 86 | 17,042 | 7,435 |
| 1999 | 5,572 | 913 | 3,393 | 997 | 44 | 9,009 | 5,958 |
| 2000 | 7,352 | 1,355 | 4,137 | 1,148 | 31 | 11,520 | 3,327 |
| 2001 | 9,212 | 1,523 | 2,505 | 813 | 22 | 11,739 | 4,828 |
| 2002 | 26,981 | 4,257 | 6,189 | 1,346 | 68 | 33,238 | 6,389 |
| 2003 | 19,659 | 6,937 | 5,421 | 1,727 | 59 | 25,139 | 10,271 |
| 2004 | 13,058 | 2,937 | 12,720 | 3,528 | 120 | 25,898 | 12,967 |
| 2005 | 18,011 | 5,679 | 3,573 | 1,830 | 134 | 21,718 | 11,908 |
| 2006 | 32,051 | 4,020 | 3,985 | 1,017 | 134 | 36,170 | 7,812 |
| 2007 | 15,753 | 2,416 | 804 | 488 | 60 | 16,617 | 5,529 |
| 2008 | 23,806 | 5,028 | 493 | 362 | 91 | 24,390 | 12,855 |
| 2009 | 36,757 | 5,033 | 5,949 | 2,445 | 240 | 42,946 | 8,642 |
| Average |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99-08 | 17,146 | 3,507 | 4,322 | 1,326 | 76 | 21,544 | 8,184 |

Appendix D. 17. Historical coho salmon in the Canadian fisheries in the Taku River, 1979-2009.

| Year | Commercial |  | Aboriginal | Test | [est releasec |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Before SW34 After SW34 | Total |  |  |  |
| 1979 |  | 6,006 |  |  |  |
| 1980 |  | 6,405 | 0 |  |  |
| 1981 |  | 3,607 |  |  |  |
| 1982 |  | 51 |  |  |  |
| 1983 |  | 8,390 | 0 |  |  |
| 1984 |  | 5,357 | 15 |  |  |
| 1985 |  | 1,770 | 22 |  |  |
| 1986 |  | 1,783 | 50 |  |  |
| 1987 |  | 5,599 | 113 | 807 |  |
| 1988 |  | 3,123 | 98 | 422 |  |
| 1989 |  | 2,876 | 146 | 1,011 |  |
| 1990 |  | 3,207 | 6 | 472 |  |
| 1991 |  | 3,415 | 20 | 2,004 |  |
| 1992 |  | 4,077 | 187 | 1,277 |  |
| 1993 |  | 3,033 | 8 | 1,593 |  |
| 1994 |  | 14,531 | 162 |  |  |
| 1995 |  | 13,629 | 109 |  |  |
| 1996 |  | 5,028 | 24 |  | 39 |
| 1997 |  | 2,594 | 96 |  |  |
| 1998 |  | 5,090 | 0 |  |  |
| 1999 |  | 4,416 | 471 | 688 |  |
| 2000 |  | 4,395 | 342 | 710 |  |
| 2001 |  | 2,568 | 500 | 31 | 2,976 |
| 2002 |  | 3,082 | 688 | 32 | 3,767 |
| 2003 |  | 3,168 | 416 | 59 | 4,031 |
| 2004 | 2,387 3,579 | 5,966 | 450 | 3,268 |  |
| 2005 | 1,412 3,512 | 4,924 | 162 | 3,173 |  |
| 2006 | 4,947 3,620 | 8,567 | 300 | 2,802 |  |
| 2007 | 2,229 3,015 | 5,244 | 155 | 2,674 |  |
| 2008 | 2,802 1,104 | 3,906 | 67 | 0 | 1,012 |
| 2009 | 2,379 3,270 | 5,649 | 154 | 3,963 |  |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83-08 |  | 4,990 | 177 |  |  |
| 99-08 |  | 4,624 | 355 | 1,344 |  |

Appendix D. 18. Historic Taku River (above border) coho salmon terminal run size, 1987-2009.
The run estimates do not include spawningescapements below the U.S./Canada border. Estimates are expanded if mark-recapture activities terminate prior to run completion.

| Above Border M-R |  |  | Expansion |  | Expanded <br> Estimate | Canadian Harvest | Escape. | U.S. <br> Harvest | Total <br> Run | Total Exploitation Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Run | End |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Estimate | Date | Method | Factor |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 43,750 | 20-Sep | Test Fish CPUE | 1.42 | 61,976 | 6,519 | 55,457 |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 43,093 | 18-Sep |  | 1.00 | 43,093 | 3,643 | 39,450 |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 60,841 | 1-Oct |  | 1.00 | 60,841 | 4,033 | 56,808 |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 75,881 |  |  | 1.00 | 75,881 | 3,685 | 72,196 |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 132,923 |  |  | 1.00 | 132,923 | 5,439 | 127,484 |  |  |  |
| 1992 | 49,928 | 5-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.79 | 89,269 | 5,541 | 83,728 | 74,745 | 164,014 | 0.490 |
| 1993 | 67,448 | 11-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.84 | 123,965 | 4,634 | 119,331 | 35,703 | 159,668 | 0.253 |
| 1994 | 98,643 | 24-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.13 | 111,036 | 14,693 | 96,343 | 101,292 | 212,328 | 0.546 |
| 1995 | 61,738 | 30-Sep | District 111-32 CPUF | 1.12 | 69,448 | 13,738 | 55,710 | 59,240 | 128,688 | 0.567 |
| 1996 | 44,172 | 28-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.12 | 49,687 | 5,052 | 44,635 | 17,019 | 66,706 | 0.331 |
| 1997 | 35,035 | 27-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.00 | 35,035 | 2,690 | 32,345 | 6,479 | 41,514 | 0.221 |
| 1998 | 49,290 | 26-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.35 | 66,472 | 5,090 | 61,382 | 17,042 | 83,514 | 0.265 |
| 1999 | 59,052 | 3-Oct | Troll CPUE | 1.12 | 66,343 | 5,575 | 60,768 | 9,009 | 75,352 | 0.194 |
| 2000 | 70,147 | 2-Oct | no expansion | 1.00 | 70,147 | 5,447 | 64,700 | 11,520 | 81,667 | 0.208 |
| 2001 | 107,493 | 5-Oct | no expansion | 1.00 | 107,493 | 3,099 | 104,394 | 11,739 | 119,232 | 0.124 |
| 2002 | 223,162 | 7-Oct | no expansion | 1.00 | 223,162 | 3,802 | 219,360 | 33,238 | 256,400 | 0.144 |
| 2003 | 186,755 | 8-Oct | no expansion | 1.00 | 186,755 | 3,643 | 183,112 | 25,139 | 211,894 | 0.136 |
| 2004 | 139,011 | 8-Oct | no expansion | 1.00 | 139,011 | 9,684 | 129,327 | 25,898 | 164,909 | 0.216 |
| 2005 | 143,817 | 8-Oct | no expansion | 1.00 | 143,817 | 8,259 | 135,558 | 21,718 | 165,535 | 0.181 |
| 2006 | 134,053 | 8-Oct | no expansion | 1.00 | 134,053 | 11,669 | 122,384 | 36,170 | 170,223 | 0.281 |
| 2007 | 82,319 | 8-Oct | no expansion | 1.00 | 82,319 | 8,073 | 74,246 | 16,617 | 98,936 | 0.250 |
| 2008 | 99,199 | 8-Oct | no expansion | 1.00 | 99,199 | 3,973 | 95,226 | 24,390 | 123,589 | 0.229 |
| 2009 | 113,716 | 8-Oct | no expansion | 1.00 | 113,716 | 9,766 | 103,950 | 42,946 | 156,662 | 0.336 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 87-08 | 91,261 | 29-Sep |  | 1.13 | 98,724 | 6,272 | 92,452 | 30,998 | 136,716 | 0.273 |
| 99-08 | 124,501 | 6-Oct |  | 1.01 | 125,230 | 6,322 | 118,908 | 21,544 | 146,774 | 0.196 |

Appendix D. 19. Escapement counts of Taku River coho salmon. Counts are for age-. 1 fish and do not include non larges, 1984-2009.

| Because of variability between methods, visibility, observers, and timing, these counts are not an index of run strength. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yehring Creek |  |  | Sockeye <br> Creek <br> Aerial | Johnson <br> Creek <br> Ar/Foot | Fish <br> Creek <br> Aerial | Flannigan <br> Slough <br> Aerial | Tatsamenie <br> River <br> Weir | Hacket <br> River <br> Weir | Dudidontu <br> River <br> Aerial | per Nahlin River |  |
| Year | Weir | Aerial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Aerial | Weir |
| 1984 |  | 2,900 | 275 | 235 | 700 | 1,480 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 |  | 560 | 740 | 150 | 1,000 | 2,320 | 201 | 1,031 |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 2,116 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,200 | 174 | 70 | 53 | 1,095 | 344 | 2,723 | 108 | 318 |  |
| 1987 | 1,627 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 565 | 980 | 150 | 250 | 2,100 | 173 | 1,715 | 276 | 165 |  |
| 1988 | 1,423 | 658 | 585 | 500 | 1,215 | 1,308 | $663{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,260 | 367 | 694 | 1,322 |
| 1989 | 1,570 | 600 | 400 | 400 | 235 | 1,670 | $712^{\text {a }}$ |  | 115 | 322 |  |
| 1990 | 2,522 | 220 | 193 |  | 425 | 414 | $669^{\text {a }}$ |  | 25 | 256 |  |
| 1991 |  | 475 | 399 | 120 | 1,378 | 1,348 | 1,101 |  | 458 | 176 |  |
| 1992 |  | 1,267 | 594 | 654 | 478 | 1,288 | 730 |  |  |  | 970 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 1993 |  | 250 | 130 | 90 | 380 | 70 | 88 |  |  |  | 326 |
| 1994 |  | 500 | 60 | 450 | 200 | 50 | 168 |  |  |  | 2,112 |
| 1995 |  | 70 | 230 | 170 | 132 | 421 | 62 |  |  |  |  |
| 1996 |  | 35 | 28 | 50 | 250 | 278 | 21 |  |  |  |  |
| 1997 |  | 500 | 10 | 550 | 600 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 |  | 280 |  | 300 | 450 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 |  | 1,050 |  |  | 400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 |  | 450 |  | 500 | 1,800 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Surveys Discontinued
${ }^{a}$ Weir count combined with spawning ground count. Tatsamenie 88-90, Yehring 86-87, Nahlin 92.
Bold--Incomplete count or minial estimates

Appendix D. 20. Historical effort in the Alaskan District 111 and Subdistrict 111-32 (Taku Inlet) commercial drift gillnet fishery, 1960-2009.
Days open are for the entire district and include openings to harvest
spawner chinook salmon, 1960-1975.

| Year | D111 |  | D111-32 |  | PU |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Boat Days | Days <br> Open | Boat <br> Days | Days <br> Open |  |
| 1960 |  | 60.00 | 1,680 | 60.00 |  |
| 1961 |  | 62.00 | 2,901 | 62.00 |  |
| 1962 |  | 52.00 | 1,568 | 52.00 |  |
| 1963 |  | 54.00 | 1,519 | 51.00 |  |
| 1964 |  | 56.00 | 1,491 | 56.00 |  |
| 1965 |  | 63.00 | 1,332 | 60.00 |  |
| 1966 |  | 64.00 | 1,535 | 58.00 |  |
| 1967 |  | 53.00 | 1,663 | 50.00 |  |
| 1968 |  | 60.00 | 2,420 | 60.00 |  |
| 1969 | 1,518 | 41.50 | 1,413 | 42.00 |  |
| 1970 | 2,688 | 53.00 | 2,425 | 53.00 |  |
| 1971 | 3,053 | 55.00 | 2,849 | 55.00 |  |
| 1972 | 3,103 | 51.00 | 2,797 | 51.00 |  |
| 1973 | 3,286 | 41.00 | 3,135 | 41.00 |  |
| 1974 | 2,315 | 29.50 | 1,741 | 30.00 |  |
| 1975 | 1,084 | 15.50 | 986 | 15.00 |  |
| 1976 | 1,914 | 25.00 | 1,582 | 23.00 |  |
| 1977 | 2,258 | 27.00 | 1,879 | 27.00 |  |
| 1978 | 2,174 | 26.00 | 1,738 | 24.00 |  |
| 1979 | 2,269 | 28.83 | 2,011 | 29.00 |  |
| 1980 | 4,123 | 30.92 | 3,634 | 31.00 |  |
| 1981 | 2,687 | 30.00 | 1,740 | 22.00 |  |
| 1982 | 2,433 | 35.50 | 2,130 | 36.00 |  |
| 1983 | 1,274 | 33.00 | 1,065 | 31.00 |  |
| 1984 | 2,757 | 52.50 | 2,120 | 39.00 |  |
| 1985 | 3,264 | 48.00 | 2,116 | 37.00 | 54 |
| 1986 | 2,129 | 32.83 | 1,413 | 30.00 |  |
| 1987 | 2,514 | 34.75 | 1,517 | 30.00 |  |
| 1988 | 2,135 | 32.00 | 1,213 | 29.00 |  |
| 1989 | 2,333 | 41.00 | 1,909 | 36.00 | 75 |
| 1990 | 3,188 | 38.33 | 2,879 | 38.00 | 95 |
| 1991 | 4,145 | 57.00 | 3,324 | 52.00 | 88 |
| 1992 | 4,550 | 50.00 | 3,407 | 43.00 | 125 |
| 1993 | 3,827 | 43.00 | 3,372 | 43.00 | 128 |
| 1994 | 5,078 | 66.00 | 3,960 | 60.00 | 116 |
| 1995 | 4,034 | 49.00 | 3,061 | 45.00 | 106 |
| 1996 | 3,229 | 46.00 | 2,685 | 41.00 | 130 |
| 1997 | 2,107 | 33.00 | 1,761 | 30.00 | 123 |
| 1998 | 3,070 | 48.00 | 2,007 | 39.00 | 130 |
| 1999 | 2,841 | 59.00 | 2,563 | 58.00 | 147 |
| 2000 | 2,919 | 40.00 | 2,325 | 38.00 | 128 |
| 2001 | 4,731 | 54.00 | 3,635 | 55.00 | 163 |
| 2002 | 4,095 | 62.00 | 2,792 | 54.00 | 136 |
| 2003 | 3,977 | 73.50 | 2,685 | 64.50 | 133 |
| 2004 | 3,342 | 59.00 | 1,627 | 50.00 | 131 |
| 2005 | 3,427 | 68.00 | 2,947 | 65.00 | 132 |
| 2006 | 3,517 | 89.00 | 2,470 | 81.00 | 105 |
| 2007 | 3,505 | 64.00 | 2,941 | 64.00 | 91 |
| 2008 | 3,116 | 49.00 | 2,223 | 46.00 | 125 |
| 2009 | 3,438 | 62.00 | 2,524 | 57.00 | 120 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-08 | 3,000 | 48 | 2,249 | 45 |  |
| 99-08 | 3,547 | 62 | 2,621 | 58 | 129 |

Appendix D. 21. Historical effort in the Canadian commercial fishery in the Taku River, 1979-2009.

|  | Commercial |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Year | Boat <br> Days | Days <br> Open |
| 1979 | 599 | 50 |
| 1980 | 476 | 39 |
| 1981 | 243 | 31 |
| 1982 | 38 | 13 |
| 1983 | 390 | 64 |
| 1984 | 288 | 30 |
| 1985 | 178 | 16 |
| 1986 | 148 | 17 |
| 1987 | 280 | 26 |
| 1988 | 185 | 15 |
| 1989 | 271 | 25 |
| 1990 | 295 | 28 |
| 1991 | 284 | 25 |
| 1992 | 291 | 27 |
| 1993 | 363 | 34 |
| 1994 | 497 | 74 |
| 1995 | 428 | 51 |
| 1996 | 415 | 65 |
| 1997 | 394 | 47 |
| 1998 | 299 | 42 |
| 1999 | 300 | 34 |
| 2000 | 351 | 39 |
| 2001 | 382 | 42 |
| 2002 | 286 | 33 |
| 2003 | 275 | 44 |
| 2004 | 294 | 40 |
| 2005 | 561 | 68 |
| 2006 | 518 | 77 |
| 2007 | 313 | 55 |
| 2008 | 245 | 33 |
| 2009 | 459 | 98 |
| Averages |  |  |
| $79-08$ | 39 | 46 |
|  |  |  |

Appendix D. 22. Canyon Island fish wheel salmon counts and periods of operation on the Taku River, 1984-2009.

| Year | Period of Operation | Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Pink |  |  |
|  |  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | en year | odd year | ead |
| 1984 | 6/15-9/18 | 138 | 2,334 | 889 | 20,751 | 316 | 20,751 |  |  |
| 1985 | 6/16-9/21 | 184 | 3,601 | 1,207 | 27,670 | 1,376 |  | 27,670 |  |
| 1986 | 6/14-8/25 | 571 | 5,808 | 758 | 7,256 | 80 | 7,256 |  |  |
| 1987 | 6/15-9/20 | 285 | 4,307 | 2,240 | 42,786 | 1,533 |  | 42,786 | 34 |
| 1988 | 5/11-9/19 | 1,436 | 3,292 | 2,168 | 3,982 | 1,089 | 3,982 |  | 34 |
| 1989 | 5/05-10/01 | 1,811 | 5,650 | 2,243 | 31,189 | 645 |  | 31,189 | 38 |
| 1990 | 5/03-9/23 | 1,972 | 6,091 | 1,860 | 13,358 | 748 | 13,358 |  | 43 |
| 1991 | 6/08-10/15 | 680 | 5,102 | 4,922 | 23,553 | 1,063 |  | 23,553 | 138 |
| 1992 | 6/20-9/24 | 212 | 6,279 | 2,103 | 9,252 | 189 | 9,252 |  | 22 |
| 1993 | 6/12-9/29 | 562 | 8,975 | 2,552 | 1,625 | 345 |  | 1,625 | 16 |
| 1994 | 6/10-9/21 | 906 | 6,485 | 4,792 | 27,100 | 367 | 27,100 |  | 107 |
| 1995 | 5/4-9/27 | 1,535 | 6,228 | 2,535 | 1,712 | 218 |  | 1,712 | 61 |
| 1996 | 5/3-9/20 | 1,904 | 5,919 | 1,895 | 21,583 | 388 | 21,583 |  | 68 |
| 1997 | 5/3-10/1 | 1,321 | 5,708 | 1,665 | 4,962 | 485 |  | 4,962 | 103 |
| 1998 | 5/2-9/15 | 894 | 4,230 | 1,777 | 23,347 | 179 | 23,347 |  | 119 |
| 1999 | 5/3-10/3 | 440 | 4,636 | 1,848 | 23,503 | 164 |  | 23,503 | 119 |
| 2000 | 4/23-10/3 | 1,211 | 5,865 | 1,877 | 6,529 | 423 | 6,529 |  | 160 |
| 2001 | 4/23-10/5 | 1,262 | 6,201 | 2,380 | 9,134 | 250 |  | 9,134 | 125 |
| 2002 | 4/24-10/7 | 1,578 | 5,812 | 3,766 | 5,672 | 205 | 5,672 |  | 87 |
| 2003 | 4/20-10/08 | 1,351 | 5,970 | 3,002 | 15,492 | 268 |  | 15,492 | 93 |
| 2004 | 4/30-10/06 | 2,234 | 6,255 | 3,163 | 8,464 | 414 | 8,464 |  | 63 |
| 2005 | 4/25-10/05 | 517 | 3,953 | 1,476 | 15,839 | 258 |  | 15,839 | 79 |
| 2006 | 4/27-10/03 | 544 | 5,296 | 2,811 | 21,725 | 466 | 21,725 |  | 47 |
| 2007 | 4/27-10/01 | 430 | 7,698 | 2,117 | 12,405 | 482 |  | 12,405 | 57 |
| 2008 | 4/23-10/03 | 1,298 | 3,736 | 2,213 | 4,704 | 350 | 4,704 |  |  |
| 2009 | 4/24-9/27 | 688 | 3,489 | 3,051 | 9,234 | 231 |  | 9,225 | 52 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 84-08 |  | 1,011 | 5,417 | 2,330 | 15,344 | 492 | 13,363 | 17,489 | 77 |
| 99-08 |  | 1,087 | 5,542 | 2,465 | 12,347 | 328 | 9,419 | 15,275 | 92 |

Appendix E. 1. Weekly salmon harvest and effort in the lower Alsek River fisheries, 2009.

|  |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Boats | Days Open Boat Days |  |
| No Test fishery in 2009 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Commercial Fishery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | 216 | 1,091 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 1.0 | 14.0 |
| 25 | 132 | 348 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 1.0 | 14.0 |
| 26 | 200 | 2,210 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 2.0 | 24.0 |
| 27 | 47 | 3,628 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 2.0 | 28.0 |
| 28 | 5 | 2,058 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 1.0 | 12.0 |
| 29 | 1 | 1,041 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 1.0 | 13.0 |
| 30 | 1 | 1,503 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 2.0 | 14.0 |
| $31-34$ | 1 | 961 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 10.0 | 15.0 |
| 35 | 0 | 9 | 24 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3.0 | 6.0 |
| 36 | 0 | 24 | 358 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3.0 | 15.0 |
| 37 | 0 | 30 | 1,538 | 0 | 15 | 5 | 3.0 | 15.0 |
| 38 | 0 | 3 | 905 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3.0 | 9.0 |
| 39 | 0 | 0 | 380 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 3.0 | 12.0 |
| 40 | 0 | 0 | 235 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3.0 | 9.0 |
| 41 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.0 |  |
| 42 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 603 | 12,906 | 3,446 | 0 | 20 |  | 44 | 200 |

Appendix E. 2. Weekly salmon harvest and effort in the Canadian Aboriginal and sport fisheries in the Alsek River, 2009.

| Week | Chinook |  |  |  | Sockeye |  |  |  | Coho |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aboriginal ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Recreational |  | Total ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Aboriginal ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Recreational |  | Total ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Aboriginal ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Recreational |  | Total ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
|  |  | Kept ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Released ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Kept | Released |  |  | Kept | Released |  |
| 24 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 25 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 26 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 27 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 28 | Weekly | 2 | 0 | 2 | Weekly | 0 | 0 | 0 | Weekly | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 29 | Data | 7 | 25 | 7 | Data | 0 | 7 | 0 | Data | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 30 | Not | 12 | 87 | 12 | Not | 0 | 28 | 0 | Not | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 31 | Available | 0 | 0 | 0 | Available | 0 | 0 | 0 | Available | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 32 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 33 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 34 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 35 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 36 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 37 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 2 | 0 | 2 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 38 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 39 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 41 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 42 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 43 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 44 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 45 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 46 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 105 | 20 | 112 | 125 | 715 | 2 | 35 | 717 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Village Creı | , NA |  |  |  | NA |  |  |  | NA |  |  |  |
| Harvest at | 1 |  |  |  | 75 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |
| Food fish a | 52 |  |  |  | 128 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |

Appendix E. 3. Daily counts of salmon passing through Klukshu River weir, 2009.

| Date | Chinook |  |  | Sockeye |  |  | Coho |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cumulative |  | Daily | Cumulative |  | Daily | Cumulative |  |
|  | Daily | Daily | Prop. |  | Daily | Prop. |  | Daily | Prop. |
| 10-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 11-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 12-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 13-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 14-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 15-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 16-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 17-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 18-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 19-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 20-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 21-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 22-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 23-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 24-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 25-Jun |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |  | 0 | 0.000 |
| 26-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 27-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 28-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 29-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 30-Jun | 1 | 1 | 0.001 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 1-Jul | 1 | 2 | 0.001 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 2-Jul | 1 | 3 | 0.002 | 2 | 2 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 3-Jul | 0 | 3 | 0.002 | 0 | 2 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 4-Jul | 1 | 4 | 0.003 | 0 | 2 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 5-Jul | 1 | 5 | 0.003 | 9 | 11 | 0.002 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 6-Jul | 1 | 6 | 0.004 | 4 | 15 | 0.003 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 7-Jul | 2 | 8 | 0.005 | 12 | 27 | 0.005 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 8-Jul | 1 | 9 | 0.006 | 6 | 33 | 0.006 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 9-Jul | 7 | 16 | 0.010 | 6 | 39 | 0.007 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 10-Jul | 6 | 22 | 0.014 | 5 | 44 | 0.008 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 11-Jul | 5 | 27 | 0.017 | 4 | 48 | 0.008 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 12-Jul | 10 | 37 | 0.024 | 6 | 54 | 0.009 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 13-Jul | 9 | 46 | 0.029 | 1 | 55 | 0.010 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 14-Jul | 12 | 58 | 0.037 | 5 | 60 | 0.011 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 15-Jul | 31 | 89 | 0.057 | 4 | 64 | 0.011 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 16-Jul | 29 | 118 | 0.075 | 6 | 70 | 0.012 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 17-Jul | 35 | 153 | 0.097 | 7 | 77 | 0.013 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 18-Jul | 93 | 246 | 0.157 | 14 | 91 | 0.016 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 19-Jul | 223 | 469 | 0.299 | 29 | 120 | 0.021 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 20-Jul | 35 | 504 | 0.321 | 2 | 122 | 0.021 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 21-Jul | 119 | 623 | 0.397 | 82 | 204 | 0.036 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 22-Jul | 29 | 652 | 0.415 | 98 | 302 | 0.053 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 23-Jul | 35 | 687 | 0.437 | 4 | 306 | 0.054 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 24-Jul | 243 | 930 | 0.592 | 38 | 344 | 0.060 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 25-Jul | 50 | 980 | 0.624 | 19 | 363 | 0.064 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 26-Jul | 118 | 1,098 | 0.699 | 113 | 476 | 0.083 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 27-Jul | 74 | 1,172 | 0.746 | 156 | 632 | 0.111 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 28-Jul | 45 | 1,217 | 0.775 | 64 | 696 | 0.122 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 29-Jul | 47 | 1,264 | 0.805 | 60 | 756 | 0.132 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 30-Jul | 26 | 1,290 | 0.821 | 37 | 793 | 0.139 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 31-Jul | 149 | 1,439 | 0.916 | 212 | 1,005 | 0.176 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 1-Aug | 18 | 1,457 | 0.927 | 24 | 1,029 | 0.180 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 2-Aug | 13 | 1,470 | 0.936 | 26 | 1,055 | 0.185 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 3-Aug | 8 | 1,478 | 0.941 | 15 | 1,070 | 0.187 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 4-Aug | 3 | 1,481 | 0.943 | 10 | 1,080 | 0.189 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 5-Aug | 11 | 1,492 | 0.950 | 43 | 1,123 | 0.197 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 6-Aug | 9 | 1,501 | 0.955 | 16 | 1,139 | 0.199 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 7-Aug | 5 | 1,506 | 0.959 | 44 | 1,183 | 0.207 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 8-Aug | 3 | 1,509 | 0.961 | 11 | 1,194 | 0.209 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 9-Aug | 6 | 1,515 | 0.964 | 10 | 1,204 | 0.211 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |

- Continued -

Appendix E.3. Page 2 of 2.

| Date | Chinook |  |  | Sockeye |  |  | Coho |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cumulative |  | Daily | Cumulative |  | Daily | Cumulative |  |
|  | Daily | Daily | Prop. |  | Daily | Prop. |  | Daily | Prop. |
| 10-Aug | 7 | 1,522 | 0.969 | 24 | 1,228 | 0.215 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 11-Aug | 14 | 1,536 | 0.978 | 12 | 1,240 | 0.217 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 12-Aug | 5 | 1,541 | 0.981 | 0 | 1,240 | 0.217 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 13-Aug | 4 | 1,545 | 0.983 | 3 | 1,243 | 0.218 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 14-Aug | 4 | 1,549 | 0.986 | 2 | 1,245 | 0.218 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 15-Aug | 9 | 1,558 | 0.992 | 2 | 1,247 | 0.218 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 16-Aug | 2 | 1,560 | 0.993 | 69 | 1,316 | 0.230 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 17-Aug | 0 | 1,560 | 0.993 | 94 | 1,410 | 0.247 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 18-Aug | 6 | 1,566 | 0.997 | 289 | 1,699 | 0.297 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 19-Aug | 1 | 1,567 | 0.997 | 21 | 1,720 | 0.301 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 20-Aug | 0 | 1,567 | 0.997 | 57 | 1,777 | 0.311 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 21-Aug | 1 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 523 | 2,300 | 0.403 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 22-Aug | 0 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 44 | 2,344 | 0.410 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 23-Aug | 0 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 16 | 2,360 | 0.413 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 24-Aug | 0 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 4 | 2,364 | 0.414 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 25-Aug | 0 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 268 | 2,632 | 0.461 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 26-Aug | 0 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 19 | 2,651 | 0.464 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 27-Aug | 0 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 0 | 2,651 | 0.464 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 28-Aug | 0 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 220 | 2,871 | 0.503 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 29-Aug | 0 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 65 | 2,936 | 0.514 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 30-Aug | 0 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 190 | 3,126 | 0.547 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 31-Aug | 0 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 175 | 3,301 | 0.578 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 1-Sep | 0 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 170 | 3,471 | 0.608 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 2-Sep | 0 | 1,568 | 0.998 | 241 | 3,712 | 0.650 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 3-Sep | 1 | 1,569 | 0.999 | 66 | 3,778 | 0.661 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 4-Sep | 0 | 1,569 | 0.999 | 48 | 3,826 | 0.670 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 5-Sep | 0 | 1,569 | 0.999 | 276 | 4,102 | 0.718 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 6-Sep | 1 | 1,570 | 0.999 | 3 | 4,105 | 0.719 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 7-Sep | 0 | 1,570 | 0.999 | 47 | 4,152 | 0.727 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 8-Sep | 0 | 1,570 | 0.999 | 3 | 4,155 | 0.727 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 9-Sep | 0 | 1,570 | 0.999 | 154 | 4,309 | 0.754 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 10-Sep | 0 | 1,570 | 0.999 | 125 | 4,434 | 0.776 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 11-Sep | 0 | 1,570 | 0.999 | 118 | 4,552 | 0.797 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 12-Sep | 0 | 1,570 | 0.999 | 68 | 4,620 | 0.809 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 13-Sep | 1 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 31 | 4,651 | 0.814 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 14-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 54 | 4,705 | 0.824 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 15-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 19 | 4,724 | 0.827 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 16-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 57 | 4,781 | 0.837 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 17-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 73 | 4,854 | 0.850 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 18-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 9 | 4,863 | 0.851 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 19-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 22 | 4,885 | 0.855 | 1 | 1 | 0.002 |
| 20-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 5 | 4,890 | 0.856 | 0 | 1 | 0.002 |
| 21-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 5 | 4,895 | 0.857 | 1 | 2 | 0.005 |
| 22-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 22 | 4,917 | 0.861 | 0 | 2 | 0.005 |
| 23-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 85 | 5,002 | 0.876 | 0 | 2 | 0.005 |
| 24-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 40 | 5,042 | 0.883 | 7 | 9 | 0.021 |
| 25-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 22 | 5,064 | 0.887 | 12 | 21 | 0.050 |
| 26-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 192 | 5,256 | 0.920 | 17 | 38 | 0.090 |
| 27-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 21 | 5,277 | 0.924 | 7 | 45 | 0.106 |
| 28-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 23 | 5,300 | 0.928 | 9 | 54 | 0.127 |
| 29-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 10 | 5,310 | 0.930 | 4 | 58 | 0.137 |
| 30-Sep | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 95 | 5,405 | 0.946 | 36 | 94 | 0.222 |
| 1-Oct | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 | 307 | 5,712 | 1.000 | 330 | 424 | 1.000 |
| 2-Oct | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 |  | 5,712 | 1.000 |  | 424 | 1.000 |
| 3-Oct | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 |  | 5,712 | 1.000 |  | 424 | 1.000 |
| 4-Oct | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 |  | 5,712 | 1.000 |  | 424 | 1.000 |
| 5-Oct | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 |  | 5,712 | 1.000 |  | 424 | 1.000 |
| 6-Oct | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 |  | 5,712 | 1.000 |  | 424 | 1.000 |
| 7-Oct | 0 | 1,571 | 1.000 |  | 5,712 | 1.000 |  | 424 | 1.000 |
| Total Count |  | 1,571 |  |  | 5,712 |  |  | 424 |  |
| Adjustments |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Harvest at weir |  | 1 |  |  | 75 |  |  | 3 |  |
| Harvest above weir |  | 52 |  |  | 128 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Total Escapement |  | 1,518 |  |  | 5,509 |  |  | 421 |  |

Appendix E. 4. Salmon harvest and effort in the U.S. Commercial fishery in the Alsek River, 1960 to 2009.

| Year | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Effort |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Boat Days | Days Open |
| 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1961 | 2,120 | 23,339 | 7,679 | 84 | 86 | 1,436 | 80.0 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1963 | 131 | 6,055 | 7,164 | 42 | 34 | 692 | 68.0 |
| 1964 | 591 | 14,127 | 9,760 | 144 | 367 | 592 | 68.0 |
| 1965 | 719 | 28,487 | 9,638 | 10 | 72 | 1,016 | 72.0 |
| 1966 | 934 | 29,091 | 2,688 | 22 | 240 | 500 | 64.0 |
| 1967 | 225 | 11,108 | 10,090 | 107 | 30 | 600 | 68.0 |
| 1968 | 215 | 26,918 | 10,586 | 82 | 240 | 664 | 68.0 |
| 1969 | 685 | 29,259 | 2,493 | 38 | 61 | 807 | 61.0 |
| 1970 | 1,128 | 22,654 | 2,188 | 6 | 26 | 670 | 52.3 |
| 1971 | 1,222 | 25,314 | 4,730 | 3 | 120 | 794 | 60.5 |
| 1972 | 1,827 | 18,717 | 7,296 | 37 | 280 | 640 | 65.0 |
| 1973 | 1,757 | 26,523 | 4,395 | 26 | 283 | 894 | 52.0 |
| 1974 | 1,162 | 16,747 | 7,046 | 13 | 107 | 699 | 46.0 |
| 1975 | 1,379 | 13,842 | 2,230 | 16 | 261 | 738 | 58.0 |
| 1976 | 512 | 19,741 | 4,883 | 0 | 368 | 550 | 58.5 |
| 1977 | 1,402 | 40,780 | 11,817 | 689 | 483 | 882 | 57.0 |
| 1978 | 2,441 | 50,580 | 13,913 | 59 | 233 | 929 | 57.0 |
| 1979 | 2,525 | 41,449 | 6,158 | 142 | 263 | 1,110 | 51.0 |
| 1980 | 1,382 | 25,522 | 7,863 | 21 | 1,005 | 773 | 42.0 |
| 1981 | 779 | 23,641 | 10,232 | 65 | 816 | 588 | 40.0 |
| 1982 | 532 | 27,443 | 6,534 | 6 | 358 | 552 | 33.0 |
| 1983 | 94 | 18,293 | 5,253 | 20 | 432 | 487 | 38.0 |
| 1984 | 60 | 14,326 | 7,868 | 24 | 1,610 | 429 | 33.0 |
| 1985 | 213 | 5,792 | 5,490 | 3 | 427 | 277 | 33.0 |
| 1986 | 481 | 24,791 | 1,344 | 13 | 462 | 517 | 34.0 |
| 1987 | 347 | 11,393 | 2,517 | 0 | 1,924 | 388 | 40.5 |
| 1988 | 223 | 6,286 | 4,986 | 7 | 908 | 324 | 34.0 |
| 1989 | 228 | 13,513 | 5,972 | 2 | 1,031 | 378 | 38.0 |
| 1990 | 78 | 17,013 | 1,437 | 0 | 495 | 374 | 38.0 |
| 1991 | 103 | 17,542 | 5,956 | 0 | 105 | 530 | 49.0 |
| 1992 | 301 | 19,298 | 3,116 | 1 | 120 | 372 | 46.0 |
| 1993 | 300 | 20,043 | 1,215 | 0 | 49 | 372 | 40.0 |
| 1994 | 805 | 19,639 | 4,182 | 0 | 32 | 403 | 61.0 |
| 1995 | 670 | 33,112 | 14,184 | 13 | 347 | 879 | 53.5 |
| 1996 | 772 | 15,182 | 5,514 | 0 | 165 | 419 | 51.0 |
| 1997 | 568 | 25,879 | 11,427 | 0 | 34 | 611 | 59.0 |
| 1998 | 550 | 15,007 | 4,925 | 1 | 145 | 358 | 41.0 |
| 1999 | 482 | 11,441 | 5,660 | 0 | 112 | 319 | 44.0 |
| 2000 | 677 | 9,522 | 5,103 | 5 | 130 | 307 | 37.0 |
| 2001 | 541 | 13,995 | 2,909 | 8 | 17 | 234 | 50.0 |
| 2002 | 700 | 16,918 | 9,525 | 0 | 1 | 270 | 73.0 |
| 2003 | 937 | 39,698 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 271 | 60.0 |
| 2004 | 656 | 18,030 | 2,475 | 0 | 2 | 280 | 76.5 |
| 2005 | 286 | 7,572 | 1,196 | 0 | 0 | 171 | 41.0 |
| 2006 | 530 | 9,842 | 701 | 2 | 3 | 248 | 45.0 |
| 2007 | 400 | 19,795 | 134 | 0 | 0 | 199 | 47.0 |
| 2008 | 128 | 2,815 | 2,668 | 0 | 0 | 177 | 34.0 |
| 2009 | 602 | 12,906 | 3,454 | 0 | 20 | 200 | 44.0 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 63-08 | 710 | 20,103 | 5,598 | 35 | 309 | 528 | 50.8 |
| 99-08 | 534 | 14,963 | 3,042 | 2 | 27 | 248 | 50.8 |

Appendix E. 5. Salmon harvest in the U.S. Chinook salmon test fishery in the Alsek River, 2005-2009.

| Year | Chinook | Sockeye |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2005 | 423 | 222 |
| 2006 | 135 | 224 |
| 2007 | 347 | 367 |
| 2008 | 465 | 55 |
| 2009 | no test fishery |  |

Appendix E. 6. Salmon harvest in the U.S. subsistence and personal use fisheries in the Alsek River, 1976-2009.

| Year | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1976 | 13 | 51 | 5 |
| 1977 | 18 | 113 | 0 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 80 | 35 | 70 |
| 1980 | 57 | 41 | 62 |
| 1981 | 32 | 50 | 74 |
| 1982 | 87 | 75 | 50 |
| 1983 | 31 | 25 | 50 |
| 1984 |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 16 | 95 | 0 |
| 1986 | 22 | 241 | 45 |
| 1987 | 27 | 173 | 31 |
| 1988 | 13 | 148 | 9 |
| 1989 | 20 | 131 | 34 |
| 1990 | 85 | 144 | 12 |
| 1991 | 38 | 104 | 0 |
| 1992 | 15 | 37 | 44 |
| 1993 | 38 | 96 | 28 |
| 1994 | 60 | 47 | 20 |
| 1995 | 51 | 167 | 53 |
| 1996 | 60 | 67 | 28 |
| 1997 | 38 | 273 | 26 |
| 1998 | 63 | 158 | 42 |
| 1999 | 44 | 152 | 21 |
| 2000 | 73 | 146 | 31 |
| 2001 | 19 | 72 | 45 |
| 2002 | 60 | 232 | 35 |
| 2003 | 24 | 176 | 27 |
| 2004 | 51 | 224 | 21 |
| 2005 | 31 | 63 | 62 |
| 2006 | 47 | 272 | 23 |
| 2007 | 79 | 298 | 27 |
| 2008 | 34 | 200 | 28 |
| 2009 | 57 | 245 | 17 |
| Averages |  |  |  |
| $76-08$ | 43 | 132 | 32 |
| $99-08$ | 46 | 184 | 32 |
|  |  |  |  |

Appendix E. 7. Salmon harvest in the Canadian Aboriginal and recreational fisheries in the Alsek River, 1976 to 2009.

| Year | Chinook |  |  | Sockeye |  |  | Coho |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aboriginal | Rec | Total | Aboriginal | Rec | Total | Aboriginal | Rec | Total |
| 1976 | 150 | 200 | 350 | 4,000 | 600 | 4,600 | 0 | 100 | 100 |
| 1977 | 350 | 300 | 650 | 10,000 | 500 | 10,500 | 0 | 200 | 200 |
| 1978 | 350 | 300 | 650 | 8,000 | 500 | 8,500 | 0 | 200 | 200 |
| 1979 | 1,300 | 650 | 1,950 | 7,000 | 750 | 7,750 | 0 | 100 | 100 |
| 1980 | 150 | 200 | 350 | 800 | 600 | 1,400 | 0 | 200 | 200 |
| 1981 | 150 | 315 | 465 | 2,000 | 808 | 2,808 | 0 | 109 | 109 |
| 1982 | 400 | 224 | 624 | 5,000 | 755 | 5,755 | 0 | 109 | 109 |
| 1983 | 300 | 312 | 612 | 2,550 | 732 | 3,282 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| 1984 | 100 | 475 | 575 | 2,600 | 289 | 2,889 | 0 | 20 | 20 |
| 1985 | 175 | 250 | 425 | 1,361 | 100 | 1,461 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 1986 | 102 | 165 | 267 | 1,914 | 307 | 2,221 | 0 | 9 | 9 |
| 1987 | 125 | 367 | 492 | 1,158 | 383 | 1,541 | 0 | 49 | 49 |
| 1988 | 43 | 249 | 292 | 1,604 | 322 | 1,926 | 0 | 192 | 192 |
| 1989 | 234 | 272 | 506 | 1,851 | 319 | 2,170 | 0 | 227 | 227 |
| 1990 | 202 | 555 | 757 | 2,314 | 392 | 2,706 | 0 | 75 | 75 |
| 1991 | 509 | 388 | 897 | 2,111 | 303 | 2,414 | 0 | 227 | 227 |
| 1992 | 148 | 103 | 251 | 2,592 | 582 | 3,174 | 0 | 213 | 213 |
| 1993 | 152 | 171 | 323 | 2,361 | 329 | 2,690 | 0 | 37 | 37 |
| 1994 | 289 | 197 | 486 | 1,745 | 261 | 2,006 | 8 | 69 | 77 |
| 1995 | 580 | 1,044 | 1,624 | 1,745 | 682 | 2,427 | 83 | 527 | 610 |
| 1996 | 448 | 650 | 1,098 | 1,204 | 157 | 1,361 | 56 | 9 | 65 |
| 1997 | 232 | 298 | 530 | 484 | 36 | 520 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| 1998 | 171 | 175 | 346 | 567 | 18 | 585 | 72 | 40 | 112 |
| 1999 | 238 | 174 | 412 | 554 | 0 | 554 | 0 | 28 | 28 |
| 2000 | 65 | 77 | 142 | 745 | 0 | 745 | 51 | 1 | 52 |
| 2001 | 120 | 157 | 277 | 1,173 | 4 | 1,177 | 5 | 94 | 99 |
| 2002 | 120 | 197 | 317 | 2,194 | 61 | 2,255 | 6 | 283 | 289 |
| 2003 | 90 | 138 | 228 | 2,734 | 61 | 2,795 | 0 | 192 | 192 |
| 2004 | 139 | 46 | 185 | 1,875 | 247 | 2,122 | 0 | 127 | 127 |
| 2005 | 58 | 56 | 114 | 581 | 13 | 594 | 20 | 51 | 71 |
| 2006 | 2 | 17 | 19 | 1,321 | 6 | 1,327 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2007 | 1 | 40 | 41 | 1,330 | 10 | 1,340 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 2008 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 8 | 34 |
| 2009 | 105 | 20 | 125 | 715 | 2 | 717 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 76-08 | 227 | 266 | 493 | 2,348 | 307 | 2,654 | 12 | 109 | 121 |
| 99-08 | 83 | 91 | 174 | 1,251 | 40 | 1,291 | 11 | 78 | 89 |

Appendix E. 8. Annual Klukshu River weir counts of Chinook, sockeye, and coho salmon, 1976 to 2009.

| Year | Chinook |  | Sockeye |  |  |  | Coho a |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Count | Escape ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Early ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Late | Total | Escape. | Count | Escape ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| 1976 | 1,278 | 1,153 | 181 | 11,510 | 11,691 | 7,941 | 1,572 |  |
| 1977 | 3,144 | 2,894 | 8,931 | 17,860 | 26,791 | 15,441 | 2,758 |  |
| 1978 | 2,976 | 2,676 | 2,508 | 24,359 | 26,867 | 19,017 | 30 |  |
| 1979 | 4,404 | 2,454 | 977 | 11,334 | 12,311 | 7,051 | 175 |  |
| 1980 | 2,637 | 2,487 | 1,008 | 10,742 | 11,750 | 10,850 | 704 |  |
| 1981 | 2,113 | 1,963 | 997 | 19,351 | 20,348 | 18,448 | 1,170 |  |
| 1982 | 2,369 | 1,969 | 7,758 | 25,941 | 33,699 | 28,899 | 189 |  |
| 1983 | 2,537 | 2,237 | 6,047 | 14,445 | 20,492 | 18,017 | 303 |  |
| 1984 | 1,672 | 1,572 | 2,769 | 9,958 | 12,727 | 10,227 | 1,402 |  |
| 1985 | 1,458 | 1,283 | 539 | 18,081 | 18,620 | 17,259 | 350 |  |
| 1986 | 2,709 | 2,607 | 416 | 24,434 | 24,850 | 22,936 | 71 |  |
| 1987 | 2,616 | 2,491 | 3,269 | 7,235 | 10,504 | 9,346 | 202 |  |
| 1988 | 2,037 | 1,994 | 585 | 8,756 | 9,341 | 7,737 | 2,774 |  |
| 1989 | 2,456 | 2,289 | 3,400 | 20,142 | 23,542 | 21,636 | 2,219 |  |
| 1990 | 1,915 | 1,742 | 1,316 | 24,679 | 25,995 | 24,607 | 315 |  |
| 1991 | 2,489 | 2,248 | 1,924 | 17,053 | 18,977 | 17,645 | 8,540 | 8,478 |
| 1992 | 1,367 | 1,242 | 11,339 | 8,428 | 19,767 | 18,269 | 1,145 | 1,145 |
| 1993 | 3,302 | 3,220 | 5,369 | 11,371 | 16,740 | 14,921 | 788 | 788 |
| 1994 | 3,727 | 3,628 | 3,247 | 11,791 | 15,038 | 13,892 | 1,232 | 1,232 |
| 1995 | 5,678 | 5,394 | 2,289 | 18,407 | 20,696 | 19,817 | 3,614 | 3,564 |
| 1996 | 3,599 | 3,382 | 1,502 | 6,818 | 8,320 | 7,891 | 3,465 | 3,465 |
| 1997 | 2,989 | 2,829 | 6,565 | 4,931 | 11,496 | 11,303 | 307 | 302 |
| 1998 | 1,364 | 1,347 | 597 | 12,994 | 13,591 | 13,580 | 1,961 | 1,961 |
| 1999 | 2,193 | 2,168 | 371 | 5,010 | 5,381 | 5,101 | 2,531 | 2,531 |
| 2000 | 1,365 | 1,321 | 237 | 5,314 | 5,551 | 5,422 | 4,832 | 4,791 |
| 2001 | 1,825 | 1,738 | 908 | 9,382 | 10,290 | 9,329 | 748 | 746 |
| 2002 | 2,240 | 2,134 | 11,904 | 13,807 | 25,711 | 23,587 | 9,921 | 9,921 |
| 2003 | 1,737 | 1,661 | 3,084 | 31,278 | 34,362 | 32,120 | 3,689 | 3,689 |
| 2004 | 2,525 | 2,445 | 3,464 | 11,884 | 15,348 | 13,721 | 750 | 750 |
| 2005 | 1,070 | 963 | 994 | 2,379 | 3,373 | 3,167 | 683 | 663 |
| 2006 | 568 | 566 | 247 | 13,208 | 13,455 | 12,890 | 420 | 420 |
| 2007 | 677 | 676 | 2,725 | 6,231 | 8,956 | 8,310 | 300 | 299 |
| 2008 | 466 | 466 | 43 | 2,698 | 2,741 | 2,741 | 4,275 | 4,249 |
| 2009 | 1,571 | 1,518 | 1,247 | 4,465 | 5,712 | 5,509 | 424 | 421 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 76-08 | 2,288 | 2,098 | 2,955 | 13,388 | 16,343 | 14,337 | 1,922 |  |
| 99-08 | 1,467 | 1,414 | 2,398 | 10,119 | 12,517 | 11,639 | 2,815 | 2,806 |
| ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ The chinook and sockeye escapements into Klukshu Lake are calculated from the weir count minus fish harvested above the weir site minus brood stock taken. The remainder of the food fishery harvest occurred below the weir, at Village Creek, and Blanchard and Takhanne Rivers. <br> ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ Includes sockeye counts up to and including August 15. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Appendix E. 9. Alsek River sockeye salmon escapement 2000 to 2009.

| Estimates only for years with data |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Inriver Run | CI |  | Canadian Harvest | Spawning Escapement | U.S.Harvest | Total <br> Run | Percent <br> Klukshu |
|  | Estimate | Lower | Upper |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 37,887 | 23,410 | 52,365 | 745 | 37,142 | 9,668 | 47,555 | 14.7\% |
| 2001 | 31,164 | 23,143 | 39,185 | 1,177 | 29,987 | 14,067 | 45,231 | 33.0\% |
| 2002 | 95,427 | 55,893 | 134,961 | 2,255 | 93,172 | 17,150 | 112,577 | 26.9\% |
| 2003 | 103,507 | 74,350 | 132,664 | 2,795 | 100,712 | 39,874 | 143,381 | 33.2\% |
| 2004 | 83,703 | 39,566 | 127,841 | 2,122 | 81,581 | 18,152 | 101,855 | 18.3\% |
| 2005 | 57,817 | 21,907 | 93,727 | 594 | 57,223 | 7,635 | 65,452 | 5.8\% |
| 2006 | 48,901 | 41,234 | 56,569 | 1,327 | 47,574 | 10,114 | 59,015 | 27.5\% |

Appendix E. 10. Alsek River sockeye salmon counts from U.S. and Canadian aerial surveys and from the electronic counter at Village Creek, 1985-2009.

| Surveys not made every year at each tributary. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | U.S. Aerial Surveys |  |  |  | Canada Aerial Surveysa |  |  |
|  | Basin <br> Creek | Cabin <br> Creek | Muddy Creek | Tanis <br> River | Tatshenshin VeskataheeIVillage Creek |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | River | Lake | Counter |
| 1985 | 2,600 |  |  | 2,200 |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 100 |  | 300 | 2,700 | 536 | 750 | 1,490 |
| 1987 | 350 | 220 |  | 1,600 |  |  | 1,875 |
| 1988 | 500 |  |  | 750 | 433 | 456 | 433 |
| 1989 | 320 |  |  | 680 | 1,689 | 1,700 | 9,569 |
| 1990 | 275 | 300 |  | 3,500 |  |  | 5,313 |
| 1991 |  |  |  | 800 |  |  | 86 |
| 1992 | 1,000 | 10 |  | 50 |  |  | 7,447 |
| 1993 | 4,800 |  |  | 900 |  |  | 2,104 |
| 1994 | 250 |  |  | 600 | 366 |  | 3,921 |
| 1995 | 2,700 |  |  | 350 |  |  | 4,042 |
| 1996 | 325 |  |  | 650 |  |  | 1,583 |
| 1997 | 600 |  |  | 350 |  |  | 2,267 |
| 1998 |  |  |  | 130 |  |  | 826 |
| 1999 | 30 |  |  | 800 |  |  | NA |
| 2000 | 25 |  |  | 180 |  |  | 1,860 |
| 2001 |  |  |  | 700 |  |  | 1,897 |
| 2002 | No survey | own |  |  |  |  | 2,765 |
| 2003 | No survey | own |  |  |  |  | 2,778 |
| 2004 | No survey | own |  |  |  |  | 1,968 |
| 2005 | No survey | own |  |  |  |  | 1,408 |
| 2006 | No survey | own |  |  |  |  | 979 |
| 2007 | No survey | own |  |  |  |  | 10,254 |
| 2008 | No survey | own |  |  |  | 1,000 | NA |
| 2009 | No survey | own |  |  |  | 4,500 | 887 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86-08 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,089 |
| 99-08 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,989 |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Includes several streams from Lo-Fog to Goat Creek.
Bold are incomplete counts

Appendix E. 11. Aerial survey index counts of Alsek River Chinook salmon escapements, 1984 to 2009.

| Year | Blanchard River | Takhanne River | Goat <br> Creek |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1984 | 304 | 158 | 28 |
| 1985 | 232 | 184 |  |
| 1986 | 556 | 358 | 142 |
| 1987 | 624 | 395 | 85 |
| 1988 | 437 | 169 | 54 |
| 1989 | a | 158 | 34 |
| 1990 | a | 325 | 32 |
| 1991 | 121 | 86 | 63 |
| 1992 | 86 | 77 | 16 |
| 1993 | 326 | 351 | 50 |
| 1994 | 349 | 342 | 67 |
| 1995 | 338 | 260 | b |
| 1996 | 132 | 230 | 12 |
| 1997 | 109 | 190 |  |
| 1998 | 71 | 136 | 39 |
| 1999 | 371 | 194 | 51 |
| 2000 | 163 | 152 | 33 |
| 2001 | 543 | 287 | 21 |
| 2002 | 351 | 220 | 86 |
| 2003 | 127 | 105 | 10 |
| 2004 | 84 | 46 | no survey |
| 2005 | 112 | 47 | 7 |
| 2006 | 98 | 28 | 9 |
| 2007 | 39 | 32 | 45 |
| 2008 | 65 | 41 | 11 |
| 2009 | No surveys conducted |  |  |
| Averages |  |  |  |
| 84-08 | 245 | 183 | 43 |

${ }^{a}$ Not surveyed due to poor visibility. 89,90 Blanchard
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Late survey date which missed the peak of spawning.
Appendix E. 12. Alsek River run of large Chinook salmon, 1997-2004. Estimates are based on a mark-recapture study and include the percent of Chinook salmon.
Estimates are based on a mark-recapture study and include the percent of Chinook salmon spawning in the Klukshu River; the program was discontinued in 2005.

| Year | Inriver Run |  |  | U.S. Harvest | Total Inriver Run | Canadian Harvest |  | Escapement |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Past | CI |  | Dry Bay |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dry Bay | Lower | Upper | Commercial Subsistence |  | Aboriginal | Sport |  |
| 1997 | 15,250 | 9,081 | 21,418 | 568 38 | 15,856 | 232 | 298 | 14,720 |
| 1998 | 4,967 | 3,027 | 9,765 | $550 \quad 63$ | 5,580 | 171 | 175 | 4,621 |
| 1999 | 11,969 | 8,243 | 22,035 | 482 44 | 12,495 | 238 | 174 | 11,557 |
| 2000 | 8,432 | 6,805 | 14,308 | 677 73 | 9,182 | 65 | 77 | 8,290 |
| 2001 | 11,246 | 9,146 | 14,303 | 541 | 11,806 | 120 | 157 | 10,969 |
| 2002 | 8,807 | 8,345 | 10,790 | 70060 | 9,567 | 120 | 197 | 8,490 |
| 2003 | 5,105 | 4,302 | 6,310 | 937 | 6,066 | 90 | 138 | 4,877 |
| 2004 | 7,565 |  |  | 656 | 8,259 | 139 | 46 | 7,380 |

Appendix E. 13. Aerial survey counts of coho salmon from U.S. lower Alsek River tributaries, 1985-2000.
Klukshu weir count of large Chinook salmon as a percent of the Alsek escapement of large Chinook salmon

|  | Weir Count |  | Percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | All | Large | Klukshu |
| 1997 | 2,989 | 2,864 | $19.5 \%$ |
| 1998 | 1,364 | 1,184 | $25.6 \%$ |
| 1999 | 2,193 | 1,663 | $14.4 \%$ |
| 2000 | 1,365 | 1,218 | $14.7 \%$ |
| 2001 | 1,825 | 1,538 | $14.0 \%$ |
| 2002 | 2,24 | 2,067 | $24.3 \%$ |
| 2003 | 1,737 | 1,313 | $26.9 \%$ |
| 2004 | 2,525 | 2,376 | $32.2 \%$ |

Appendix F. 1 Tahltan Lake egg collection, fry plants, and survivals, 1989-2009.

| Year | Combined U.S.Tributary Counts |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1985 | 450 |
| 1986 | 1,100 |
| 1987 | 100 |
| 1988 | 1,900 |
| 1989 | 1,990 |
| 1990 | 1,600 |
| 1991 | 500 |
| 1992 | 1,010 |
| 1993 | 800 |
| 1994 | 975 |
| 1995 | 1,050 |
| 1996 | 1,550 |
| 1997 | No surveys due to poor weather conditions |
| 1998 | 500 |
| 1999 | No surveys due to poor weather conditions |
| 2000 | 620 |
| Few systems surveyed. |  |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Few systems surveyed.

Appendix F. 2 Tuya Lake fry plants and survivals, 1991-2009.

| Brood Year | Egg Take |  | Designated <br> Tahltan | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fry } \\ \text { Planted } \end{array}$ | Percent <br> Fertilized | Survival |  | Thermal <br> Mark <br> Pattern |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Fertilized |  |  | Green |  |
|  | Target Collected ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  | Egg to Fry | to Fry |  |
| $1989{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3.000 | 2.955 |  | 2.955 | 1.042 | 0.704 | 0.501 | 0.353 | 1:1.4 |
| 1990 | 5.000 | 4.511 | 4.511 | 3.585 | 0.824 | 0.964 | 0.795 | 1:1.3 |
| 1991 | 5.000 | 4.246 | 1.514 | 1.415 | 0.949 | 0.984 | 0.935 | 1:1.4 |
| 1992 | 5.400 | 4.901 | 2.154 | 1.947 | 0.919 | 0.983 | 0.904 | 1:1.5+2.3 |
| 1993 | 6.000 | 6.140 | 0.969 | 0.904 | 0.946 | 0.986 | 0.933 | 1:1.6+2.5N |
| 1994 | 6.000 | 4.183 | 1.418 | 1.143 | 0.929 | 0.868 | 0.806 | 1:1.6 |
| 1995 | 6.000 | 6.891 | 3.008 | 2.296 | 0.906 | 0.843 | 0.763 | 1:1.7 |
| 1996 | 6.000 | 6.402 | 3.169 | 2.313 | 0.923 | 0.791 | 0.730 | 1:1.6 |
| 1997 | 6.000 | 3.221 | 2.700 | 1.900 | 0.812 | 0.867 | 0.704 | 2:1.6 |
| 1998 | 6.000 | 4.022 | 1.998 | 1.671 | 0.911 | 0.918 | 0.836 | 1:1.7 |
| 1999 | 6.000 | 3.505 | 2.773 | 2.228 | 0.901 | 0.892 | 0.803 | 2:1.6 |
| 2000 | 6.000 | 2.388 | 2.388 | 1.873 | 0.920 | 0.853 | 0.784 | 1:1.7 |
| 2001 | 6.000 | 3.306 | 3.306 | 2.533 | 0.829 | 0.924 | 0.766 | 2:1.6 |
| 2002 | 6.000 | 4.050 | 2.780 | 2.623 | 0.926 | 1.019 | 0.944 | 1:1.7 |
| 2003 | 6.000 | 5.391 | 2.661 | 2.226 | 0.899 | 0.931 | 0.837 | 1:1.6 \& 1:1.5+2.4 |
| 2004 | 6.000 | 5.701 | 1.966 | 1.266 | 0.803 | 0.802 | 0.644 | 1:1.6+2.6 |
| 2005 | 6.000 | 4.552 | 1.809 | 1.280 | 0.800 | 0.884 | 0.708 | 1:1.4+2.2 |
| 2006 | 6.000 | 4.360 | 2.954 | 2.466 | 0.910 | 0.917 | 0.835 | 1:1.3n,2.2 |
| 2007 | 6.000 | 4.061 | 2.209 | 1.540 | 0.756 | 0.922 | 0.697 | 1,2n,3 |
| 2008 | 6.000 | 3.159 | 1.895 | 1.395 | 0.848 | 0.868 | 0.736 | 1,4H |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 89-08 | 5.720 | 4.397 | 2.457 | 1.882 | 0.871 | 0.886 | 0.776 |  |
| 99-08 | 6.000 | 4.047 | 2.474 | 1.943 | 0.859 | 0.901 | 0.775 |  |
| 2009 | 6.000 | 4.468 | 2.000 |  | 0.783 |  |  |  |

Appendix F. 3 Tatsamenie Lake egg collection, fry plants, and survivals, 1989-2009. Numbers for eggs and fry are millions

| Brood Year | Egg Take Designated Tuya | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fry } \\ \text { Planted } \end{array}$ | Percent Fertilized | Survival |  | Thermal <br> Mark <br> Pattern |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Fertilized | Green |  |
|  |  |  |  | Egg to Fry | Egg to Fry |  |
| 1991 | 2.732 | 1.632 | 0.944 | 0.633 | 0.597 | 1:1.6 |
| 1992 | 2.747 | 1.990 | 0.929 | 0.780 | 0.724 | 1:1.7 |
| 1993 | 5.171 | 4.691 | 0.911 | 0.996 | 0.907 | 1:1.4+2.5N |
| 1994 | 2.765 | 2.267 | 0.870 | 0.943 | 0.820 | 1:1.4 |
| 1995 | 3.883 | 2.474 | 0.795 | 0.802 | 0.637 | 1:1.4+2.4 |
| 1996 | 3.233 | 2.614 | 0.932 | 0.868 | 0.809 | 1:1.4 |
| 1997 | 0.521 | 0.433 | 0.911 | 0.912 | 0.831 | 2:1.4 |
| 1998 | 2.024 | 1.603 | 0.917 | 0.864 | 0.792 | 1:1.4 |
| 1999 | 1.053 | 0.867 | 0.960 | 0.858 | 0.823 | 2:1.4 |
| $2000{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.000 | 0.000 |  |  |  |  |
| $2001{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.000 | 0.000 |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 | 1.271 | 1.124 | 0.904 | 0.978 | 0.884 | 1:1.7+2.3 |
| 2003 | 2.730 | 2.445 | 0.927 | 0.966 | 0.896 | 1:1.4 |
| 2004 | 3.734 | 3.201 | 0.921 | 0.931 | 0.857 | 1:1.6+2.4 |
| 2005 | 2.744 | 2.138 | 0.900 | 0.866 | 0.779 | 1:1.4+2.4 |
| 2006 | 1.410 | 1.201 | 0.920 | 0.926 | 0.852 | 1:1.3,2.3 |
| 2007 | 1.852 | 1.537 | 0.856 | 0.970 | 0.830 | 2,1,3 |
| 2008 | 0.988 | 0.832 | 0.854 | 0.986 | 0.842 | 6H |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 91-08 | 2.159 | 1.725 | 0.903 | 0.892 | 0.805 |  |
| 99-08 | 1.578 | 1.335 | 0.905 | 0.935 | 0.845 |  |
| 2009 | 1.150 |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ All eggs collected in 2000 and 2001 were for backplant into Tahltan Lake.

## Appendix F. 4 Trapper Lake egg collection, fry plants, and survivals, 1990-2009.

| Brood Year | Egg Take |  |  | Survival ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  | Thermal Mark Pattern | LastDateReleased |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Fry | Percent | Fertilized | Green |  |  |
|  | Target Collected ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | Transport | Planted | Fertilized | Egg to Fry | Egg to Fry |  |  |
| 1990 | 2.500 | 0.985 | 0.985 | 0.673 | 0.775 | 0.882 | 0.683 | 1:1.3 | 22-Jun |
| 1991 | 1.500 | 1.360 | 1.360 | 1.232 | 0.927 | 0.977 | 0.906 | 2:1.4 | 26-Jun |
| 1992 | 1.750 | 1.486 | 1.486 | 0.909 | 0.858 | 0.713 | 0.612 | 1:1.5 | 14-Jul |
| 1993 | 2.500 | 1.144 | 1.144 | 0.521 | 0.619 | 0.735 | 0.455 | 2:1.5 | 14-Jul |
| 1994 | 2.500 | 1.229 | 1.229 | 0.898 | 0.801 | 0.912 | 0.731 | 1:1.5 | 21-Jul |
| 1995 | 2.500 | 2.407 | 2.407 | 1.724 | 0.843 | 0.850 | 0.716 | 1:1.5 | 25-Jun |
| 1996 | 5.000 | 4.934 | 4.934 | 3.945 | 0.849 | 0.942 | 0.800 | 1:1.5\&1:1.5,2.3 | 27-Jun |
| 1997 | 5.000 | 4.651 | 4.651 | 3.597 | 0.910 | 0.850 | 0.773 | 2:1\&2:1.5,2.3 | 9-Jul |
| 1998 | 2.500 | 2.414 | 2.414 | 1.769 | 0.897 | 0.817 | 0.733 | 1:1.4+2.5\&1:1.4+2.3 | 30-Jun |
| 1999 | 2.500 | 0.461 | 0.461 | 0.350 | 0.922 | 0.824 | 0.759 | 2:1.5 | 4-Jul |
| 2000 | 3.000 | 2.816 | 2.572 | 2.320 | 0.943 | 0.956 | 0.902 | 1.1.5+2.3\&1.1.5 | 26-Jun |
| 2001 | 4.800 | 4.364 | 3.499 | 2.233 | 0.900 | 0.709 | 0.638 | 2:1.5\&2:1.5,2.3 | 25-Jun |
| 2002 | 3.000 | 2.498 | 2.302 | 1.353 | 0.823 | 0.714 | 0.588 | 1:1.4\&1:1.4+2.3 | 27-May |
| 2003 | 5.000 | 2.642 | 2.452 | 2.141 | 0.919 | 0.950 | 0.873 | 1.1.5+2.3\&1.1.5 | 27-May |
| 2004 | 5.000 | 0.750 | 0.750 | 0.628 | 0.933 | 0.898 | 0.837 | 1:1.4+2.5n\&1:1.4+2.3,3.3 | 20-May |
| 2005 | 5.000 | 1.811 | 1.811 | 1.471 | 0.936 | 0.868 | 0.813 | 1:1.4+2.3\&1:1.4+2.5 | 8-Jun |
| 2006 | 5.000 | 4.810 | 4.810 | 3.705 | 0.920 | 0.837 | 0.770 | 1:1.2,2.1,3.2\&1:1.2,2.2,3.3\&1:1.2,2.2,3.1 | 13-Jun |
| 2007 | 5.000 | 3.673 | 3.673 | 2.122 | 0.885 | 0.653 | 0.578 | 2n3\&2,3n,1\&1,3n,2\&3,2n,1 | 6-Jun |
| 2008 | 5.000 | 4.902 | 4.373 | 3.873 | 0.892 | 0.993 | 0.886 | 3,2H \& 3,3H | 3-Jun |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 90-08 | 3.634 | 2.597 | 2.490 | 1.867 | 0.871 | 0.846 | 0.740 |  | 21-Jun |
| 99-08 | 4.330 | 2.873 | 2.670 | 2.020 | 0.907 | 0.840 | 0.764 |  | 9-Jun |
| 2009 | 4.000 | 1.220 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Brood | Treatment 1 |  |  |  | Treatment 2 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mark | Treatment | Number Released | Last | Mark | Treatment | Number <br> Released | Last |
|  |  |  |  | Date |  |  |  | Date |
| Year |  |  |  | Released |  |  |  | Released |
| 1996 | 1:1.5 | onshore | 3.441 | 27-Jun | 1:1.5,2.3 | onshore | 0.500 | 27-Jun |
| 1997 | 2:1.5 | onshore | 3.202 | 29-Jun | 2:1.5,2.3 | fed at lake | 0.394 | 9-Jul |
| 1998 | 1:1.4+2.5 | unfed | 0.751 | 9-Jun | 1:1.4+2.3 | fed at lake | 1.018 | 30-Jun |
| 1999 | 2:1.5 | fed at lake | 0.350 | 4-Jul |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 1.1.5+2.3 | fed early | 1.265 | 15-Jun | 1.1.5 | fed late | 1.054 | 26-Jun |
| 2001 | 2:1.5 | unfed early | 0.727 | 30-May | 2:1.5,2.3 | fed | 1.432 | 25-Jun |
| 2002 | 1:1.4 | direct release early | 0.911 | 27-May | 1:1.4+2.3 | fed - IHN loss | 0.000 | none |
| 2003 | 1.1.5+2.3 | unfed early south | 1.005 | 27-May | 1.1.5 | unfed early north | 1.136 | 24-May |
| 2004 | 1:1.4+2.5 | unfed early south | 0.367 | 20-May | 1:1.4+2/3,3.3 | unfed early north | 0.261 | 20-May |
| 2005 | 1:1.4+2.3 | unfed early south | 0.775 | 8-Jun | 1:1.4+2.5 | unfed early north | 0.696 | 8-Jun |
| 2006 | 1:1.2,2.1,3 | unfed early south | 1.808 | 7-Jun | 1:1.2,2.2,3.3I.2,2.2,3.1 | unfed early north | 1.897 | 13,7-Jun |
| 2007 | 1,3n,2 | unfed early midlake | 0.971 | 6-Jun | 2n3 2,3n1 | unfed early north | 1.150 | 5-Jun |
| 2007 | 3,2n,1 | extended rearing ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 0.400 | 8-Jun |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 | 3,3H | extended rearing | 0.115 |  |  | lake rear |  |  |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 98-08 |  |  | 0.787 |  |  |  | 0.960 |  |

[^2]
[^0]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Estimate includes approximately 30,000 mortalities from overcrowding on May 22, 1987.
    ${ }^{\text {b }}$ Estimate of 595,147 on June 14 expanded by average \% of outmigration by date ( $97.5 \%$ ) from historical data.
    ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Estimate of 1,439,673 on June 13 expanded by average \% of outmigration by date (96.8\%) from historical data.
    ${ }^{\text {d }}$ Estimate of 1,516,150 on June 14 expanded by average \% of outmigration by date ( $97.5 \%$ ) from historical data.

[^1]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ The Trapper and Mainstem groups were combined in the 1989 analysis.
    ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Averages do not include 1989.

[^2]:    ${ }^{a}$ Eggs not transported but placed in inlake incubator; $2000=244,000,2001=865,000,2002$ 196,000, $2003=190,000$.
    ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Survival rates are for hatchery eggs and hatchery fry plants and do not inlcude the lake incubators.
    ${ }^{\text {c }}$ All died to IHNV

