PACIFIC SALMON COMMISSION JOINT TRANSBOUNDARY TECHNICAL COMMITTEE

ESTIMATES OF TRANSBOUNDARY RIVER SALMON PRODUCTION, HARVEST AND ESCAPEMENT AND A REVIEW OF JOINT
ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITIES IN 2002

REPORT TCTR (13)-2

## ACRONYMS

| ADF\&G | Alaska Department of Fish and Game <br> AF |
| :--- | :--- |
| Aboriginal Fishery |  |
| CAFN | Champagne Aishihik First Nation |
| CPUE | Catch per unit effort |
| CWT | Coded Wire Tag |
| DFO | Department of Fisheries and Oceans (Canada) |
| DIPAC | Douglas Island Pink and Chum (Private Hatchery) |
| ESSR | Excess Salmon to Spawning Requirement (surplus fishery license) |
| IHN | Infectious Hematopoietic Necrosis (a virus which infects sockeye salmon) |
| LCM | Latent Class Model |
| MEF | Mid-Eye-Fork (fish length measurement) |
| POH | Post-Obital-Hyperal (fish length measurement) |
| PSC | Pacific Salmon Commission |
| SMM | Stikine Management Model |
| SPA | Scale Pattern Analysis |
| TAC | Total Allowable Catch |
| TRTFN | Taku River Tlingit First Nation |
| TBR | Transboundary River |
| TTC | Transboundary Technical Committee |
| YSC | Yukon Salmon Committee |

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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Final postseason estimates of catches and escapements of Pacific salmon returning to the transboundary Stikine, Taku, and Alsek Rivers for 2002 are presented and compared with historical patterns. Relevant information pertaining to the management of appropriate U.S. and Canadian fisheries is presented and the use of inseason management models is discussed. Results from transboundary river sockeye salmon Oncorhynchus nerka enhancement projects are also reviewed.

## Stikine

The 2002 Stikine River sockeye salmon run is estimated at 79,300 fish, of which approximately 30,300 fish were harvested in various fisheries including test fisheries. An estimated 49,500 Stikine River fish escaped to spawn including 2,000 fish, which migrated to the Tuya River block and were not harvested and 2,000 fish which were captured and placed above the Tuya River barrier. The catch and the run were below average. The Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon weir count of 17,740 fish was slightly below the lower bound of the goal range ( 18,000 to 30,000 fish). The estimated U.S. commercial catch of Stikine River sockeye salmon in Districts 106 and 108 was 8,100 fish and the Canadian sockeye harvest was 10,900 inriver commercial, 6,400 aboriginal, and 500 excess salmon to spawning requirement (ESSR). The inriver test fishery harvested 4,400 sockeye salmon and there was no marine test fishery in 2002. The postseason estimate of 79,300 sockeye salmon was very close to the preseason forecast of 79,600 fish. The Stikine Management Model (SMM) predicted a run greater than the preseason forecast after week 27. Weekly inseason model forecasts ranged from 111,000 to 135,300 sockeye salmon; the final inseason model prediction was 111,600 fish (both U.S. and Canada), with a total allowable catch (TAC) of 31,800 fish. Based on the postseason run size estimates and TAC calculations of 4,300 Stikine River fish for each country, Canada harvested $407 \%$ and the U.S. harvested $190 \%$ of their TACs. The broodstock collection removed 3,100 sockeye salmon and the otolith sampling removed 400 sockeye salmon from the escapement to Tahltan Lake leaving a spawning escapement of 14,300 fish. The estimated spawning escapement of 27,200 mainstem Stikine River sockeye salmon was within the objective of 20,000 to 40,000 fish for this stock group. The inriver sockeye salmon run calculated from mark-recapture study of 71,900 fish was above the inriver run estimate generated from the test fishery catch per unit effort (CPUE) of 71,300 fish.

The total harvest of Stikine River Chinook salmon O. tshawytscha in Canadian commercial and aboriginal fisheries was 1,400 large (below average) and 600 jacks (above average). An additional 1,700 large (400 females released) and 300 jack Chinook salmon were taken in the Canadian inriver test fishery. The U.S. marine catch of Chinook salmon (all stocks) in the District 106 and 108 mixed stock gillnet fisheries was 500 fish; below average. The Chinook salmon spawning escapement of 7,500 large adults through the Little Tahltan River weir was above the recently revised joint U.S./Canada escapement goal range of 2,700 to 5,300 fish; above average. The total Stikine River escapement of large Chinook salmon estimated from a mark recapture study is 50,200 .

As with Chinook salmon, the U.S. marine harvest of Stikine River coho salmon O. kisutch is unknown since there is no stock identification program for this species. Mixed stock coho salmon harvest in District 106 was 226,600 and the coho salmon harvest in District 108 was 21,100 ; both Districts were above average. Alaskan hatchery fish comprised approximately $32 \%$ ( 80,000 fish) of the coho salmon harvest from the two districts. The Canadian inriver coho salmon harvest was 80 fish; well below average. The mark-recapture estimate indicated a total inriver escapement of 139,200 coho salmon (range 98,200 to 195,200 fish), well above the interim escapement goal range of 30,000 to 50,000 fish. Aerial surveys of coho salmon spawning index sites also indicated a spawning escapement well above average.

## Taku River

The postseason estimate of the 2002 Taku River sockeye salmon run is 253,200 fish, including an estimated catch of 149,200 fish and an above-border spawning escapement of 103,600 sockeye salmon. The run size was average and the escapement was above the escapement goal range of 71,000 to 80,000 fish. An estimated 116,700 Taku River sockeye salmon were harvested in the District 111 commercial fishery and an estimated 1,300 sockeye salmon were harvested in the U.S. inriver personal use fishery. District 111 commercial harvest was average. Canadian inriver commercial harvested 31,100 sockeye salmon and aboriginal fishery harvested 200 sockeye salmon. The Canadian commercial harvest was average. In 2002, Canada harvested an estimated $18 \%$, and the U.S. took $66 \%$ of the TAC.

The harvest of large Chinook salmon in the Canadian commercial fishery in the Taku River was below average, 1,600 fish; in addition, 300 jack Chinook salmon were harvested, which was above average. The Canadian aboriginal fishery in the Taku River harvested 37 large Chinook salmon. The harvest of 1,800 Chinook salmon in the District 111 mixed stock gillnet fishery was below average, and $13 \%$ of the catch was estimated to be of Alaska hatchery origin. The escapement of 8,300 Chinook salmon counted in Taku River index areas was below average but within the recently revised index escapement goal range of 5,800 to 10,500 fish. The above-border mark-recapture estimate of 48,800 Chinook salmon is within the escapement goal range of 30,000 to 55,000 fish.

The estimated above border run of Taku River coho salmon in 2002 is 223,200 fish, which was above average. The Canadian inriver commercial harvest of 3,100 coho salmon was average. After upriver Canadian catches are subtracted from the inriver run, the above-border-spawning escapement is estimated at 219,400 coho salmon, which exceeds the minimum escapement goal of 38,000 fish. The U.S. harvest of 39,800 coho salmon in the District 111 mixed stock fishery was below average. Alaskan hatcheries contributed an estimated 4\% of the District 111 harvest, or 1,600 fish.

The harvest of 77,600 pink salmon $O$. gorbuscha in District 111 was below average. Pink salmon were not retained in the Canadian commercial inriver fishery in 2002. The escapement of pink salmon to the Taku River was likely below average as evidenced by the fish wheel catch and release of 5,700 pink salmon, which was below average.

The catch of chum salmon $O$. keta in the District 111 fishery was 231,000 fish; composed of 230,100 summer run fish (prior to mid-August) and 900 fall run fish. The harvest of summer chum salmon, primarily Alaskan hatchery stocks, was below average. The harvest of fall chum salmon, composed of wild Taku River and Port Snettisham stocks, was below average. As with pink salmon, there was nonretention of chum salmon in the Canadian inriver fishery and the reported catch was 0 fish in 2002. Although spawning escapement is not known the Canyon Island fish wheel catch of 200 chum salmon was below average.


#### Abstract

Alsek River The Alsek River sockeye salmon harvest of 16,900 fish in the U.S. commercial fishery was average. The Canadian inriver harvest of 2,300 fish was above average. The Klukshu River weir count of 25,700 sockeye salmon was above average and was above the goal-range of 7,500 to 15,000 fish. The count of 11,900 early-run sockeye salmon (count through August 15) was above average and a record high count. The late run count of 13,800 fish was above average for the same period. The mark-recapture program indicated an Alsek River sockeye salmon run above Dry Bay of 79,500 fish with the Klukshu stocks representing 32\% of the total Alsek River run.


The Chinook salmon run to the Alsek River seemed average to below average. The U.S. Dry Bay catch of 700 Chinook salmon was above average. The combined Canadian sport and aboriginal fishery catch of 300 Chinook salmon was below average. The 2,200 Chinook salmon counted through the Klukshu River weir was below average. Of the total count, 2,100 Chinook salmon were estimated to have spawned, thus achieving the escapement goal range of 1,100 to 2,300 Chinook salmon. The mark-recapture program indicated an inriver run of 9,600 large fish, below average. The Klukshu stock contributed $24 \%$ of the large Chinook salmon spawning escapement in the Alsek River.

Current stock assessment programs prevent an accurate comparison of the Alsek River coho salmon run with historical runs. The U.S. Dry Bay catch of 9,500 coho salmon was above average, while the combined Canadian inriver aboriginal and sport fishery catch of 300 fish was above average. The operation of the Klukshu weir does not provide a complete enumeration of coho salmon into this system since it is removed before the run is over; however, it does provide an annual index. The count of 9,900 coho salmon was above average..

## Enhancement

Eggs and milt were collected from the year 2002 sockeye salmon escapements at Tahltan and Tatsamenie Lakes. For the sixth year in a row the 6.0 million egg-take goal was not achieved at Tahltan Lake due to low escapement. A total of 4.0 million eggs were collected at Tahltan Lake. At Tatsamenie Lake, 2.5 million eggs were collected for the hatchery. No eggs were collected for the in-lake incubation project.

Outplants of 2001 brood-year sockeye salmon fry in May and June 2002 included 2.53 million fry into Tahltan Lake, no fry into Tuya Lake, and 2.23 million fry into Tatsamenie Lake. Green-egg to planted-fry survivals were $77.8 \%$ Tahltan Lake, and $58.8 \%$ Tatsamenie Lake. Survival to emergence was average for Tahltan Lake and below average for Tatsamenie Lake. Three incubators from the Tatsamenie Lake 2001 brood year were lost to IHNV. Losses from IHN have occurred in the past at Snettisham Hatchery and are expected in sockeye salmon culture.

Outmigrant smolt sampling was conducted at Tahltan and Tatsamenie Lakes in 2002. Total emigration from Tahltan Lake was an estimated at 1,874,000 smolts with approximately $44 \%$ (654,000 outmigrants) from past fry plants. Sampling at Tuya Lake was not conducted in 2002. The Tatsamenie Lake smolt mark-recapture program estimated that 233,000 (S.E. 40,735), smolts emigrated from the lake with planted fish contributing approximately $42 \%$ of the total ( 88,473 smolts). Estimates of survival of the brood year 2000 fry plants indicate smolt from planted fry had a 6 -fold increase over wild for one release group. Estimates of survival from fry to smolt were early fed hatchery group $4.6 \%$, late fed hatchery group $1.4 \%$, and wild fish $0.8 \%$.

The egg incubation and thermal-marking program was continued at Snettisham Hatchery in 2002. Snettisham hatchery is operated by DIPAC (Douglas Island Pink and Chum, Inc.), a private aquaculture organization in Juneau. A co-operative agreement between ADF\&G and DIPAC provides for Snettisham hatchery to serve the needs of the joint TBR enhancement projects.

Adult sockeye salmon otoliths were processed inseason by the ADF\&G otolith lab to estimate the weekly contribution of fish from U.S./Canada TBR fry planting programs to the District 106, 108, and 111 gillnet fisheries and to Canadian commercial fisheries in the Stikine and Taku Rivers. Contribution estimates of planted fish to Alaskan catches were 4,700 Stikine River sockeye salmon to District 106 and 108 (8\% of that catch) and 700 Taku River sockeye salmon to District 111 ( $<1 \%$ of that catch). Estimates of contributions to Canadian fisheries included 6,100 sockeye salmon ( $35 \%$ of that catch) to Stikine River fisheries and 50 sockeye salmon to the Taku River fisheries ( $<1 \%$ of that catch).

## INTRODUCTION

This report presents estimates of the 2002 catch and escapement data for Pacific salmon runs to the transboundary Stikine, Taku, and Alsek Rivers and discusses management actions taken during the season. Catch and effort data are presented by management week (U.S. statistical week) for each river for both U.S. and Canadian fisheries. Spawning escapement data for most species are reported from weir counts or other escapement monitoring techniques. Joint enhancement activities on the Stikine and Taku Rivers are also summarized.

The Transboundary Technical Committee (TTC) met prior to the season to update joint management, stock assessment and enhancement plans and determines forecasts for run strengths and initial total allowable catch TAC estimates for the various species and rivers. The results of this meeting are summarized in: Pacific Salmon Commission Transboundary Technical Committee. 2002. Salmon Management and Enhancement Plans for the Stikine, Taku and Alsek Rivers, 2002. Report TCTR 02-1.

Run reconstruction analyses are conducted on the sockeye salmon Oncorhynchus nerka runs to the three rivers for the purpose of evaluating the stocks and the fisheries managed for these stocks. No estimates of marine catch are made for Alaskan fisheries outside of District 106 and 108 for Stikine River stocks, District 111 for Taku River stocks and Subdistrict 182-30 \& 31 for Alsek River stocks.

## STIKINE RIVER

Stikine River salmon are harvested by U.S. commercial gillnet fisheries in Alaskan Districts 106 and 108, by Canadian commercial gillnet fisheries located in the lower and upper Stikine River, and by a Canadian aboriginal fishery in the upper portion of the river (Figure 1). In addition, a Canadian terminal area fishery is operated in the lower Tuya River and/or at Tahltan Lake when escapements are estimated to be excess to spawning requirements (ESSR). A small sport fishery also exists in the Canadian sections of the Stikine River drainage. In 1995, a United States personal use fishery was established in the lower Stikine River; no catches were reported in this fishery in 1995 through 2000, approximately 30 sockeye salmon were harvested in 2001, and the personal use fishery on the Stikine River was not open in 2002. Additional catches of unknown quantity are taken in U.S. troll and seine fisheries and in sport fisheries near Wrangell and Petersburg. In 1996, the spring experimental troll area in the District 110 portion of Frederick Sound was expanded to target hatchery Chinook salmon O. tshawytscha; four previous areas were combined into one large area that also included previously unopened waters. This area was the same in 2002. In 1993 the spring experimental troll fishery near Wrangell was expanded to include two new areas in portions of District 106 and 108 to target hatchery Chinook salmon. In 1998 an additional area was included in a portion of District 108. In 2002 this area was excluded and another small portion of District 108 was included in the experimental fishery.


Figure 1. The Stikine River and principal U.S. and Canadian fishing areas.

## Harvest Regulations and the Joint Management Model

Negotiations between Canada and the United States to replace expired portions of Annex IV, Chapter 1 of the Pacific Salmon Treaty resulted in the following arrangements for Stikine River salmon which are expected to be in place for the 1999 to 2008 period:

## 1. General:

The Parties shall improve procedures for coordinated or cooperative management of the fisheries on transboundary river stocks. To this end, the Parties affirm their intent to develop and implement abundance-based management regimes for transboundary Chinook, sockeye and coho $O$. kisutch salmon no later than May 1, 2004.
2. Sockeye salmon:
(i) Assessment of the annual run of Stikine River sockeye salmon shall be made as follows:
a. a preseason forecast of the Stikine River sockeye salmon run will be made by the Committee prior to April 1 of each year. This forecast may be modified by the Committee prior to the opening of the fishing season;
b. inseason estimates of the Stikine River sockeye salmon run and the Total Allowable Catch (TAC) shall be made under the guidelines of an agreed Stikine Management Plan and using a forecast model developed by the Committee. Both U.S. and Canadian fishing patterns shall be based on current weekly estimates of the TAC. At the beginning of the season and up to an agreed date, the weekly estimates of the TAC shall be determined from the pre-season forecast of the run strength. After that date, the TAC shall be determined from the inseason forecast model;
c. modifications to the Stikine Management Plan and forecast model may be made prior to June 1 of each year by agreement of both Parties. Failure to reach agreement in modifications shall result in use of the model and parameters used in the previous year; and
d. estimates of the TAC may be adjusted inseason only by concurrence of both Parties' respective managers. Reasons for such adjustments must be provided to the Committee.
(ii) The Parties desire to maximize the harvest of planted Tahltan/Tuya sockeye salmon in their existing fisheries while considering the conservation needs of wild salmon runs. The Parties agree to manage the runs of Stikine River sockeye salmon to ensure that each country obtains $50 \%$ of the TAC in their existing fisheries. Canada will endeavor to harvest all fish surplus to escapement and broodstock needs returning to the Tuya and Tahltan Lake systems.
(iii) The Parties agree to continue the existing joint enhancement programs designed to produce annually 100,000 returning sockeye salmon.
(2) Coho salmon:
(i) Consistent with paragraph 1 above, the Parties agree to develop and implement an abundance-based approach to managing coho salmon on the Stikine River. Assessment programs need to be further developed before a MSY escapement goal can be established.
(ii) In the interim, the United States’ management intent is to ensure that sufficient coho salmon enter the Canadian section of the Stikine River to meet the agreed spawning objective, plus an annual Canadian catch of 4,000 coho salmon in a directed coho salmon fishery.
(3) Chinook salmon:
(i) Both Parties shall take the appropriate management action to ensure that the necessary escapement goals for Chinook salmon bound for the Canadian portions of the Stikine River are achieved.
(ii) The Parties agree that new fisheries on Stikine River Chinook salmon will not be developed without the consent of both Parties. Consistent with paragraph 2, management of new directed fisheries will be abundance-based through an approach to be developed by the Committee. The Parties agree to implement assessment programs in support of the development of an abundance-based management regime.
(iii) The Parties shall review an appropriate MSY escapement goal for Stikine River Chinook salmon by May 1999 and establish a new goal as soon as practicable thereafter.

As in most previous years, the Transboundary Technical Committee (TTC) met prior to the season to update joint management and enhancement plans, develop run forecasts and determine new parameters for input into the inseason run forecast model, referred to as the Stikine Management Model (SMM). The model was upgraded to provide inseason forecasts of the total Stikine River sockeye salmon run as well as the following components of the run: the Tahltan stock (wild and planted combined); the planted Tuya stock; and the mainstem stocks. The model for 2002 was based on catch per unit effort (CPUE) data from 1985 to 2001 from District 106 and the Canadian commercial fishery in the lower river and from 1986 to 2001 from the lower Stikine River test fishery. Linear regression was used to predict run size from cumulative CPUE for each week of the fisheries beginning in week 25 for District 106 and week 26 for the inriver fisheries. As in 1999-2001, the intercept was forced to be zero in order to correct for a tendency to overestimate the run size in the early weeks during years of low abundance. In 2002 the inriver test fishery was used as the primary inseason index of inriver run strength. Calculations were also made for the lower Stikine River commercial CPUE, which excluded catch and effort data from the Flood Glacier area, i.e. the new area introduced in 1997 and fished through the 2000 season. In addition, the annual weekly CPUE values for 1994 through 2000 were decreased by a factor of 0.75 for the extra gear allowed in the commercial fishery during that period. This made the historical CPUE data for that period more comparable with the 2002 fishing season and the pre-1994 era.

In 2002, the preseason forecasts were used during statistical weeks 25 (June 16 - 22) through 27 (June 30 - July 06). After week 27, inseason forecasts of total run size and TAC, produced by the SMM and based on catch-per-unit-effort (CPUE) data, were used to assist in determining weekly fishing plans (Table 1). The weekly inputs to the model included: the catch, effort and stock composition (proportion Tahltan/Tuya from egg diameters, proportion planted Tuya from thermal mark analyses of otoliths) in the Canadian lower river test and commercial fisheries; the upper river catch in the aboriginal fishery (AF) and upper river commercial fishery; the catch, effort and assumed stock composition in Subdistrict 10641 (Sumner Strait); and, the catch and assumed stock composition in District 108 and Subdistrict 106-30 (Clarence Strait). Preliminary results of thermal mark analyses were available inseason for the marine and lower river fisheries to account for Tuya production in the model and reduce the risk of over-estimating the TAC of Tahltan sockeye salmon, which was expected to be below average in 2002.

Table 1. Weekly forecasts of run size and total allowable catch for Stikine River sockeye salmon as estimated inseason by the Stikine Management Model, 2002.

| Stat. <br> Week | Start Date | Forecast <br> Run Size | TAC |  |  | Cumulative Catches ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | U.S. | Canada | U.S. | Canada |
| Model runs generated by Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 80,000 | 10,900 | 5,450 | 5,450 | 1,536 | 1,037 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 80,000 | 10,900 | 5,450 | 5,450 | 3,333 | 2,822 |
| 28 | 07 -July | 131,804 | 63061 | 31,530 | 31,530 | 5,190 | 5,095 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 124,007 | 52,622 | 26,311 | 26,311 | 5,894 | 9,952 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 131,866 | 56,853 | 28,426 | 28,426 | 5,910 | 10,445 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 122,463 | 45,043 | 22,522 | 22,522 | 6,476 | 17,513 |
| 32 | 04-Aug | 111,146 | 31,780 | 15890 | 15890 | 6,633 | 17,824 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 111,566 | 31,789 | 15,894 | 15,894 | 6,800 | 17,900 |


| Model runs generated by the U.S. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 79,600 | 9,783 | 4,892 | 4,892 | 758 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 79,600 | 9,783 | 4,892 | 4,892 | 1,536 | 1,037 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 79,600 | 9,783 | 4,892 | 4,892 | 3,530 | 2,847 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 135,346 | 69,196 | 34,598 | 34,598 | 5,134 | 4,079 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 119,803 | 49,494 | 24,747 | 24,747 | 5,826 | 5,899 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 128,137 | 59,287 | 29,643 | 29,643 | 6,180 | 13,745 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 127,794 | 53,698 | 26,849 | 26,849 | 6,639 | 16,882 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 117,034 | 43,755 | 21,878 | 21,878 | 6,787 | 17,193 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 111,586 | 37,748 | 18,874 | 18,874 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Postseason estimate (from Table 2).
79,329
${ }^{\text {a }}$ does not include test fishery catches
Initially, average stock proportions in District 106 and 108 catches, from historical postseason scale pattern analysis (SPA), were assumed for weekly catches; the averages used each week depended upon whether the run was judged to be below average, average, or above average. The Tuya and planted Tahltan stock proportions were subsequently adjusted inseason based on the analysis of otolith samples collected from Districts 106 and 108 sockeye salmon harvests. The weekly estimate of Tuya fish in District 106-41 was added to the historical proportion of Tahltan fish in the SMM since this stock was not present in the historical database. No adjustments were made in District 108, which was not open during the sockeye salmon fishery.

The preseason forecast for the Stikine River sockeye salmon run was 79,600 fish (Table 1), which indicated a run size below average (Appendix B.28). The forecast included approximately 20,600 natural Tahltan sockeye salmon (26\%), 5,900 planted Tahltan fish (7\%), 15,000 planted Tuya sockeye salmon (19\%), and 38,400 mainstem fish (48\%). Canadian inseason predictions of total run ranged from 111,146 to 131,866 sockeye salmon; U.S. forecasts ranged from 111,586 to 135,346 sockeye salmon (Table 1). All forecasts indicated a below average run. Because run size generated from the inriver test fishery data proved more accurate than that generated from the commercial fishery data, only the forecasts derived from inriver test fishery data were used in 2002. As in 2000 and 2001, the preseason forecast was more accurate than inseason forecasts. U.S. and Canadian weekly predictions differed due to different catch data input used for the updates.

Inseason management was influenced significantly by forecasts derived from the SMM, which was updated and refined by the TTC prior to the season. The model is based on the historical relationship between cumulative CPUE and run size and provides three sets of independently generated forecasts for the Tahltan, Tuya, and mainstem runs: one set based on US District 106 CPUE, another based on Canadian inriver commercial CPUE and the last based on Canadian test fishery CPUE. Each CPUE and run size data set is significantly correlated. The inriver test fishery CPUE was the forecast used inseason because it has the most consistent historical database of the three data sets. Unfortunately, the inseason forecasts overestimated the total abundance of Stikine River sockeye salmon when compared with the postseason estimate.

The postseason estimates of run size and TAC are well below the predictions that were used inseason for management. For example, the final inseason forecast generated by the SMM indicated a run of approximately 111,600 sockeye salmon and a TAC of 31,800 fish (Table 1), while the postseason estimate of 79,329 fish had a TAC of 8,500 sockeye salmon. Run size and TAC projections from the SMM progressively decreased after statistical week 30 . The run forecasts during the peak of the fisheries (weeks 27 through to 29) were well above the postseason run estimate and indicated that a surplus TAC was available to harvest.

## U.S. Fisheries

The 2002 gillnet harvest in District 106 included 446 Chinook; 56,135 sockeye; 226,560 coho; 82,951 pink O. gorbuscha, and 112,541 chum salmon O. keta (Appendices A. 1 and B.1). The harvests of Chinook, sockeye, pink, and chum salmon were below average, while the coho salmon harvest was above average (Appendix B.1). An estimated 161 fish (36.1\%) of the District 106 Chinook salmon harvest were of Alaska hatchery origin (Appendix A.1). The postseason estimate of the contribution of Stikine River sockeye salmon to the District 106 total harvest was 8,075 fish or $14.4 \%$ of the harvest (Appendices A. 2 and B.2). District 106 coho salmon harvest was above average (Appendices A. 1 and B.1). An estimated 78,485 fish were of Alaska hatchery origin, $34.6 \%$ of the total District 106 coho salmon harvest. The chum and pink salmon harvest was below average. The District 106 drift gillnet fishery was open for 47 days from June 16 through October 15 and was above average. Sections 6-A, 6-B, and 6-C were open simultaneously each week throughout the season. Fishing effort in number of vessels fishing in District 106 was below the average for the most of the season (Appendix B.1). The greatest effort in vessels fishing was 83 boats in week 36 while the greatest number of boat days, 320 , occurred in week 37 (Appendix A.1). The total season effort was below average with 2,684 boat (Appendix B.1).

Subdistricts 106-41/42 harvested an estimated 6,615 Stikine River sockeye salmon, 16.9\% of the total sockeye salmon harvested in the subdistricts (Appendices A. 4 and B.4). An estimated harvest of 1,460 Stikine River sockeye salmon Subdistrict 106-30 (Appendices A. 6 and B.6) represented $8.5 \%$ of the total sockeye salmon harvest in that subdistrict.

In District 108, 25 Chinook, 208 sockeye, 21,131 coho, 4,578 pink, and 2,017 chum salmon were harvested (Appendices A. 7 and B.7). The harvest of Stikine River sockeye salmon in the District 108 fishery was estimated to be one fish (Appendices A. 8 and B.8). The District 108 fishery started on July 28 and ran through October 15. The 35 days the district was open is below average (Appendices A. 7 and B.7). District 108 was not opened until week 31 due to an expected weak run of Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon. As a result of the delayed opening of the fishery, comparisons of 2002 harvests to averages are meaningless. An estimated $6.9 \%$ of the coho salmon harvest ( 1,449 fish) was of Alaskan hatchery origin. The fishing effort in number of vessels fishing in District 108 was below average most openings except during week 37 (early September). The season effort of 323 boat-days in District 108 was below average (Appendix B.7). Once again the conservative fishing time in District 108 was in place to restrict access to
those areas closest to the Stikine River (allowing almost all Tahltan sockeye salmon additional time and protection to pass through this area).

The District 108 test fishery did not take place in 2002 (Appendix A.9). Annual harvests and stock compositions from 1984 to 2000 for District 6 and 8 test fishery are provided in (Appendices B.9-B.11).

Harvests in Districts 106 and 108 consist of species of mixed stock origin; the contribution of Stikine River stocks is estimated only for sockeye salmon. The proportions of Stikine River sockeye salmon in Districts 106 and 108 harvests were estimated inseason using both the historical proportions of each stock and the inseason proportions of thermally marked fish from fry plants to Tahltan and Tuya Lakes. Analysis of scale patterns combined with thermal mark analysis was used postseason to estimate the stock composition of sockeye salmon harvests in Districts 106 and 108.

The District 106 gillnet season began 12:00 noon on Sunday, June 16 (statistical week 25) for a 48 hour period. This opening is normally two days and any decision to extend fishing is based on fishery harvest rates estimated by management biologists on site in the fishery. District 108 was closed for this opening to limit harvest of the Tahltan sockeye salmon stock. Due to the high potential for a weak Tahltan sockeye salmon run and the desired escapement of 24,000 fish to that system, no openings were expected in District 108 and no fishery extensions were expected in District 106 for the first 4-5 weeks of the fishing season. The estimated sockeye salmon CPUE in District 106 for statistical week 25 was below the average for this week (Appendix A.2). However, the fishery was open in week 25 in only four years during the last ten years. Based on the fishery survey, an estimated 31 boats were fishing in Sumner Strait (106-41) and 10 boats were fishing in Clarence Strait (106-30) during this opening. The otolith readings for District 106 for week 25 indicated that the harvest in Sumner Strait had a low proportion of marked Tahltan Lake bound fish (4.5\%) and a relatively high proportion of Tuya fish (14.4\%). The preseason SMM forecast a total Stikine River TAC of 9,783 fish and a Tahltan TAC of 1,901 (Table 2). This would allow the U.S. fisheries to harvest a total of 4,892 Stikine River fish, including 950 Tahltan fish. The preseason forecast was used for weeks 25-27 and the inriver test fishery CPUE data was used for the remainder of the sockeye salmon season.

During statistical week 26 (June 24-June 30) there were 44 boats fishing in Sumner Strait and 7 boats fishing in Clarence Strait. The sockeye salmon CPUE in District 106 was below average for this week therefore there was no fishery extension in District 106 and District 108 remained closed.

During statistical week 27 (June 30-July 6) there were 50 boats fishing in Sumner Strait and 13 boats fishing in Clarence Strait. The District 106 sockeye salmon harvest and CPUE were substantially higher this week than in weeks 25 and 26 but still below average (Appendix A.2). District 108 remained closed and no extension was given in District 106 for this opening. This week the SMM switched from the preseason forecast to a forecast based on the Canadian inriver test fishery CPUE for the week 28 projections. The inseason otolith readings for subdistrict 106-41/42 for week 27 indicated that $1.4 \%$ and $15.9 \%$ of the catch was comprised of thermally marked Tahltan and Tuya fish, respectively. The estimated U.S. harvest by the end of this week was 1,429 Tahltan sockeye salmon, while the SMM projected a U.S. TAC of 12,741 Tahltan sockeye salmon.

During statistical week 28 (July 7-July 13) there were 75 boats fishing in District 106 (33 in Clarence Strait and 42 in Sumner Strait). Surveys on the fishing grounds showed that the harvest and CPUE for the two-day opening in District 106 were near average for both areas but did not warrant a fishery extension. On average the peak Tahltan abundance occurs in District 106 in week 27; however, the 2002 statistical weeks were earlier than average, therefore week 28 was similar to the statistical week 29 historical averages when the majority of the Tahltan run has passed through the District 106 fishery. The estimated U.S. harvest of Tahltan sockeye salmon was 1,498 fish and the TAC from the SMM was 7,291 Tahltan

Lake sockeye salmon. Despite the large remaining balance of Tahltan TAC management remained conservative to protect local archipelago stocks and to minimize the risk of overharvesting the Tahltan stock given the low preseason forecast.

During statistical week 29 (July 14-July 20), 72 boats fished in District 106. Fishing ground surveys showed that sockeye salmon CPUE for the two-day opening was slightly above average in Clarence and below average in Sumner Straits. The inseason otolith readings for District 106 for week 29 indicated that the marked Tahltan and Tuya fish contributed less than $1.0 \%$ of the catch. The SMM run prediction continued to drop and the total CPUE for District 106 was below average. The estimated U.S. Tahltan harvest by the end of this week was 1,955 sockeye salmon and the TAC was 9,965 fish. Again, due to conservation concerns for local stocks and Stikine River fish, District 108 remained closed and there was no extension given in District 106. An enlarged closure around Salmon Bay was implemented to increase sockeye salmon escapement into that lake system.

During statistical week 30 (July 21-July 27) there were 72 boats fishing in District 106. The U.S. catch of Tahltan sockeye salmon was estimated at 2,077 fish with a TAC from the SMM of 3,295 Tahltan fish. Based on historical migratory timing information and the low abundance of thermally marked Tahltan and Tuya fish in the prior week it was assumed that these stocks were through the fishery. The CPUE for sockeye salmon in week 30 was well below average therefore District 106 was not open for an additional day and District 108 remained closed (Appendix A.2).

During statistical week 31 (July 28-August 3) District 108 was opened for the first time in the 2002fishing season (Appendix A.7). A total of 61 boats fished in District 106 and 5 boats fished in District 108 during the two-day opening and the CPUE for sockeye salmon remained below average for both districts. This was the final week of directed sockeye salmon fishing in Districts 106 and 108. The U.S. catch of mainstem Stikine River sockeye salmon was estimated to be 1,461 fish with a TAC of 16,590 . Despite the large remaining TAC for the Stikine River mainstem fish, fishery openings were not extended due to concern for the local island sockeye salmon stocks that migrate during this period.

During statistical week 32 (August 4-August 10) both Districts 106 and 108 were managed for pink salmon. Typically this switch from sockeye salmon to pink salmon management occurs during statistical week 33; however, this year's statistical weeks were shifted almost a week earlier than most years. Both districts were open for two days. All of District 108 was open with the exception of the Petersburg Creek closure in Fredrick Sound and section D of District 106 was closed from this week through statistical week 36. Pink salmon harvests in both districts are not always a true reflection of abundance because low prices for pink salmon and catches of other more valuable species may affect the fishing patterns and methods. During the 2002 season, the fishing effort was approximately half of average in most weeks. High salmon catches in other districts, as well as high abundance of Dungeness crab, resulted in reduced effort in Districts 106 and 108. The total pink salmon harvest was substantially below average (Appendices B. 4 and B.7). In week 33 the fisheries in both districts were extended an additional day and openings were set for at least three days through week 41.

Coho salmon management typically commences in late August or early September in both the Districts 106 and 108 gillnet fisheries. During statistical week 35 (August 25 - August 31) the management emphasis changed from pink to coho salmon. Prior to the change to coho salmon management the fishery harvested 97,300 coho salmon, approximately $43 \%$ of the total District 106 coho salmon catch. The harvest of wild coho salmon stocks prior to week 36 was well above average despite the low effort. Both districts were open three or four days per week for weeks 36 through week 41 (September 01-October 12) due to the projections of extremely high coho salmon escapements throughout the region and above average CPUE for wild coho salmon stocks. The highest harvest of coho salmon occurred during week
36. The fishery was open for four days in both weeks 37 and 38 . Fishing time was cut back three days for weeks 39 through 41. The season ended with a final two-day opening during week 42 (October 7-13).

## Canadian Fisheries

Catches from the combined Canadian commercial and aboriginal gillnet fisheries in the Stikine River in 2002 included; 1,362 large Chinook, 578 jack Chinook, 17,294 sockeye, 82 coho, 19 pink, and 33 chum salmon, (Appendices A. 10 and A.13). In addition to these catches, 501 sockeye salmon were taken in an ESSR harvest in the Tuya River (Table 2 and Appendix B.18). The harvest of all species, except jack Chinook salmon, was below average (Appendix B.17). The harvest of 1,362 large Chinook salmon was below average, while the harvest of jack Chinook salmon was above average. The sockeye salmon catch was below average. The estimate of the total contribution of sockeye salmon from the Canada/U.S. fryplanting program to the combined Canadian aboriginal and commercial fisheries is 6,153 fish; $35.6 \%$ of the catch (Table 2). The coho salmon catch was the lowest on record with 82 fish harvested (Appendix B.17).

Three test fisheries (Chinook, sockeye and coho salmon) were conducted in the lower Stikine River in 2002, immediately upstream from the Canada/U.S. border. Combined test fishery catches included: 1,656 large Chinook, 323 jack Chinook, 4,412 sockeye, 2,745 coho, 27 pink, and 80 chum salmon (Appendix A.15, Appendix B.19). The objectives of the Chinook, sockeye, and coho salmon test fisheries were to obtain data for mark-recapture programs and to collect run timing information. Additional objectives of the sockeye salmon test fishery were similar to those in previous years: to provide inseason catch, stock ID and effort data for input into the SMM to forecast the inriver run size; and, to determine migratory timing and stock composition of the sockeye salmon run for use in the postseason estimations of the inriver sockeye and coho salmon run sizes.

## Lower Stikine River Commercial Fishery

Canadian commercial fishery in the lower Stikine River harvested 433 large Chinook, 209 jack Chinook, 10,420 sockeye, 82 coho, 19 pink, and 33 chum salmon in 2002 (Appendix A.10). The catches of salmon species were below average. The stock composition estimates for the lower river catch (Table 2) are 776 planted Tahltan fish, $7.4 \%$ of the sockeye salmon catch; 2,559 wild Tahltan fish, $24.6 \%$ of the catch; 5,750 mainstem fish, $55.2 \%$ of the catch; and 1,335 planted Tuya fish, $12.8 \%$ of the catch (Appendix A. 11 and B.13).

Weekly guideline harvests, based on SMM forecasts of the total allowable catch (TAC) apportioned by average run timing and domestic and international allocation agreements, were developed each week to guide management decisions during the sockeye salmon season. Particular attention was directed at the inriver run and escapement forecasts of the various stock groupings. Management through statistical week 31 was focused primarily on the Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon stock after which it switched to mainstem sockeye salmon stocks through the end of August, and then to coho salmon. The Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon stock was of particular concern given the preseason expectation of a below average run.

The fishery commenced at noon on Sunday, June 23 (statistical week 26) for a scheduled opening of one day. Fishing time was kept to 24 hours due to the concern of a weak run of Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon indicated by the preseason expectations.

Sockeye salmon catches increased in week 27 (June 30-July 6) and the commercial CPUE for the Tahltan stock increased to 92 , which was average. As in week 26 , the fishery opening was limited to one day because of concern for a potentially weak Tahltan sockeye salmon run. The SMM forecast for week 28, based on the inriver test fishery CPUE indicated a TAC of 19,949 Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon, which was to be split

50/50 between Canada and the U.S. The estimated cumulative Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon catch through week 27 was 1,500 fish, which was slightly above the guideline catch of 1,415 fish for this week.

In statistical week 28 (July 7-July 13), the fishery was again limited to one day due to the anticipated weak run of Tahltan sockeye salmon and the low CPUE for this stock. The Tahltan sockeye salmon CPUE in week 28 was 74; below average.

Based on the Tahltan run projections for week 29, which indicated a decrease for this stock, the fishery was restricted to one day. The CPUE for Tahltan sockeye salmon was half the average and the fishery was not extended. An above average CPUE for the mainstem sockeye salmon stock was observed in statistical week 29, while a below average CPUE for Tuya sockeye salmon was recorded.

By week 30 (July 21-July 27) an historical average of $80 \%$ of the Tahltan sockeye salmon run was past the fishery and inseason analysis of egg diameters in 2002 indicated that less than $15 \%$ of the catch was comprised of Tahltan and Tuya fish. Management focus shifted to the mainstem sockeye salmon run and the fishery was opened on two days to harvest an apparent above average run of this stock. Although the CPUE for mainstem fish was more than $60 \%$ above average the fishery was limited to two days in order to protect the few remaining Tahltan sockeye salmon.

In week 31 (July 28 to Aug 03) the fishery was opened for two days. The CPUE for mainstem sockeye salmon was relatively strong and analysis of egg diameters and thermal marks indicated that $98 \%$ of the harvest was composed of the mainstem stock. The fishery was extended for an additional two days in an attempt to harvest the available TAC for this stock. The CPUE of the mainstem sockeye salmon stock dropped as the fishery progressed and after four days was $29 \%$ below average and the fishery was closed.

Table 2. Run reconstruction for Stikine River sockeye salmon, 2002.

|  | Tahltan Mainstem |  |  | Tahltan |  |  | Total Stikine | $\begin{array}{r} \text { All } \\ \text { Planted } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { All } \\ \text { Wild } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Tuya | Wild | Hatchery |  |  |  |
| Escapementa | 17,740 | 27,154 | 44,894 | 4,654 | 13,023 | 4,717 | 49,547 | 9,370 | 40,177 |
| ESSR Catchb |  |  |  | 501 |  |  | 501 | 501 | 0 |
| Biological Samples | 400 |  | 400 |  | 285 | 115 | 400 | 115 | 285 |
| Broodstock | 3,051 |  | 3,051 |  | 1,753 | 1,298 | 3,051 | 1,298 | 1,753 |
| Natural Spawning | 14,289 | 27,154 | 41,443 | 1,917 | 10,490 | 3,799 | 43,360 | 5,716 | 37,644 |
| Excessc |  |  | 0 | 2,236 |  |  | 2,236 | 2,236 |  |
| Canadian Harvest |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indian Food | 2,697 | 538 | 3,235 | 3,155 | 2,092 | 605 | 6,390 | 3,760 | 2,630 |
| Upper Commercial | 182 | 62 | 244 | 240 | 140 | 42 | 484 | 282 | 202 |
| Lower Commercial | 3,335 | 5,750 | 9,085 | 1,335 | 2,559 | 776 | 10,420 | 2,111 | 8,309 |
| Total | 6,214 | 6,350 | 12,564 | 4,730 | 4,791 | 1,423 | 17,294 | 6,153 | 11,141 |
| \% Harvest | 75.1\% | 76.4\% | 75.8\% | 53.8\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| Test Fishery Catch | 1,726 | 1,992 | 3,718 | 694 | 1,324 | 402 | 4,412 | 1,096 | 3,316 |
| Inriver Run | 25,680 | 35,496 | 61,176 | 10,078 | 19,139 | 6,541 | 71,253 | 16,619 | 54,635 |
| U.S. Harvesta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 106-41\&42 | 1,896 | 1,325 | 3,221 | 3,394 | 1,216 | 680 | 6,615 | 4,074 | 2,541 |
| 106-30 | 159 | 637 | 796 | 664 | 159 | 0 | 1,460 | 664 | 796 |
| 108 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 2,055 | 1,963 | 4,018 | 4,058 | 1,375 | 680 | 8,076 | 4,738 | 3,338 |
| \% Harvest | 24.9\% | 23.6\% | 24.2\% | 46.2\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| Test Fishery Catch | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Run | 27,735 | 37,459 | 65,194 | 14,136 | 20,514 | 7,221 | 79,329 | 21,357 | 57,973 |
| Escapement Goal | 24,000 | 30,000 | 54,000 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Terminal Excessd |  |  |  | 13,112 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total TAC | 2,009 | 5,467 | 7,476 | 1,024 |  |  | 8,500 |  |  |
| Total Harveste | 9,995 | 10,305 | 20,300 | 9,983 |  |  | 30,283 | 12,488 | 17,795 |
| Canada TAC | 1,005 | 2,733 | 3,738 | 512 |  |  | 4,250 |  |  |
| Actual Catchfg | 6,214 | 6,350 | 12,564 | 4,730 |  |  | 17,294 | 6,153 | 11,141 |
| \% of total TAC | 618.6\% | 232.3\% | 336.1\% |  |  |  | 406.9\% |  |  |
| U.S. TAC | 1,005 | 2,733 | 3,738 | 512 |  |  | 4,250 |  |  |
| Actual Catch fg | 2,055 | 1,963 | 4,018 | 4,058 |  |  | 8,076 | 4,738 | 3,338 |
| \% of total TAC | 204.6\% | 71.8\% | 107.5\% |  |  |  | 190.0\% |  |  |

${ }^{a}$ Escapement into terminal and spawning areas from traditional fisheries.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Catch allowed in terminal areas under the Excess Salmon to Spawning Requirement license.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Fish returning to the Tuya system are not able to access the lake where they originated due to velocity barriers.
${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ The number of Tuya fish that should be passed through traditional fisheries in order to harvest the Tuya stock at the same rate as the Tahltan stock to ensure adequate spawning escapement for Tahltan fish.
${ }^{\mathrm{e}}$ Includes traditional, ESSR, and test fishery catches.
${ }^{\mathrm{f}}$ Does not include ESSR or test fishery catches.
${ }^{\mathrm{g}}$ U.S. harvest estimate differs from Joint Interception Committee estimate because no estimates are made for catches other than in the listed fisheries.

For the remainder of the fishery (weeks 32 to 34 ) weekly openings were liberal (four-day openings) to harvest the surplus TAC of mainstem sockeye salmon. The fishing effort, however, was light with some fishers electing not to fish during the majority of the available open days.

The sockeye salmon run timing appeared earlier than average based on the sockeye salmon CPUE in the lower river commercial fishery. The Stikine River sockeye salmon run peaked in week 27, two weeks earlier than the average peak in week 29. Tahltan and Tuya stocks peaked in week 27, two weeks early, while the mainstem run peaked in week 30 , one week ahead of average timing for this stock conglomerate.

As in recent years, Excess Salmon to Spawning Requirements (ESSR) fishing activities again focused on the lower Tuya River to harvest fish returning from the fry-planting program. Marketing difficulties limited the Tuya ESSR fishery this year. However, the ESSR fishery was used to assist in a large-scale live fish capture project on the Tuya River which resulted in approximately 2,000 sockeye salmon being transported upstream above the lower Tuya velocity barriers. A total of 501 sockeye salmon were harvested in the ESSR fishery and were distributed to the Tahltan First Nations elders (Table 2).

Out of 18 licenses available for the lower river commercial fishery, 11 licenses were issued in 2002 with a maximum of 11 licenses being active in any one week (Appendix A.10). The total effort was 169 permitdays; below average (Appendix B.12). Gear was restricted to one drift or set gill net and the commercial fishing zone was reduced from the 1997-2000 zone defined by the Canada/US border upstream to the mouth of Flood Creek to an area bounded by the Canada/US border to the mouth of the Porcupine River (the pre-1997 fishing zone). These actions were taken to conserve the expected weak run of Tahltan Lake sockeye salmon.

## Upper Stikine River Commercial Fishery

A small commercial fishery has existed near Telegraph Creek on the upper Stikine River since 1975. Two large Chinook and three jack Chinook salmon were harvested which were below average. A total of 484 sockeye salmon was caught, which was below average (Appendices A. 12 and B.14). The fishing effort was below average with two fishers fishing one to two days per week. A total of 9 days were fished and the total effort was 12 permit-days.

## Aboriginal Fishery

The Stikine River aboriginal fishery, which is located near Telegraph Creek, harvested 927 large Chinook, 366 jack Chinook, and 6,390 sockeye salmon; all catches were above average (Appendices A. 13 and B.15). As in past years, fishing times were not restricted in this fishery.

## Escapement

## Sockeye salmon

A total of 17,740 sockeye salmon were counted through the Tahltan Lake weir in 2002; below average, but was close to the lower end of the management goal range of 18,000 to 30,000 sockeye salmon (Appendices A. 17 and B.22). An estimated 3,799 fish (21.4\%) originated from the fry-planting program, close to the $38.5 \%$ contribution of smolts observed in 1999, the principal cycle year. The estimate of planted fish in 2002 was based on the proportion of thermal marked otoliths from a sample of 400 sockeye salmon sacrificed at the weir for stock composition analysis (Table 2). A total of 3,051 sockeye salmon were collected for broodstock for the fry-planting project and 400 fish were collected for biological samples, which left a spawning escapement of 14,289 fish. The spawning escapements for the
mainstem and the Tuya Lake stock groups are estimated indirectly by computing the ratio of Tahltan to mainstem and Tuya components in the total inriver sockeye salmon run. Stock identification data are collected in the lower river commercial and test fisheries. The ratios of Tahltan: mainstem and Tahltan: Tuya are applied to the estimated inriver Tahltan run size to develop an estimate of the total inriver sockeye salmon run. The escapements are estimated by subtracting the inriver catches from the inriver run estimate. The 2002 escapement estimates are 27,154 mainstem and 4,654 Tuya sockeye salmon. The mainstem sockeye salmon stocks spawn in tributaries and the mainstem of the Stikine River. The estimated mainstem spawning escapement was below average and is within the escapement goal range of 20,000 to 40,000 fish. Aerial survey results indicated a below average escapement of mainstem sockeye salmon with a total combined count of 916 sockeye salmon; below average (Appendix B.23).

The Tuya fish are blocked from entering potential spawning grounds of the Tuya tributary by natural barriers and are targeted in the ESSR fishery, which harvested 501 fish in 2002 (Appendix B.18). An additional 1,917 fish were captured and airlifted over the Tuya barrier (Table 2), of this group, 89 were affixed with radio transmitters and 10 were affixed with acoustic tags. The fate of the remaining 2,237 Tuya fish is unknown. Radio telemetry programs in 1998, 2000, and 2001 indicated fish moved from below the Tuya barrier to the mainstem Stikine River as far down river as the mouths of the Scud and Porcupine Rivers. One fish was located in the Stikine River downstream from the Canada/U.S. boundary. Some Tuya sockeye salmon were found in the Tahltan River. In addition, otolith samples collected in August 2001 from fish spawning in Shakes Creek (an area with no prior report of spawning sockeye salmon, located approximately 50 km downstream from the Tuya River) indicated that all the fish spawning in this area originated from Tuya fry plants.

For the third consecutive year a sockeye salmon mark-recapture program was conducted to develop an alternate abundance-based management regime for Stikine River sockeye salmon. The estimate of the total escapement using a Darroch estimate was 78,378 ( $\mathrm{SE}=4,711$ ) sockeye salmon ( $\mathrm{m}=1,565, \mathrm{r}=297$, $\mathrm{c}=14,832$ ). The sockeye salmon specific escapement based on the mark-recapture study was 18,000 Tahltan, 8,400 Tuya, and 19,300 mainstem sockeye salmon.

## Chinook salmon

The 2002 Chinook salmon escapement enumerated at the Little Tahltan weir was 7,476 large fish and 618 jack Chinook salmon (Appendices A. 19 and B.25). The escapement of large Chinook salmon in the Little Tahltan River was above the upper limit of the escapement goal range ( 2,300 to 5,300 fish with a point goal of 3,300 fish). Aerial surveys of the Tahltan River and Beatty Creek have been discontinued. The peak survey count at Andrew Creek was 875 fish, above average, and within the escapement goal range of 650-1,500 fish (Appendix B.26). The aerial survey count for the Little Tahltan River was missed due to bad weather conditions.

A mark-recapture study was conducted again in 2002 and the estimated escapement of large Chinook salmon in the Stikine River is 50,175 .

## Coho salmon

Aerial surveys indicated an extremely strong run of Stikine River coho salmon. A total of 12,646 coho salmon were observed in 2002; above average (Appendix B.27). For the third consecutive year, a markrecapture program was conducted to develop an abundance-based management regime for Stikine River coho salmon. This year, an additional set gillnet was deployed at the tagging site in an effort to increase the number of tagged salmon. The estimate of the total escapement using a modified Petersen estimate ( $\mathrm{m}=1,747$, $\mathrm{r}=32, \mathrm{c}=2,596$ ) was 139,200 coho salmon, with a range of 98,200 to 195,200 fish. Although the additional net used at the tagging site resulted in a record number of tagged coho salmon, the paucity
of recovered fish (marked and unmarked) resulted in the very wide range in the coho salmon escapement estimate. Increased fishing effort (commercial and test fishing grounds) is recommended for future studies. This escapement estimate is above the upper end of the escapement goal range of 30,000 to 50,000 coho salmon.

DFO used test fishery coho and sockeye CPUE to estimate coho salmon-the test fishery cumulative weekly CPUE of coho salmon was the second highest on record (Appendix B.19) and constituted 73\% of the cumulative weekly sockeye salmon CPUE, thus indicating the coho salmon run to be approximately $73 \%$ of the estimated sockeye salmon run of 81,000 fish or 59,500 coho salmon. Based on these analyses, the total inriver escapement of coho salmon was 56,817 fish.

## Sockeye Salmon Run Reconstruction

The postseason estimate of the Stikine River sockeye salmon run size is 79,329 fish, of which 27,735 are of Tahltan Lake origin (wild \& planted), 14,136 are of Tuya origin (fry from Tahltan broodstock planted into Tuya Lake), and 37,459 are mainstem stocks (Table 2). These estimates are based on postseason analysis of scale patterns and thermal marks in the U.S. Districts 106 and 108 catches and otolith analysis and egg-diameter stock-composition estimates for inriver catches from the Canadian commercial, aboriginal, ESSR, and test fishery catches; and escapement data. The 2002 total run was below average (Appendix B.28) but almost the same as the preseason forecast of 79,600 sockeye salmon (Table 1).

## TAKU RIVER

Taku River salmon are harvested in the U.S. gillnet fishery in the Alaskan District 111, in northern Southeast Alaska seine and troll fisheries, and in the Juneau area sport fishery and inriver personal use fishery (Figure 2). Canadian fisheries for Taku River salmon include a commercial gillnet fishery located in the river near the Canada/U.S. border, an aboriginal fishery, and a sport fishery.


Figure 2. The Taku River and principal U.S. and Canadian fishing areas.

## Harvest Regulations

New fishing arrangements were in place in 1999 as a result of negotiations between Canada and the United States of Annex IV, Chapter 1 of the Pacific Salmon Treaty. The arrangements that are expected to apply to the Taku River for the 1999 to 2008 period are as follows:
(1) Sockeye salmon:
(i) Except as noted below, Canada shall harvest no more than $18 \%$ of the TAC of the wild sockeye salmon originating in the Canadian portion of the Taku River each year;
(ii) If the projected inriver escapement is greater than 100,000 sockeye salmon, Canada may, in addition, harvest $20 \%$ of the projected inriver escapement above 100,000 sockeye salmon;
(iii) The Parties agree to manage the runs of Taku River sockeye salmon to ensure that each country obtains catches in their existing fisheries equivalent to each country's share of wild sockeye salmon and a 50\% share of fish originating from Taku River fry plants;
(iv) The Parties agree to continue the existing joint Taku River enhancement program designed to produce annually 100,000 returning sockeye salmon.
(2) Coho salmon:
(i) The Parties agree to develop and implement an abundance-based approach to managing coho salmon on the Taku River no later than May 1, 2004. The Parties commit to developing a revised MSY escapement goal to be implemented no later than May 1, 2004.
(ii) Until a new abundance-based approach is developed, the management intent of the United States is to ensure a minimum above-border inriver run of 38,000 coho salmon, and the following arrangements will apply:
a. no numerical limit on the Taku River coho salmon catch will apply in Canada during the directed sockeye salmon fishery (through statistical week 33);
b. if inseason projections of above-border run size are less than 50,000 coho salmon, a directed Canadian harvest of up to 3,000 coho salmon is allowed for assessment purposes as part of the joint Canada/US Taku River mark-recapture program;
c. if inseason projections of above-border run size exceed 50,000 coho salmon, a directed Canadian harvest of 5,000 coho salmon is allowed;
d. if inseason projections of above-border run size exceed 60,000 coho salmon, a directed Canadian harvest of 7,500 coho salmon is allowed;
e. if inseason projections of above border run size exceed 75,000 coho salmon, a directed Canadian harvest of 10,000 coho salmon is allowed.
(3) Chinook salmon:
(i) Both Parties shall take the appropriate management action to ensure that the necessary escapement goals for Chinook salmon bound for the Canadian portions of the Taku River are achieved.
(ii) The Parties agree that new fisheries on Taku River Chinook salmon will not be developed without the consent of both Parties. Management of new directed fisheries will be abundancebased through an approach to be developed by the Committee no later than May 01, 2004. The Parties agree to implement assessment programs in support of the development of an abundancebased management regime.
(iii) The Parties shall review an appropriate MSY escapement goal for Taku River Chinook salmon by May 1999 and thereafter establish a new goal as soon as practicable.

## U.S. Fisheries

The traditional District 111 commercial drift gillnet salmon fishery was open for a total of 61 days from June 16, 2002, through October 15, 2002 (Appendix C.1). The harvest totaled 1,840 Chinook, 178,488 sockeye, 39,823 coho, 77,562 pink, and 231,021 chum salmon. Harvests of Chinook, coho, pink, and chum salmon were below average. The sockeye salmon harvest was above average. Weekly commercial fishery catches and stock composition estimates for these fisheries are provided in Appendices C. 1 - C. 3 and annual catches from 1960 through 2002 are provided in Appendices D. 1 - D.3.

Hatchery stocks contributed significantly to the numbers of both sockeye and chum salmon harvested and minor numbers to the harvest of other species. The 2002 season was the third year of large numbers of adult sockeye salmon returning to the Snettisham Hatchery inside Port Snettisham. These fish contributed to the harvests primarily in Stephens Passage and to the Speel Arm Terminal Harvest Area fishery inside Port Snettisham.

The Chinook salmon harvest of 1,840 fish was below average (Appendix C. 1 and D.1). Alaskan hatchery fish contributed 232 fish as estimated by coded wire tag (CWT) analysis; $12.6 \%$ of the harvest. The Taku River stock assessment program at Canyon Island estimated the above-border Chinook salmon escapement of 55,044 fish (Appendix C.8). The escapement goal range is from 30,000 to 55,000 Chinook salmon.

The sockeye salmon harvest of 178,488 fish was above average (Appendices C. 1 and D.1). Weekly sockeye salmon harvests in District 111 were above average in SW25 through SW29, and again in SW31. However, weekly sockeye salmon harvests dropped to below average during SW30, and again during SW32 through SW42. Weekly sockeye salmon catch-per-unit-effort (CPUE) was a record for SW25, SW28, and SW31. However, weekly sockeye salmon CPUE was lower than average during eleven out of eighteen statistical weeks. Domestic hatchery sockeye salmon stocks started to contribute to the traditional fishery in SW28 and added significant numbers to the harvests in SW29 through SW31. Fishermen targeting on those runs of hatchery sockeye salmon and the Limestone Inlet hatchery chum salmon, increased the amount and percentage of fishing effort that occurred in Stephens Passage. Of the total sockeye salmon harvest, $35.3 \%$ occurred in Stephens Passage; above average.

Sockeye salmon from a joint U.S./Canada fry-planting program at Tatsamenie Lake contributed an estimated 660 fish to the fishery (Appendix C.3), or $0.4 \%$ of the catch. Contributions of domestic U.S. hatchery sockeye salmon to the Traditional District 111 gillnet fishery totaled 53,440 fish or $29.9 \%$ of the harvest (Appendices C. 3 and D.2). These were predominately Snettisham Hatchery fish but also included a small number of thermally marked fish from a fry-planting program at Chilkat Lake in upper Lynn Canal. Stock compositions were estimated postseason based on a combined analysis of otoliths, scale pattern, and brain parasite incidence characteristics. The estimated stock composition of the harvest of wild sockeye salmon in the district was 116,711 (65.4\%) Taku River fish and 8,337 (4.7\%) Port Snettisham stocks (Appendices C. 2 and C.3). An additional 61,951 sockeye salmon were harvested in hatchery terminal area fisheries (cost recovery and hatchery access) inside Port Snettisham. The majority of these fish are from hatchery releases but a small portion of wild Speel Lake sockeye salmon stocks are also taken in this fishery.

Coho salmon stocks harvested in District 111 include runs to the Taku River, Port Snettisham, Stephens Passage, and local Juneau area streams as well as Alaskan hatcheries. The coho salmon harvest of 39,823 fish was below average (Appendices C. 1 and D.1). Weekly coho salmon harvests were above average during SW29 through SW32, but below average during the remainder of the season. Coho salmon catch-per-unit effort was above average during SW36 through SW38. Alaskan hatchery coho salmon contributed 1,621 fish or $4.1 \%$ of the District 111 harvest. For most of the season, weekly estimates of

Taku River coho salmon abundance indicated an above average run size. The postseason inriver run estimate is 223,162 fish (Appendices C. 8 and D.12), more than six times the escapement goal of 35,000.

The District 111 pink salmon harvest of 77,562 fish was below average (Appendices C. 1 and D.1). The escapement number to the Taku River was not quantified; however, the number of pink salmon passing through the fish wheels at Canyon Island was used as an index of escapement. The fish wheel catch of 5,672 pink salmon was below average, and pink salmon escapement to the Taku River is characterized as below average (Appendix D.15).

The harvest total of 231,021 chum salmon was below average (Appendices C. 1 and D.1). The summer chum salmon harvest, 230,092 fish, comprised $99.6 \%$ of the seasons harvest. The summer chum salmon run was considered to last through mid-August (SW33) and was comprised mostly of domestic hatchery fish, with small numbers of wild fish contributing to the catches. Chum salmon runs to DIPAC hatcheries in Gastineau Channel and to the DIPAC remote release site at Limestone Inlet contributed a major portion of the harvest but quantitative contribution estimates were not available.As in recent years, a gear restriction of a minimum six-inch mesh size net was employed during the month of July in the fishery openings in Section 11-B south of Circle Point. This allowed harvest of hatchery chum salmon returning to the Limestone Inlet remote release site while limiting harvest rates on wild sockeye salmon stocks. Approximately $47 \%$ of the District 111 chum salmon harvest was made in Taku Inlet, 53\% in Stephens Passage, and less than 1\% inside Port Snettisham. The harvest of 929 fall chum salmon, SW34 and later, was below average (Appendix D.1). Most of these chum salmon are assumed to be wild fish of Taku and Whiting Rivers origin. The escapement to the Taku River was not quantified; however, the 205 fall chum salmon passing through the fish wheels at Canyon Island was used as an index of escapement (Appendix D.15). This was below average. There is a long-term declining trend for fish wheel catches of chum salmon, and the Taku River chum salmon stock may be in a depressed state.

For the 2002 season fishing time was above average (Appendix D.1). The maximum number of boats participating in the fishery in a given week was 141 boats, above average (Appendix C.1). Fishing effort as measured by the total number of boats delivering fish each week times the number of days open to fishing, was 4,101 boat-days for the season, above average (Appendix D.1).

Management actions to conduct the Taku River drift gillnet fishery were limited to imposing restrictions in time, area and gear. In the first week of the season (SW25), which began June 16, three days of fishing time were allowed in both Taku Inlet (Subdistrict 111-32) and Stephens Passage (Subdistrict 111-31). The sockeye salmon harvest in the first week was above average and the second highest on record for the week. The initial inseason estimate of run size was 28,923 fish past Canyon Island, four times the average. Fishing time for SW26 was initially set for three days but was extended an additional day when all data indicated a strong early Kuthai and Trapper Lake sockeye salmon runs to the Taku River. The projected, inriver run size was estimated to be 438,550 sockeye salmon (Table 3). Both Taku Inlet and Stephens Passage were initially opened for four days in SW27. Gillnet mesh restrictions were established south of Circle point to limit harvest of wild Speel and Crescent Lake sockeye salmon. The Taku inriver run size was estimated to be 68,245 fish, a record through SW27. The projected, inriver run-size was 298,411, with a total run-size of 499,610 (Table 3). The District 111 sockeye salmon catch for the week was above average. Approximately $88 \%$ of the sockeye salmon harvested during the week came from Taku Inlet, while the remainder was harvested in Stephens Passage. Both Taku Inlet and Stephens Passage were open initially for three days during SW28. Gillnet mesh restrictions were still in place south of Circle Point. No extension was given in Stephens Passage (south of Circle Point) during statistical weeks 28, 29 or 30 to conserve wild Speel and Crescent Lake sockeye salmon. During SW28 the estimated mark-recapture, above-border sockeye salmon run size was 89,035 fish, twice the average of 42,735 fish. The projected total Taku River run was 427,839 sockeye salmon. Sockeye salmon CPUE was 93.7, almost twice the average. Based on these data, Taku Inlet was extended for one day north of the

Point Bishop to Pete’s Rock line. Hatchery fish, bound for Port Snettisham, contributed an estimated 24\% of the total sockeye salmon catch in Stephens Passage during this week, based on inseason analysis of otolith patterns.

Table 3. U.S. inseason forecasts of total run size, inriver run size, TAC, and the U.S. harvest of Taku River sockeye salmon for 2002.

| Stat | Inriver <br> Run | Total <br> Run | Total <br> TAC | U.S. <br> TAC | Projected <br> U.S. Catch |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 26 | 438,550 | 755,812 | 680,812 | 558,266 | 317,262 |
| 27 | 298,411 | 499,610 | 424,610 | 348,180 | 201,199 |
| 28 | 236,882 | 427,839 | 352,839 | 289,328 | 190,957 |
| 29 | 228,254 | 398,628 | 323,628 | 265,375 | 170,373 |
| 30 | 198,622 | 344,539 | 269,539 | 221,022 | 145,917 |
| 31 | 170,848 | 309,679 | 234,679 | 192,437 | 138,831 |
| 32 | 161,153 | 289,242 | 214,242 | 175,678 | 128,088 |
| 33 | 150,546 | 271,617 | 196,617 | 161,226 | 121,071 |
| 35 | 135,043 | 249,436 | 174,436 | 143,037 | 114,392 |
| Postseason | 141,063 | 258,516 | 183,516 | 150,106 | 117,453 |

Inseason U.S. TAC calculated as $82 \%$ of the total TAC and was not adjusted for change in harvest share when the escapement exceeds 100,000 sockeye salmon.

During SW29, the initial opening was three days in both Taku Inlet and Stephens Passage. Gillnet mesh restrictions were still in place south of Circle Point. The Canyon Island mark-recapture project indicted an above-border run-size of 110,331 sockeye salmon, which was 20,000 fish greater than last year's record at this time. The week's sockeye salmon catch was above average with $73 \%$ of the harvest taken in Taku Inlet. Taku Inlet was extended for two days based on the very large Taku River sockeye salmon run. Analysis of otoliths revealed that $25 \%$ of the samples processed from Stephens Passage during this week were Snettisham hatchery sockeye salmon.

During SW30, Taku Inlet was opened initially for four days north of the Pete’s Rock to Pt. Bishop line. The Kuthai Lake weir has passed 5,548 sockeye salmon by July 22 (Appendix C.11), which was higher than the total season counts for eight of the last ten years. The daily Canyon Island sockeye salmon counts had fallen to below average during the entire week. The District 111 drift gillnet sockeye salmon catch also dropped to below average levels for the first time this season below the average for the week. The drop in this week's sockeye salmon catches was believed to be due to the switch from strong Kuthai and Trapper runs to weak Tatsamenie and mainstem runs. The inriver sockeye salmon run was estimated to be 113,714 fish, which was above average. However, during the week, the projected, total, inriver run size dropped to 198,000 fish, down 30,000 sockeye salmon from the previous week (Table 3). The weekly, District 111 sockeye salmon catch dropped to 15,531 in SW30, down from 34,362 in SW29, with about $50 \%$ of the harvest coming from Taku Inlet and $50 \%$ coming from Stephens Passage (Appendix C.1). The District 111 coho salmon catch was 3,098 for the week (Appendix C.1) about three times the average.
Both Taku Inlet and Stephens Passage were opened for three days with no extensions during SW31. Gillnet mesh restrictions were still in place south of Circle Point because escapement of Speel Lake sockeye salmon was still below the goal. Historically, by the end of SW31, 89\% of the Little Trapper Lake and $30 \%$ of the Tatsamenie Lake sockeye salmon have passed Canyon Island. Again, as during the previous week, the daily Canyon Island fish wheel counts for the entire SW31 were below average indicating weak mainstem and Tatsamenie sockeye salmon runs. The weekly, mark-recapture sockeye salmon run size was estimated to be 125,066 , above average. The weekly District 111 drift gillnet
sockeye salmon catch total was almost twice the average with about $74 \%(30,653)$ being harvested from Stephens Passage where the fleet was targeting hatchery sockeye salmon bound for the Port Snettisham

During SW32, Stephens Passage (south of Circle Point) and District 11-C (south of Midway Island) were initially opened for three days and extended for a fourth day. Gillnet mesh restrictions were removed. Taku Inlet, north of Circle Point, was opened for two days during SW32 due to low numbers seen at the Canyon Island fish wheels during the previous two weeks. The coho salmon catch was average. In week 33 the Taku Inlet opening was again limited to two days while Stephens Passage was opened for three days and extended for a fourth day.

The fall drift gillnet season in District 111 lasted nine weeks, beginning on August 18 in SW34, and lasting until October 15 in SW42. Taku Inlet openings were limited to two days per week in SW 34, 35, \& 36, primarily to conserve Taku River fall chum salmon. In the first week of the fall season (SW34), fishing time was set at three days in Stephens Passage (south of Circle Point) and 11-C to allow continued harvest of hatchery sockeye salmon bound for Port Snettisham. Coho salmon catch for the week was about half the average $(5,101)$ for the second week in a row. During SW37, both Taku Inlet and Stephens Passage were opened for three days. Catch rates were about 150 coho salmon per boat per day in Taku Inlet. The weekly coho salmon catch was below average. The mark-recapture inriver abundance estimate was 99,731 coho salmon, which increased by 30,000 fish from the previous week. District 111 was opened for three days during SW38 through SW41 and for two days during SW42. Weekly coho salmon catch dropped considerably from the previous weeks and remained below average for the remainder of the season. The above-border, mark-recapture, inriver abundance estimate for coho salmon increased dramatically from approximately 100,000 coho salmon estimated inriver during SW37 to a final estimate of 187,705 coho salmon inriver during SW41.

Other fisheries in the Juneau area harvested transboundary Taku River salmon stocks in 2002. Personal use permits were used to harvest an estimated 1,289 Taku River sockeye salmon (Appendix D.4). The spring Juneau-area sport fishery harvested an estimated 4,227 Chinook salmon. A number of stocks are known to contribute to the sport fishery, including those from the Taku, Chilkat, and King Salmon rivers, and local hatchery stocks. The major contributor is large, wild mature fish from the Taku River through mid-May and Alaska hatchery fish thereafter. Coded wire tag analysis indicated that 2,111 of these fish were wild fish and that $1,700(80.5 \%)$ were of Taku River origin. The July, Hawk Inlet, shoreline, purse seine fishery operating north of Point Marsden in Chatham Strait did not open this year. A large number of stocks, including the Taku River, contribute to this pink salmon directed fishery. A purse seine test fishery was conducted once during each week in July, with catches totaling 20 Chinook, 884 sockeye, 50 coho, 11,392 pink, and 4,173 chum salmon.

## Canadian Fisheries

Taku River commercial fishery harvested 1,561 large Chinook, 291 jack Chinook (fish less than 2.3 kg ), 31,053, sockeye, and 3,082 coho salmon, in 2002 (Appendices C. 4 and D.5). The catch of large Chinook salmon was below average, while the catch of jack Chinook salmon was above average. The sockeye salmon catch was average. Fish originating from fry plants contributed an estimated 49 fish to the catch, comprising $0.2 \%$ of the total sockeye salmon harvest. The catch of coho salmon was below average (Appendix D.5). There were 33 days of fishing; below average. The seasonal fishing effort of 286 boatdays was below average. As in recent years, both set and drift gill netting techniques were used with the majority of the catch taken in drift gillnets. Mesh sizes were restricted to less than 150 mm through July 16 to minimize the incidental catch of Chinook salmon.

In addition to the commercial catches, 37 Chinook, 155 sockeye (102 from Kuthai Lake and 53 from the lower Taku River), and 688 coho salmon were harvested in the aboriginal fishery in 2002 (Appendix D.7).

The postseason run estimate was 252,214 wild sockeye salmon; Canadian catches (excluding test fishery catches) represented $17.6 \%$ of the TAC. The run of sockeye salmon originating from fry plants to Tatsamenie Lake was estimated to be 1,019 fish, of which 49 were harvested in the inriver fisheries. This represented $4.8 \%$ of the TAC of planted fish.

The postseason abundance estimate of the above-border coho salmon run was 223,162 fish. Accordingly, as per PST provisions, the Canadian allowable catch after week 33 was 10,000 salmon. However, only about $7 \%$ of this allocation was taken; all in the aboriginal fishery; since the commercial fishing activity ceased in week 33 due to poor market conditions. (A very small number of coho salmon would also have been harvested in the sport fishery; however, recreational catch figures are not currently available).

Two test fisheries were conducted in the Taku River in 2002. A test fishery was conducted from April 28 through June 12 as part of the Chinook salmon mark-recapture project. This fishery landed 1,311 large Chinook, 355 jack Chinook, 518 sockeye, and 1 coho salmon (Appendix C.7, Appendix D.8). An additional 1,132 large female Chinook salmon were caught and subsequently released. As part of the coho salmon mark-recapture program, a live-release gillnet fishery was conducted for coho salmon from August 21 through October 10 to obtain tag recoveries. Totals of 3,799 coho, 164 sockeye, 11 chum, and 7 pink salmon were caught. All but 3 sockeye and 31 coho salmon were released. Thus the total test fishery removal included 355 jack Chinook, 1,311 large Chinook, 518 sockeye, and 32 coho salmon.

The Canadian estimated preseason forecast was for a total run of 293,000 sockeye salmon, which was the average of a sibling-based forecast ( 324,000 sockeye salmon) and stock recruitment-based forecast ( 262,000 sockeye salmon; Table 4). The point estimate was average. The preseason forecast was used to guide weekly management actions for the first week of the season; thereafter, inseason forecasts based on the joint Canada/U.S mark-recapture project were used (Table 4). For coho salmon, the preseason outlook was for an above average run due to good smolt numbers encountered in the 2001 coded-wire tagging program.

Table 4. Canadian inseason forecasts of total run size, total allowable catch (TAC), and spawning escapement of Taku River sockeye salmon, 2002.

| Stat. <br> Week | Total Run | TAC | Projected <br> Escapement | Canadian <br> TAC | Inseason <br> Guideline | Actual <br> Catch |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | 293,000 | 218,000 | 75,000 | 36,603 | 2,998 | 1,869 |
| 26 | 426,185 | 351,185 | 313,990 | 106,011 | 18,244 | 7,263 |
| 27 | 317,590 | 242,590 | 179,300 | 59,526 | 16,236 | 12,394 |
| 28 | 334,748 | 259,748 | 173,487 | 61,452 | 22,194 | 18,062 |
| 29 | 358,784 | 283,784 | 171,015 | 65,284 | 31,226 | 24,795 |
| 30 | 356,670 | 281,670 | 154,006 | 61,502 | 37,238 | 26,575 |
| 31 | 323,762 | 248,762 | 128,096 | 50,397 | 36,949 | 28,403 |
| 32 | 337,671 | 262,671 | 124,549 | 52,191 | 44,349 | 30,896 |
| 33 | 323,656 | 248,655 | 111,792 | 47,116 | 43,259 | 31,053 |
| 34 | 318,621 | 243,619 | 108,180 | 45,487 | 43,605 | 31,053 |

The commercial fishery commenced at noon on Sunday, June 16 (statistical week 25) for a scheduled opening of two days. Since the incidental catch of Chinook salmon was relatively low and the sockeye salmon CPUE was above average, the fishing period was extended by one day.

As in previous years, cumulative guideline harvests were developed each week to guide weekly management decisions so that: a) the catch was consistent with conservation and Treaty goals; and b) management was responsive to changes in forecasts of abundance, i.e. abundance based. The guidelines were based on current inseason forecasts of the Canadian sockeye salmon TAC (based on mark-recapture estimates) apportioned by historical run timing.

In week 26 (beginning June 23), the fishery was opened on three days. After day 2, the total run forecast was 317,000 fish (assuming the run was one week early) to 594,000 fish if timing was average, and there were 3,809 to 11,954 sockeye salmon remaining as per the guideline harvest. However, an extension was limited to one day because of considerations for the Kuthai stock. In 2001, despite CPUE that was record high in weeks 25 and 26 and above average in week 27, the Kuthai Lake escapement count was only $35 \%$ of average. Both the final catch (5,394 sockeye salmon) and CPUE of 159 sockeye were the highest on record for week 26 (Appendix C.4).

In week 27 (beginning June 30) the fishery opened on four days, and no extension was granted (again due to concern for the Kuthai escapement). Assuming the run was one week early, the catch by the end of the third day of the fishery was 468 fish over the weekly guideline harvest; assuming average run timing there was a catch shortfall of 5,986 fish. CPUE for this week was $45 \%$ above average.

The week 28 (beginning July 7) fishery was opened for three days and extended by one day due to near record CPUE (182).

The fishery in week 29 (beginning July 14) was opened on four days. It was extended by one day based on about average CPUE, record Canyon Island fish wheel catches ( 333 sockeye salmon versus an average of 99 on July 15) and a significant surplus showing in the guideline harvest. Only four licenses were fished the last day due to market saturation. At the close of the fishery the guideline harvest surplus ranged from 2,156 to 6,932 for one week early or average run timing, respectively.

Based on the surplus in the guideline harvest and sustained high CPUE in the previous week, an opening of 4 days was posted for week 30 (beginning July 21). Catch rates dropped dramatically this week, CPUE dropped to 59, below average, and the fishery closed as scheduled.

In 2002, as in past years, a preseason agreement to coordinate management focus during statistical weeks 31-33 (July 28-August 17) was supported to increase the escapement of the Tatsamenie stock and provide sufficient broodstock for the Tatsamenie fry-planting program. Consideration would be given to reducing fishing time in Taku Inlet for the U.S. and the inriver fishery for Canada. Fishery extensions would be discussed by the fishery managers of the two countries prior to implementation.

Weeks 31 and 32 (beginning July 28 and August 4, respectively) were opened for three days. Both openings ended as scheduled due to below average fishery and fish wheel CPUE.

Week 33 (beginning August 11) was opened for two days. Effort was low - with four licenses fishing on day one and two on day two; the low effort resulted in the opening being extended to three days. The run forecast dropped considerably this week; however, apparent catch surplus in the guideline harvest was still significant, ranging from 11,812 to 12,553 depending on run timing assumptions.

Due to the low sockeye salmon catches and poor coho salmon prices, week 33 marked the end of the commercial fishery. This was the earliest cessation of fishing since at least 1988. Despite the 2002 fishery being opened for three days in week 35, five days in week 36 and continuously from September 8 (week 37) until October 31, commercial fishing activity did not resume.

The cumulative commercial sockeye salmon CPUE over the season totaled 861 above average and far less than the near record CPUE (1,168 s/f/d) that occurred last year. CPUE in 2002 was record or well above average the first five openings of the fishery, dropping to well below average after week 29. Based on the CPUE, run timing appeared to be earlier than usual in 2002, with an early peak in week 26; on average sockeye salmon CPUE peaks in week 31 or 32.

The cumulative coho salmon CPUE through week 33, of 128 coho/fisher/day (c/f/d), was above average. Based on this, the early part of the coho salmon run was judged to be strong.

## Escapement

## Chinook salmon

Spawning escapement of Chinook salmon in the Canadian portion of the Taku River drainage was estimated from the joint Canada/U.S. mark-recapture program. Tag application occurred April 28 through July 17 (statistical weeks 17 - 29). Tag recovery in the test and commercial fisheries occurred April 28 through August (statistical weeks 18-31), and on the spawning grounds in August and September. The recovery effort consisted of commercial, test, and aboriginal fisheries. The above-border escapement was estimated to be 55,512 large (three-ocean and larger) Chinook salmon (Appendix D. 11). The spawning escapement estimate is 52,409 large fish. The spawning escapement of large Chinook salmon is within the escapement goal range of 30,000 to 55,000 fish.

Aerial surveys of large Chinook salmon to the six escapement index areas annually surveyed by ADF\&G were as follows: Nakina 4,066, Kowatua 945, Tatsamenie 1,145, Dudidontu 834, Tseta 192, and Nahlin 1,099 fish (Appendix D.12). The total of 8,281 large Chinook salmon observed was below average.

A carcass weir was again operated by the TRTFN on the Nakina River to obtain tag and age-length-sex data on Chinook salmon. A total of 1,486 carcasses were enumerated at the weir (Appendix C.12).

As in recent years, the Nahlin River weir was not installed due to concerns that it would impede Chinook salmon migration.

## Sockeye salmon

Spawning escapement of sockeye salmon in the Canadian portion of the Taku River drainage is estimated from the joint Canada/U.S. mark-recapture program. Counting weirs operated by DFO at Little Trapper and Tatsamenie lakes provide information on the distribution and abundance of discrete spawning stocks within the watershed. An additional sockeye salmon enumeration program was conducted at Kuthai Lake by the TRTFN in 2002.

The joint Canada/U.S. mark-recapture program has been operated annually from 1984 to 2002 to estimate the above-border run size (i.e., border escapement); spawning escapement is then estimated by subtracting the inriver catch. The 2002 estimate of border escapement is 135,233 sockeye salmon and the spawning escapement is estimated at 103,507 fish (Table 5). This spawning escapement was average (Appendix D.9), and was above the escapement goal range of 71,000 to 80,000 sockeye salmon.

Table 5. Taku River sockeye salmon run reconstruction, 2002. Estimates do not include spawning escapements below the U.S./Canada border.

|  | Taku |  |  | Snettisham Stocks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Wild | Planted | Total | Wild | Hatchery |
| Escapement | 103,507 | 103,205 | 302 | Not Available |  |  |
| Canadian Harvest |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial | 31,053 | 31,004 | 49 |  |  |  |
| Food Fishery | 155 | 155 | 0 |  |  |  |
| Total | 31,208 | 31,159 | 49 |  |  |  |
| Test Fishery Catch | 518 | 517 | 1 |  |  |  |
| Above Border Run | 135,233 | 134,881 | 352 |  |  |  |
| U.S. Harvest a |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| District 111 | 116,711 | 116,051 | 660 | 61,777 | 8,337 | 53,440 |
| Personal Use | 1,289 | 1,282 | 7 |  |  |  |
| Total | 118,000 | 117,333 | 667 |  |  |  |
| Test Fishery Catch | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Run | 253,233 | 252,214 | 1,019 |  |  |  |
| Taku Harvest Plan | Total | Wild | Planted |  |  |  |
| Escapement Goal | 75,000 | 75,000 | 0 |  |  |  |
| TAC | 178,233 | 177,214 | 1,019 |  |  |  |
| Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base Allowable | 32,408 | 31,898 | 510 |  |  |  |
| Surplus Allowable | 701 | 701 |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 33,110 | 32,600 | 510 |  |  |  |
| Total \% | 18.6\% | 18.4\% | 50.0\% |  |  |  |
| Actual | 31,208 | 31,159 | 49 |  |  |  |
| Actual \% | 17.5\% | 17.6\% | 4.8\% |  |  |  |
| U.S. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 145,825 | 145,315 | 510 |  |  |  |
| Total \% | 81.8\% | 82.0\% | 50.0\% |  |  |  |
| Actual | 118,000 | 117,333 | 667 |  |  |  |
| Actual \% | 66.2\% | 66.2\% | 65.5\% |  |  |  |

${ }^{a}$ U.S. harvest estimate differs from Joint Interception Committee estimate because no estimates are made for catches other than the listed fisheries.

The sockeye salmon count through the Kuthai Lake weir was 7,799 fish; above average (Appendices C. 11 and D.10). A total of 102 of these fish were harvested in the aboriginal food fishery, leaving a spawning escapement of 7,697 fish. The estimated proportion of females was 0.51 m based on a live sample of 540 fish examined at the weir.

The Little Trapper Lake weir count was halted by high water conditions starting August 13, 2002. The passage as of this date was 7,973 sockeye salmon (Appendix C.10). On average, the migration is $62 \%$ complete by this time. In the primary brood year, this figure was 69\%. Analyses (involving timing of Kuthai Lake and Tatsamenie Lake runs, in conjunction with water levels over the course of the season) suggest that the Trapper Lake run was somewhat early in 2002. Consequently, the primary brood year run timing was used to expand the weir count of 7,973 (Appendix C.10). This expansion is 11,484 fish, which is average. Ancillary observations, including marked/unmarked ratios of carcasses observed at the weir, and visual inspections of the spawning grounds, support this escapement estimate. The estimated sex composition for the period that enumeration was possible was $33 \%$ female ( $n=479$ ).

The Tatsamenie Lake weir count in 2002 was 5,495 sockeye salmon (Appendices C. 9 and D.10). This was below average. The estimated sex composition was $46 \%$ female i.e. 2,601 fish ( $\mathrm{n}=740$ ). A total of 808 females and 596 males were held for broodstock; eggs/milt were taken from 542 females and 406 males. The total broodstock holding mortality was 74 females and 94 males. Totals of 175 females and 88 males were released unspawned at the end of the gamete collection program. The 808 females collected represented $31 \%$ of the estimated female escapement. (DFO guidelines limit broodstock collection to $30 \%$ of escapement). Prior to 1995, weir counts for the Tatsamenie system were made at Little Tatsamenie Lake and included fish which spawn between Little Tatsamenie and Tatsamenie lakes as well as fish which spawn in Tatsamenie Lake and its outlet stream. In 1994 weirs were operated at both Little Tatsamenie and Tatsamenie lakes; approximately $40 \%$ of the fish counted at the Little Tatsamenie weir did not migrate as far as the upper weir site at Tatsamenie Lake. In 1995 the weir was moved upstream to Tatsamenie Lake.

## Coho salmon

Spawning escapement of coho salmon in the Canadian portion of the Taku River drainage was estimated from the joint Canada/U.S. mark-recapture program. Tag application occurred through October 7 (statistical week 40). Tag recovery occurred through October 10 (statistical week 41). The recovery effort consisted of commercial, test, and aboriginal fisheries. The above-border escapement was estimated to be 223,162 fish and the spawning escapement was estimated at 219,360 fish (Appendices C. 8 and D.12). The spawning escapement is three times the average and more than six times the upper limit of the interim escapement goal range ( 27,500 to 35,000 fish).

## Pink salmon

A total of 5,672 pink salmon were caught and released in the Canyon Island fish wheels in 2002 (Appendix D.14). There was no program in place to estimate the escapement of pink salmon to the Taku River in 2002. The pink salmon count at the fish wheels was below average.

## Chum salmon

There was no program in place to estimate the system-wide escapement of chum salmon. A total of 205 chum salmon was caught and released in the Canyon Island fish wheels; below average (Appendix D.14).

The Taku River fall chum salmon run has been depressed since 1988. It is unlikely that the spawning escapement goal of 50,000 to 80,000 chum salmon was achieved in 2002.

## ALSEK RIVER

Alsek River salmon stocks contribute to the U.S. commercial gillnet fisheries located in Dry Bay, at the mouth of the Alsek River (Figure 3). Unknown quantities of Alsek River origin fish are also taken in the
U.S. commercial gillnet and troll fisheries in the Yakutat area. No commercial fishery exists in the Canadian portions of the Alsek River drainage, although aboriginal and recreational fisheries occur in the Tatshenshini River and some of its headwater tributaries (Figure 3).


Figure 3. The Alsek River and principal U.S. and Canadian fishing areas.

## Harvest Regulations \& Management Objectives

Although catch sharing of Alsek River salmon stocks between Canada and the U.S. has not yet been specified, Annex IV does call for the development and implementation of cooperative abundance-based management plans and programs for Alsek River Chinook, sockeye and coho salmon. Interim escapement goal ranges for Alsek River sockeye and coho salmon were initially set by the TTC at 33,000 to 58,000 sockeye, and 5,400 to 25,000 coho salmon. However, stock assessment projects to determine system-wide escapements are currently in place and a data to refine these goals is being collected. The principle
escapement-monitoring tool for Chinook, sockeye, and coho salmon stocks on the Alsek River is the Klukshu weir, operated by DFO and the Champagne-Aishihik First Nation (CAFN). The weir has been in operation since 1976. To make the management objectives of Chinook and sockeye salmon better defined in terms of Klukshu stocks, revised goals, expressed in terms of Klukshu stocks only, were established in 1999 and adopted again in 2002.

The initiative to establish a specific Klukshu Chinook salmon spawning goal began in 1991 when the TTC set an interim spawning objective of 4,700 Klukshu Chinook salmon. This goal was based more on manager’s intuition than on science. From 1995 through 1997, the TTC reviewed this escapement level and concluded that goal of 4,700 Chinook salmon was not supported by the data. A new goal range of 1,100 to 2,300 fish was proposed based on joint analyses of stock-recruitment data. The Parties conducted independent internal reviews of these analyses. Although there was not unanimous support for the proposal, there was agreement on establishing a minimum goal consistent with the lower end of the proposed range. As a result, Canadian and U.S. managers agreed to a minimum spawning escapement goal of 1,100 Chinook salmon for the Klukshu system for 2000 and this was used again in the 2002 season.

The stock-recruitment analysis of Klukshu sockeye salmon data has been completed and has undergone internal peer review. The new escapement goal range for Klukshu River sockeye salmon is 7,500 to 15,000 spawners per year.

Programs are currently in place to estimate the inriver run size of Alsek River Chinook and sockeye salmon. Mark-recapture estimates of total inriver abundance have been generated since 1998 for Alsek River Chinook salmon and since 2000 for sockeye salmon.

## Preseason Forecasts

The overall sockeye salmon run to the Klukshu River in 2002 was expected to be slightly below average in strength. Principal contributing brood years to the 2002 run was expected to be 1997 (Klukshu escapement of 11,303 sockeye salmon) and 1998 (Klukshu escapement of 13,580 sockeye salmon); the average 1992-2001 Klukshu escapement was 11,953 fish. Based on historical stock-recruitment analysis, the range of Klukshu escapements that appear most likely to produce maximum sustained yields is 7,500 to 15,000 sockeye salmon.

The 2002 estimated preseason forecast for Alsek River sockeye salmon run was expected to be 50,400 fish. This estimate was based on a predicted run of 12,600 Klukshu sockeye salmon derived from the average of the historical Klukshu stock-recruitment data and an assumed Klukshu contribution of $25 \%$. The 2002 run size estimate was below the average run size estimate of 63,300 sockeye salmon (based on the Klukshu weir count expanded by $1 / 0.25$ to account for other inriver escapement and an assumed U.S. harvest rate of $20 \%$ ).

The Klukshu early sockeye salmon run escapements in 1997 and 1998 were 6,565 and 597, respectively (Appendix E.7). The 1997 escapement was approximately twice the average but the 1998 escapement was well below the optimum level of 2,500 sockeye salmon spawners as determined through separate stockrecruitment analyses by F\&OC of the early run. Due to the over escapement 1997 and the under escapement in 1998, the early run was expected to be below average.

The Klukshu Chinook salmon escapements in 1996 and 1997, 3,382 and 2,829 fish, respectively, were above average (Appendix E.7). However, the escapements were above the optimum escapement range of 1,100 to 2,300 Chinook salmon estimated from current stock-recruitment analysis. As a result, the outlook was for an average to above average run. The 2002 overall Alsek River Chinook salmon run was expected to be approximately 15,400 Chinook salmon. This estimate was based on: a predicted run of

2,850 Klukshu Chinook salmon derived from the average of the historical Klukshu stock-recruitment data and a return/female spawner of 1.04:1; and an assumed Klukshu contribution to the total run of $17 \%$.
The coho salmon escapements observed at the Klukshu River in 1998 (1,921 coho salmon but incomplete count) and 1999 ( 2,481 coho salmon) suggests the run in 2002 would be slightly above average (Appendix E.7).

## U.S. Fisheries

The Dry Bay commercial set gillnet fishery harvested 700 Chinook, 16,918 sockeye, 9,525 coho, 0 pink, and 1 chum salmon (Appendices E. 1 and E.4). The Chinook salmon harvest was above average, the sockeye salmon harvest was average, and the coho salmon harvest was above average. The fishery was open for 73 days; above average. The majority of fishing time ( 55 days) occurred late in the season (late August through October) after the sockeye salmon run had largely passed through the fishery. The total effort expended in the fishery was 270 boat-days; below average. The estimate of subsistence harvests included 60 Chinook, 232 sockeye, and 35 coho salmon (Appendix E.5).

The Alsek River commercial fishery opened on the first Monday in June, statistical week 23 (June 3) (Appendix E.1). The initial opening was for 24 hours. For the next three weeks of the season weekly openings were extended to 48 hours as sockeye salmon CPUE remained well above average. These openings were limited to 48 hours to protect Klukshu sockeye salmon stocks. During the first week of July the weekly opening was limited to 24 hours due to below average sockeye salmon CPUE. For the next two weeks fishery performance was very strong, and both weekly fishing periods were extended to 72 hours. Openings were limited to 24 hours for the remainder of the sockeye salmon fishery (weeks 30 through 33). The fishery targeted coho salmon stocks after late August and fishing times were extended to 7 days per week for most of the coho salmon season.

Historically, a set gillnet fishery targeting Chinook salmon was conducted during May and early-June. Due to depressed runs, the directed fishery has been closed since 1963 and Chinook salmon have only been harvested incidentally during the sockeye salmon fishery in early June. From 1963 through 1997, the early June periods were limited in time in order to reduce the impact on Chinook salmon. With the advent of the new Chinook salmon escapement goal concern for incidentally caught Chinook salmon has diminished so the management of the early June periods was based on sockeye salmon CPUE. Gillnet mesh size was restricted to a maximum of six inches through July 1.

## Canadian Fisheries

The aboriginal fishery harvested an estimated 120 Chinook 2,194 sockeye, and 6 coho salmon (Appendices E. 2 and E.6). The Chinook salmon catch was below average. The sockeye salmon catch was above average and the coho salmon catch was below average catch of 28 fish.

Catches in the Tatshenshini recreational fishery were well below average for Chinook and sockeye salmon with an estimated 197 Chinook and 61 sockeye salmon harvested, and well above average for coho salmon with 283 being harvested (Appendices E. 2 and E.6). The harvest was below average for Chinook and sockeye, and above average for coho salmon. The low Chinook and sockeye salmon catches were attributed to the changing river channel (i.e. fewer holding areas below the Tatshenshini/Klukshu rivers confluence) and the relocation of the Klukshu weir in 2001, which has allowed migrating salmon to stage further up from Dalton Post in the Klukshu River. Retention of sockeye salmon in the Tatshenshini was permitted starting on July $13^{\text {th }}$ as the weir count had exceeded 4,500 , i.e. the management threshold for allowing sockeye salmon retention in the recreational fishery prior to August 15, by July $9^{\text {th }}$. Record coho salmon counts at the Klukshu weir prompted an increase in the daily coho salmon recreational catch limit from two per day to four on October 4th. The catch data was derived from a creel census in the Dalton Post area and a catch card program conducted by the Yukon Salmon Committee (YSC) and DFO.

Management of salmon in the Yukon is a shared responsibility between DFO and the Yukon Salmon Committee (YSC). The YSC was established in 1995 pursuant to the Comprehensive Land Claim Umbrella Final Agreement between the Government of Canada, the Council for Yukon Indians and the Government of the Yukon. The Committee is a public board consisting of ten members, $70 \%$ of which are appointed by Yukon First Nations. Two CAFN members sit on the YSC. Although the Committee currently operates by consensus, the voting structure of the Committee is organized so that, should a vote be necessary, $50 \%$ of the votes reside with appointees of Yukon First Nations.

The 2002 Alsek-Tatshenshini management plan, adopted by CAFN, YSC, and DFO, was based on the objectives described in the Harvest Regulations \& Management Objectives section above. For Chinook and early sockeye salmon management, the status of the Klukshu weir counts was to be reviewed on or about July 18 to ensure weir and spawning escapement targets were on track. The status of the late sockeye salmon run would be reviewed the first week of September. Adjustments to inseason fishing regimes in the sport and aboriginal fisheries would be made if deemed necessary. Other key elements of the plan are described below.

The center of aboriginal fishing activity in the Alsek River drainage occurs at the CAFN village of Klukshu, on the Haines road, about 60 km south of Haines Junction. Salmon are harvested by means of gaff and traditional fish traps as the fish migrate up the Klukshu River into Klukshu Lake. The fishing plan for the aboriginal fishery in the Klukshu River for the period prior to August 15 allowed fishing by means of fish traps for 2 days per week. After August 15, it was planned that the traps would be fished 3 days per week. Conservation thresholds that might invoke restrictions in the Aboriginal fishery were projected Klukshu weir counts of $<1,100$ Chinook and $<1,500$ early sockeye salmon. Gaff fisheries also exist on Village Creek and in the headwaters of the Tatshenshini River and tributaries thereof (Goat Creek, Stanley Creek, Parton River, and the Blanchard River). The plan did not restrict the gaff fishery other than to reserve Goat Creek, Stanley Creek, and the Parton River for elders only.

The majority of the recreational fishing effort on this drainage occurs on the Tatshenshini River, at and just downstream of the mouth of the Klukshu River in the vicinity of the abandoned settlement of Dalton Post. The management plan prohibited the retention of sockeye salmon in the recreational fishery prior to August 15 unless the weir count projection for the early run was $>4,500$ sockeye salmon. The Chinook salmon daily catch limit was one fish and the possession limit was 2 Chinook salmon. For other salmon species, the daily catch and possession limits were 2, and 4, respectively. However, the aggregate limit for all salmon combined was 2 salmon per day, 4 in possession. Sport fishing in the Dalton Post area was initially to be open from 6:00 am Saturday to 12:00 noon Tuesday each week. Headwater areas upstream of the British Columbia/Yukon border were to be closed for the season to protect spawning Chinook salmon. Conservation thresholds that were expected to invoke additional restrictions in the sport fishery were projected Klukshu weir counts of $<1,500$ Chinook and $<10,600$ sockeye salmon (early and late runs combined).

In 2002, all recreational salmon fishers were required to fill out a mandatory Yukon Salmon Conservation Catch Card (YSCCC), introduced by the YSC in 1999. The purpose of the YSCCC is to improve harvest estimates and to serve as a statistical base to ascertain the importance of salmon to the Yukon recreational fishery. Anglers are required to report their catch via mail by the late fall. Information requested includes the number, sex, size, date and location of salmon caught and released.

As in 2001, an area closure from the Klukshu River Bridge crossing up to the new weir location was imposed in the FN fishery by CAFN to allow for better staging opportunities in the vicinity of the Klukshu/Tatshenshini confluence.

## Escapement

Total drainage abundance programs are being implemented as part of the development of abundancebased management regimes and to accurately assess whether the system-wide escapement goals for Alsek River Chinook and sockeye salmon stocks are appropriate and if so, are being achieved. At this time, there are no programs in place to estimate the drainage-wide coho salmon escapement. A large and variable proportion of the escapement of each species is enumerated at the weir on the Klukshu River. Current escapement monitoring programs including the Klukshu weir, Village Creek electronic counter, and aerial surveys allow annual comparisons of escapement indices. The most reliable long-term comparative escapement index for Alsek River drainage salmon stocks is the Klukshu River weir count. Escapements for 2002 are shown in Table 6.

## Sockeye salmon

The weir count and escapement of Klukshu River sockeye salmon was 25,711 and 23,587 fish respectively in 2002 (Table 6, Appendices E. 3 and E.7), and consisted of a record (1992-2001) count of 11,904 early-run fish (count through August 15) and an above average count (1992-2001) of 13,807 laterun sockeye salmon. The total escapement was twice the average and was $57.2 \%$ above the upper end of the recommend escapement goal range of 7,500 to 15,000 fish. The early-run and late-run count was above the average. The sockeye salmon count at Village Creek was 2,725 in 2002, which was below average (Appendix E.9).

Table 6. Catch and Klukshu index escapement data for Alsek River sockeye, Chinook, and coho salmon for 2002.

|  | Sockeye | Chinook | Coho |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Escapement Indexa |  |  |  |
| Klukshu Weir Count | 25,711 | 2,240 | 9,921 |
| Klukshu Escapement | 23,587 | 2,134 | 9,921 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Harvest b |  |  |  |
| U.S. Commercial | 16,918 | 700 | 9,525 |
| U.S. Subsistence | 232 | 60 | 35 |
| Canadian Sport | 207 | 306 | 102 |
| Canadian Aboriginal | 1,317 | 244 | 28 |
| Total | 18,674 | 1,311 | 9,690 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Klukshu River salmon stocks represent an assumed large and variable portion of the total Alsek River salmon escapement.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ U.S. harvest estimate differs from Joint Interception Committee estimate because no estimates are made for catches other than the listed fisheries.

Run Reconstruction

|  | Alaska | Canada |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Klukshu Weir Count | 25,711 | 25,711 |
| Adjustments | $37 \%$ | $60 \%$ |
| In River Run | 69,489 | 42,852 |
|  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Canadian Sport | 207 | 207 |
| $\quad$ Canadian Aboriginal | 1,317 | 1,317 |
| Above Weir Aboriginal |  |  |
| Escapement | 67,965 | 41,328 |

The inriver run estimate plus the US catch should equal the total run:

| In River Run | 69,489 | 42,852 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| U.S. Commercial | 16,918 | 16,918 |
| U.S. Subsistence | 232 | 232 |
| Total Run | 86,639 | 60,002 |

A sockeye salmon mark-recapture program was initiated in 2000 to explore the feasibility of developing an abundance-based management regime for Alsek River sockeye salmon and this was continued in 2002. The estimate of the total inriver run using a modified Petersen estimate was 95,427 sockeye salmon ( $\mathrm{m}=2832$, $\mathrm{r}=73, \mathrm{c}=2,487$ ), with a $95 \%$ confidence interval ranging from 55,893 to 134,961 fish (Appendix E.8). The Klukshu weir count therefore represented approximately $32.3 \%$ of the total Alsek inriver run in 2002, below previously published contributions for other years ranging from $37 \%$ to $60 \%$. The estimated contribution of Nesketaheen sockeye salmon to the total Alsek River run was $3 \%$.

A radio tagging study was conducted in 2002 similar to the program in 2001 to determine the run timing and distribution of sockeye salmon in the Alsek River drainage. In total, 304 radio tags were applied to migrating sockeye salmon captured above the U.S. commercial fishery. Of these, 283 radio tags were recovered and assigned a fate; however, 10 of these were not assigned to a specific stock. Eighty-four tags ( $31 \%$ of the tags assigned to a stock) were found in the Klukshu River system, 15 radio-tagged fish (5\%)
migrated into Village Creek/Nesketaheen Lake, 37 radio tags (14\%) were located in the Blanchard River system, 93 radio-tagged fish (34\%) were known to have spawned in the mainstem Tatshenshini River, and 39 were found in the mainstem Alsek River. Four radio tags were known to have dropped out of the study area; another 4 tags were regurgitated and 2 tags were tracked to what were considered unlikely spawning areas, i.e. the confluence of the Alsek and Tatshenshini Rivers.

Comparative counts for other Alsek River index tributaries are not available for 2002; historical counts are listed in Appendix E.9.

## Chinook salmon

The most reliable comparative Chinook salmon escapement index for the Alsek River drainage is the Klukshu River weir count. The Chinook salmon weir was 2,240 and escapement count was 2,134 fish (Table 6, Appendices E. 3 and E.7), and were both 81\% of the 1992-2001 averages (Appendix E.7). The 2002 escapement was within the revised interim escapement goal range of 1,100 to 2,300 Klukshu Chinook salmon.

Aerial Chinook salmon surveys were again flown in 2002. The count of 351 Chinook salmon in the Blanchard River and the count of 86 fish in Goat Creek were above average. The Takhanne count of 220 was average. (Appendix E.10).

A Chinook salmon mark-recapture study was continued in 2002. The escapement estimate for Alsek River Chinook salmon was 9,168 fish ( $m=629, \mathrm{C}=2,456, \mathrm{R}=148$ ) (Appendix E.11). The Klukshu escapement of 2,240 fish included 2,067 large fish, which represents approximately $24.3 \%$ of the total escapement of large Chinook salmon.

## Coho salmon

The record Klukshu weir count and escapement of 9,921 fish are above average (Table 6, Appendices E. 3 and E.7). The weir was removed prior to the completion of the coho salmon run and typically does not include fish that migrate after mid-October.

## Sockeye Salmon Run Reconstruction

Estimates of the Klukshu contribution to the sockeye salmon run to the Alsek River drainage vary from $14.1 \%$ from the mark-recapture study in 2000 to $32.3 \%$ from the mark-recapture study done in 2002 (Appendix E.8). For 2002 the inriver run above Alsek Lake was estimated to be 79,546 sockeye salmon (Table 6). The Canadian aboriginal and sport catch of 1,524 fish left a spawning escapement of 67,965 fish. The U.S. subsistence and commercial catch of 17,150 sockeye salmon added to the inriver run indicated a total Alsek River sockeye salmon run of 96,696 fish.

## ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITIES

## Egg Collection

In 2002, sockeye salmon eggs were collected at Tahltan Lake on the Stikine River for the fifteenth year, and in the Tatsamenie Lake system on the Taku River, for the thirteenth year.

## Tahltan Lake

The egg collection was contracted to Arc Environmental Ltd. for the sixth consecutive year. Lower than average escapement in 2002 made capture of broodstock relatively difficult in comparison with previous years that had higher escapement levels. An estimated 4.05 million eggs were collected from 1,490 females and 1,492 males. The estimated egg collection is based on eyed egg processing completed at the hatchery with a fecundity of 2,718 eggs per female. The majority of the broodstock was collected by beach seine at the major spawning site as has been done in previous years; in addition there were 71 females collected from another site. This new site will be developed further. The eggs were collected on twelve distinct egg-take days. Eggs collected on September 21 were delayed in shipment to the hatchery by two days due to weather. The egg-take goal at Tahltan Lake is 6.0 million eggs.

## Tatsamenie Lake

Tatsamenie Lake broodstock was captured for the ninth year at an adult enumeration weir located at the outlet of Tatsamenie Lake. Egg collection was again contracted to B. Mercer and Associates Ltd. A total of 542 females and 406 males were held prior to the first egg take on September 19 (Appendix C.9). The held broodstock represented $20.3 \%$ of the total $(5,495) 2002$ sockeye salmon escapement into Tatsamenie Lake. An estimated 2.50 million eggs were collected (based on a hatchery estimates of egg counts and a fecundity of 4,246 ) from 542 females and 406 males over 6 egg collections. Mortality of held fish included 74 females and 94 males; other fish not used for egg collection were released in apparent good condition.

## Tahltan/Tuya Split

The enhancement subcommittee is still discussing the advisability of planting some fry from the 2002 egg collection. Arguments for a Tuya plant include better survivals to adult and that marked fish could be used to compare to "natural" fry production from adults in the radio tagging study. Arguments against the plant center are the barrier and lack of success with capturing adults there and possible risks of spawning by non-indigenous stocks.

## Incubation, Thermal Marking, and Fry Plants (2001 Brood Year)

The egg incubation and thermal-marking program at Snettisham Hatchery went smoothly in year 2001/2002. Snettisham hatchery is operated by DIPAC (Douglas Island Pink and Chum, Inc.), a private aquaculture organization in Juneau. A co-operative agreement between ADF\&G and DIPAC provides for Snettisham hatchery to serve the needs of the joint TBR enhancement projects.

Incubation of 2001 brood eggs took place at Snettisham Hatchery and the resultant fry were transported to the appropriate systems from May 15 to June 6, 2002. An estimated 556,000 Tatsamenie fry in three incubators were lost to the IHN virus.

## Tahltan Lake

A total of 2.53 million fry from the 2001 Tahltan sockeye salmon egg take were planted back into Tahltan Lake in 2002 (Appendix F.1). Survival from green-egg to outplanted fry was 77\%. Fry outplanting took place from June 3 to June 12.

## Tuya Lake

No fry were planted in Tuya Lake this year.

## Tatsamenie Lake

A total of 2.23 million fry from the 2001 egg-take were planted into Tatsamenie Lake in 2002 (Appendix F. 3). Survival from green-egg to outplanted fry was $64 \%$. Outplanting took place from May 30 to June 16.

## Tuya River Telemetry Program

Special funding was awarded to ADF\&G in 2002 from the Southeast Sustainable Salmon Fund (SSSF) for further assessment of sockeye salmon passage to Tuya Lake above the major barrier by radio tagging and for construction of a fish pass/harvest structure on the Tuya River. These funds were intended to provide for efficient management of surplus adult sockeye salmon at the Tuya River blockage and to assess the ability of sockeye salmon to migrate to Tuya Lake ( 93 miles above the blockage) and successfully spawn. The radio tagging was completed and information indicates that only a small number of fish were able to make it above migration barriers to the lake. Construction of the fish pass/harvest structure was delayed in the spring and again in the fall due to high water levels and concerns about slope stability. At present, design plans for this fish pass/harvest structure are being reviewed.

## Outplant Evaluation Surveys

## Acoustic, Trawl, Beach seine and Limnological Sampling

Standard limnological, beach seine, hydroacoustic, and trawl surveys were conducted at Tatsamenie by B. Mercer \& Associates. Two limnological surveys were also conducted at Tuya Lake. Limnological and beach seine surveys were performed at Tahltan Lake by onsite DFO personnel.

Additional evaluation surveys were conducted at Tatsamenie Lake as part of an U.S. funded research project (funding from the Governor's Fund) directed at understanding the causes of the lower than expected fry to smolt survival for planted fish. The fieldwork consisted of additional beach seine surveys, trawling, and hydroacoustic surveys and was performed by B. Mercer \& Associates and ADF\&G personnel. Fry otoliths were examined at DFO's thermal mark lab in Whitehorse, Yukon.

## Thermal Mark Laboratories

## ADF \& G Thermal Mark Laboratory

During the 2002 season the ADF\&G thermal mark lab received 12,306 sockeye salmon otoliths collected by ADF\&G and DFO staff as part of the U.S./Canada fry-planting evaluation program. These collections came from commercial and test fisheries in U.S. waters and in Canadian fisheries on the Taku and Stikine Rivers over a 12-week period. In addition, several escapement samples were examined. Combined, the laboratory processed 11,965 of the otoliths received ( $97 \%$ ) and provided estimates on hatchery contributions for almost 100 distinct sampling collections. Of these totals, 2,390 otoliths were identified and classified as belonging to one of 29 marked groups. Estimates of the percentage of hatchery fish contributed to commercial fishery catches were provided to ADF\&G and DFO fishery managers 24 to 48 hours after samples arrived at the lab.

Adult sockeye salmon otoliths were processed inseason by the ADF\&G otolith lab to estimate the weekly contribution of planted sockeye salmon to the District 106, 108, and 111 gillnet fisheries and to Canadian commercial fisheries in the Stikine and Taku Rivers. Contributions of planted sockeye salmon stocks to Alaskan catches were as follows: 4,738 planted Stikine River fish to District 106 and 108 and 667 planted

Taku River fish to District 111 (includes inriver personal use fishery). Estimates of contributions to Canadian fisheries included 6,153 planted Stikine River fish to Stikine River fisheries and 49 planted Taku River fish to the Taku River fisheries.

## Canadian Thermal Mark Laboratory

Sub-samples of juvenile and adult otolith samples collected during the 2002 season were analyzed at the DFO thermal mark lab in Whitehorse. There was a substantive increase in the collection and analyses of beach seine and trawl samples collected at Tatsamenie Lake in the summer and fall of 2002. These samples were collected as part of the joint U.S./Canada assessment of the poor survival of fry planted into Tatsamenie Lake.

## APPENDICES

## Standards

Large Chinook salmon are MEF length $\geq 660$
Unless otherwise stated Chinook salmon are large
Data not available to estimate catches of Alaska Hatchery pink and chum salmon
All catches of Tahltan, Trapper, and Tatsamenie, unless otherwise noted, include both wild and hatchery fish.

Appendix A. 1. Weekly salmon catch in the Alaskan District 106 commercial drift gillnet fisheries, 2002.

| Week | Start <br> Date | Catch |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Permits | Days | Permit Days |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 136 | 3,382 | 1,469 | 18 | 1,471 | 55 | 2.0 | 110 |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 48 | 3,625 | 1,602 | 12 | 3,170 | 50 | 2.0 | 100 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 49 | 7,362 | 5,272 | 1,558 | 9,982 | 63 | 2.0 | 126 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 68 | 10,621 | 10,846 | 2,034 | 12,829 | 74 | 2.0 | 148 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 22 | 11,744 | 11,275 | 1,852 | 12,710 | 72 | 2.0 | 144 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 17 | 6,790 | 9,027 | 4,855 | 9,600 | 72 | 2.0 | 144 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 37 | 5,528 | 7,818 | 6,019 | 9,873 | 61 | 2.0 | 122 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 34 | 3,555 | 9,319 | 13,397 | 4,928 | 42 | 2.0 | 84 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 1 | 1,833 | 11,248 | 24,271 | 6,215 | 57 | 3.0 | 171 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | 8 | 1,227 | 15,981 | 19,842 | 7,253 | 80 | 3.0 | 240 |
| 35 | 25-Aug | 3 | 218 | 13,432 | 4,909 | 3,966 | 65 | 3.0 | 195 |
| 36 | 1-Sep | 8 | 190 | 40,697 | 3,909 | 12,713 | 83 | 3.0 | 249 |
| 37 | 8-Sep | 3 | 48 | 33,863 | 266 | 7,973 | 80 | 4.0 | 320 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | 4 | 9 | 23,096 | 7 | 5,794 | 70 | 4.0 | 280 |
| 39 | 22-Sep | 8 | 3 | 18,176 | 2 | 3,045 | 45 | 3.0 | 135 |
| 40 | 29-Sep | 0 | 0 | 10,709 | 0 | 866 | 25 | 3.0 | 75 |
| 41 | 6-Oct | 0 | 0 | 2,498 | 0 | 149 | 11 | 3.0 | 33 |
| 42 | $13-O c t$ | 0 | 0 | 232 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 2.0 | 8 |
| Total |  | 446 | 56,135 | 226,560 | 82,951 | 112,541 |  | 47.0 | 2,684 |


| Alaska Hatchery Contributions of Large Chinook and Coho salmon |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Large Chinnok <br> Hatchery |  |  |  |  | Wild |
|  |  | Hatchery | Wild |  |  |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 50 | 86 | 677 | 792 |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 20 | 28 | 790 | 812 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 0 | 49 | 2,677 | 2,595 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 0 | 68 | 5,930 | 4,916 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 0 | 22 | 3,502 | 7,773 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 44 | -27 | 2,695 | 6,332 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 0 | 37 | 2,379 | 5,439 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 39 | -5 | 2,291 | 7,028 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 0 | 1 | 1,805 | 9,443 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | 7 | 1 | 1,369 | 14,612 |
| 35 | 25-Aug | 0 | 3 | 1,803 | 11,629 |
| 36 | 1-Sep | 0 | 8 | 6,070 | 34,627 |
| 37 | 8-Sep | 0 | 3 | 15,799 | 18,064 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | 0 | 4 | 12,085 | 11,011 |
| 39 | 22-Sep | 0 | 8 | 12,388 | 5,788 |
| 40 | 29-Sep | 0 | 0 | 6,225 | 4,484 |
| 41 | 6-Oct | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,498 |
| 42 | 13-Oct | 0 | 0 | 0 | 232 |
| Total |  | 161 | 285 | 78,485 | 148,075 |

Appendix A. 2. Weekly stock proportions of sockeye salmon harvested in the Alaskan District 106 commercial drift gillnet fisheries, 2002.

| Data based on scale pattern analysis, and thermal marks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Alaska | Canada | Stikine |  |  |  | Planted <br> Tahltan | CPUE of Stikine Fish |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total |  | Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total |
| Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 0.434 | 0.255 | 0.080 | 0.209 | 0.023 | 0.311 | 0.035 | 0.138 | 0.188 | 0.046 | 0.143 |
| 26 | 0.274 | 0.153 | 0.204 | 0.300 | 0.068 | 0.572 | 0.049 | 0.418 | 0.319 | 0.165 | 0.311 |
| 27 | 0.651 | 0.082 | 0.087 | 0.160 | 0.019 | 0.266 | 0.036 | 0.287 | 0.275 | 0.075 | 0.233 |
| 28 | 0.779 | 0.100 | 0.030 | 0.051 | 0.040 | 0.121 | 0.007 | 0.122 | 0.108 | 0.190 | 0.130 |
| 29 | 0.870 | 0.036 | 0.001 | 0.038 | 0.054 | 0.093 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.090 | 0.296 | 0.114 |
| 30 | 0.881 | 0.059 | 0.011 | 0.013 | 0.036 | 0.060 | 0.000 | 0.029 | 0.018 | 0.113 | 0.042 |
| 31 | 0.890 | 0.091 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.018 | 0.019 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.002 | 0.054 | 0.013 |
| 32 | 0.842 | 0.140 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.019 | 0.019 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.052 | 0.012 |
| 33 | 0.864 | 0.130 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.004 | 0.001 |
| 34 | 0.805 | 0.188 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.007 | 0.007 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.002 | 0.001 |
| 35 | 0.752 | 0.232 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.000 |
| 36 | 0.752 | 0.232 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.017 | 0.017 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.000 |
| 37 | 0.752 | 0.231 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 38 | 0.752 | 0.231 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 39 | 0.752 | 0.231 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Total | 0.758 | 0.098 | 0.037 | 0.072 | 0.035 | 0.144 | 0.012 |  |  |  |  |
| Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 1,467 | 863 | 269 | 707 | 76 | 1,052 | 120 | 2.4 | 6.4 | 0.7 | 9.6 |
| 26 | 994 | 556 | 739 | 1,088 | 248 | 2,075 | 177 | 7.4 | 10.9 | 2.5 | 20.7 |
| 27 | 4,794 | 607 | 640 | 1,180 | 141 | 1,961 | 262 | 5.1 | 9.4 | 1.1 | 15.6 |
| 28 | 8,277 | 1,057 | 319 | 546 | 422 | 1,287 | 72 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 8.7 |
| 29 | 10,223 | 425 | 13 | 443 | 640 | 1,096 | 48 | 0.1 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 7.6 |
| 30 | 5,983 | 402 | 75 | 86 | 244 | 405 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.7 | 2.8 |
| 31 | 4,919 | 503 | 0 | 8 | 98 | 106 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| 32 | 2,992 | 497 | 0 | 0 | 66 | 66 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| 33 | 1,584 | 238 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 34 | 988 | 231 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 35 | 164 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 36 | 143 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 37 | 36 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 38 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 39 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total | 42,573 | 5,487 | 2,055 | 4,058 | 1,962 | 8,075 | 680 | 17.7 | 34.1 | 15.0 | 66.8 |

Appendix A. 3. Weekly salmon catch and effort in the Alaskan Subdistrict 106-41\&42 (Sumner Strait) commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2002.

| Week | Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Start | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Permits | Days | Permit |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 89 | 2,879 | 998 | 4 | 1,325 | 43 | 2.0 | 86 |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 45 | 3,405 | 1,186 | 6 | 3,040 | 44 | 2.0 | 88 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 32 | 6,265 | 3,178 | 180 | 7,734 | 50 | 2.0 | 100 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 18 | 6,910 | 7,692 | 113 | 7,440 | 42 | 2.0 | 84 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 4 | 6,935 | 6,445 | 181 | 6,465 | 42 | 2.0 | 84 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 4 | 4,632 | 5,316 | 561 | 5,177 | 42 | 2.0 | 84 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 2 | 3,353 | 3,757 | 1,796 | 4,343 | 36 | 2.0 | 72 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 0 | 1,876 | 4,997 | 4,348 | 2,503 | 17 | 2.0 | 34 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 0 | 1,556 | 8,313 | 15,531 | 4,639 | 40 | 3.0 | 120 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | 1 | 791 | 11,470 | 12,357 | 4,608 | 54 | 3.0 | 162 |
| 35 | 25-Aug | 1 | 197 | 11,383 | 3,921 | 3,006 | 46 | 3.0 | 138 |
| 36 | 1-Sep | 7 | 173 | 32,443 | 1,841 | 7,423 | 56 | 3.0 | 168 |
| 37 | 8 -Sep | 3 | 46 | 28,306 | 238 | 6,101 | 62 | 4.0 | 248 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | 2 | 9 | 18,394 | 7 | 4,923 | 53 | 4.0 | 212 |
| 39 | 22-Sep | 8 | 3 | 12,585 | 2 | 1,875 | 33 | 3.0 | 99 |
| 40 | 29-Sep | 0 | 0 | 5,918 | 0 | 637 | 15 | 3.0 | 45 |
| 41-42 | 6 -Oct | 0 | 0 | 1,346 | 0 | 94 | 4 | 5.0 | 20 |
| Total |  | 216 | 39,030 | 163,727 | 41,086 | 71,333 |  | 47.0 | 1,844 |

Appendix A. 4. Weekly stock proportions and catches of sockeye salmon harvested in the Alaskan Subdistrict 106-41\&42 (Sumner Strait) commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2002.

| ed on scale pattern analy sis, and thermal marks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Alaska | Canada | Stikine |  |  |  | Planted <br> Tahltan | CPUE of Stikine Fish |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Tahltan | Tuya M | nstem | Total |  | Tahltan | Tuya | instem | Total |
| Propor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 0.397 | 0.270 | 0.086 | 0.233 | 0.014 | 0.333 | 0.042 | 0.138 | 0.207 | 0.030 | 0.150 |
| 26 | 0.250 | 0.152 | 0.214 | 0.315 | 0.068 | 0.597 | 0.052 | 0.396 | 0.324 | 0.168 | 0.311 |
| 27 | 0.648 | 0.072 | 0.096 | 0.169 | 0.015 | 0.280 | 0.042 | 0.286 | 0.282 | 0.062 | 0.237 |
| 28 | 0.782 | 0.098 | 0.035 | 0.044 | 0.041 | 0.120 | 0.010 | 0.138 | 0.096 | 0.215 | 0.133 |
| 29 | 0.875 | 0.039 | 0.000 | 0.029 | 0.056 | 0.086 | 0.007 | 0.000 | 0.065 | 0.297 | 0.095 |
| 30 | 0.866 | 0.052 | 0.016 | 0.019 | 0.047 | 0.082 | 0.000 | 0.043 | 0.027 | 0.167 | 0.061 |
| 31 | 0.899 | 0.088 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.039 | 0.008 |
| 32 | 0.842 | 0.154 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.017 | 0.004 |
| 33 | 0.884 | 0.114 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.000 |
| 34 | 0.838 | 0.162 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 35 | 0.752 | 0.231 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.000 |
| 36 | 0.752 | 0.231 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.000 |
| 37 | 0.752 | 0.231 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 38 | 0.752 | 0.231 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 39 | 0.752 | 0.231 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Total | 0.730 | 0.101 | 0.049 | 0.087 | 0.034 | 0.169 | 0.017 | 0.282 | 0.507 | 0.211 | 1.000 |
| Catche |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 1,143 | 777 | 248 | 670 | 41 | 959 | 120 | 2.9 | 7.8 | 0.5 | 11.2 |
| 26 | 852 | 519 | 730 | 1,072 | 232 | 2,034 | 177 | 8.3 | 12.2 | 2.6 | 23.1 |
| 27 | 4,057 | 451 | 600 | 1,060 | 97 | 1,757 | 262 | 6.0 | 10.6 | 1.0 | 17.6 |
| 28 | 5,403 | 679 | 243 | 302 | 283 | 828 | 72 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 9.9 |
| 29 | 6,069 | 271 | 0 | 204 | 391 | 595 | 48 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 4.7 | 7.1 |
| 30 | 4,010 | 242 | 75 | 86 | 219 | 380 | 0 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 2.6 | 4.5 |
| 31 | 3,013 | 296 | 0 | 0 | 44 | 44 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| 32 | 1,579 | 288 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| 33 | 1,376 | 178 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 34 | 663 | 128 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 35 | 148 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 36 | 130 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 37 | 35 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 38 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 39 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total | 28,487 | 3,928 | 1,896 | 3,394 | 1,325 | 6,615 | 680 | 21.0 | 37.6 | 15.7 | 74.2 |

Appendix A. 5. Weekly salmon catch and effort in the Alaskan Subdistrict 106-30 (Clarence Strait) commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2002.

| Week | Start <br> Date | Catch |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Permits | Days | Permit |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 47 | 503 | 471 | 14 | 146 | 12 | 2.0 | 24 |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 3 | 220 | 416 | 6 | 130 | 7 | 2.0 | 14 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 17 | 1,097 | 2,094 | 1,378 | 2,248 | 13 | 2.0 | 26 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 50 | 3,711 | 3,154 | 1,921 | 5,389 | 33 | 2.0 | 66 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 18 | 4,809 | 4,830 | 1,671 | 6,245 | 32 | 2.0 | 64 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 13 | 2,158 | 3,711 | 4,294 | 4,423 | 30 | 2.0 | 60 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 35 | 2,175 | 4,061 | 4,223 | 5,530 | 25 | 2.0 | 50 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 34 | 1,679 | 4,322 | 9,049 | 2,425 | 26 | 2.0 | 52 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 1 | 277 | 2,935 | 8,740 | 1,576 | 18 | 3.0 | 54 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | 7 | 436 | 4,511 | 7,485 | 2,645 | 27 | 3.0 | 81 |
| 35 | 25-Aug | 2 | 21 | 2,049 | 988 | 960 | 20 | 3.0 | 60 |
| 36 | 1-Sep | 1 | 17 | 8,254 | 2,068 | 5,290 | 27 | 3.0 | 81 |
| 37 | 8 -Sep | 0 | 2 | 5,557 | 28 | 1,872 | 22 | 4.0 | 88 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | 2 | 0 | 4,702 | 0 | 871 | 20 | 4.0 | 80 |
| 39 | 22-Sep | 0 | 0 | 5,591 | 0 | 1,170 | 14 | 3.0 | 42 |
| 40 | 29-Sep | 0 | 0 | 4,791 | 0 | 229 | 11 | 3.0 | 33 |
| 41 | 6 -Oct | 0 | 0 | 1,152 | 0 | 55 | 5 | 3.0 | 15 |
| 42 | 13-Oct | 0 | 0 | 232 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 2.0 | 6 |
| Total |  | 230 | 17,105 | 62,833 | 41,865 | 41,208 |  | 47.0 | 896 |

Appendix A. 6. Weekly stock proportions and catches of sockeye salmon harvested in the Alaskan Subdistrict 106-30 (Clarence Strait) commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2002.

| Data based on scale pattern analy sis and thermal marks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Alaska | Canada | Stikine |  |  |  | Planted <br> Tahltan | CPUE of Stikine Fish |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Tahltan | Tuya M | instem | Total |  | Tahltan | Tuya | instem | Total |
| Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 0.645 | 0.170 | 0.041 | 0.073 | 0.071 | 0.185 | 0.000 | 0.197 | 0.000 | 0.112 | 0.120 |
| 26 | 0.645 | 0.170 | 0.041 | 0.073 | 0.071 | 0.185 | 0.000 | 0.148 | 0.000 | 0.084 | 0.090 |
| 27 | 0.672 | 0.142 | 0.036 | 0.109 | 0.040 | 0.186 | 0.000 | 0.348 | 0.000 | 0.129 | 0.242 |
| 28 | 0.774 | 0.102 | 0.020 | 0.066 | 0.037 | 0.124 | 0.000 | 0.261 | 0.000 | 0.160 | 0.214 |
| 29 | 0.864 | 0.032 | 0.003 | 0.050 | 0.052 | 0.104 | 0.000 | 0.046 | 0.000 | 0.296 | 0.241 |
| 30 | 0.914 | 0.074 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.012 | 0.012 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.013 |
| 31 | 0.876 | 0.095 | 0.000 | 0.004 | 0.025 | 0.029 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.082 | 0.038 |
| 32 | 0.842 | 0.124 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.034 | 0.034 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.083 | 0.034 |
| 33 | 0.751 | 0.217 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.032 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.013 | 0.005 |
| 34 | 0.746 | 0.235 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.019 | 0.019 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.008 | 0.003 |
| 35 | 0.746 | 0.235 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.019 | 0.019 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.000 |
| 36 | 0.746 | 0.235 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.019 | 0.019 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 37 | 0.746 | 0.235 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.019 | 0.019 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Total | 0.824 | 0.091 | 0.009 | 0.039 | 0.037 | 0.085 | 0.000 | 0.136 | 0.459 | 0.405 | 1.000 |
| Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 324 | 86 | 21 | 37 | 35 | 93 | 0 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 3.9 |
| 26 | 142 | 37 | 9 | 16 | 16 | 41 | 0 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 2.9 |
| 27 | 737 | 156 | 40 | 120 | 44 | 204 | 0 | 1.5 | 4.6 | 1.7 | 7.8 |
| 28 | 2,874 | 378 | 76 | 244 | 139 | 459 | 0 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 7.0 |
| 29 | 4,154 | 154 | 13 | 239 | 249 | 501 | 0 | 0.2 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 7.8 |
| 30 | 1,973 | 160 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| 31 | 1,906 | 207 | 0 | 8 | 54 | 62 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| 32 | 1,413 | 209 | 0 | 0 | 57 | 57 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| 33 | 208 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 34 | 325 | 103 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 35 | 16 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 36 | 13 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 37 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total | 14,086 | 1,559 | 159 | 664 | 637 | 1,460 | 0 | 4.4 | 14.9 | 13.1 | 32.5 |

Appendix A. 7. Weekly salmon catch and effort in the Alaskan District 108 commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2002.
The permit days are adjusted for boats which did not fish the entire opening and are less than the sum of the permits times the d

| Week | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Start } \\ & \text { Date } \end{aligned}$ | Catch |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Permits | Days | Permit <br> Days |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 2 | 77 | 150 | 845 | 525 | 4 | 2.0 | 8.0 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 6 | 63 | 490 | 1,819 | 620 | 7 | 2.0 | 14.0 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 0 | 30 | 505 | 565 | 126 | 7 | 3.0 | 21.0 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | 1 | 12 | 985 | 917 | 35 | 5 | 3.0 | 15.0 |
| 35 | 25-Aug | 11 | 9 | 3,620 | 204 | 40 | 16 | 3.0 | 48.0 |
| 36 | 1-Sep | 4 | 16 | 8,123 | 184 | 365 | 20 | 3.0 | 60.0 |
| 37 | 8-Sep | 1 | 1 | 3,966 | 44 | 109 | 21 | 4.0 | 84.0 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | 0 | 0 | 2,256 | 0 | 169 | 13 | 4.0 | 52.0 |
| 39-40 | 22-Sep | 0 | 0 | 1,036 | 0 | 28 | 3.5 | 6.0 | 21.0 |
| Total |  | 25 | 208 | 21,131 | 4,578 | 2,017 |  | 35.0 | 323 |



Appendix A. 8. Weekly stock proportions and stock-specific catch of sockeye salmon in the Alaskan District 108 commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2002.

| Data based on scale pattern analy sis and thermal marks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Alaska | Canada | Stikine |  |  |  | Planted <br> Tahltan | CPUE of Stikine Fish |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Total |  | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Total |
| Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | 0.896 | 0.091 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| 32 | 0.857 | 0.143 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 33 | 0.933 | 0.067 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 34 | 0.917 | 0.083 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 35 | 0.769 | 0.231 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 36 | 0.769 | 0.231 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 37 | 0.769 | 0.231 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Total | 0.875 | 0.120 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 |
| Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | 69 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 32 | 54 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 33 | 28 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 34 | 11 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 35 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 36 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 37 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Total | 182 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 |

Appendix A. 9. Weekly salmon catch and effort and sockeye salmon stock composition in the Alaskan District 108 test fishery, 2002.

No test fishery
Appendix A. 10. Weekly salmon catch and effort in the Canadian commercial fishery in the lower Stikine River, 2002.

| Week | Start <br> Date | Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Chinook |  | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Permits | Days | Permit Days |
|  |  | Large | non large |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 251 | 106 | 844 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9.00 | 1.0 | 9.0 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 106 | 87 | 1,780 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10.00 | 1.0 | 10.0 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 34 | 11 | 1,462 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 10.00 | 1.0 | 10.0 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 23 | 4 | 1,674 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11.00 | 1.0 | 11.0 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 0 | 0 | 2,185 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11.00 | 2.0 | 22.0 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 19 | 1 | 2,394 | 56 | 4 | 16 | 11.00 | 4.0 | 44.0 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 0 | 0 | 71 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 7.00 | 4.0 | 28.0 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 0 | 0 | 9 | 4 | 15 | 10 | 5.00 | 3.0 | 15.0 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 1 | 5.00 | 4.0 | 20.0 |
| Total |  | 433 | 209 | 10,420 | 82 | 19 | 33 |  | 21.0 | 169.0 |

Appendix A. 11. Weekly sockeye salmon stock proportions and catch by stock in the Canadian commercial fishery in the lower Stikine River, 2002.
Sex specific age compositions were calculated and the stock composition of the females sampled for egg diameters was expanded to the catch by ; If no fishery, commercial catch from comparable week is used.

| Week | Proportion |  |  |  | Planted <br> Tahltan | Catch |  |  | Tahltan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Small Egg | Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem |  | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Wild | Planted |
| 26 | 0.877 | 0.726 | 0.185 | 0.089 | 0.167 | 613 | 156 | 75 | 472 | 141 |
| 27 | 0.900 | 0.602 | 0.250 | 0.148 | 0.146 | 1,071 | 445 | 264 | 811 | 260 |
| 28 | 0.849 | 0.561 | 0.300 | 0.140 | 0.135 | 820 | 438 | 204 | 622 | 198 |
| 29 | 0.482 | 0.315 | 0.164 | 0.521 | 0.064 | 528 | 274 | 872 | 421 | 107 |
| 30 | 0.113 | 0.114 | 0.009 | 0.877 | 0.032 | 249 | 20 | 1,916 | 179 | 70 |
| 31 | 0.024 | 0.023 | 0.001 | 0.977 | 0.000 | 54 | 2 | 2,338 | 54 | 0 |
| 32 | 0.020 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 71 | 0 | 0 |
| 33 | 0.333 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| 34 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 35 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 36 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  | 3,335 | 1,335 | 5,750 | 2,559 | 776 |
| Proportion |  |  |  |  |  | 0.320 | 0.128 | 0.552 | 0.246 | 0.074 |
| Week | $\frac{\text { Catch/Effort below Porcupine }}{\text { Sockeye Jermit Day }}$ |  |  | Total |  | CPUE |  |  | Tahltan |  |
|  |  |  |  | CPUE | Small Egg | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Wild | Planted |
| 26 |  |  |  |  | 93.778 | 68.111 | 17.333 | 8.333 | 52.444 | 15.667 |
| 27 |  |  |  |  | 178.000 | 107.100 | 44.500 | 26.400 | 81.100 | 26.000 |
| 28 |  |  |  |  | 146.200 | 82.000 | 43.800 | 20.400 | 62.200 | 19.800 |
| 29 |  |  |  |  | 152.182 | 48.000 | 24.909 | 79.273 | 38.273 | 9.727 |
| 30 |  |  |  |  | 99.318 | 11.318 | 0.909 | 87.091 | 8.136 | 3.182 |
| 31 |  |  |  |  | 54.409 | 1.227 | 0.045 | 53.136 | 1.227 | 0.000 |
| 32 |  |  |  |  | 2.536 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 2.536 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 33 |  |  |  |  | 0.600 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.600 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 34 |  |  |  |  | 0.050 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.050 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Total |  |  |  |  | 727.073 | 317.757 | 131.497 | 277.819 | 243.381 | 74.376 |
| Proportion |  |  |  |  |  | 0.437 | 0.181 | 0.382 | 0.335 | 0.102 |

Appendix A. 12. Weekly salmon catch and effort in the Canadian commercial fishery in the upper Stikine River, 2002.

| Week | Start <br> Date | Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Chinook |  | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Permits | Days | Permit Days |
|  |  | Large | non large |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 2 | 3 | 89 |  |  |  | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 0 | 0 | 165 |  |  |  | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 0 | 0 | 125 |  |  |  | 2.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 0 | 0 | 45 |  |  |  | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 0 | 0 | 60 |  |  |  | 1.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Total |  | 2 | 3 | 484 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 12.0 |

Appendix A. 13. Weekly salmon catch and effort in the Canadian Aboriginal fishery located at Telegraph Creek, on the Stikine River, 2002.

| Week | Start <br> Date | Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Chinook |  | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Permits | Days | Permit Days |
|  |  | Large | non large |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | 19-May | 22 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 2.33 | 3.0 | 7.0 |
| 22 | 26-May | 7 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | 1.50 | 4.0 | 6.0 |
| 23 | 2-Jun | 108 | 21 | 0 |  |  |  | 4.43 | 7.0 | 31.0 |
| 24 | 9-Jun | 29 | 9 | 0 |  |  |  | 2.25 | 4.0 | 9.0 |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 99 | 20 | 3 |  |  |  | 3.40 | 5.0 | 17.0 |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 118 | 26 | 52 |  |  |  | 3.71 | 7.0 | 26.0 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 135 | 85 | 461 |  |  |  | 8.71 | 7.0 | 61.0 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 146 | 103 | 1,783 |  |  |  | 12.00 | 7.0 | 84.0 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 130 | 40 | 1,993 |  |  |  | 12.14 | 7.0 | 85.0 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 86 | 35 | 1,189 |  |  |  | 8.86 | 7.0 | 62.0 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 45 | 27 | 863 |  |  |  | 6.29 | 7.0 | 44.0 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 2 | 0 | 46 |  |  |  | 3.00 | 1.0 | 3.0 |
| Total |  | 927 | 366 | 6,390 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 66 | 435.0 |

Appendix A. 14. Catch by stock and week for sockeye salmon harvested in the Canadian upper river commercial and Aboriginal fisheries in the Stikine River, 2002.

|  | Start | Stock |  | Tahltan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Date | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem | Wild | Planted |


| Catch by stock for upper river commercial fishery |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 48 | 33 | 8 | 36 | 12 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 61 | 98 | 5 | 39 | 22 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 59 | 52 | 14 | 51 | 8 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 5 | 36 | 3 | 5 | 0 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 8 | 21 | 31 | 8 | 0 |
| Total |  | 182 | 240 | 62 | 139 | 42 |

Catch by stock for upper river aboriginal fishery

| 27 | 30-Jun | 292 | 70 | 99 | 271 | 21 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 961 | 669 | 153 | 723 | 238 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 741 | 1,188 | 64 | 475 | 266 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 563 | 490 | 136 | 483 | 80 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 105 | 696 | 62 | 105 | 0 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 6 | 16 | 24 | 6 | 0 |
| Total |  | 2,697 | 3,155 | 538 | 2,092 | 605 |

Appendix A. 15. Weekly salmon catch and effort in the Canadian test fishery in the Stikine River, 2002.

| Week | Start <br> Date | Catch |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | \# Drifts/ <br> Chum Set Hours |  |
|  |  | Large non large |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drift gillnet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 23-Jun | $31 \quad 25$ | 118 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 77 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 2218 | 169 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 84 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 75 | 137 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 84 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 22 | 179 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 84 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | $0 \quad 0$ | 83 | 2 | 2 | 10 | 70 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | $0 \quad 0$ | 25 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 42 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | $0 \quad 0$ | 11 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 56 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 10 | 13 | 20 | 1 | 2 | 56 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | $0 \quad 0$ | 6 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 56 |
| 35 | 25-Aug | $0 \quad 0$ | 3 | 42 | 1 | 2 | 56 |
| 36 | 1-Sep | $0 \quad 0$ | 0 | 94 | 2 | 1 | 56 |
| 37 | 8-Sep | $0 \quad 0$ | 0 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 32 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | $0 \quad 0$ | 0 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| 39 | 22-Sep | $0 \quad 0$ | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| 40 | 29-Sep | $0 \quad 0$ | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| 41 | 6-Oct | $0 \quad 0$ | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| 42 | 13-Oct | 0 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Total |  | 63 50 | 744 | 306 | 14 | 31 | 898 |
| Set gillnet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 23-Jun | $15 \quad 37$ | 561 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 216 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | $16 \quad 17$ | 947 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 240 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 41 | 641 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 240 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 90 | 746 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 240 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 30 | 322 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 192 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | $1 \quad 1$ | 199 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 132 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | $0 \quad 0$ | 65 | 18 | 7 | 11 | 192 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | $0 \quad 0$ | 20 | 93 | 0 | 2 | 168 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | $0 \quad 0$ | 14 | 91 | 0 | 0 | 168 |
| 35 | 25-Aug | $0 \quad 0$ | 5 | 59 | 0 | 3 | 156 |
| 36 | 1-Sep | $0 \quad 0$ | 5 | 373 | 0 | 0 | 156 |
| 37 | 8-Sep | $0 \quad 0$ | 2 | 321 | 0 | 2 | 140 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | $0 \quad 0$ | 3 | 198 | 1 | 2 | 128 |
| 39 | 22-Sep | $0 \quad 0$ | 4 | 103 | 0 | 3 | 128 |
| 40 | 29-Sep | $0 \quad 0$ | 3 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 127 |
| 41 | 6-Oct | $0 \quad 0$ | 2 | 19 | 0 | 1 | 127 |
| 42 | 13-Oct | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 96 |
| Total |  | 48 | 3,540 | 1,323 | 13 | 48 | 2,845 |

Appendix A. 15. Page 2 of 2.

| Week | Start <br> Date | Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Chinook |  | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | \# Drifts/ <br> Chum Set Hours |  |
|  |  | Large | non large |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Additional Drifts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | 5-May | 93 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 120 |
| 20 | 12-May | 180 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 226 |
| 21 | 19-May | 244 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 204 |
| 22 | 26-May | 265 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 216 |
| 23 | 2-Jun | 332 | 47 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 232 |
| 24 | 9-Jun | 261 | 58 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 247 |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 170 | 28 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 274 |
| 37 | 8-Sep | 0 | 0 | 1 | 530 | 0 | 1 | 90 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | 0 | 0 | 1 | 252 | 0 | 0 | 91 |
| 39 | 22-Sep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 147 | 0 | 0 | 91 |
| 40 | 29-Sep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 120 | 0 | 0 | 91 |
| 41 | 6-Oct | 0 | 0 | 1 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 91 |
| 42 | 13-Oct | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 77 |
| Total |  | 1,545 | 217 | 128 | 1,116 | 0 | 1 | 2,048 |
| Total Test Fishery Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | 5-May | 93 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 20 | 12-May | 180 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 21 | 19-May | 244 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 22 | 26-May | 265 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 23 | 2-Jun | 332 | 47 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 24 | 9-Jun | 261 | 58 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 170 | 28 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 46 | 62 | 679 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 77 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 38 | 35 | 1,116 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 84 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 11 | 6 | 778 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 84 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 11 | 2 | 925 | 0 | 6 | 13 | 84 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 3 | 0 | 405 | 2 | 4 | 18 | 70 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 1 | 1 | 224 | 12 | 2 | 3 | 42 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 0 | 0 | 76 | 27 | 10 | 14 | 56 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 1 | 0 | 33 | 113 | 1 | 4 | 56 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | 0 | 0 | 20 | 115 | 0 | 0 | 56 |
| 35 | 25-Aug | 0 | 0 | 8 | 101 | 1 | 5 | 56 |
| 36 | 1-Sep | 0 | 0 | 5 | 467 | 2 | 1 | 56 |
| 37 | 8-Sep | 0 | 0 | 3 | 902 | 0 | 3 | 32 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | 0 | 0 | 4 | 477 | 1 | 2 | 30 |
| 39 | 22-Sep | 0 | 0 | 4 | 265 | 0 | 3 | 30 |
| 40 | 29-Sep | 0 | 0 | 3 | 170 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| 41 | 6-Oct | 0 | 0 | 3 | 71 | 0 | 1 | 30 |
| 42 | 13-Oct | 0 | 0 | 1 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Total Test Catch |  | 1,656 | 323 | 4,412 | 2,745 | 27 | 80 | 5,790 |

Appendix A. 16. Weekly catch, CPUE, and migratory timing of Tahltan, Tuya, and mainstem sockeye salmon stocks in the Stikine test fishery, 2002.

| Sex specific age compositions were calculated and the stock composition of the females sampled for egg diameters was expanded to the catch by age. <br> If no test fishery, commercial catch from comparable week is used. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week <br> Drift gillnet | Proportions |  |  | Catch |  |  | CPUE |  |  |  | Migratory Timing |  |  |
|  | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Total | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 0.586 | 0.255 | 0.159 | 69 | 30 | 19 | 0.898 | 0.390 | 0.244 | 1.532 | 0.093 | 0.040 | 0.025 |
| 27 | 0.512 | 0.232 | 0.256 | 86 | 39 | 43 | 1.029 | 0.467 | 0.516 | 2.012 | 0.106 | 0.048 | 0.053 |
| 28 | 0.420 | 0.177 | 0.402 | 58 | 24 | 55 | 0.686 | 0.289 | 0.656 | 1.631 | 0.071 | 0.030 | 0.068 |
| 29 | 0.279 | 0.082 | 0.639 | 50 | 15 | 114 | 0.594 | 0.175 | 1.362 | 2.131 | 0.061 | 0.018 | 0.141 |
| 30 | 0.180 | 0.040 | 0.780 | 15 | 3 | 65 | 0.214 | 0.047 | 0.925 | 1.186 | 0.022 | 0.005 | 0.096 |
| 31 | 0.098 | 0.000 | 0.902 | 2 | 0 | 23 | 0.058 | 0.000 | 0.537 | 0.595 | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.055 |
| 32 | 0.039 | 0.000 | 0.961 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0.008 | 0.000 | 0.189 | 0.196 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.019 |
| 33 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.232 | 0.232 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.024 |
| 34 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.107 | 0.107 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.011 |
| 35 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.054 | 0.054 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.006 |
| 36 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 37 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 38 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 39 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 40 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 41 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 42 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Total |  |  |  | 281 | 112 | 351 | 3.487 | 1.369 | 4.820 | 9.677 |  |  |  |
| Proportion |  |  |  | 0.378 | 0.150 | 0.472 |  | Proportio | of run |  | 0.360 | 0.141 | 0.498 |
| Set gillnet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 0.586 | 0.255 | 0.159 | 329 | 143 | 89 | 1.522 | 0.662 | 0.413 | 2.597 | 0.094 | 0.041 | 0.025 |
| 27 | 0.512 | 0.232 | 0.256 | 485 | 220 | 243 | 2.019 | 0.916 | 1.011 | 3.946 | 0.124 | 0.056 | 0.062 |
| 28 | 0.420 | 0.177 | 0.402 | 269 | 114 | 258 | 1.123 | 0.474 | 1.075 | 2.671 | 0.069 | 0.029 | 0.066 |
| 29 | 0.279 | 0.082 | 0.639 | 208 | 61 | 477 | 0.867 | 0.255 | 1.986 | 3.108 | 0.053 | 0.016 | 0.122 |
| 30 | 0.180 | 0.040 | 0.780 | 58 | 13 | 251 | 0.302 | 0.066 | 1.309 | 1.677 | 0.019 | 0.004 | 0.081 |
| 31 | 0.098 | 0.000 | 0.902 | 20 | 0 | 179 | 0.148 | 0.000 | 1.360 | 1.508 | 0.009 | 0.000 | 0.084 |
| 32 | 0.039 | 0.000 | 0.961 | 3 | 0 | 62 | 0.013 | 0.000 | 0.325 | 0.339 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.020 |
| 33 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.119 | 0.119 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.007 |
| 34 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.083 | 0.083 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.005 |
| 35 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.032 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.002 |
| 36 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.032 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.002 |
| 37 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.014 | 0.014 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 |
| 38 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.023 | 0.023 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 |
| 39 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.031 | 0.031 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.002 |
| 40 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.024 | 0.024 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 |
| 41 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.016 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 |
| 42 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.010 | 0.010 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 |
| Total |  |  |  | 1,371 | 550 | 1,619 | 5.995 | 2.373 | 7.863 | 16.231 |  |  |  |
| Proportion |  |  |  | 0.387 | 0.155 | 0.457 |  |  |  |  | 0.369 | 0.146 | 0.484 |

Appendix A. 16. Page 2 of 2.

|  | Proportions |  |  | Catch |  |  | CPUE |  |  |  | Migratory Timing |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Total | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  |
| Additional Drifts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 20 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 21 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 22 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 23 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 0.033 | 0.014 | 0.009 | 0.056 | 0.065 | 0.028 | 0.017 |
| 24 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 21 | 9 | 5 | 0.086 | 0.037 | 0.022 | 0.146 | 0.168 | 0.073 | 0.043 |
| 25 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 45 | 19 | 12 | 0.164 | 0.071 | 0.042 | 0.277 | 0.320 | 0.139 | 0.082 |
| 37 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.022 |
| 38 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.022 |
| 39 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 40 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 41 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.022 |
| 42 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Total |  |  |  | 74 | 32 | 22 | 0.284 | 0.123 | 0.106 | 0.512 |  |  |  |
| Proportion |  |  |  | 0.578 | 0.250 | 0.172 |  |  |  |  | 0.554 | 0.239 | 0.207 |
| Total Test Fishery Catches |  |  |  |  | Tahltan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.473 | 0.116 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 20 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.473 | 0.116 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 21 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.473 | 0.116 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 22 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.473 | 0.116 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 23 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 8 | 3 | 2 | 0.473 | 0.116 | 6 | 2 |  |  |  |
| 24 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 21 | 9 | 5 | 0.473 | 0.116 | 17 | 4 |  |  |  |
| 25 | 0.592 | 0.256 | 0.152 | 45 | 19 | 12 | 0.473 | 0.116 | 36 | 9 |  |  |  |
| 26 | 0.586 | 0.255 | 0.159 | 398 | 173 | 108 | 0.473 | 0.116 | 319 | 79 |  |  |  |
| 27 | 0.512 | 0.232 | 0.256 | 571 | 259 | 286 | 0.315 | 0.182 | 368 | 203 |  |  |  |
| 28 | 0.420 | 0.177 | 0.402 | 327 | 138 | 313 | 0.333 | 0.116 | 237 | 90 |  |  |  |
| 29 | 0.279 | 0.082 | 0.639 | 258 | 76 | 591 | 0.141 | 0.025 | 235 | 23 |  |  |  |
| 30 | 0.180 | 0.040 | 0.780 | 73 | 16 | 316 | 0.012 | 0.050 | 53 | 20 |  |  |  |
| 31 | 0.098 | 0.000 | 0.902 | 22 | 0 | 202 | 0.025 | 0.000 | 22 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 32 | 0.039 | 0.000 | 0.961 | 3 | 0 | 73 | 0.012 | 0.000 | 3 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 33 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 34 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 35 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 36 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 37 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 38 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 39 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 40 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 41 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| 42 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  | 1,726 | 694 | 1,992 |  |  | 1296 | 430 |  |  |  |
| Proportion |  |  |  | 0.391 | 0.157 | 0.451 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Appendix A. 17. Daily counts of adult sockeye salmon passing through Tahltan Lake weir, 2002.

|  |  | Cumulative |  |  |  | Date | Count | Cumulative |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Count | Count | Percent |  |  |  |  | Count | Percent |
| 7-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  | 11-Aug | 207 | 16,799 | 94.7 |
| 8-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  | 12-Aug | 130 | 16,929 | 95.4 |
| 9-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  | 13-Aug | 202 | 17,131 | 96.6 |
| 10-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  | 14-Aug | 14 | 17,145 | 96.6 |
| 11-Jul | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |  |  | 15-Aug | 43 | 17,188 | 96.9 |
| 12-Jul | 5 | 5 | 0.0 |  |  | 16-Aug | 63 | 17,251 | 97.2 |
| 13-Jul | 9 | 14 | 0.1 |  |  | 17-Aug | 64 | 17,315 | 97.6 |
| 14-Jul | 0 | 14 | 0.1 |  |  | 18-Aug | 28 | 17,343 | 97.8 |
| 15-Jul | 588 | 602 | 3.4 |  |  | 19-Aug | 41 | 17,384 | 98.0 |
| 16-Jul | 1,045 | 1,647 | 9.3 |  |  | 20-Aug | 22 | 17,406 | 98.1 |
| 17-Jul | 383 | 2,030 | 11.4 |  |  | 21-Aug | 13 | 17,419 | 98.2 |
| 18-Jul | 537 | 2,567 | 14.5 |  |  | 22-Aug | 30 | 17,449 | 98.4 |
| 19-Jul | 857 | 3,424 | 19.3 |  |  | 23-Aug | 44 | 17,493 | 98.6 |
| 20-Jul | 1,888 | 5,312 | 29.9 |  |  | 24-Aug | 73 | 17,566 | 99.0 |
| 21-Jul | 1,018 | 6,330 | 35.7 |  |  | 25-Aug | 17 | 17,583 | 99.1 |
| 22-Jul | 513 | 6,843 | 38.6 |  |  | 26-Aug | 13 | 17,596 | 99.2 |
| 23-Jul | 271 | 7,114 | 40.1 |  |  | 27-Aug | 11 | 17,607 | 99.3 |
| 24-Jul | 1,285 | 8,399 | 47.3 |  |  | 28-Aug | 7 | 17,614 | 99.3 |
| 25-Jul | 702 | 9,101 | 51.3 |  |  | 29-Aug | 3 | 17,617 | 99.3 |
| 26-Jul | 542 | 9,643 | 54.4 |  |  | 30-Aug | 0 | 17,617 | 99.3 |
| 27-Jul | 1,129 | 10,772 | 60.7 |  |  | 31-Aug | 0 | 17,617 | 99.3 |
| 28-Jul | 633 | 11,405 | 64.3 |  |  | 1-Sep | 3 | 17,620 | 99.3 |
| 29-Jul | 635 | 12,040 | 67.9 |  |  | 2-Sep | 12 | 17,632 | 99.4 |
| 30-Jul | 757 | 12,797 | 72.1 |  |  | 3-Sep | 7 | 17,639 | 99.4 |
| 31-Jul | 647 | 13,444 | 75.8 |  |  | 4-Sep | 0 | 17,639 | 99.4 |
| 1-Aug | 383 | 13,827 | 77.9 |  |  | 5-Sep | 4 | 17,643 | 99.5 |
| 2-Aug | 610 | 14,437 | 81.4 |  |  | 6-Sep | 8 | 17,651 | 99.5 |
| 3-Aug | 209 | 14,646 | 82.6 |  |  | 7-Sep | 2 | 17,653 | 99.5 |
| 4-Aug | 421 | 15,067 | 84.9 |  |  | 8-Sep | 14 | 17,667 | 99.6 |
| 5-Aug | 343 | 15,410 | 86.9 |  |  | 9-Sep | 8 | 17,675 | 99.6 |
| 6-Aug | 219 | 15,629 | 88.1 |  |  | 10-Sep | 8 | 17,683 | 99.7 |
| 7-Aug | 252 | 15,881 | 89.5 |  |  | 11-Sep | 0 | 17,683 | 99.7 |
| 8-Aug | 348 | 16,229 | 91.5 |  |  | 12-Sep | 0 | 17,683 | 99.7 |
| 9-Aug | 220 | 16,449 | 92.7 |  |  | 13-Sep | 7 | 17,690 | 99.7 |
| 10-Aug | 143 | 16,592 | 93.5 |  |  | 14-Sep | 50 | 17,740 | 100.0 |
|  |  |  |  | Hatchery | Wild | Total |  |  |  |
| Total Counted |  |  |  |  |  | 17,740 |  |  |  |
| Fish removed for broodstock |  |  | female |  |  | -1,538 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | male |  |  | -1,513 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | rejects |  |  | -69 |  |  |  |
| Total fish removed for broodstock |  |  |  |  |  | -3,120 |  |  |  |
| Fish removed for otolith samples |  |  |  | -115 | -285 | -400 |  |  |  |
| Total Spawners |  |  |  | 3,799 | 10,490 | 14,289 |  |  |  |

Appendix A. 18. Daily counts of sockeye salmon smolt migrating through Tahltan Lake smolt weir, 2002.

| Date | Count | Cumulative |  | Date | Count | Cumulative |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Percent |  |  | Count | Percent |
| 6-May | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 4-Jun | 9,813 | 1,241,463 | 66.3 |
| 7-May | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 5-Jun | 130,970 | 1,372,433 | 73.3 |
| 8-May | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 6-Jun | 28,859 | 1,401,292 | 74.8 |
| 9-May | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 7-Jun | 3,853 | 1,405,145 | 75.0 |
| 10-May | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 8-Jun | 4,762 | 1,409,907 | 75.3 |
| 11-May | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 9-Jun | 1,527 | 1,411,434 | 75.3 |
| 12-May | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 10-Jun | 55,800 | 1,467,234 | 78.3 |
| 13-May | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 11-Jun | 115,318 | 1,582,552 | 84.5 |
| 14-May | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 12-Jun | 191,428 | 1,773,980 | 94.7 |
| 15-May | 2 | 3 | 0.0 | 13-Jun | 11,214 | 1,785,194 | 95.3 |
| 16-May | 517 | 520 | 0.0 | 14-Jun | 45,051 | 1,830,245 | 97.7 |
| 17-May | 321 | 841 | 0.0 | 15-Jun | 11,642 | 1,841,887 | 98.3 |
| 18-May | 585 | 1,426 | 0.1 | 16-Jun | 17,761 | 1,859,648 | 99.3 |
| 19-May | 153,711 | 155,137 | 8.3 | 17-Jun | 10,456 | 1,870,104 | 99.8 |
| 20-May | 481,316 | 636,453 | 34.0 | 18-Jun | 2,112 | 1,872,216 | 99.9 |
| 21-May | 2,398 | 638,851 | 34.1 | 19-Jun | 677 | 1,872,893 | 100.0 |
| 22-May | 39,141 | 677,992 | 36.2 | 20-Jun | 705 | 1,873,598 | 100.0 |
| 23-May | 55,945 | 733,937 | 39.2 |  |  |  |  |
| 24-May | 92,850 | 826,787 | 44.1 |  |  |  |  |
| 25-May | 2,881 | 829,668 | 44.3 |  |  |  |  |
| 26-May | 1,804 | 831,472 | 44.4 |  |  |  |  |
| 27-May | 187,559 | 1,019,031 | 54.4 |  |  |  |  |
| 28-May | 1,052 | 1,020,083 | 54.4 |  |  |  |  |
| 29-May | 4,274 | 1,024,357 | 54.7 |  |  |  |  |
| 30-May | 130,805 | 1,155,162 | 61.7 |  |  |  |  |
| 31-May | 1,458 | 1,156,620 | 61.7 |  |  |  |  |
| 1-Jun | 73,506 | 1,230,126 | 65.7 |  |  |  |  |
| 2-Jun | 893 | 1,231,019 | 65.7 | Wild |  | 1,042,435 |  |
| 3-Jun | 631 | 1,231,650 | 65.7 | Hatchery |  | 831,163 |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  | 1,873,598 |  |

Appendix A. 19. Daily counts of adult Chinook salmon passing through Little Tahltan weir, 2002.

| Date | Large Chinook |  |  | Chinook non large |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cumulative |  |  | Cumulative |  |  |
|  | Count | Count | Percent | Count | Count | Percent |
| 20-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 21-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 22-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 23-Jun | 2 | 2 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 24-Jun | 4 | 6 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 25-Jun | 2 | 8 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 26-Jun | 3 | 11 | 0.1 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 |
| 27-Jun | 40 | 51 | 0.7 | 0 | 1 | 0.2 |
| 28-Jun | 64 | 115 | 1.5 | 0 | 1 | 0.2 |
| 29-Jun | 6 | 121 | 1.6 | 0 | 1 | 0.2 |
| 30-Jun | 75 | 196 | 2.6 | 0 | 1 | 0.2 |
| 1-Jul | 33 | 229 | 3.1 | 1 | 2 | 0.3 |
| 2-Jul | 24 | 253 | 3.4 | 0 | 2 | 0.3 |
| 3-Jul | 0 | 253 | 3.4 | 0 | 2 | 0.3 |
| 4-Jul | 23 | 276 | 3.7 | 1 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 5-Jul | 115 | 391 | 5.2 | 1 | 4 | 0.6 |
| 6-Jul | 158 | 549 | 7.3 | 2 | 6 | 1.0 |
| 7-Jul | 178 | 727 | 9.7 | 3 | 9 | 1.5 |
| 8-Jul | 352 | 1,079 | 14.4 | 17 | 26 | 4.2 |
| 9-Jul | 926 | 2,005 | 26.8 | 35 | 61 | 9.9 |
| 10-Jul | 420 | 2,425 | 32.4 | 25 | 86 | 13.9 |
| 11-Jul | 71 | 2,496 | 33.3 | 0 | 86 | 13.9 |
| 12-Jul | 15 | 2,511 | 33.5 | 0 | 86 | 13.9 |
| 13-Jul | 350 | 2,861 | 38.2 | 14 | 100 | 16.2 |
| 14-Jul | 217 | 3,078 | 41.1 | 22 | 122 | 19.7 |
| 15-Jul | 261 | 3,339 | 44.6 | 33 | 155 | 25.1 |
| 16-Jul | 131 | 3,470 | 46.3 | 11 | 166 | 26.9 |
| 17-Jul | 161 | 3,631 | 48.5 | 29 | 195 | 31.6 |
| 18-Jul | 1,012 | 4,643 | 62.0 | 58 | 253 | 40.9 |
| 19-Jul | 250 | 4,893 | 65.3 | 25 | 278 | 45.0 |
| 20-Jul | 290 | 5,183 | 69.2 | 26 | 304 | 49.2 |
| 21-Jul | 111 | 5,294 | 70.7 | 12 | 316 | 51.1 |
| 22-Jul | 413 | 5,707 | 76.2 | 48 | 364 | 58.9 |
| 23-Jul | 474 | 6,181 | 82.5 | 39 | 403 | 65.2 |
| 24-Jul | 220 | 6,401 | 85.5 | 22 | 425 | 68.8 |
| 25-Jul | 217 | 6,618 | 88.4 | 30 | 455 | 73.6 |
| 26-Jul | 63 | 6,681 | 89.2 | 4 | 459 | 74.3 |
| 27-Jul | 110 | 6,791 | 90.7 | 17 | 476 | 77.0 |
| 28-Jul | 70 | 6,861 | 91.6 | 5 | 481 | 77.8 |
| 29-Jul | 69 | 6,930 | 92.5 | 15 | 496 | 80.3 |
| 30-Jul | 63 | 6,993 | 93.4 | 4 | 500 | 80.9 |
| 31-Jul | 77 | 7,070 | 94.4 | 15 | 515 | 83.3 |
| 1-Aug | 68 | 7,138 | 95.3 | 7 | 522 | 84.5 |
| 2-Aug | 53 | 7,191 | 96.0 | 3 | 525 | 85.0 |
| 3-Aug | 57 | 7,248 | 96.8 | 8 | 533 | 86.2 |
| 4-Aug | 37 | 7,285 | 97.3 | 6 | 539 | 87.2 |
| 5-Aug | 12 | 7,297 | 97.4 | 0 | 539 | 87.2 |
| 6-Aug | 22 | 7,319 | 97.7 | 4 | 543 | 87.9 |
| 7-Aug | 85 | 7,404 | 98.9 | 35 | 578 | 93.5 |
| 8-Aug | 19 | 7,423 | 99.1 | 8 | 586 | 94.8 |
| 9-Aug | 38 | 7,461 | 99.6 | 20 | 606 | 98.1 |
| 10-Aug | 18 | 7,479 | 99.9 | 6 | 612 | 99.0 |
| 11-Aug | 8 | 7,487 | 100.0 | 5 | 617 | 99.8 |
| 12-Aug | 3 | 7,490 | 100.0 | 1 | 618 | 100.0 |
| 13-Aug | 0 | 7,490 | 100.0 | 0 | 618 | 100.0 |
| 14-Aug | 0 | 7,490 | 100.0 | 0 | 618 | 100.0 |
| 15-Aug | 0 | 7,490 | 100.0 | 0 | 618 | 100.0 |
| 16-Aug | 0 | 7,490 | 100.0 | 0 | 618 | 100.0 |
| 17-Aug | 0 | 7,490 | 100.0 | 0 | 618 | 100.0 |
| 18-Aug | 0 | 7,490 | 100.0 | 0 | 618 | 100.0 |
| 19-Aug | 0 | 7,490 | 100.0 | 0 | 618 | 100.0 |
| 20-Aug | 0 | 7,490 | 100.0 | 0 | 618 | 100.0 |
| Total Counted |  | 7,490 |  |  | 618 |  |
| Broodstock |  | -14 | males |  |  |  |
| Escapement |  | 7,476 |  |  | 618 |  |

Appendix B. 1. Salmon catch and effort in the Alaskan District 106 commercial drift gillnet fisheries, 1960-2002.

| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Permit <br> Days | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Days } \\ & \text { Open } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Large non large |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1960 | 46 | 10,354 | 336 | 1,246 | 502 | 369 | 17 |
| 1961 | 416 | 20,614 | 14,934 | 124,236 | 64,479 | 1,737 | 57 |
| 1962 | 1,308 | 47,033 | 42,276 | 256,620 | 59,119 | 4,693 | 52 |
| 1963 | 1,560 | 80,767 | 52,103 | 514,596 | 90,103 | 5,589 | 51 |
| 1964 | 2,082 | 76,541 | 64,654 | 443,086 | 44,218 | 5,383 | 49 |
| 1965 | 1,802 | 87,749 | 75,728 | 625,848 | 27,658 | 4,507 | 51 |
| 1966 | 1,665 | 89,847 | 62,823 | 400,932 | 40,756 | 4,978 | 74 |
| 1967 | 1,318 | 86,385 | 17,670 | 91,609 | 26,370 | 2,511 | 27 |
| 1968 | 1,316 | 64,671 | 67,151 | 169,107 | 61,366 | 4,965 | 52 |
| 1969 | 877 | 70,318 | 10,280 | 197,073 | 10,903 | 2,112 | 31 |
| 1970 | 785 | 42,778 | 35,470 | 94,892 | 32,231 | 1,863 | 41 |
| 1971 | 1,336 | 53,202 | 48,085 | 527,975 | 37,680 | 2,774 | 47 |
| 1972 | 2,573 | 101,338 | 93,427 | 89,467 | 72,382 | 3,321 | 41 |
| 1973 | 1,931 | 71,995 | 38,447 | 303,621 | 87,729 | 3,300 | 26 |
| 1974 | 1,926 | 57,346 | 45,651 | 104,403 | 50,309 | 2,179 | 28 |
| 1975 | 2,587 | 32,051 | 30,962 | 203,015 | 23,968 | 1,649 | 18 |
| 1976 | 384 | 15,481 | 19,126 | 139,439 | 6,868 | 827 | 22 |
| 1977 | 671 | 67,023 | 8,401 | 419,107 | 13,300 | 1,381 | 28 |
| 1978 | 274 | 41,574 | 55,578 | 224,715 | 16,545 | 1,510 | 27 |
| 1979 | 2,720 | 66,373 | 28,083 | 648,212 | 35,507 | 2,703 | 31 |
| 1980 | 580 | 107,422 | 16,666 | 45,662 | 26,291 | 1,324 | 25 |
| 1981 | 1,565 | 182,001 | 22,614 | 437,573 | 34,296 | 2,926 | 26 |
| 1982 | 1,648 | 193,798 | 31,481 | 25,533 | 18,646 | 1,700 | 23 |
| 1983 | 567 | 48,842 | 62,442 | 208,290 | 20,144 | 1,453 | 31 |
| 1984 | 892 | 91,653 | 41,359 | 343,255 | 70,258 | 1,890 | 31 |
| 1985 | 1,687 | 264,987 | 91,188 | 584,953 | 69,673 | 2,673 | 31 |
| 1986 | 1,704 | 145,709 | 194,912 | 308,484 | 82,289 | 3,510 | 31 |
| 1987 | 836 | 136,427 | 34,534 | 243,482 | 42,025 | 1,767 | 20 |
| 1988 | 1,104 | 92,529 | 13,103 | 69,559 | 69,620 | 1,495 | 19 |
| 1989 | 1,544 | 192,734 | 92,385 | 1,101,194 | 67,351 | 3,222 | 34 |
| 1990 | 2,108 | 185,805 | 164,235 | 319,186 | 73,232 | 3,502 | 34 |
| 1991 | 2,055 | 144,104 | 198,160 | 133,566 | 124,630 | 3,620 | 39 |
| 1992 | 1,355 | 203,155 | 298,935 | 94,248 | 140,468 | 4,230 | 40 |
| 1993 | 992 | 205,955 | 231,038 | 537,960 | 134,601 | 4,353 | 38 |
| 1994 | 754 | 211,048 | 267,862 | 179,994 | 176,026 | 4,468 | 43 |
| 1995 | 951 | 207,298 | 170,561 | 448,163 | 300,078 | 3,657 | 34 |
| 1996 | 644 | 311,100 | 223,640 | 188,035 | 283,290 | 5,290 | 46 |
| 1997 | 1,075 | 168,518 | 77,550 | 789,051 | 186,456 | 3,668 | 39 |
| 1998 | 518 | 113,435 | 273,197 | 502,655 | 332,022 | 4,398 | 43 |
| 1999 | 518 | 104,878 | 203,262 | 490,716 | 448,367 | 4,943 | 50 |
| 2000 | 1,220 | 90,076 | 96,207 | 156,619 | 199,836 | 2,409 | 33 |
| 2001 | 1,057 | 164,013 | 188,465 | 825,330 | 282,910 | 3,854 | 50 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-01 | 1,318 | 113,070 | 90,595 | 324,112 | 94,869 | 3,064 | 36.4 |
| 92-01 | 908 | 177,948 | 203,072 | 421,277 | 248,405 | 4,127 | 41.6 |
| 2002 | 446 | 56,135 | 226,560 | 82,951 | 112,541 | 2,684 | 47.0 |


| Alaska Hatchery Contributions of Large Chinook and Coho salmon |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Large Chinnok |  |  |  | Coho |  |
|  | Hatchery | Wild | Hatchery | Wild |  |
| 1989 | 512 | 1,032 | 5,029 | 87,356 |  |
| 1990 | 1,009 | 1,099 | 50,354 | 113,881 |  |
| 1991 | 608 | 1,447 | 64,067 | 134,093 |  |
| 1992 | 658 | 697 | 112,824 | 186,111 |  |
| 1993 | 305 | 687 | 77,914 | 153,124 |  |
| 1994 | 402 | 352 | 36,805 | 231,057 |  |
| 1995 | 353 | 598 | 27,333 | 143,228 |  |
| 1996 | 324 | 320 | 55,218 | 168,422 |  |
| 1997 | 369 | 706 | 19,479 | 58,071 |  |
| 1998 | 290 | 228 | 101,129 | 172,068 |  |
| 1999 | 189 | 329 | 82,828 | 120,434 |  |
| 2000 | 790 | 430 | 48,169 | 48,038 |  |
| 2001 | 446 | 611 | 67,378 | 121,087 |  |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |
| $89-01$ | 481 | 657 | 1,510 | 133,613 |  |
| 2002 | 161 | 285 | 78,485 | 148,075 |  |

Appendix B. 2. Stock proportions and catches of sockeye salmon in the Alaskan District 106 commercial drift gillnet fisheries, 1982-2002.

| Year | Alaska | Canada | Stikine |  |  |  | Tahltan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Tahltan | Tuya M | stem | Total | Wild | Planted |
| Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 0.486 | 0.319 |  |  |  | 0.194 |  |  |
| 1983 | 0.668 | 0.217 | 0.103 |  | 0.013 | 0.116 |  |  |
| 1984 | 0.658 | 0.269 | 0.029 |  | 0.044 | 0.074 |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.479 | 0.419 | 0.091 |  | 0.011 | 0.102 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.689 | 0.293 | 0.014 |  | 0.004 | 0.018 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.827 | 0.155 | 0.010 |  | 0.007 | 0.017 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.874 | 0.106 | 0.020 |  | 0.001 | 0.020 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.657 | 0.311 | 0.006 |  | 0.026 | 0.032 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.608 | 0.371 | 0.005 |  | 0.016 | 0.021 |  |  |
| 1991 | 0.545 | 0.331 | 0.100 |  | 0.024 | 0.124 |  |  |
| 1992 | 0.595 | 0.232 | 0.070 |  | 0.102 | 0.172 |  |  |
| 1993 | 0.400 | 0.338 | 0.098 |  | 0.164 | 0.262 |  |  |
| 1994 | 0.579 | 0.254 | 0.142 |  | 0.025 | 0.167 | 0.108 | 0.033 |
| 1995 | 0.316 | 0.560 | 0.081 | 0.001 | 0.043 | 0.124 | 0.044 | 0.036 |
| 1996 | 0.531 | 0.268 | 0.166 | 0.028 | 0.007 | 0.201 | 0.147 | 0.019 |
| 1997 | 0.576 | 0.271 | 0.058 | 0.079 | 0.016 | 0.153 | 0.037 | 0.021 |
| 1998 | 0.598 | 0.307 | 0.015 | 0.080 | 0.000 | 0.095 | 0.013 | 0.002 |
| 1999 | 0.671 | 0.092 | 0.057 | 0.061 | 0.118 | 0.237 | 0.054 | 0.003 |
| 2000 | 0.643 | 0.233 | 0.020 | 0.085 | 0.019 | 0.124 | 0.017 | 0.003 |
| 2001 | 0.525 | 0.332 | 0.039 | 0.079 | 0.025 | 0.143 | 0.029 | 0.010 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83-01 | 0.602 | 0.282 | 0.059 |  | 0.035 | 0.116 |  |  |
| 92-01 | 0.543 | 0.289 | 0.074 | 0.059 | 0.052 | 0.168 | 0.056 | 0.016 |
| 2002 | 0.758 | 0.098 | 0.037 | 0.072 | 0.035 | 0.144 | 0.024 | 0.012 |


| Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1982 | 94,275 | 61,853 |  |  | 631 | 5,650 |  |  |
| 1983 | 32,603 | 10,589 | 5,020 |  | 4,078 | 6,751 |  |  |
| 1984 | 60,278 | 24,624 | 2,673 |  | 3,013 | 27,058 |  |  |
| 1985 | 126,914 | 111,015 | 24,045 |  | 606 | 2,687 |  |  |
| 1986 | 100,337 | 42,685 | 2,081 |  | 968 | 2,344 |  |  |
| 1987 | 112,893 | 21,190 | 1,376 |  | 64 | 1,877 |  |  |
| 1988 | 80,868 | 9,784 | 1,813 |  | 5,061 | 6,172 |  |  |
| 1989 | 126,603 | 59,959 | 1,111 |  | 2,986 | 3,901 |  |  |
| 1990 | 112,983 | 68,921 | 915 |  | 3,501 | 17,864 |  |  |
| 1991 | 78,533 | 47,707 | 14,364 |  | 20,784 | 34,971 |  |  |
| 1992 | 120,977 | 47,207 | 14,187 |  | 33,833 | 54,037 |  |  |
| 1993 | 82,300 | 69,617 | 20,204 |  | 5,371 | 35,247 | 22,857 | 7,019 |
| 1994 | 122,118 | 53,683 | 29,876 |  | 125 | 8,839 | 25,679 | 9,182 |
| 1995 | 65,544 | 116,075 | 16,715 | 12533 |  |  |  |  |
| 1996 | 165,221 | 83,271 | 51,598 | 8,821 | 2,189 | 62,608 | 45,826 | 5,772 |
| 1997 | 97,101 | 45,665 | 9,764 | 13,232 | 2,756 | 25,752 | 6,281 | 3,483 |
| 1998 | 67,890 | 34,811 | 1,678 | 9,020 | 36 | 10,734 | 1,477 | 201 |
| 1999 | 70,363 | 9,696 | 5,988 | 6,427 | 12,404 | 24,819 | 5,700 | 288 |
| 2000 | 57,935 | 20,996 | 1,827 | 7,612 | 1,706 | 11,145 | 1,573 | 254 |
| 2001 | 86,078 | 54,512 | 6,339 | 12,965 | 4,119 | 23,423 | 4,747 | 1,592 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $83-01$ | 93,028 | 49,053 | 11,135 |  | 5,944 | 20,143 |  |  |
| $92-01$ | 93,553 | 53,553 | 15,818 | 8,315 | 9,204 | 30,842 | 12,205 | 3,268 |
| 2002 | 42,573 | 5,487 | 2,055 | 4,058 | 1,962 | 8,075 | 1,375 | 680 |

Appendix B. 3. Salmon catch and effort in the Alaskan Subdistrict 106-41/42 (Sumner Strait) commercial drift gillnet fishery, 1960-2002.

| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Permit Days | Days <br> Open |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum |  |  |
| 1960 | 24 | 9,005 | 277 | 1,103 | 362 | 251 | 17 |
| 1961 | 75 | 9,488 | 1,851 | 26,435 | 9,657 | 359 | 48 |
| 1962 | 131 | 19,692 | 6,548 | 45,987 | 9,544 | 811 | 44 |
| 1963 | 310 | 45,305 | 15,727 | 135,503 | 50,380 | 2,311 | 47 |
| 1964 | 316 | 52,943 | 27,338 | 183,402 | 22,913 | 2,344 | 49 |
| 1965 | 679 | 58,736 | 30,570 | 162,271 | 15,763 | 1,658 | 51 |
| 1966 | 690 | 65,721 | 30,792 | 96,287 | 24,235 | 2,080 | 74 |
| 1967 | 668 | 60,148 | 10,573 | 52,284 | 19,626 | 1,463 | 27 |
| 1968 | 1,010 | 50,212 | 46,111 | 82,012 | 39,001 | 2,997 | 52 |
| 1969 | 607 | 46,258 | 6,094 | 92,075 | 6,393 | 1,147 | 31 |
| 1970 | 420 | 26,812 | 15,153 | 29,102 | 18,092 | 905 | 41 |
| 1971 | 671 | 33,991 | 24,727 | 283,739 | 19,329 | 1,619 | 50 |
| 1972 | 1,747 | 74,745 | 60,827 | 40,644 | 46,511 | 2,152 | 41 |
| 1973 | 1,540 | 55,254 | 24,921 | 160,297 | 62,486 | 2,253 | 26 |
| 1974 | 1,342 | 46,760 | 28,889 | 57,296 | 38,045 | 1,579 | 28 |
| 1975 | 467 | 19,319 | 4,650 | 29,340 | 7,762 | 515 | 17 |
| 1976 | 237 | 9,319 | 10,367 | 20,251 | 2,301 | 366 | 19 |
| 1977 | 202 | 47,408 | 1,819 | 51,038 | 4,240 | 447 | 17 |
| 1978 | 274 | 1,422 | 26,762 | 9,546 | 3,142 | 389 | 27 |
| 1979 | 458 | 34,807 | 12,087 | 176,395 | 16,816 | 952 | 25 |
| 1980 | 205 | 48,434 | 10,894 | 17,068 | 15,176 | 596 | 16 |
| 1981 | 598 | 132,293 | 13,161 | 220,194 | 25,682 | 1,732 | 25 |
| 1982 | 648 | 121,563 | 21,193 | 10,392 | 11,891 | 1,083 | 22 |
| 1983 | 268 | 28,153 | 41,208 | 74,347 | 13,001 | 875 | 32 |
| 1984 | 136 | 27,372 | 19,124 | 99,807 | 28,461 | 587 | 32 |
| 1985 | 538 | 172,088 | 50,577 | 319,379 | 45,566 | 1,726 | 38 |
| 1986 | 421 | 85,247 | 104,328 | 105,347 | 48,471 | 1,896 | 32 |
| 1987 | 441 | 79,165 | 17,776 | 117,059 | 25,877 | 978 | 20 |
| 1988 | 452 | 57,337 | 6,349 | 10,894 | 42,210 | 815 | 18 |
| 1989 | 581 | 107,886 | 55,671 | 418,044 | 40,156 | 1,716 | 34 |
| 1990 | 759 | 104,922 | 94,526 | 84,543 | 42,474 | 1,827 | 34 |
| 1991 | 844 | 89,355 | 136,990 | 64,334 | 85,435 | 2,118 | 39 |
| 1992 | 743 | 146,608 | 190,885 | 38,483 | 100,666 | 2,630 | 40 |
| 1993 | 458 | 129,859 | 134,902 | 296,986 | 96,995 | 2,728 | 38 |
| 1994 | 456 | 157,526 | 191,695 | 66,225 | 125,826 | 2,988 | 43 |
| 1995 | 663 | 133,713 | 109,613 | 154,004 | 189,369 | 2,349 | 34 |
| 1996 | 487 | 223,784 | 159,319 | 70,620 | 162,872 | 3,623 | 46 |
| 1997 | 829 | 118,675 | 52,917 | 414,619 | 100,612 | 2,402 | 39 |
| 1998 | 334 | 79,052 | 175,124 | 196,403 | 200,892 | 2,999 | 43 |
| 1999 | 397 | 73,378 | 130,083 | 277,194 | 284,807 | 3,294 | 50 |
| 2000 | 558 | 57,863 | 54,232 | 80,014 | 120,111 | 1,522 | 33 |
| 2001 | 516 | 99,219 | 133,956 | 345,385 | 168,265 | 2,406 | 50 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-01 | 552 | 72,401 | 54,538 | 124,199 | 56,938 | 1,654 | 35.4 |
| 92-01 | 544 | 121,968 | 133,273 | 193,993 | 155,042 | 2,694 | 41.6 |
| 2002 | 216 | 39,030 | 163,727 | 41,086 | 71,333 | 1,844 | 47 |

Appendix B. 4. Stock proportions and catches of sockeye salmon in the Alaskan Subdistrict 106-41/42
(Sumner Strait) commercial drift gillnet fishery, 1985-2002.

| Year | Alaska | Canada | Stikine |  |  |  | Tahltan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Tahltan | Tuya | Mainstem | Total | Wild | Planted |
| Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.480 | 0.401 | 0.109 |  | 0.010 | 0.119 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.662 | 0.308 | 0.024 |  | 0.006 | 0.030 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.816 | 0.166 | 0.015 |  | 0.003 | 0.018 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.868 | 0.112 | 0.019 |  | 0.001 | 0.020 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.653 | 0.303 | 0.009 |  | 0.036 | 0.044 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.579 | 0.395 | 0.008 |  | 0.018 | 0.026 |  |  |
| 1991 | 0.460 | 0.377 | 0.129 |  | 0.034 | 0.163 |  |  |
| 1992 | 0.582 | 0.241 | 0.088 |  | 0.089 | 0.177 |  |  |
| 1993 | 0.369 | 0.327 | 0.134 |  | 0.169 | 0.304 |  |  |
| 1994 | 0.531 | 0.271 | 0.166 |  | 0.032 | 0.198 | 0.127 | 0.040 |
| 1995 | 0.287 | 0.565 | 0.099 | 0.001 | 0.048 | 0.149 | 0.049 | 0.051 |
| 1996 | 0.479 | 0.245 | 0.228 | 0.039 | 0.009 | 0.276 | 0.203 | 0.025 |
| 1997 | 0.538 | 0.269 | 0.079 | 0.101 | 0.014 | 0.193 | 0.056 | 0.023 |
| 1998 | 0.550 | 0.337 | 0.017 | 0.096 | 0.000 | 0.113 | 0.014 | 0.003 |
| 1999 | 0.618 | 0.101 | 0.074 | 0.079 | 0.128 | 0.281 | 0.070 | 0.004 |
| 2000 | 0.611 | 0.223 | 0.028 | 0.116 | 0.023 | 0.167 | 0.024 | 0.004 |
| 2001 | 0.493 | 0.336 | 0.032 | 0.112 | 0.028 | 0.171 | 0.017 | 0.015 |


| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $85-01$ | 0.563 | 0.293 | 0.074 | 0.078 | 0.038 | 0.144 |  |  |
| $92-01$ | 0.506 | 0.291 | 0.094 | 0.078 | 0.054 | 0.203 | 0.070 | 0.020 |
| 2002 | 0.730 | 0.101 | 0.049 | 0.087 | 0.034 | 0.169 | 0.031 | 0.017 |


| Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1985 | 82,563 | 68,962 | 18,801 | 1,762 | 20,563 |  |  |
| 1986 | 56,462 | 26,214 | 2,070 | 501 | 2,571 |  |  |
| 1987 | 64,582 | 13,170 | 1,155 | 258 | 1,413 |  |  |
| 1988 | 49,776 | 6,426 | 1,071 | 64 | 1,135 |  |  |
| 1989 | 70,436 | 32,663 | 957 |  | 3,830 | 4,787 |  |
| 1990 | 60,795 | 41,415 | 801 |  | 1,911 | 2,712 |  |
| 1991 | 41,123 | 33,644 | 11,541 | 3,048 | 14,588 |  |  |
| 1992 | 85,364 | 35,277 | 12,961 |  | 13,005 | 25,967 |  |
| 1993 | 47,970 | 42,450 | 17,446 |  | 21,992 | 39,438 |  |
| 1994 | 83,692 | 42,620 | 26,164 |  | 5,050 | 31,214 | 19,934 |
| 1995 | 38,343 | 75,505 | 13,292 | 125 | 6,448 | 19,865 | 6,514 |
| 1996 | 107,193 | 54,823 | 50,924 | 8,731 | 2,113 | 61,768 | 45,340 |
| 1997 | 63,827 | 31,892 | 9,327 | 11,937 | 1,692 | 22,956 | 6,594 |
| 1998 | 43,479 | 26,661 | 1,326 | 7,555 | 31 | 8,912 | 1,125 |
| 1999 | 45,335 | 7,420 | 5,425 | 5,786 | 9,412 | 20,623 | 5,159 |
| 2000 | 35,327 | 12,875 | 1,617 | 6,727 | 1,317 | 9,661 | 263 |
| 2001 | 48,906 | 33,309 | 3,164 | 11,063 | 2,777 | 17,004 | 1,363 |
| 1,723 | 254 |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $85-01$ | 60,304 | 34,431 | 10,473 | 7,418 | 4,424 | 17,952 |  |  |
| $92-01$ | 59,944 | 36,283 | 14,165 | 7,418 | 6,384 | 25,741 | 10,969 | 2,936 |
| 2002 | 28,487 | 3,928 | 1,896 | 3,394 | 1,325 | 6,615 | 1,216 | 680 |

Appendix B. 5. Salmon catch and effort in the Alaskan Subdistrict 106-30 (Clarence Strait) commercial drift gillnet fishery, 1960-2002.

| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Permit Days | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Days } \\ & \text { Open } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum |  |  |
| 1960 | 22 | 1,349 | 59 | 143 | 140 | 118 | 13 |
| 1961 | 341 | 11,126 | 13,083 | 97,801 | 54,822 | 1,378 | 57 |
| 1962 | 1,177 | 27,341 | 35,728 | 210,633 | 49,575 | 3,882 | 52 |
| 1963 | 1,250 | 35,462 | 36,376 | 379,093 | 39,723 | 3,278 | 51 |
| 1964 | 1,766 | 23,598 | 37,316 | 259,684 | 21,305 | 3,039 | 49 |
| 1965 | 1,123 | 29,013 | 45,158 | 463,577 | 11,895 | 2,849 | 51 |
| 1966 | 975 | 24,126 | 32,031 | 304,645 | 16,521 | 2,898 | 74 |
| 1967 | 650 | 26,237 | 7,097 | 39,325 | 6,744 | 1,048 | 27 |
| 1968 | 306 | 14,459 | 21,040 | 87,095 | 22,365 | 1,968 | 52 |
| 1969 | 270 | 24,060 | 4,186 | 104,998 | 4,510 | 1,026 | 31 |
| 1970 | 365 | 15,966 | 20,317 | 65,790 | 14,139 | 1,025 | 41 |
| 1971 | 665 | 19,211 | 23,358 | 244,236 | 18,351 | 1,517 | 50 |
| 1972 | 826 | 26,593 | 32,600 | 48,823 | 25,871 | 1,276 | 41 |
| 1973 | 391 | 16,741 | 13,526 | 143,324 | 25,243 | 1,303 | 26 |
| 1974 | 584 | 10,586 | 16,762 | 47,107 | 12,264 | 712 | 28 |
| 1975 | 2,120 | 12,732 | 26,312 | 173,675 | 16,206 | 1,159 | 9 |
| 1976 | 147 | 6,162 | 8,759 | 119,188 | 4,567 | 527 | 21 |
| 1977 | 469 | 19,615 | 6,582 | 368,069 | 9,060 | 940 | 21 |
| 1978 |  | 40,152 | 28,816 | 215,169 | 13,403 | 1,148 | 16 |
| 1979 | 2,262 | 31,566 | 15,996 | 471,817 | 18,691 | 1,848 | 25 |
| 1980 | 375 | 58,988 | 5,772 | 28,594 | 11,115 | 749 | 25 |
| 1981 | 967 | 49,708 | 9,453 | 217,379 | 8,614 | 1,321 | 26 |
| 1982 | 1,000 | 72,235 | 10,288 | 15,141 | 6,755 | 647 | 21 |
| 1983 | 299 | 20,689 | 21,234 | 133,943 | 7,143 | 589 | 37 |
| 1984 | 756 | 64,281 | 22,235 | 243,448 | 41,797 | 1,236 | 24 |
| 1985 | 1,149 | 92,899 | 40,611 | 265,574 | 24,107 | 1,372 | 36 |
| 1986 | 1,283 | 60,462 | 90,584 | 203,137 | 33,818 | 1,664 | 31 |
| 1987 | 395 | 57,262 | 16,758 | 126,423 | 16,148 | 799 | 20 |
| 1988 | 652 | 35,192 | 6,754 | 58,665 | 27,410 | 682 | 19 |
| 1989 | 963 | 84,848 | 36,714 | 683,150 | 27,195 | 1,583 | 34 |
| 1990 | 1,349 | 80,883 | 69,709 | 234,643 | 30,758 | 1,676 | 34 |
| 1991 | 1,211 | 54,749 | 61,170 | 69,232 | 39,195 | 1,505 | 39 |
| 1992 | 612 | 56,547 | 108,050 | 55,765 | 39,802 | 1,603 | 40 |
| 1993 | 534 | 76,096 | 96,136 | 240,974 | 37,606 | 1,646 | 38 |
| 1994 | 298 | 53,522 | 76,167 | 113,769 | 50,200 | 1,606 | 43 |
| 1995 | 288 | 73,585 | 60,948 | 294,159 | 110,709 | 1,422 | 34 |
| 1996 | 157 | 87,316 | 64,321 | 117,415 | 120,418 | 1,580 | 39 |
| 1997 | 246 | 49,843 | 24,633 | 374,432 | 85,844 | 1,329 | 38 |
| 1998 | 184 | 34,383 | 98,073 | 306,252 | 131,130 | 1,522 | 43 |
| 1999 | 121 | 31,500 | 73,179 | 213,522 | 163,560 | 1,766 | 49 |
| 2000 | 662 | 32,213 | 41,975 | 76,605 | 79,725 | 934 | 33 |
| 2001 | 541 | 64,794 | 54,509 | 479,945 | 114,645 | 1,573 | 50 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-01 | 766 | 40,669 | 36,057 | 199,913 | 37,931 | 1,470 | 35.4 |
| 92-01 | 364 | 55,980 | 69,799 | 227,284 | 93,364 | 1,498 | 40.7 |
| 2002 | 230 | 17,105 | 62,833 | 41,865 | 41,208 | 896 | 47.0 |

Appendix B. 6. Stock proportions and catches of sockeye salmon in the Alaskan Subdistrict 106-30
(Clarence Strait) commercial drift gillnet fishery, 1985-2002.

| Year | Alaska | Canada | Stikine |  |  |  | Tahltan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Tahltan | Tuya M | Mainstem | Total | Wild | Planted |
| Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.477 | 0.453 | 0.056 |  | 0.013 | 0.070 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.726 | 0.272 | 0.000 |  | 0.002 | 0.002 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.844 | 0.140 | 0.004 |  | 0.012 | 0.016 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.883 | 0.095 | 0.021 |  | 0.000 | 0.021 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.662 | 0.322 | 0.002 |  | 0.015 | 0.016 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.645 | 0.340 | 0.001 |  | 0.013 | 0.015 |  |  |
| 1991 | 0.683 | 0.257 | 0.052 |  | 0.008 | 0.060 |  |  |
| 1992 | 0.630 | 0.211 | 0.022 |  | 0.138 | 0.159 |  |  |
| 1993 | 0.451 | 0.357 | 0.036 |  | 0.156 | 0.192 |  |  |
| 1994 | 0.718 | 0.207 | 0.069 |  | 0.006 | 0.075 | 0.055 | 0.015 |
| 1995 | 0.370 | 0.551 | 0.047 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.079 | 0.036 | 0.010 |
| 1996 | 0.665 | 0.326 | 0.008 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.006 | 0.002 |
| 1997 | 0.668 | 0.276 | 0.009 | 0.026 | 0.021 | 0.056 | -0.006 | 0.015 |
| 1998 | 0.710 | 0.237 | 0.010 | 0.043 | 0.000 | 0.053 | 0.010 | 0.000 |
| 1999 | 0.795 | 0.072 | 0.018 | 0.020 | 0.095 | 0.133 | 0.017 | 0.001 |
| 2000 | 0.702 | 0.252 | 0.007 | 0.027 | 0.012 | 0.046 | 0.007 | 0.000 |
| 2001 | 0.574 | 0.327 | 0.049 | 0.029 | 0.021 | 0.099 | 0.047 | 0.002 |
| Average |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-01 | 0.659 | 0.276 | 0.024 | 0.021 | 0.032 | 0.065 |  |  |
| 92-01 | 0.628 | 0.282 | 0.027 | 0.021 | 0.048 | 0.090 | 0.021 | 0.006 |
| 2002 | 0.824 | 0.091 | 0.009 | 0.039 | 0.037 | 0.085 | 0.009 | 0.000 |
| Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 44,351 | 42,053 | 5,244 |  | 1,251 | 6,495 |  |  |
| 1986 | 43,875 | 16,471 | 11 |  | 105 | 116 |  |  |
| 1987 | 48,311 | 8,020 | 221 |  | 710 | 931 |  |  |
| 1988 | 31,092 | 3,358 | 742 |  | 0 | 742 |  |  |
| 1989 | 56,167 | 27,296 | 154 |  | 1,231 | 1,385 |  |  |
| 1990 | 52,188 | 27,506 | 114 |  | 1,075 | 1,189 |  |  |
| 1991 | 37,410 | 14,063 | 2,823 |  | 453 | 3,277 |  |  |
| 1992 | 35,613 | 11,930 | 1,226 |  | 7,778 | 9,004 |  |  |
| 1993 | 34,330 | 27,167 | 2,758 |  | 11,841 | 14,599 |  |  |
| 1994 | 38,426 | 11,063 | 3,712 |  | 321 | 4,033 | 2,923 | 789 |
| 1995 | 27,201 | 40,570 | 3,423 | 0 | 2,391 | 5,814 | 2,668 | 755 |
| 1996 | 58,028 | 28,448 | 674 | 90 | 76 | 840 | 486 | 188 |
| 1997 | 33,274 | 13,773 | 437 | 1,295 | 1,064 | 2,796 | -313 | 750 |
| 1998 | 24,411 | 8,150 | 352 | 1,465 | 5 | 1,822 | 352 | 0 |
| 1999 | 25,028 | 2,276 | 563 | 641 | 2,992 | 4,196 | 541 | 22 |
| 2000 | 22,608 | 8,121 | 210 | 885 | 389 | 1,484 | 210 | 0 |
| 2001 | 37,172 | 21,203 | 3,175 | 1,902 | 1,342 | 6,419 | 3,024 | 151 |
| Average |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-01 | 38,205 | 18,322 | 1,520 |  | 1,943 | 3,832 |  |  |
| 92-01 | 33,609 | 17,270 | 1,653 | 897 | 2,820 | 5,101 | 1,236 | 332 |
| 2002 | 14,086 | 1,559 | 159 | 664 | 637 | 1,460 | 159 | 0 |

Appendix B. 7. Salmon catch and effort in the Alaskan District 108 commercial drift gillnet fishery, 1960-2002.

| Permit days are adjusted for boats which did not fish the entire opening and may total less than the sum of the permits times days open. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Permit Days | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Days } \\ & \text { Open } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Large non large |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1962 | 618 | 4,430 | 3,921 | 2,889 | 2,035 |  | 27 |
| 1963 | 1,430 | 9,979 | 11,612 | 10,198 | 11,024 |  | 53 |
| 1964 | 2,911 | 20,299 | 29,388 | 114,555 | 10,771 |  | 62 |
| 1965 | 3,106 | 21,419 | 8,301 | 4,729 | 2,480 |  | 48 |
| 1966 | 4,516 | 36,710 | 16,493 | 61,908 | 17,730 |  | 62 |
| 1967 | 6,372 | 29,226 | 6,747 | 4,713 | 5,955 |  | 40 |
| 1968 | 4,604 | 14,594 | 36,407 | 91,028 | 14,537 |  | 61 |
| 1969 | 5,021 | 19,209 | 5,790 | 11,877 | 2,311 | 967 | 46 |
| 1970 | 3,207 | 15,120 | 18,403 | 20,523 | 12,305 | 1,222 | 51 |
| 1971 | 3,717 | 18,143 | 14,876 | 21,806 | 4,665 | 1,070 | 57 |
| 1972 | 9,332 | 51,734 | 38,520 | 17,153 | 17,363 | 2,095 | 64 |
| 1973 | 9,254 | 21,387 | 5,837 | 6,585 | 6,680 | 1,519 | 39 |
| 1974 | 8,199 | 2,428 | 16,021 | 4,188 | 2,107 | 1,178 | 29 |
| 1975 | 1,534 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 258 | 8 |
| 1976 | 1,123 | 18 | 6,056 | 722 | 124 | 372 | 19 |
| 1977 | 1,443 | 48,374 | 14,405 | 16,253 | 4,233 | 742 | 23 |
| 1978 | 531 | 56 | 32,650 | 1,157 | 1,001 | 565 | 12 |
| 1979 | 91 | 2,158 | 234 | 13,478 | 1,064 | 94 | 5 |
| 1980 | 631 | 14,053 | 2,946 | 7,224 | 6,910 | 327 | 22 |
| 1981 | 283 | 8,833 | 1,403 | 1,466 | 3,594 | 177 | 9 |
| 1982 | 1,033 | 6,911 | 19,971 | 16,988 | 741 | 494 | 21 |
| 1983 | 47 | 178 | 15,369 | 4,171 | 675 | 263 | 17 |
| 1984 | 14 | 1,290 | 5,141 | 4,960 | 1,892 | 56 | 9 |
| 1985 | 20 | 1,060 | 1,926 | 5,325 | 1,892 | 70 | 14 |
| 1986 | 102 | 4,185 | 7,439 | 4,901 | 5,928 | 246 | 25 |
| 1987 | 149 | 1,629 | 1,015 | 3,343 | 949 | 81 | 13 |
| 1988 | 206 | 1,246 | 12 | 144 | 3,109 | 66 | 8 |
| 1989 | 310 | 10,083 | 4,261 | 27,640 | 3,375 | 216 | 28 |
| 1990 | 557 | 11,574 | 8,218 | 13,822 | 9,382 | 359 | 34 |
| 1991 | 1,504 | 22,275 | 15,864 | 10,935 | 11,402 | 643 | 49 |
| 1992 | 967 | 52,717 | 22,127 | 66,742 | 15,458 | 1,246 | 51 |
| 1993 | 1,628 | 76,874 | 14,307 | 39,661 | 22,504 | 1,569 | 48 |
| 1994 | 1,996 | 97,224 | 44,891 | 35,405 | 27,658 | 2,199 | 57 |
| 1995 | 1,702 | 76,756 | 17,834 | 37,788 | 54,296 | 1,729 | 50 |
| 1996 | 1,717 | 154,150 | 19,059 | 37,651 | 135,623 | 2,396 | 57 |
| 1997 | 2,566 | 93,039 | 2,140 | 65,745 | 38,913 | 1,699 | 44 |
| 1998 | 460 | 22,031 | 19,206 | 39,246 | 41,057 | 947 | 45 |
| 1999 | 1,049 | 36,548 | 28,437 | 48,550 | 117,196 | 1,675 | 54 |
| 2000 | 1,671 | 15,833 | 5,651 | 9,497 | 40,337 | 606 | 35 |
| 2001 | 7 | 610 | 10,731 | 11,012 | 5,397 | 377 | 36 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-01 | 2,141 | 25,610 | 13,340 | 22,399 | 16,617 | 860 | 35.7 |
| 92-01 | 1,376 | 62,578 | 18,438 | 39,130 | 49,844 | 1,484 | 47.6 |
| 2002 | 25 | 208 | 21,131 | 4,578 | 2,017 | 323 | 35.0 |

Appendix B.7. Page 2 of 2.

| Data based on scale pattern analysis. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Alaska | Canada | Stikine |  |  |  | Tahltan |  |
|  |  |  | Tahltan | Tuya M | Mainstem | Total | Wild | Planted |
| 1985 | 0.064 | 0.000 | 0.292 |  | 0.644 | 0.936 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.206 | 0.017 | 0.094 |  | 0.683 | 0.777 |  |  |
| $1987{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.125 | 0.000 | 0.438 |  | 0.437 | 0.875 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.213 | 0.039 | 0.178 |  | 0.571 | 0.749 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.117 | 0.054 | 0.034 |  | 0.795 | 0.829 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.395 | 0.128 | 0.111 |  | 0.366 | 0.477 |  |  |
| 1991 | 0.173 | 0.118 | 0.395 |  | 0.314 | 0.709 |  |  |
| 1992 | 0.163 | 0.051 | 0.258 |  | 0.528 | 0.786 |  |  |
| 1993 | 0.231 | 0.114 | 0.256 |  | 0.399 | 0.655 |  |  |
| 1994 | 0.326 | 0.208 | 0.362 |  | 0.103 | 0.466 | 0.246 | 0.116 |
| 1995 | 0.135 | 0.204 | 0.455 | 0.006 | 0.200 | 0.661 | 0.198 | 0.257 |
| 1996 | 0.102 | 0.082 | 0.622 | 0.069 | 0.125 | 0.816 | 0.552 | 0.070 |
| 1997 | 0.058 | 0.131 | 0.362 | 0.261 | 0.189 | 0.812 | 0.260 | 0.102 |
| 1998 | 0.115 | 0.108 | 0.189 | 0.244 | 0.343 | 0.777 | 0.182 | 0.008 |
| 1999 | 0.144 | 0.036 | 0.414 | 0.201 | 0.205 | 0.820 | 0.390 | 0.024 |
| 2000 | 0.204 | 0.128 | 0.132 | 0.261 | 0.275 | 0.669 | 0.100 | 0.032 |
| 2001 | 0.775 | 0.098 | 0.000 | 0.005 | 0.121 | 0.126 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-09 | 0.213 | 0.098 | 0.302 | 0.122 | 0.315 | 0.690 | 0.210 | 0.133 |
| 00-09 | 0.275 | 0.115 | 0.308 | 0.105 | 0.196 | 0.609 | 0.154 | 0.155 |
| 2010 | 0.067 | 0.067 | 0.475 | 0.216 | 0.174 | 0.865 | 0.332 | 0.142 |
| Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 68 | 0 | 310 |  | 683 | 992 |  |  |
| 1986 | 862 | 71 | 393 |  | 2,858 | 3,252 |  |  |
| 1987 | 204 | 0 | 714 |  | 712 | 1,425 |  |  |
| 1988 | 265 | 48 | 222 |  | 711 | 933 |  |  |
| 1989 | 1,180 | 545 | 341 |  | 8,017 | 8,358 |  |  |
| 1990 | 4,576 | 1,479 | 1,280 |  | 4,239 | 5,519 |  |  |
| 1991 | 3,859 | 2,622 | 8,807 |  | 6,987 | 15,794 |  |  |
| 1992 | 8,604 | 2,696 | 13,599 |  | 27,818 | 41,417 |  |  |
| 1993 | 17,758 | 8,742 | 19,688 |  | 30,686 | 50,374 |  |  |
| 1994 | 31,715 | 20,250 | 35,222 |  | 10,037 | 45,259 | 23,936 | 11,286 |
| 1995 | 10,374 | 15,641 | 34,950 | 461 | 15,330 | 50,741 | 15,224 | 19,726 |
| 1996 | 15,755 | 12,618 | 95,837 | 10,621 | 19,319 | 125,777 | 85,041 | 10,796 |
| 1997 | 5,381 | 12,152 | 33,644 | 24,288 | 17,574 | 75,506 | 24,144 | 9,500 |
| 1998 | 2,541 | 2,376 | 4,170 | 5,383 | 7,561 | 17,114 | 4,000 | 170 |
| 1999 | 5,255 | 1,313 | 15,134 | 7,360 | 7,486 | 29,980 | 14,258 | 876 |
| 2000 | 3,226 | 2,019 | 2,097 | 4,138 | 4,353 | 10,588 | 1,591 | 506 |
| 2001 | 473 | 60 | 0 | 3 | 74 | 77 | 0 | 0 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-01 | 6,594 | 4,861 | 15,671 | 7,465 | 9,673 | 28,418 |  |  |
| 92-01 | 10,108 | 7,787 | 25,434 | 7,465 | 14,024 | 44,683 | 21,024 | 6,608 |
| 2002 | 182 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

[^0]Appendix B. 8. Stock proportions and catches of sockeye salmon in the Alaskan District 108 commercial drift gillnet fishery, 1985-2002.

|  | Catch |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Boat } \\ \text { Hours } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinook |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year | Large non large | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum |  |
| Sub-district 106-41 (Sumner Strait) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 13 | 1,370 | 101 | 975 | 793 | 5.94 |
| 1985 | 16 | 4,345 | 301 | 3,230 | 746 | 6.51 |
| 1986 | 23 | 982 | 177 | 60 | 248 | 4.14 |
| 1987 | 24 | 2,659 | 799 | 4,117 | 741 | 21.17 |
| 1988 | 11 | 1,020 | 89 | 137 | 772 | 5.04 |
| 1989 | 11 | 2,043 | 275 | 6,069 | 856 | 2.51 |
| 1990 | 13 | 2,256 | 432 | 372 | 552 | 0.29 |


| 1994 | 0 | 12 | 1 | 0 | 16 | 0.46 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sub-district 106-30 (Clarence Strait) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 24 | 363 | 95 | 80 | 58 | 0.97 |
| 1987 | 1 | 899 | 589 | 1,705 | 467 | 16.00 |
| 1988 | 10 | 16 | 412 | 112 | 598 | 4.99 |
| 1989 | 4 | 37 | 464 | 431 | 329 |  |
| Total District 106 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 13 | 1,370 | 101 | 975 | 793 | 5.94 |
| 1985 | 16 | 4,345 | 301 | 3,230 | 746 | 6.51 |
| 1986 | 47 | 1,345 | 272 | 140 | 306 | 5.11 |
| 1987 | 25 | 3,558 | 1,388 | 5,822 | 1,208 | 37.17 |
| 1988 | 21 | 1,036 | 501 | 249 | 1,370 | 10.03 |
| 1989 | 15 | 2,080 | 739 | 6,500 | 1,185 | 2.51 |
| 1990 | 13 | 2,256 | 432 | 372 | 552 | 0.29 |
| 1994 | 0 | 12 | 1 | 0 | 16 | 0.46 |


| District 108 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1984 | 37 | 641 | 11 | 822 | 813 |  |
| 1985 | 33 | 1,258 | 11 | 465 | 381 | 2.99 |
| 1986 | 79 | 564 | 3 | 36 | 315 | 3.01 |
| 1987 | 30 | 290 | 13 | 1,957 | 488 | 3.20 |
| 1988 | 65 | 451 | 9 | 1,091 | 1,009 | 5.28 |
| 1989 | 15 | 1,038 | 45 | 2,459 | 283 | 2.64 |
| 1990 | 19 | 866 | 45 | 942 | 643 | 0.29 |
| 1991 | 21 | 893 | 18 | 390 | 455 | 6.46 |
| 1992 | 26 | 1,299 | 23 | 855 | 252 | 3.29 |
| 1993 | 30 | 303 | 0 | 18 | 31 | 1.88 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0 | 3,510 | 142 | 61 | 235 | 1.88 |
| 1999 | 29 | 4,801 | 217 | 429 | 1,368 | 1.88 |
| 2000 | 21 | 4,686 | 140 | 53 | 724 |  |

Appendix B. 9. Salmon catch in the Alaskan District 106 and 108 test fisheries, 1984-2002.
Table only includes years when test fisheries were operated and catches included sockeye salmon.
Data based on scale pattern analysis.

|  |  |  | Stikine |  |  | Tahltan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Alaska | Canada | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem | Total | Wild | Planted |


| Sub-district |  |  |  |  |  | 106-41 (Sumner Strait) Proportions |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 0.658 | 0.269 | 0.029 | 0.044 | 0.074 |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.480 | 0.401 | 0.109 | 0.010 | 0.119 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.834 | 0.149 | 0.008 | 0.009 | 0.017 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.816 | 0.166 | 0.015 | 0.003 | 0.018 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.868 | 0.098 | 0.034 | 0.000 | 0.034 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.624 | 0.304 | 0.017 | 0.056 | 0.072 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.548 | 0.416 | 0.014 | 0.022 | 0.035 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 0.500 | 0.250 | 0.250 | 0.000 | 0.250 | 0.167 | 0.083 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Sub-district 106-30 (Clarence Strait) Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1986 | 0.726 | 0.272 | 0.000 |  | 0.002 | 0.002 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.844 | 0.140 | 0.004 |  | 0.012 | 0.016 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.746 | 0.254 | 0.000 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.514 | 0.486 | 0.000 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 |  |  |
| District 106 Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 0.658 | 0.269 | 0.029 |  | 0.044 | 0.074 |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.480 | 0.401 | 0.109 |  | 0.010 | 0.119 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.805 | 0.182 | 0.006 |  | 0.007 | 0.013 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.823 | 0.160 | 0.012 |  | 0.006 | 0.017 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.867 | 0.100 | 0.033 |  | 0.000 | 0.033 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.622 | 0.307 | 0.016 |  | 0.055 | 0.071 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.548 | 0.416 | 0.014 |  | 0.022 | 0.035 |  |  |
| 1994 | 0.500 | 0.250 | 0.250 |  | 0.000 | 0.250 | 0.250 | 0.000 |
| District 108 Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.064 | 0.000 | 0.292 |  | 0.644 | 0.936 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.134 | 0.044 | 0.486 |  | 0.336 | 0.822 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.125 | 0.000 | 0.438 |  | 0.437 | 0.875 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.205 | 0.049 | 0.132 |  | 0.614 | 0.746 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.132 | 0.084 | 0.072 |  | 0.712 | 0.784 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.417 | 0.172 | 0.094 |  | 0.318 | 0.411 |  |  |
| 1991 | 0.128 | 0.128 | 0.494 |  | 0.251 | 0.745 |  |  |
| 1992 | 0.149 | 0.076 | 0.333 |  | 0.442 | 0.774 |  |  |
| 1993 | 0.168 | 0.109 | 0.475 |  | 0.248 | 0.719 |  |  |
| 1998 | 0.064 | 0.041 | 0.353 | 0.438 | 0.104 | 0.895 | 0.336 | 0.016 |
| 1999 | 0.162 | 0.019 | 0.481 | 0.298 | 0.041 | 0.820 | 0.453 | 0.028 |
| 2000 | 0.110 | 0.116 | 0.302 | 0.321 | 0.150 | 0.774 | 0.240 | 0.062 |

Appendix B. 10. Stock proportions of sockeye salmon in the Alaskan District 106 and 108 test fisheries, 1984-2002.
Table only includes years when test fisheries were operated and catches included sockeye salmon.
Data based on scale pattern analysis.

|  |  |  | Stikine |  |  | Tahltan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Alaska | Canada | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem | Total | Wild | Planted |


| Sub-district | 106-41 (Sumer Strait) Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1984 | 0.658 | 0.269 | 0.029 | 0.044 | 0.074 |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.480 | 0.401 | 0.109 | 0.010 | 0.119 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.834 | 0.149 | 0.008 | 0.009 | 0.017 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.816 | 0.166 | 0.015 | 0.003 | 0.018 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.868 | 0.098 | 0.034 | 0.000 | 0.034 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.624 | 0.304 | 0.017 | 0.056 | 0.072 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.548 | 0.416 | 0.014 | 0.022 | 0.035 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 0.500 | 0.250 | 0.250 | 0.000 | 0.250 | 0.167 | 0.083 |


| Sub-district 106-30 (Clarence Strait) Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1986 | 0.726 | 0.272 | 0.000 |  | 0.002 | 0.002 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.844 | 0.140 | 0.004 |  | 0.012 | 0.016 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.746 | 0.254 | 0.000 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.514 | 0.486 | 0.000 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 |  |  |
| District 106 Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 0.658 | 0.269 | 0.029 |  | 0.044 | 0.074 |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.480 | 0.401 | 0.109 |  | 0.010 | 0.119 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.805 | 0.182 | 0.006 |  | 0.007 | 0.013 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.823 | 0.160 | 0.012 |  | 0.006 | 0.017 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.867 | 0.100 | 0.033 |  | 0.000 | 0.033 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.622 | 0.307 | 0.016 |  | 0.055 | 0.071 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.548 | 0.416 | 0.014 |  | 0.022 | 0.035 |  |  |
| 1994 | 0.500 | 0.250 | 0.250 |  | 0.000 | 0.250 | 0.250 | 0.000 |
| District 108 Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 0.064 | 0.000 | 0.292 |  | 0.644 | 0.936 |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.134 | 0.044 | 0.486 |  | 0.336 | 0.822 |  |  |
| 1987 | 0.125 | 0.000 | 0.438 |  | 0.437 | 0.875 |  |  |
| 1988 | 0.205 | 0.049 | 0.132 |  | 0.614 | 0.746 |  |  |
| 1989 | 0.132 | 0.084 | 0.072 |  | 0.712 | 0.784 |  |  |
| 1990 | 0.417 | 0.172 | 0.094 |  | 0.318 | 0.411 |  |  |
| 1991 | 0.128 | 0.128 | 0.494 |  | 0.251 | 0.745 |  |  |
| 1992 | 0.149 | 0.076 | 0.333 |  | 0.442 | 0.774 |  |  |
| 1993 | 0.168 | 0.109 | 0.475 |  | 0.248 | 0.719 |  |  |
| 1998 | 0.064 | 0.041 | 0.353 | 0.438 | 0.104 | 0.895 | 0.336 | 0.016 |
| 1999 | 0.162 | 0.019 | 0.481 | 0.298 | 0.041 | 0.820 | 0.453 | 0.028 |
| 2000 | 0.110 | 0.116 | 0.302 | 0.321 | 0.150 | 0.774 | 0.240 | 0.062 |

Appendix B. 11. Stock specific catches of sockeye salmon in the Alaskan District 106 and 108 test fisheries, 1984-2002.
Table only includes years when test fisheries were operated and catches included sockeye salmon.
Data based on scale pattern analysis.

| Year | Alaska | Canada | Stikine |  |  | Tahltan |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Tahltan ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Tuya Mainstem | Total | Wild | Planted |
| Sub-district 106-41 (Sumner Strait) Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 901 | 368 | 40 | 61 | 101 |  |  |
| 1985 | 2,085 | 1,741 | 475 | 44 | 519 |  |  |
| 1986 | 819 | 146 | 8 | 9 | 17 |  |  |
| 1987 | 2,169 | 442 | 39 | 9 | 47 |  |  |
| 1988 | 886 | 100 | 35 | 0 | 35 |  |  |
| 1989 | 1,274 | 621 | 34 | 114 | 148 |  |  |
| 1990 | 1,237 | 939 | 31 | 49 | 80 |  |  |
| 1994 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 |  |  |


| Subdistrict |  |  |  |  | 106-30 (Clarence Strait) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Catches |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 263 | 99 | 0 |  |  |
| 1987 | 758 | 126 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| 1988 | 12 | 4 | 0 | 11 | 15 |
| 1989 | 19 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| District 106 Catches |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1984 | 901 | 368 | 40 | 61 | 101 |
| 1985 | 2,085 | 1,741 | 475 | 44 | 519 |
| 1986 | 1,082 | 245 | 8 | 9 | 17 |
| 1987 | 2,928 | 568 | 42 | 20 | 62 |
| 1988 | 898 | 104 | 35 | 0 | 35 |
| 1989 | 1,293 | 639 | 34 | 114 | 148 |
| 1990 | 1,237 | 939 | 31 | 49 | 80 |


| 1994 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| District 108 | Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 81 | 0 | 367 | 810 | 1,177 |  |  |
| 1986 | 76 | 25 | 274 | 190 | 464 |  |  |
| 1987 | 36 | 0 | 127 | 127 | 254 |  |  |
| 1988 | 93 | 22 | 59 | 277 | 336 |  |  |
| 1989 | 137 | 87 | 75 | 739 | 814 |  |  |
| 1990 | 361 | 149 | 81 | 275 | 356 |  |  |
| 1991 | 114 | 114 | 441 | 224 | 665 |  |  |
| 1992 | 194 | 99 | 432 | 574 | 1,006 |  |  |
| 1993 | 51 | 33 | 144 | 75 | 219 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,181 |
| 1998 | 224 | 145 | 1,238 | 1,538 | 365 | 3,141 | 57 |
| 1999 | 776 | 89 | 2,309 | 1,430 | 197 | 3,936 | 2,174 |
| 2000 | 516 | 544 | 1,416 | 1,505 | 705 | 3,626 | 1,125 |

Appendix B. 12. Salmon catch and effort in the Canadian commercial fishery in the lower Stikine River, 1979-2002.

| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinook |  | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Permit | Days |
|  | Large no | non large |  |  |  |  | Days |  |
| 1979 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 712 | 63 | 10,534 | 10,720 | 1,994 | 424 | 756.0 | 42.0 |
| $1980{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1,488 |  | 18,119 | 6,629 | 736 | 771 | 668.0 | 41.0 |
| $1981{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 664 |  | 21,551 | 2,667 | 3,713 | 1,128 | 522.0 | 32.0 |
| $1982^{\text {b }}$ | 1,693 |  | 15,397 | 15,904 | 1,782 | 722 | 1,063.0 | 71.0 |
| 1983 | 492 | 430 | 15,857 | 6,170 | 1,043 | 274 | 434.0 | 54.0 |
| 1984 | no commercial fishery. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 256 | 91 | 17,093 | 2,172 | 2,321 | 532 | 145.5 | 22.5 |
| 1986 | 806 | 365 | 12,411 | 2,278 | 107 | 295 | 239.0 | 13.5 |
| 1987 | 909 | 242 | 6,138 | 5,728 | 646 | 432 | 287.0 | 20.0 |
| 1988 | 1,007 | 201 | 12,766 | 2,112 | 418 | 730 | 320.0 | 26.5 |
| 1989 | 1,537 | 157 | 17,179 | 6,092 | 825 | 674 | 325.0 | 23.0 |
| 1990 | 1,569 | 680 | 14,530 | 4,020 | 496 | 499 | 328.0 | 29.0 |
| 1991 | 641 | 318 | 17,563 | 2,638 | 394 | 208 | 282.4 | 39.0 |
| 1992 | 873 | 89 | 21,031 | 1,850 | 122 | 231 | 235.4 | 55.0 |
| 1993 | 830 | 164 | 38,464 | 2,616 | 29 | 395 | 483.8 | 58.0 |
| 1994 | 1,016 | 158 | 38,462 | 3,377 | 89 | 173 | 430.1 | 74.0 |
| 1995 | 1,067 | 599 | 45,622 | 3,418 | 48 | 256 | 534.0 | 59.0 |
| 1996 | 1,708 | 221 | 66,262 | 1,402 | 25 | 229 | 439.2 | 81.0 |
| 1997 | 3,283 | 186 | 56,995 | 401 | 269 | 222 | 569.4 | 89.0 |
| 1998 | 1,614 | 328 | 37,310 | 726 | 55 | 13 | 374.0 | 46.5 |
| 1999 | 2,127 | 789 | 32,556 | 181 | 11 | 8 | 261.3 | 31.0 |
| 2000 | 1,970 | 240 | 20,472 | 298 | 181 | 144 | 227.0 | 23.3 |
| 2001 | 826 | 59 | 19,872 | 233 | 78 | 56 | 173.0 | 23.0 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79-01c | 1,252 | 295 | 25,281 | 3,711 | 699 | 383 | 414 | 43.3 |
| 92-01 | 1,531 | 283 | 37,705 | 1,450 | 91 | 173 | 373 | 54.0 |
| 2002 | 433 | 209 | 10,420 | 82 | 19 | 33 | 169.0 | 21.0 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ The lower river commercial catch in 1979 includes the upper river commercial catch.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ All Chinook combined
${ }^{\text {c Chinook averages only since }} 1983$ when large fish and jacks were recorded separately.

Appendix B. 13. Sockeye salmon stock proportions and catch by stock in the Canadian commercial fishery in the lower Stikine River, 1979-2002.

| Year | Proportions |  |  | Planted <br> Tahltan | Catch |  |  | Tahltan |  | Stock Id Method | Fishery Timing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Tahltan | Tuya | ainstem |  | Tahltan | Tuya | ainstem | Wild | Planted |  |  |
| 1979 | 0.433 |  | 0.567 |  | 4,561 |  | 5,973 |  |  | circuli counts |  |
| 1980 | 0.309 |  | 0.691 |  | 5,599 |  | 12,520 |  |  | circuli counts |  |
| 1981 | 0.476 |  | 0.524 |  | 10,258 |  | 11,293 |  |  | circuli counts |  |
| 1982 | 0.624 |  | 0.376 |  | 9,608 |  | 5,789 |  |  | circuli counts |  |
| 1983 | 0.422 |  | 0.578 |  | 6,692 |  | 9,165 |  |  | circuli counts |  |
| $1984{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | SPA |  |
| 1985 | 0.623 |  | 0.377 |  | 10,649 |  | 6,444 |  |  | SPA |  |
| 1986 | 0.489 |  | 0.511 |  | 6,069 |  | 6,342 |  |  | SPA\&GPA |  |
| 1987 | 0.225 |  | 0.775 |  | 1,380 |  | 4,758 |  |  | SPA\&GPA |  |
| 1988 | 0.161 |  | 0.839 |  | 2,062 |  | 10,704 |  |  | SPA\&GPA |  |
| 1989 | 0.164 |  | 0.836 |  | 2,813 |  | 14,366 |  |  | Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1990 | 0.346 |  | 0.654 |  | 5,029 |  | 9,501 |  |  | Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1991 | 0.634 |  | 0.366 |  | 11,136 |  | 6,427 |  |  | Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1992 | 0.482 |  | 0.518 |  | 10,134 |  | 10,897 |  |  | Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1993 | 0.537 |  | 0.463 |  | 20,662 |  | 17,802 |  |  | Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1994 | 0.616 |  | 0.384 |  | 23,678 |  | 14,784 |  |  | Eggs \&TMR | commercia |
| 1995 | 0.676 | 0.020 | 0.304 | 0.195 | 30,848 | 893 | 13,881 | 21,936 | 8,912 | Eggs \&TMR | commercia |
| 1996 | 0.537 | 0.113 | 0.350 | 0.066 | 35,584 | 7,465 | 23,213 | 31,197 | 4,387 | Eggs \&TMR | commercia |
| 1997 | 0.356 | 0.272 | 0.372 | 0.072 | 20,269 | 15,513 | 21,213 | 16,175 | 4,094 | Eggs \&TMR | commercia |
| 1998 | 0.335 | 0.352 | 0.313 | 0.020 | 12,498 | 13,137 | 11,675 | 11,751 |  | Eggs \&TMR | commercia |
| 1999 | 0.576 | 0.241 | 0.183 | 0.021 | 18,742 | 7,862 | 5,952 | 18,046 |  | Eggs \&TMR | commercia |
| 2000 | 0.252 | 0.397 | 0.350 | 0.039 | 5,165 | 8,136 | 7,171 | 4,364 |  | Eggs \&TMR | commercia |
| 2001 | 0.175 | 0.226 | 0.599 | 0.032 | 3,482 | 4,483 | 11,907 | 2,850 | 632 | Eggs \&TMR | test |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79-01 | 0.429 |  | 0.497 |  | 11,678 |  | 10,990 |  |  |  |  |
| 92-01 | 0.454 | 0.232 | 0.384 | 0.064 | 18,106 | 8,213 | 13,850 | 15,188 | 2,896 |  |  |
| 2002 | 0.320 | 0.128 | 0.552 | 0.074 | 3,335 | 1,335 | 5,750 | 2,559 | 776 | Eggs \&TMR | test |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ There was no commercial fishery in 1984.

Appendix B. 14. Salmon catch and effort in the Canadian commercial fishery in the upper Stikine River, 1975-2002.

| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Permit Days | Days |
|  | Large non large |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 | 178 | 270 | 45 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| 1976 | 236 | 733 | 13 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| $1977{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 62 | 1,975 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| $1978{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 100 | 1,500 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| $1979{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 156 | 700 | 40 | 20 | 0 |  |  |
| 1981 | 154 | 769 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11.0 | 5.0 |
| 1982 | 76 | 195 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8.0 | 4.0 |
| 1983 | 75 | 614 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 10.0 | 8.0 |
| 1984 | no commercial fishery. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 62 | 1,084 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14.0 | 6.0 |
| 1986 | 104 41 | 815 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19.0 | 7.0 |
| 1987 | 10919 | 498 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 20.0 | 7.0 |
| 1988 | 175 46 | 348 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21.5 | 6.5 |
| 1989 | $54 \quad 17$ | 493 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14.0 | 7.0 |
| 1990 | $48 \quad 20$ | 472 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15.0 | 7.0 |
| 1991 | 117 32 | 761 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13.0 | 6.0 |
| 1992 | 5619 | 822 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28.0 | 13.0 |
| 1993 | $44 \quad 2$ | 1,692 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 48.0 | 22.0 |
| 1994 | 76 1 | 2,466 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 68.0 | 50.0 |
| 1995 | $9 \quad 17$ | 2,355 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54.0 | 25.0 |
| 1996 | $41 \quad 44$ | 1,101 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 75.0 | 59.0 |
| 1997 | $45 \quad 6$ | 2,199 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42.0 | 29.0 |
| 1998 | 120 | 907 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19.0 | 19.0 |
| 1999 | $24 \quad 12$ | 625 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19.0 | 18.0 |
| 2000 | $7 \quad 2$ | 889 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19.8 | 9.3 |
| 2001 | $0 \quad 0$ | 487 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6.0 | 4.0 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $75-01{ }^{\text {c }}$ | $58 \quad 17$ | 991 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 26 | 15.6 |
| 92-01 | $31 \quad 10$ | 1,354 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 24.8 |
| 2002 | 23 | 484 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12.0 | 9.0 |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ All Chinook combined.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ In 1979 the lower and upper river commercial fishery catches were combined
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Chinook averages only since 1986 when large fish and jacks were recorded separately.

Appendix B. 15. Salmon catch in the Canadian Aboriginal fishery located at Telegraph Creek, on the Stikine River, 1972-2002.


| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $72-01^{\text {a }}$ | 853 | 208 | 4,389 | 14 | 13 | 2 |
| $92-01$ | 806 | 195 | 5,622 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 2002 | 927 | 366 | 6,390 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Chinook averages only since 1983 when large fish and jacks
were recorded separately.

Appendix B. 16. Stock specific sockeye salmon catches in the Canadian upper river commercial and Aboriginal fisheries in the Stikine River, 1972-2002.

| Year | Upper River Commercial |  |  |  |  | Aboriginal Fishery |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Tahltan |  | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Tahltan |  |
|  |  |  |  | Wild | Planted |  |  |  | Wild | Planted |
| 1972 |  |  |  |  |  | 3,936 |  | 437 |  |  |
| 1973 |  |  |  |  |  | 3,303 |  | 367 |  |  |
| 1974 |  |  |  |  |  | 3,150 |  | 350 |  |  |
| 1975 | 243 |  | 27 |  |  | 1,784 |  | 198 |  |  |
| 1976 | 660 |  | 73 |  |  | 2,620 |  | 291 |  |  |
| 1977 | 1,778 |  | 198 |  |  | 3,902 |  | 434 |  |  |
| 1978 | 1,350 |  | 150 |  |  | 3,150 |  | 350 |  |  |
| $1979^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 2,700 |  | 300 |  |  |
| 1980 | 630 |  | 70 |  |  | 1,890 |  | 210 |  |  |
| 1981 | 692 |  | 77 |  |  | 4,227 |  | 470 |  |  |
| 1982 | 176 |  | 20 |  |  | 4,453 |  | 495 |  |  |
| 1983 | 553 |  | 61 |  |  | 4,184 |  | 465 |  |  |
| $1984{ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 4,794 |  | 533 |  |  |
| 1985 | 976 |  | 108 |  |  | 6,558 |  | 729 |  |  |
| 1986 | 734 |  | 82 |  |  | 3,787 |  | 421 |  |  |
| 1987 | 448 |  | 50 |  |  | 2,681 |  | 298 |  |  |
| 1988 | 313 |  | 35 |  |  | 1,959 |  | 218 |  |  |
| 1989 | 444 |  | 49 |  |  | 2,124 |  | 236 |  |  |
| 1990 | 425 |  | 47 |  |  | 2,720 |  | 302 |  |  |
| 1991 | 685 |  | 76 |  |  | 3,995 |  | 444 |  |  |
| 1992 | 740 |  | 82 |  |  | 3,988 |  | 443 |  |  |
| 1993 | 1,523 |  | 169 |  |  | 6,337 |  | 704 |  |  |
| 1994 | 2,219 |  | 247 | 1,904 | 315 | 3,750 |  | 417 | 3,217 | 533 |
| 1995 | 2,120 | 60 | 176 | 1,508 | 612 | 4,941 | 139 | 410 | 3,514 | 1,427 |
| 1996 | 945 | 150 | 6 | 824 | 121 | 5,802 | 972 | 144 | 4,931 | 871 |
| 1997 | 1,152 | 834 | 213 | 914 | 238 | 3,318 | 2,403 | 644 | 2,631 | 687 |
| 1998 | 363 | 517 | 27 | 336 | 27 | 2,352 | 3,103 | 131 | 2,227 | 125 |
| 1999 | 359 | 206 | 60 | 356 | 3 | 3,038 | 1,423 | 413 | 2,903 | 135 |
| 2000 | 224 | 581 | 84 | 224 | 0 | 1,733 | 3,989 | 385 | 1,681 | 52 |
| 2001 | 213 | 229 | 45 | 148 | 65 | 1,795 | 2,939 | 507 | 1,454 | 341 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79-01 | 798 |  | 89 |  | 173 | 3,503 |  | 392 |  |  |
| 92-01 | 986 | 368 | 111 | 777 | 173 | 3,705 | 2,138 | 420 | 2,820 | 521 |
| 2002 | 182 | 240 | 62 | 140 | 42 | 2,697 | 3,155 | 538 | 2,092 | 605 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Catches in 1979 were included in the lower river commercial catches.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ There was no commercial fishery in 1984.

Appendix B. 17. Salmon catch in the combined Canadian net fisheries in the Stikine River, 1972-2002.
There was no commercial fishery in 1984.
Chinook averages only since 1983 when large and small fish were recorded separately.
ESSR catches not included.

| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum Steelhead |  |
|  | Large non large |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1972 | 0 | 4,373 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1973 | 200 | 3,670 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1974 | 100 | 3,500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1975 | 1,202 | 2,252 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1976 | 1,160 | 3,644 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1977 | 162 | 6,310 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1978 | 500 | 5,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1979 | 1,562 63 | 13,534 | 10,720 | 1,994 | 424 | 264 |
| 1980 | 2,231 | 20,919 | 6,769 | 756 | 771 | 362 |
| 1981 | 1,404 | 27,017 | 2,867 | 3,857 | 1,128 | 284 |
| 1982 | 2,387 | 20,540 | 15,944 | 1,842 | 722 | 828 |
| 1983 | 1,418 645 | 21,120 | 6,173 | 1,120 | 304 | 714 |
| 1984 | 643 59 | 5,327 | 1 | 62 | 0 | 2 |
| 1985 | 1,111 185 | 25,464 | 2,175 | 2,356 | 536 | 240 |
| 1986 | 1,936 975 | 17,434 | 2,280 | 107 | 307 | 194 |
| 1987 | 2,201 444 | 9,615 | 5,731 | 646 | 459 | 219 |
| 1988 | 2,360 444 | 15,291 | 2,117 | 418 | 733 | 261 |
| 1989 | 2,669 289 | 20,032 | 6,098 | 825 | 674 | 127 |
| 1990 | 2,250 959 | 18,024 | 4,037 | 496 | 499 | 199 |
| 1991 | 1,511 660 | 22,763 | 2,648 | 394 | 208 | 71 |
| 1992 | 1,840 239 | 26,284 | 1,855 | 122 | 231 | 132 |
| 1993 | 1,803 308 | 47,197 | 2,616 | 29 | 395 | 67 |
| 1994 | 1,790 350 | 45,095 | 3,381 | 90 | 173 | 84 |
| 1995 | 1,646 860 | 53,467 | 3,418 | 48 | 263 | 270 |
| 1996 | 2,471 421 | 74,281 | 1,404 | 25 | 232 | 183 |
| 1997 | 4,483 286 | 65,559 | 401 | 269 | 222 | 33 |
| 1998 | 2,164 423 | 43,803 | 726 | 55 | 13 | 209 |
| 1999 | 2,916 1,264 | 38,055 | 181 | 11 | 8 | 14 |
| 2000 | 3,086 628 | 27,468 | 301 | 181 | 144 | 103 |
| 2001 | 1,491 103 | 25,600 | 233 | 78 | 56 | 30 |
| 2002 | 1,362 578 | 17,294 | 82 | 19 | 33 | 17 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 72-01 | 2,289 541 | 23,755 | 2,738 | 526 | 283 | 163 |
| 92-01 | 2,369 488 | 44,681 | 1,452 | 91 | 174 | 113 |
| 2002 | 1,362 578 | 17,294 | 82 | 19 | 33 | 17 |

Appendix B. 18. Salmon catches in the Stikine River harvested under Canadian ESSR licenses, 1992-

| 2002. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Tuya Area |  |  |  | Total |
| Year | Catch |  |  | Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem | Tahltan |  |  |
|  | Total | Wild | Planted |  |  | Wild | Planted |  |
| 1993 | 1,752 | 1,714 | 38 |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 1994 | 6,852 | 5,682 | 1,170 |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 1995 | 10,740 | 6,680 | 4,060 |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 1996 | 14,339 | 12,667 | 1,672 |  | 216 |  |  | 216 |
| 1997 |  |  |  |  | 2,015 |  |  | 2,015 |
| 1998 |  |  |  |  | 6,103 |  |  | 6,103 |
| 1999 |  |  |  |  | 2,822 |  |  | 2,822 |
| 2000 |  |  |  |  | 1,283 |  |  | 1,283 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |

Salmon taken for otolith samples when ESSR not operated.

| 1997 | 378 | 302 | 76 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1998 | 390 | 364 | 26 |  |
| 1999 | 429 | 404 | 25 |  |
| 2000 | 406 | 324 | 82 | 410 |
| 2001 | 50 | 30 | 20 | 501 |
| 2002 | 400 | 285 | 115 |  |

Appendix B. 19. Salmon catches and effort in Canadian test fisheries in the Stikine River, 1985-2002.

| Year | Catches |  |  |  |  |  | Effort <br> Drift=\# <br> Set=hr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Large | Chinook released non large | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum Steelhead |  |
| Drift Test Fishery Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 27 | 12 | 412 | 226 | 8 | 250 | 405 |
| $1987{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 128 |  | 385 | 162 | 111 | $61 \quad 0$ | 845 |
| 1988 | 168 | 14 | 325 | 75 | 9 | $33 \quad 7$ | 720 |
| 1989 | 116 | 4 | 364 | 242 | 41 | 46 5 | 870 |
| 1990 | 167 | 6 | 447 | 134 | 5 | $29 \quad 6$ | 673 |
| 1991 | 90 | 1 | 503 | 118 | 37 | $30 \quad 3$ | 509 |
| 1992 | 135 | 27 | 393 | 75 | 13 | $23 \quad 7$ | 312 |
| 1993 | 94 | 11 | 440 | 37 | 6 | $18 \quad 7$ | 304 |
| 1994 | 43 | 4 | 179 | 71 | 6 | $20 \quad 7$ | 175 |
| 1995 | 18 | 13 | 297 | 35 | 4 | 12 4 | 285 |
| 1996 | 42 | 5 | 262 | 55 | 4 | 5510 | 245 |
| 1997 | 30 | 7 | 245 | 11 | 9 | $15 \quad 2$ | 210 |
| 1998 | 25 | 11 | 190 | 207 | 20 | $40 \quad 24$ | 820 |
| 1999 | 53 | 43 | 410 | 312 | 11 | $17 \quad 25$ | 1,006 |
| 2000 | 59 | 4 | 374 | 60 | 9 | $45 \quad 23$ | 694 |
| 2001 | 128 | 3 | 967 | 257 | 74 | $47 \quad 27$ | 883 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-01 | 83 | 11 | 387 | 130 | 23 | $32 \quad 10$ | 560 |
| 92-01 | 63 | 13 | 376 | 112 | 16 | $29 \quad 14$ | 493 |
| 2002 | 63 | 50 | 744 | 306 | 14 | $31 \quad 20$ | 898 |


| Set Test Fishery Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1985 |  |  | 1,340 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1987{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 61 |  | 1,283 | 620 | 587 | 193 | 0 | 1,456 |
| 1988 | 101 | 15 | 922 | 130 | 23 | 65 | 14 | 1,380 |
| 1989 | 101 | 20 | 1,243 | 502 | 249 | 103 | 17 | 1,392 |
| 1990 | 64 | 12 | 1,493 | 271 | 42 | 48 | 18 | 1,212 |
| 1991 | 77 | 15 | 1,872 | 127 | 197 | 48 | 1 | 1,668 |
| 1992 | 62 | 21 | 1,971 | 193 | 56 | 43 | 19 | 1,249 |
| 1993 | 85 | 11 | 1,384 | 136 | 6 | 63 | 6 | 1,224 |
| 1994 | 74 | 34 | 414 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 456 |
| 1995 | 61 | 35 | 850 | 166 | 5 | 41 | 14 | 888 |
| 1996 | 64 | 40 | 338 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 312 |
| 1997 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 49 | 16 | 803 | 64 | 6 | 10 | 11 | 1,577 |
| 2000 | 87 | 0 | 1,015 | 181 | 25 | 120 | 27 | 3,715 |
| 2001 | 56 | 7 | 2,223 | 1,078 | 124 | 61 | 61 | 2,688 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-01 | 72 | 19 | 1,225 | 267 | 102 | 61 | 15 | 1,478 |
| 92-01 | 67 | 21 | 1,125 | 227 | 28 | 42 | 17 | 1,514 |
| 2002 | 48 | 56 | 3,540 | 1,323 | 13 | 48 | 50 | 2,845 |

Appendix B.19. Page 2 of 2.

| Year | Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  | Effort <br> Drift=\# <br> Set=hr |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinook |  | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum Steelhead |  |  |
| Additional Test Fishery Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1992 | 417 | 134 | 594 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 85 |
| 1993 | 389 | 65 | 1,925 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 266 |
| 1994 | 178 | 40 | 840 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 131 |
| 1995 | 169 | 136 | 1,423 | 26 | 1 | 9 | 1 | 222 |
| 1996 | 192 | 31 | 712 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 138 |
| 1997 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 751 | 38 | 4,683 | 16 | 18 | 2 | 7 | 531 |
| 2000 | 787 | 14 | 989 | 195 | 0 | 9 | 26 | 1,427 |
| 2001 | 1,652 | 49 | 91 | 426 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 1,399 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-01 | 538 | 63 | 1,407 | 83 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 525 |
| 92-01 | 538 | 63 | 1,407 | 83 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 525 |
| 2002 | 1,545 | 217 | 128 | 1,116 | 0 | 1 | 21 | 2,048 |
| Total Test Fishery Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 1,340 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 1986 | 27 | 12 | 412 | 226 | 8 | 25 | 0 |  |
| 1987 | 189 | 30 | 1,668 | 782 | 698 | 254 | 0 |  |
| 1988 | 269 | 29 | 1,247 | 205 | 32 | 98 | 21 |  |
| 1989 | 217 | 24 | 1,607 | 744 | 290 | 149 | 22 |  |
| 1990 | 231 | 18 | 1,940 | 405 | 47 | 77 | 24 |  |
| 1991 | 167 | 16 | 2,375 | 245 | 234 | 78 | 4 |  |
| 1992 | 614 | 182 | 2,958 | 268 | 69 | 66 | 26 |  |
| 1993 | 568 | 87 | 3,749 | 175 | 13 | 84 | 15 |  |
| 1994 | 295 | 78 | 1,433 | 71 | 6 | 20 | 7 |  |
| 1995 | 248 | 184 | 2,570 | 227 | 10 | 62 | 19 |  |
| 1996 | 298 | 76 | 1,312 | 55 | 4 | 55 | 11 |  |
| 1997 | 30 | 7 | 245 | 11 | 9 | 15 | 2 |  |
| 1998 | 25 | 11 | 190 | 207 | 20 | 40 | 24 |  |
| 1999 | 853 | 97 | 5,896 | 392 | 35 | 29 | 43 |  |
| 2000 | 933 | 226 18 | 2,378 | 436 | 34 | 174 | 76 |  |
| 2001 | 1,836 | 40159 | 3,281 | 1,761 | 198 | 109 | 94 |  |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-01 | 384 | 57 | 2,035 | 365 | 100 | 79 | 23 |  |
| 92-01 | 542 | 84 | 2,401 | 360 | 40 | 65 | 32 |  |
| 2002 | 1,656 | 378 323 | 4,412 | 2,745 | 27 | 80 | 91 |  |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}} 1987$ jack chinook catch was for both set and drift nets.

Appendix B. 20. Sockeye salmon stock proportions and catch by stock in the test fishery in the lower Stikine River, 1985-2002.

| Average proportions were from averages of weekly estimates. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  | Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Tahltan |  | Tuya Mainstem |  | Marked <br> Tahltan | Tahltan |  | Average Tahltan | Tuya Mainstem |  | Stock Id Method | Fishery <br> Timing |
|  | U.S. | Canada |  |  | U.S. | Canada |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 560 | 439 |  | 841 |  |  | 0.418 | 0.328 | 0.372 |  | 0.628 | SPA |  |
| 1986 | 164 | 127 |  | 267 |  | 0.398 | 0.308 | 0.352 |  | 0.648 | SPA\&GPA |  |
| 1987 | 513 | 397 |  | 1,213 |  | 0.308 | 0.238 | 0.273 |  | 0.727 | SPA\&GPA |  |
| 1988 | 408 | 295 |  | 895 |  | 0.327 | 0.237 | 0.282 |  | 0.718 | SPA\&GPA |  |
| 1989 |  | 414 |  | 1,192 |  |  | 0.258 | 0.258 |  | 0.742 | Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1990 |  | 822 |  | 1,058 |  |  | 0.454 | 0.454 |  | 0.546 | Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1991 |  | 1,443 |  | 931 |  |  | 0.608 | 0.608 |  | 0.392 | Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1992 |  | 1,912 |  | 1,046 |  |  | 0.646 | 0.646 |  | 0.354 | Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1993 |  | 2,184 |  | 1,564 |  |  | 0.583 | 0.583 |  | 0.417 | Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1994 |  | 1,228 |  | 205 |  |  | 0.857 | 0.857 |  | 0.143 | Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 1995 |  | 2,064 | 20 | 486 | 729 |  | 0.803 | 0.803 | 0.008 | 0.189 | Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 1996 |  | 875 | 116 | 321 | 108 |  | 0.667 | 0.667 | 0.088 | 0.245 | Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 1997 |  | 97 | 54 | 94 | 20 |  | 0.396 | 0.396 | 0.220 | 0.384 | Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 1998 |  | 70 | 51 | 69 | 4 |  | 0.368 | 0.368 | 0.268 | 0.363 | Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 1999 |  | 3,031 | 1,564 | 1,301 | 113 |  | 0.514 | 0.514 | 0.265 | 0.221 | Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 2000 |  | 605 | 982 | 791 | 94 |  | 0.254 | 0.254 | 0.413 | 0.333 | Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 2001 |  | 684 | 924 | 1,673 | 124 |  | 0.208 | 0.208 | 0.282 | 0.510 | Eggs \&TMR | test |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.464 | 0.221 | 0.445 |  |  |
| 92-01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.530 | 0.221 | 0.316 |  |  |
| 2002 |  | 1,726 | 694 | 1,992 | 402 |  | 0.391 | 0.391 | 0.157 | 0.451 | Eggs \&TMR | test |

Appendix B. 21. Estimated proportion of inriver run comprised of Tahltan, Tuya, and mainstem sockeye salmon stocks, 1979-2002.
Average proportions were from averages of weekly stock composition and migratory timing (from drift test fishery) estimates.

| Year | Tahltan |  | Average |  | Stock Id Method | Fishery <br> Timing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U.S. | Canada | Tahltan | Tuya |  |  |
| 1979 | 0.433 |  | 0.433 |  | 0.567 circuli counts |  |
| 1980 | 0.305 |  | 0.305 |  | 0.695 circuli counts |  |
| 1981 | 0.475 |  | 0.475 |  | 0.525 circuli counts |  |
| 1982 | 0.618 |  | 0.618 |  | 0.382 circuli counts |  |
| 1983 | 0.489 | 0.423 | 0.456 |  | 0.544 circuli counts |  |
| 1984 | 0.635 | 0.394 | 0.493 |  | 0.507 SPA |  |
| 1985 | 0.621 | 0.363 | 0.466 |  | 0.534 SPA |  |
| 1986 | 0.398 | 0.500 | 0.449 |  | 0.551 SPA\&GPA |  |
| 1987 | 0.338 | 0.257 | 0.304 |  | 0.696 SPA\&GPA |  |
| 1988 | 0.209 | 0.122 | 0.172 |  | 0.828 SPA\&GPA |  |
| 1989 |  | 0.188 | 0.188 |  | 0.812 Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1990 |  | 0.417 | 0.417 |  | 0.583 Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1991 |  | 0.561 | 0.561 |  | 0.439 Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1992 |  | 0.496 | 0.496 |  | 0.504 Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1993 |  | 0.477 | 0.477 |  | 0.523 Eggs \&TMR |  |
| 1994 |  | 0.606 | 0.606 |  | 0.394 Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 1995 |  | 0.578 | 0.578 | 0.016 | 0.406 Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 1996 |  | 0.519 | 0.519 | 0.104 | 0.377 Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 1997 |  | 0.297 | 0.297 | 0.229 | 0.474 Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 1998 |  | 0.309 | 0.309 | 0.348 | 0.344 Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 1999 |  | 0.545 | 0.545 | 0.245 | 0.209 Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 2000 |  | 0.260 | 0.260 | 0.391 | 0.349 Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| 2001 |  | 0.202 | 0.202 | 0.268 | 0.530 Eggs \&TMR | commercial |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79-01 |  |  | 0.419 |  | 0.512 |  |
| 92-01 |  |  | 0.429 | 0.229 | 0.411 |  |
| 2002 |  | 0.360 | 0.360 | 0.141 | 0.498 Eggs \&TMR | test |

Appendix B. 22. Counts of adult sockeye salmon migrating through Tahltan Lake weir, 1959-2002.

| Year | Weir Installed | Date of Arrival |  |  | Weir Pulled | Total Count | Broodstock | Samples or ESSR | Otolith Samples | Spawners |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | First | 50\% | 90\% |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Natural | tchery |
| 1959 | 30-Jun | 2-Aug | 12-Aug | 16-Aug |  | 4,311 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1960 | 15-Jul | 2-Aug | 24-Aug | 27-Aug |  | 6,387 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1961 | 20-Jul | 9-Aug | 11-Aug | 15-Aug |  | 16,619 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1962 | 1-Aug | 2-Aug | 5-Aug | 8-Aug |  | 14,508 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1963 | 3-Aug |  |  |  |  | 1,780 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1964 | 23-Jul | 26-Jul | 14-Aug | 25-Aug |  | 18,353 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1965 | 19-Jul | 18-Jul | 2-Sep | 7-Sep |  | 1,471 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1966 | 12-Jul | 3-Aug | 13-Aug | 21-Aug |  | 21,580 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1967 | 11-Jul | 14-Jul | 21-Jul | 28-Jul |  | 38,801 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1968 | 11-Jul | 21-Jul | 25-Jul | 8-Aug |  | 19,726 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | 7-Jul | 11-Jul | 18-Jul | 31-Jul |  | 11,805 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1970 | 5-Jul | 25-Jul | 1-Aug | 11-Aug |  | 8,419 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1971 | 12-Jul | 19-Jul | 28-Jul | 12-Aug |  | 18,523 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1972 | 13-Jul | 13-Jul | 19-Jul | 31-Aug | 21-Aug | 52,545 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1973 | 10-Jul | 24-Jul | 30-Jul | 7-Aug | 1-Sep | 2,877 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1974 | 3-Jul | 28-Jul | 3-Aug | 17-Aug | 13-Sep | 8,101 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 | 10-Jul | 25-Jul | 8-Aug | 17-Aug | 28-Aug | 8,159 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1976 | 16-Jul | 29-Jul | 1-Aug | 6-Aug | 24-Aug | 24,111 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1977 | 6-Jul | 11-Jul | 16-Jul | 10-Aug | 25-Aug | 42,960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978 | 10-Jul | 10-Jul | 20-Jul | 29-Jul | 26-Aug | 22,788 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 9-Jul | 23-Jul | 1-Aug | 11-Aug | 31-Aug | 10,211 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980 | 4-Jul | 15-Jul | 22-Jul | 12-Aug | 3-Sep | 11,018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 | 30-Jun | 16-Jul | 26-Jul | 3-Aug | 8-Sep | 50,790 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 | 2-Jul | 10-Jul | 19-Jul | 29-Jul | 4-Sep | 28,257 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 27-Jun | 5-Jul | 22-Jul | 5-Aug | 7-Sep | 21,256 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 | 20-Jun | 19-Jul | 24-Jul | 3-Aug | 29-Aug | 32,777 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 28-Jun | 18-Jul | 31-Jul | 6-Aug | 5-Sep | 67,326 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 10-Jul | 26-Jul | 4-Aug | 11-Aug | 4-Sep | 20,280 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 | 14-Jul | 21-Jul | 4-Aug | 13-Aug | 27-Aug | 6,958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 16-Jul | 16-Jul | 6-Aug | 14-Aug | 29-Aug | 2,536 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 7-Jul | 9-Jul | 1-Aug | 14-Aug | 4-Sep | 8,316 | 2,210 |  |  | 6,106 |  |  |
| 1990 | 6-Jul | 15-Jul | 26-Jul | 3-Aug | 28-Aug | 14,927 | 3,302 |  |  | 11,625 |  |  |
| 1991 | 30-Jun | 17-Jul | 25-Jul | 7-Aug | 5-Sep | 50,135 | 3,552 |  |  | 46,583 |  |  |
| 1992 | 9-Jul | 18-Jul | 25-Jul | 3-Aug | 2-Sep | 59,907 | 3,694 |  |  | 56,213 |  |  |
| 1993 | 7-Jul | 10-Jul | 28-Jul | 10-Aug | 11-Sep | 53,362 | 4,506 | 1,752 |  | 47,104 | 46,074 | 1,030 |
| 1994 | 7-Jul | 14-Jul | 30-Jul | 9-Aug | 7-Sep | 46,363 | 3,378 | 6,852 |  | 36,133 | 29,961 | 6,172 |
| 1995 | 8-Jul | 9-Jul | 24-Jul | 12-Aug | 16-Sep | 42,317 | 4,902 | 10,740 |  | 26,675 | 16,591 | 10,084 |
| 1996 | 6-Jul | 14-Jul | 22-Jul | 4-Aug | 10-Sep | 52,500 | 4,402 | 14,339 |  | 33,759 | 29,823 | 3,936 |
| 1997 | 9-Jul | 15-Jul | 25-Jul | 26-Aug | 26-Sep | 12,483 | 2,294 |  | 378 | 9,811 | 7,829 | 1,982 |
| 1998 | 9-Jul | 11-Jul | 25-Jul | 26-Aug | 17-Sep | 12,658 | 3,099 |  | 390 | 9,169 | 8,553 | 616 |
| 1999 | 10-Jul | 19-Jul | 31-Jul | 13-Aug | 15-Sep | 10,748 | 2,870 |  | 429 | 7,449 | 6,952 | 497 |
| 2000 | 9-Jul | 21-Jul | 25-Jul | 3-Aug | 4-Sep | 6,076 | 1,717 |  | 406 | 3,953 | 3,152 | 801 |
| 2001 | 8-Jul | 19-Jul | 31-Jul | 9-Aug | 14-Sep | 14,811 | 2,386 |  | 50 | 12,375 | 7,475 | 4,900 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 59-01 | 09-Jul | 19-Jul | 30-Jul | 11-Aug | 04-Sep | 22,787 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 92-01 | 08-Jul | 15-Jul | 26-Jul | 11-Aug | 12-Sep | 31,123 | 3,325 | 3,926 |  | 24,264 | 17,379 | 3,335 |
| 2002 | 07-Jul | 12-Jul | 25-Jul | 08-Aug | 14-Sep | 17,740 | 3,051 | 400 |  | 14,289 | 10,490 | 3,799 |

Appendix B. 23. Aerial survey counts of Mainstem sockeye salmon stocks in the Stikine River drainage, 1984-2002.
The index represents the combined counts from eight spawning areas.
Survey conditions were exceptionally poor; therefore, the counts probably did reflect relative abundance.

| Year | Chutine | Scud | Porcupine | Christina | Craig | Bronson Slough | Verrett | Verrett <br> Slough | ement |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Index |
| 1984 | 526 | 769 | 69 | 130 | 102 |  | 640 |  | 2,236 |
| 1985 | 253 | 282 | 69 | 67 | 27 |  | 383 |  | 1,081 |
| 1986 | 139 | 151 | 6 | 0 | 0 |  | 270 |  | 566 |
| 1987 | 6 | 490 | 62 | 6 | 30 |  | 103 |  | 697 |
| 1988 | 14 | 219 | 22 | 7 | 0 |  | 114 |  | 376 |
| 1989 | 29 | 269 | 133 | 10 | 60 | 60 | 180 | 68 | 809 |
| 1990 | 24 | 301 | 31 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 301 | 82 | 743 |
| 1991 | 0 | 100 | 61 |  | 7 | 32 | 179 | 8 | 387 |
| 1992 | 164 | 1,242 | 90 | 50 | 17 | 138 | 163 | 22 | 1,886 |
| 1993 | 57 | 321 | 141 | 28 | 2 | 79 | 107 | 142 | 877 |
| 1994 | 267 | 292 | 66 |  |  | 62 | 147 | 114 | 948 |
| 1995 | 13 | 260 | 11 |  |  | 72 | 47 | 31 | 434 |
| 1996 | 134 | 351 | 149 |  |  | 27 | 54 | 338 | 1,053 |
| 1997 | 204 | 271 | 25 |  |  | 12 | 116 | 32 | 660 |
| 1998 | 230 | 246 | 89 |  |  | 9 | 183 | 135 | 892 |
| 1999 | 56 | 301 | 64 |  |  | 54 | 98 | 78 | 651 |
| 2000 | 47 | 86 | 86 |  |  | 32 | 0 | 90 | 341 |
| 2001 | 601 | 2,037 | 268 |  |  | 163 | 217 | 232 | 3,518 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 84-01 | 154 | 444 | 80 | 34 | 25 | 57 | 183 | 106 | 1,009 |
| 92-01 | 177 | 541 | 99 | 39 | 10 | 65 | 113 | 121 | 1,126 |
| 2002 | 239 | 216 | 95 |  |  | 13 | 353 | 0 | 916 |

Appendix B. 24. Estimates of sockeye salmon smolt migrating through Tahltan Lake smolt weir, 1984-

| 2002. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Estimate changes due to overcrowding mortality, 1987 and expansions by average \% of outmigration by date from historical data90-92. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year | Weir <br> Installed | Date of Arrival |  |  | Total Count | Total Date and Estimate Expansion | Smolt |  |
|  |  | First | 50\% | 90\% |  |  | Natural | Hatchery |
| 1984 | 10-May | 11-May | 23-May | 6-Jun |  | 218,702 |  |  |
| 1985 | 25-Apr | 23-May | 31-May | 28-May |  | 613,531 |  |  |
| 1986 | 8-May | 10-May | 31-May | 7-Jun |  | 244,330 |  |  |
| 1987 | 7-May | 15-May | 23-May | 24-May |  | 810,432 |  |  |
| 1988 | 1-May | 8-May | 20-May | 6-Jun |  | 1,170,136 |  |  |
| 1989 | 5-May | 8-May | 22-May | 6-Jun |  | 580,574 |  |  |
| 1990 | 5-May | 15-May | 29-May | 5-Jun | 595,147 | 610,407 6/14 97.5\% |  |  |
| 1991 | 5-May | 14-May | 21-May | 30-May | 1,439,676 | 1,487,265 6/13 96.8\% | 1,220,397 | 266,868 |
| 1992 | 7-May | 13-May | 21-May | 27-May | 1,516,150 | 1,555,026 6/14 97.5\% | 750,702 | 804,324 |
| 1993 | 7-May | 11-May | 17-May | 22-May |  | 3,255,045 | 2,855,562 | 399,483 |
| 1994 | 8-May | 8-May | 16-May | 12-Jun |  | 915,119 | 620,809 | 294,310 |
| 1995 | 5-May | 6-May | 13-May | 11-Jun |  | 822,284 | 767,027 | 55,257 |
| 1996 | 11-May | 11-May | 20-May | 25-May |  | 1,559,236 | 1,408,020 | 151,216 |
| 1997 | 7-May | 11-May | 23-May | 30-May |  | 518,202 | 348,685 | 169,517 |
| 1998 | 7-May | 8-May | 25-May | 5-Jun |  | 540,866 | 326,420 | 214,446 |
| 1999 | 6-May | 10-May | 9-Jun | 15-Jun |  | 762,033 | 468,488 | 293,545 |
| 2000 | 7-May | 9-May | 22-May | 17-Jun |  | 619,274 | 355,618 | 263,656 |
| 2001 | 6-May | 7-May | 24-May | 18-Jun |  | 1,495,642 | 841,268 | 654,374 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 84-01 | 05-May | 11-May | 23-May | 04-Jun |  | 987,672 | 905,727 | 324,272 |
| 92-01 | 07-May | 09-May | 22-May | 05-Jun |  | 1,204,273 | 874,260 | 330,013 |
| 2002 | 06-May | 14-May | 27-May | 12-Jun |  | 1,873,598 | 1,042,435 | 831,163 |

Appendix B. 25. Weir counts of Chinook salmon at Little Tahltan River, 1985-2002.

| Year | Weir Installed | Date of Arrival |  |  | Total Broodstock |  | Total <br> Natural Natural |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | First | 50\% | 90\% | Count | and Other | wners | awners |
| Large Chinook |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 3-Jul | 4-Jul | 30-Jul | 6-Aug | 3,114 |  | 3,114 |  |
| 1986 | 28-Jun | 29-Jun | 21-Jul | 5-Aug | 2,891 |  | 2,891 |  |
| 1987 | 28-Jun | 4-Jul | 24-Jul | 2-Aug | 4,783 |  | 4,783 |  |
| 1988 | 26-Jun | 27-Jun | 18-Jul | 3-Aug | 7,292 |  | 7,292 |  |
| 1989 | 25-Jun | 26-Jun | 23-Jul | 2-Aug | 4,715 |  | 4,715 |  |
| 1990 | 22-Jun | 29-Jun | 23-Jul | 4-Aug | 4,392 |  | 4,392 |  |
| 1991 | 23-Jun | 25-Jun | 20-Jul | 3-Aug | 4,506 |  | 4,506 |  |
| 1992 | 24-Jun | 4-Jul | 21-Jul | 30-Jul | 6,627 | -12 | 6,615 |  |
| 1993 | 20-Jun | 21-Jun | 16-Jul | 28-Jul | 11,449 | -12 | 11,437 |  |
| 1994 | 18-Jun | 28-Jun | 22-Jul | 2-Aug | 6,387 | -14 | 6,373 |  |
| 1995 | 17-Jun | 20-Jun | 17-Jul | 4-Aug | 3,072 | 0 | 3,072 |  |
| 1996 | 17-Jun | 26-Jun | 16-Jul | 30-Jul | 4,821 | 0 | 4,821 |  |
| 1997 | 14-Jun | 22-Jun | 16-Jul | 29-Jul | 5,557 | -10 | 5,547 |  |
| 1998 | 13-Jun | 19-Jun | 14-Jul | 29-Jul | 4,879 | -6 | 4,873 |  |
| 1999 | 18-Jun | 27-Jun | 19-Jul | 1-Aug | 4,738 | -5 | 4,733 |  |
| 2000 | 19-Jun | 23-Jun | 21-Jul | 5-Aug | 6,640 | -9 | 6,631 |  |
| 2001 | 20-Jun | 23-Jun | 18-Jul | 2-Aug | 9,738 | -8 | 9,730 |  |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-01 | 22-Jun | 27-Jun | 19-Jul | 01-Aug | 5,624 |  | 5,619 |  |
| 92-01 | 18-Jun | 25-Jun | 18-Jul | 31-Jul | 6,391 | -8 | 6,383 |  |
| 2002 | 20-Jun | 23-Jun | 18-Jul | 27-Jul | 7,490 | -14 | 7,476 |  |
| non large Chinook |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 3-Jul | 4-Jul | 31-Jul | 10-Aug | 316 |  |  | 3,430 |
| 1986 | 28-Jun | 3-Jul | 25-Jul | 6-Aug | 572 |  |  | 3,463 |
| 1987 | 28-Jun | 3-Jul | 26-Jul | 6-Aug | 365 |  |  | 5,148 |
| 1988 | 26-Jun | 27-Jun | 17-Jul | 2-Aug | 327 |  |  | 7,619 |
| 1989 | 25-Jun | 26-Jun | 23-Jul | 2-Aug | 199 |  |  | 4,914 |
| 1990 | 22-Jun | 5-Jul | 22-Jul | 30-Jul | 417 |  |  | 4,809 |
| 1991 | 23-Jun | 3-Jul | 24-Jul | 7-Aug | 313 |  |  | 4,819 |
| 1992 | 24-Jun | 12-Jul | 22-Jul | 30-Jul | 131 |  |  | 6,758 |
| 1993 | 20-Jun | 30-Jun | 14-Jul | 1-Aug | 60 |  |  | 11,509 |
| 1994 | 18-Jun | 2-Jul | 22-Jul | 5-Aug | 121 |  |  | 6,508 |
| 1995 | 17-Jun | 22-Jun | 28-Jul | 10-Aug | 135 |  |  | 3,207 |
| 1996 | 17-Jun | 12-Jul | 25-Jul | 5-Aug | 22 |  |  | 4,843 |
| 1997 | 14-Jun | 26-Jun | 21-Jul | 1-Aug | 54 |  |  | 5,611 |
| 1998 | 13-Jun | 26-Jun | 20-Jul | 7-Aug | 37 |  |  | 4,916 |
| 1999 | 18-Jun | 1-Jul | 23-Jul | 6-Aug | 202 |  |  | 4,940 |
| 2000 | 19-Jun | 23-Jun | 20-Jul | 5-Aug | 108 |  |  | 6,748 |
| 2001 | 20-Jun | 23-Jun | 27-Jul | 3-Aug | 269 |  |  | 10,007 |
| 2002 | 20-Jun | 26-Jun | 21-Jul | 7-Aug | 618 |  |  | 8,108 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-01 | 174 | 29-Jun | 22-Jul | 03-Aug | 01-Aug |  |  | 5,838 |
| 92-01 | 170.9 | 28-Jun | 21-Jul | 02-Aug | 22-Apr |  |  | 6,505 |
| 2002 | 172 | 26-Jun | 21-Jul | 7-Aug | 9-Sep |  |  | 8,108 |

Appendix B. 26. Index counts of Stikine Chinook salmon escapements, 1979-2002.

| Year | Inriver Run | Inrvier <br> Catches | Escapement | Marine Catch | Total <br> Run | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% to } \\ \text { Little Tahltan } \end{gathered}$ | Little Tahltan |  | Tahltan Beatty Aerial Aerial |  | Andrew Creek |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Weir | Aerial |  |  | Foot Comments |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,166 | 2,118 |  | 327 Weir inc. broodstock |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,137 | 960 | 122 | 282 Weir inc. broodstock |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,334 | 1,852 | 558 | 536 Weir inc. broodstock |
| 1982 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,830 | 1,690 | 567 | 672 Weir inc. broodstock |
| 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 594 | 453 | 83 | 366 Weir inc. broodstock |
| 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,294 |  | 126 | 389 Weir inc. broodstock |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,114 | 1,598 | 1,490 | 147 | 320 Foot |
| 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,891 | 1,201 | 1,400 | 183 | 708 Foot |
| 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,783 | 2,706 | 1,390 | 312 | 788 Heli |
| 1988 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,292 | 3,796 | 4,384 | 593 | 564 Foot |
| 1989 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,715 | 2,527 |  | 362 | 530 Aerial |
| 1990 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,392 | 1,755 | 2,134 | 271 | 664 Foot |
| 1991 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,506 | 1,768 | 2,445 | 193 | 400 Aerial |
| 1992 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,627 | 3,607 | 1,891 | 362 | 778 Heli |
| 1993 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,437 | 4,010 | 2,249 | 757 | 1,060 Foot |
| 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,373 | 2,422 |  | 184 | 572 Heli |
| 1995 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,072 | 1,117 | 696 | 152 | 343 Foot |
| 1996 | 31,718 | 2,769 | 28,949 |  |  | 0.167 | 4,821 | 1,920 | 772 | 218 | 335 Heli |
| 1997 | 31,509 | 4,513 | 26,996 |  |  | 0.205 | 5,547 | 1,907 | 260 | 218 | 293 Foot |
| 1998 | 28,133 | 2,165 | 25,968 |  |  | 0.188 | 4,873 | 1,385 | 587 | 125 | 487 Foot |
| 1999 | 23,716 | 3,769 | 19,947 |  |  | 0.237 | 4,733 | 1,379 |  |  | 605 Aerial |
| 2000 | 30,301 | 2,770 | 27,531 |  |  | 0.241 | 6,631 | 2,720 |  |  | 690 Aerial |
| 2001 | 66,646 | 4,103 | 62,543 |  |  | 0.156 | 9,730 | 4,258 |  |  | 1,054 Aerial |
| Average |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 92-01 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,384 | 2,473 |  |  |  |
| $\underline{2002}$ | 53,983 | 3,808 | 50,175 | 3,587 | 57,570 | 0.149 | 7,476 |  |  |  | 876 Aerial |

Appendix B. 27. Index counts of Stikine coho salmon escapements, 1984-2002.

| Year | Katete |  |  | Bronson |  |  | Scud |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Date | West | Katete | Craig | Verrett | Slough | Slough | rcupine Christina |  |
| 1984 | 30-Oct | 147 | 313 | 0 | 15 | 42 |  |  | 517 |
| 1985 | 25-Oct | 590 | 1,217 | 735 | 39 | 0 | 924 | 365 | 3,870 |
| 1988 | 28-Oct | 32 | 227 |  | 175 |  | 97 | 53 0 | 584 |
| 1989 | 29-Oct | 336 | 896 | 992 | 848 | 120 | 707 | $90 \quad 55$ | 4,044 |
| 1990 | 30-Oct | 94 | 548 | 810 | 494 |  | 664 | 430 | 3,040 |
| 1991 | 29-Oct | 302 | 878 | 985 | 218 |  | 221 | 352 | 2,956 |
| 1992 | 29-Oct | 295 | 1,346 | 949 | 320 |  | 462 | 316 | 3,688 |
| 1993 | 30-Oct |  |  |  |  |  | 206 | 324 |  |
| 1994 | 1-Nov | 28 | 652 | 1,026 | 466 |  | 448 | 1,105 | 3,725 |
| 1995 | 30-Oct | 211 | 208 | 1,419 | 574 |  | 621 | 719 | 3,752 |
| 1996 | 30-Oct | 163 | 232 | 205 | 549 |  | 630 | 1,466 | 3,245 |
| 1997 | 1-Nov | 2 | 0 | 19 | 116 |  | 272 | 648 | 1,057 |
| 1998 | 30-Oct | 14 | 63 | 141 | 282 |  | 143 | 450 | 1,093 |
| 1999 | 5-Nov | 163 | 773 | 891 | 490 |  | 661 | 894 | 3,872 |
| 2000 | 2-Nov |  |  |  | 5 |  | 95 | 206 | 306 |
| 2001 | 2-Nov | 207 | 1,401 | 3,121 | 708 |  | 1,571 | 397 | 7,405 |
| Average |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 84-91 |  | 185 | 625 | 869 | 353 |  | 515 | 521 | 2,877 |
| 92-01 |  | 135 | 584 | 971 | 390 |  | 511 | 653 | 3,127 |
| 2002 | 5-Nov | 806 | 2,642 | 4,488 | 1,695 |  | 1,389 | 1,626 | 12,646 |

Appendix B. 28. Stikine River sockeye salmon run size, 1979-2002.

| Year | Inriver Run |  |  | Inriver <br> Catch | Escapement | Marine Catch | Total Run |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Canada | U.S. | Average |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 |  | 40,353 | 40,353 | 13,534 | 26,819 | 8,299 | 48,652 |
| 1980 |  | 62,743 | 62,743 | 20,919 | 41,824 | 23,206 | 85,949 |
| 1981 |  | 138,879 | 138,879 | 27,017 | 111,862 | 27,538 | 166,417 |
| 1982 |  | 68,761 | 68,761 | 20,540 | 48,221 | 42,408 | 111,169 |
| 1983 | 77,260 | 66,838 | 71,683 | 21,120 | 50,563 | 5,772 | 77,455 |
| 1984 | 95,454 | 59,168 | 76,211 | 5,327 | 70,884 | 7,736 | 83,947 |
| 1985 | 237,261 | 138,498 | 184,747 | 26,804 | 157,943 | 29,747 | 214,494 |
| 1986 |  |  | 69,036 | 17,846 | 51,190 | 6,420 | 75,456 |
| 1987 |  |  | 39,264 | 11,283 | 27,981 | 4,085 | 43,350 |
| 1988 |  |  | 41,915 | 16,538 | 25,377 | 3,181 | 45,096 |
| 1989 |  |  | 75,054 | 21,639 | 53,415 | 15,492 | 90,546 |
| 1990 |  |  | 57,386 | 19,964 | 37,422 | 9,856 | 67,242 |
| 1991 |  |  | 120,152 | 25,138 | 95,014 | 34,323 | 154,476 |
| 1992 |  |  | 154,542 | 29,242 | 125,300 | 77,394 | 231,936 |
| 1993 |  |  | 176,100 | 52,698 | 123,402 | 104,630 | 280,730 |
| 1994 |  |  | 127,527 | 53,380 | 74,147 | 80,509 | 208,036 |
| 1995 |  |  | 142,308 | 66,777 | 75,531 | 76,420 | 218,728 |
| 1996 |  |  | 184,400 | 90,148 | 94,252 | 188,385 | 372,785 |
| 1997 |  |  | 125,657 | 67,819 | 57,838 | 101,258 | 226,915 |
| 1998 |  |  | 90,459 | 50,096 | 40,363 | 30,989 | 121,448 |
| 1999 |  |  | 65,879 | 46,773 | 19,106 | 58,735 | 124,614 |
| 2000 |  |  | 53,145 | 31,129 | 22,016 | 25,359 | 78,504 |
| 2001 |  |  | 103,755 | 28,881 | 74,874 | 23,500 | 127,255 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79-01 |  |  | 98,694 | 33,244 | 65,450 | 42,837 | 141,531 |
| 92-01 |  |  | 122,377 | 51,694 | 70,683 | 76,718 | 199,095 |
| 2002 |  |  | 72,363 | 22,607 | 49,756 | 8,076 | 80,439 |
| Tahltan sockeye run size |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 |  |  | 17,472 | 7,261 | 10,211 | 5,076 | 22,548 |
| 1980 |  |  | 19,137 | 8,119 | 11,018 | 11,239 | 30,376 |
| 1981 |  |  | 65,968 | 15,178 | 50,790 | 16,189 | 82,157 |
| 1982 |  |  | 42,493 | 14,236 | 28,257 | 20,918 | 63,412 |
| 1983 |  |  | 32,684 | 11,428 | 21,256 | 5,073 | 37,758 |
| 1984 |  |  | 37,571 | 4,794 | 32,777 | 3,102 | 40,673 |
| 1985 |  |  | 86,008 | 18,682 | 67,326 | 25,197 | 111,205 |
| 1986 |  |  | 31,015 | 10,735 | 20,280 | 2,757 | 33,771 |
| 1987 |  |  | 11,923 | 4,965 | 6,958 | 2,259 | 14,182 |
| 1988 |  |  | 7,222 | 4,686 | 2,536 | 2,129 | 9,351 |
| 1989 |  |  | 14,110 | 5,794 | 8,316 | 1,561 | 15,671 |
| 1990 |  |  | 23,923 | 8,996 | 14,927 | 2,307 | 26,230 |
| 1991 |  |  | 67,394 | 17,259 | 50,135 | 23,612 | 91,006 |
| 1992 |  |  | 76,681 | 16,774 | 59,907 | 28,218 | 104,899 |
| 1993 |  |  | 84,068 | 32,458 | 51,610 | 40,036 | 124,104 |
| 1994 |  |  | 77,239 | 37,728 | 39,511 | 65,101 | 142,340 |
| 1995 |  |  | 82,290 | 50,713 | 31,577 | 51,665 | 133,955 |
| 1996 |  |  | 95,706 | 57,545 | 38,161 | 147,435 | 243,141 |
| 1997 |  |  | 37,319 | 24,836 | 12,483 | 43,408 | 80,727 |
| 1998 |  |  | 27,941 | 15,283 | 12,658 | 7,086 | 35,027 |
| 1999 |  |  | 35,918 | 25,170 | 10,748 | 23,431 | 59,349 |
| 2000 |  |  | 13,803 | 7,727 | 6,076 | 5,340 | 19,143 |
| 2001 |  |  | 20,985 | 6,174 | 14,811 | 6,339 | 27,324 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79-01 |  |  | 43,864 | 17,676 | 26,188 | 23,456 | 67,319 |
| 92-01 |  |  | 55,195 | 27,441 | 27,754 | 41,806 | 97,001 |
| 2002 |  |  | 26,080 | 8,340 | 17,740 | 2,055 | 28,135 |

Appendix B.28. Page 2 of 2.

| Year | Inriver Run |  |  | Inriver <br> Catch | Escapement | Marine <br> Catch | Total Run |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Canada | U.S. | Average |  |  |  |  |
| Tuya sockeye run size |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1995 |  |  | 2,216 | 1,112 | 1,104 | 586 | 2,802 |
| 1996 |  |  | 19,158 | 8,919 | 10,239 | 19,442 | 38,600 |
| 1997 |  |  | 28,738 | 20,819 | 7,919 | 37,520 | 66,258 |
| 1998 |  |  | 31,442 | 22,911 | 8,531 | 15,941 | 47,383 |
| 1999 |  |  | 16,165 | 13,877 | 2,288 | 15,217 | 31,382 |
| 2000 |  |  | 20,779 | 14,971 | 5,808 | 13,255 | 34,034 |
| 2001 |  |  | 27,783 | 8,575 | 19,208 | 12,968 | 40,751 |
| 2002 |  |  | 10,235 | 5,925 | 4,310 | 4,058 | 14,293 |


| Mainstem sockeye run size |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1979 | 22,880 | 6,273 | 16,608 | 3,223 | 26,103 |
| 1980 | 43,606 | 12,800 | 30,806 | 11,967 | 55,573 |
| 1981 | 72,911 | 11,839 | 61,072 | 11,349 | 84,260 |
| 1982 | 26,267 | 6,304 | 19,964 | 21,490 | 47,757 |
| 1983 | 38,999 | 9,692 | 29,307 | 699 | 39,698 |
| 1984 | 38,640 | 533 | 38,107 | 4,634 | 43,274 |
| 1985 | 98,739 | 8,122 | 90,617 | 4,550 | 103,289 |
| 1986 | 38,022 | 7,111 | 30,910 | 3,663 | 41,685 |
| 1987 | 27,342 | 6,318 | 21,023 | 1,826 | 29,168 |
| 1988 | 34,693 | 11,852 | 22,841 | 1,052 | 35,745 |
| 1989 | 60,944 | 15,845 | 45,099 | 13,931 | 74,875 |
| 1990 | 33,464 | 10,968 | 22,495 | 7,549 | 41,013 |
| 1991 | 52,758 | 7,879 | 44,879 | 10,712 | 63,470 |
| 1992 | 77,861 | 12,468 | 65,393 | 49,176 | 127,037 |
| 1993 | 92,033 | 20,240 | 71,792 | 64,594 | 156,627 |
| 1994 | 50,288 | 15,652 | 34,636 | 15,408 | 65,696 |
| 1995 | 57,802 | 14,953 | 42,850 | 24,169 | 81,971 |
| 1996 | 69,536 | 23,684 | 45,852 | 21,508 | 91,044 |
| 1997 | 59,600 | 22,164 | 37,436 | 20,330 | 79,930 |
| 1998 | 31,077 | 11,902 | 19,175 | 7,962 | 39,039 |
| 1999 | 13,797 | 7,726 | 6,071 | 20,087 | 33,884 |
| 2000 | 18,563 | 8,431 | 10,132 | 6,764 | 25,327 |
| 2001 | 54,987 | 14,132 | 40,855 | 4,193 | 59,180 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |
| $79-01$ | 48,470 | 11,604 | 36,866 | 14,384 | 62,854 |
| $92-01$ | 52,554 | 15,135 | 37,419 | 23,419 | 75,973 |
| 2002 | 36,049 | 8,342 | 27,707 | 1,963 | 38,012 |

Appendix C. 1. Weekly salmon catch and effort in the Alaskan District 111 and Subdistrict 111-32 (Taku Inlet), commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2002.

| Week | Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Start <br> Date | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Boats | Days <br> Open | Boat Days |
| District 111 catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 596 | 9,856 | 0 | 35 | 1,110 | 76 | 3.0 | 228 |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 342 | 14,842 | 12 | 38 | 9,828 | 77 | 4.0 | 308 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 605 | 15,687 | 31 | 76 | 31,597 | 91 | 4.0 | 364 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 105 | 31,862 | 91 | 1,602 | 49,809 | 96 | 4.0 | 384 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 84 | 34,362 | 1,168 | 8,648 | 76,689 | 131 | 5.0 | 655 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 37 | 15,531 | 3,098 | 13,016 | 41,260 | 141 | 4.0 | 564 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 36 | 41,541 | 2,840 | 23,744 | 13,975 | 126 | 3.0 | 378 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 25 | 9,074 | 4,539 | 24,979 | 5,342 | 141 | 4.0 | 564 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 1 | 2,932 | 818 | 3,571 | 482 | 44 | 4.0 | 176 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | 1 | 1,929 | 2,806 | 1,848 | 280 | 42 | 3.0 | 126 |
| 35 | 25-Aug | 0 | 591 | 1,925 | 5 | 183 | 18 | 3.0 | 54 |
| 36 | 1-Sep | 6 | 213 | 6,720 | 0 | 97 | 24 | 3.0 | 72 |
| 37 | 8-Sep | 1 | 66 | 8,967 | 0 | 277 | 35 | 3.0 | 105 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | 0 | 2 | 2,734 | 0 | 28 | 11 | 3.0 | 33 |
| 39 | 22-Sep | 1 | 0 | 2,466 | 0 | 64 | 14 | 3.0 | 42 |
| 40-41 | 29-Sep | 0 | 0 | 1,608 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 6.0 | 48 |
| Total |  | 1,840 | 178,488 | 39,823 | 77,562 | 231,021 |  | 61.0 | 4,101 |


| Alaska Hatchery Contributions for Large Chinook and Coho |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  |  | Large Chinook |  |  | Coho |  |
|  | Hatchery | Wild | Hatchery | Wild |  |  |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 76 | 520 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 0 | 342 | 0 | 12 |  |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 0 | 605 | 0 | 31 |  |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 0 | 105 | 0 | 91 |  |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 86 | -2 | 0 | 1,168 |  |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 46 | -9 | 0 | 3,098 |  |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 0 | 36 | 112 | 2,728 |  |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 12 | 13 | 273 | 4,266 |  |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 0 | 1 | 0 | 818 |  |
| 34 | 18-Aug | 0 | 1 | 318 | 2,488 |  |
| 35 | 25-Aug | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,925 |  |
| 36 | 1-Sep | 0 | 6 | 337 | 6,383 |  |
| 37 | 8-Sep | 12 | -11 | 581 | 8,386 |  |
| 38 | 15-Sep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,734 |  |
| 39 | 22-Sep | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2,466 |  |
| $40-41$ | 29-Sep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,608 |  |
| Total |  | 232 | 1,608 | 1,621 | 38,202 |  |


| Subdistrict 111-32 Catches (Taku Inlet) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 571 | 9,280 | 0 | 35 | 958 | 72 | 3.0 | 216 |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 285 | 13,101 | 12 | 38 | 7,675 | 74 | 4.0 | 296 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 526 | 13,877 | 19 | 76 | 17,765 | 83 | 4.0 | 332 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 83 | 29,035 | 74 | 1,498 | 33,931 | 90 | 4.0 | 360 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 58 | 24,971 | 854 | 7,155 | 33,654 | 110 | 5.0 | 550 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 6 | 7,983 | 911 | 8,086 | 9,108 | 85 | 4.0 | 340 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 4 | 10,888 | 1,042 | 14,897 | 4,046 | 70 | 3.0 | 210 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 5 | 2,436 | 1,158 | 5,973 | 938 | 44 | 2.0 | 88 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 0 | 275 | 162 | 1,419 | 96 | 16 | 2.0 | 32 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | 0 | 701 | 2,220 | 1,101 | 22 | 30 | 2.0 | 60 |
| 35 | 25-Aug | 0 | 282 | 1,614 | 5 | 183 | 16 | 2.0 | 32 |
| 36 | 1-Sep | 6 | 213 | 6,660 | 0 | 97 | 24 | 2.0 | 48 |
| 37 | 8-Sep | 1 | 66 | 8,967 | 0 | 277 | 36 | 3.0 | 108 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | 0 | 2 | 2,734 | 0 | 28 | 10 | 3.0 | 30 |
| 39 | 22-Sep | 1 | 0 | 2,466 | 0 | 64 | 14 | 3.0 | 42 |
| 40-41 | 29-Sep | 0 | 0 | 1,608 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 6.0 | 48 |
| Total |  | 1,546 | 113,110 | 30,501 | 40,283 | 108,842 |  | 54.0 | 2,792 |
| Subdistrict 111-34 Catches (Port Snettisham) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 0 | 537 | 51 | 150 | 130 | 2 | 1.0 | 2 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 0 | 1,568 | 72 | 616 | 107 | 10 | 4.0 | 40 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | 0 | 341 | 113 | 212 | 85 | 4 | 3.0 | 12 |
| Total |  | 0 | 2,446 | 236 | 978 | 322 |  | 8 | 54 |

Appendix C. 2. Estimate of the proportion of natural and planted sockeye salmon stock groups harvested in the Alaskan District 111 commercial drift gillnet fishery by week, 2002.

| Week | Kuthai | Little Trapper |  | Mainstem | Tatsamenie |  | Total <br> Taku | Crescent | Speel | Wild Snett. | U.S <br> Hatchery |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Wild | Planted |  | Wild | Planted |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 0.806 | 0.101 | 0.000 | 0.078 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.985 | 0.003 | 0.011 | 0.014 | 0.001 |
| 26 | 0.353 | 0.428 | 0.000 | 0.202 | 0.000 | 0.002 | 0.985 | 0.002 | 0.009 | 0.011 | 0.004 |
| 27 | 0.155 | 0.539 | 0.000 | 0.183 | 0.086 | 0.006 | 0.969 | 0.006 | 0.001 | 0.006 | 0.025 |
| 28 | 0.028 | 0.535 | 0.000 | 0.221 | 0.142 | 0.000 | 0.926 | 0.016 | 0.013 | 0.029 | 0.045 |
| 29 | 0.018 | 0.189 | 0.000 | 0.223 | 0.154 | 0.005 | 0.589 | 0.048 | 0.038 | 0.086 | 0.325 |
| 30 | 0.021 | 0.163 | 0.000 | 0.187 | 0.173 | 0.002 | 0.546 | 0.000 | 0.031 | 0.031 | 0.423 |
| 31 | 0.000 | 0.070 | 0.000 | 0.110 | 0.160 | 0.007 | 0.347 | 0.002 | 0.068 | 0.070 | 0.583 |
| 32 | 0.000 | 0.023 | 0.000 | 0.158 | 0.123 | 0.004 | 0.308 | 0.015 | 0.026 | 0.041 | 0.651 |
| 33 | 0.000 | 0.062 | 0.000 | 0.103 | 0.141 | 0.000 | 0.305 | 0.003 | 0.051 | 0.053 | 0.641 |
| 34 | 0.000 | 0.062 | 0.000 | 0.103 | 0.141 | 0.000 | 0.305 | 0.003 | 0.051 | 0.053 | 0.641 |
| 35 | 0.000 | 0.062 | 0.000 | 0.103 | 0.141 | 0.000 | 0.305 | 0.003 | 0.051 | 0.053 | 0.641 |
| 36 | 0.000 | 0.062 | 0.000 | 0.103 | 0.141 | 0.000 | 0.305 | 0.003 | 0.051 | 0.053 | 0.641 |
| 37 | 0.000 | 0.062 | 0.000 | 0.103 | 0.141 | 0.000 | 0.305 | 0.003 | 0.051 | 0.053 | 0.641 |
| 38 | 0.000 | 0.062 | 0.000 | 0.103 | 0.141 | 0.000 | 0.305 | 0.003 | 0.051 | 0.053 | 0.641 |
| Total | 0.098 | 0.254 | 0.000 | 0.173 | 0.126 | 0.004 | 0.654 | 0.014 | 0.032 | 0.047 | 0.299 |

Appendix C. 3. Weekly stock-specific catch of wild and planted Taku River and Port Snettisham sockeye salmon harvested in the Alaskan District 111 commercial drift gillnet fishery, 2002.

| Week | Kuthai | Little Trapper |  | Wild <br> Taku | Tatsamenie |  | Total Taku | Crescent | Speel | Wild Snett. | U.S. <br> Hatchery |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Wild | Planted |  | Wild | Planted |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 7,946 | 997 | 0 | 767 | 0 | 0 | 9,710 | 29 | 108 | 137 | 9 |
| 26 | 5,238 | 6,354 | 0 | 2,993 | 0 | 34 | 14,619 | 29 | 132 | 161 | 62 |
| 27 | 2,429 | 8,452 | 0 | 2,869 | 1,346 | 101 | 15,197 | 92 | 9 | 101 | 389 |
| 28 | 896 | 17,036 | 0 | 7,039 | 4,538 | 10 | 29,519 | 505 | 410 | 915 | 1,428 |
| 29 | 634 | 6,480 | 0 | 7,653 | 5,303 | 156 | 20,226 | 1,659 | 1,298 | 2,957 | 11,179 |
| 30 | 331 | 2,533 | 0 | 2,905 | 2,689 | 28 | 8,486 | 0 | 483 | 483 | 6,562 |
| 31 | 0 | 2,891 | 0 | 4,571 | 6,655 | 293 | 14,410 | 93 | 2,810 | 2,903 | 24,228 |
| 32 | 0 | 210 | 0 | 1,434 | 1,112 | 38 | 2,794 | 136 | 238 | 374 | 5,905 |
| 33 | 0 | 181 | 0 | 301 | 412 | 0 | 895 | 8 | 149 | 157 | 1,881 |
| 34 | 0 | 119 | 0 | 198 | 271 | 0 | 589 | 5 | 98 | 103 | 1,237 |
| 35 | 0 | 37 | 0 | 61 | 83 | 0 | 180 | 2 | 30 | 32 | 379 |
| 36 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 22 | 30 | 0 | 65 | 1 | 11 | 11 | 137 |
| 37 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 7 | 9 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 42 |
| 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 17,474 | 45,308 | 0 | 30,819 | 22,449 | 660 | 116,711 | 2,559 | 5,779 | 8,337 | 53,440 |


| Week | Start <br> Date | Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Chinook |  | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Average Permits | Days Fished | Permit Days |
|  |  | Large | non large |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 180 | 72 | 1,869 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8.00 | 3.00 | 24.00 |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 743 | 116 | 5,394 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8.50 | 4.00 | 34.00 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 392 | 70 | 5,131 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 10.25 | 4.00 | 41.00 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 167 | 30 | 5,668 | 53 | 0 | 0 | 11.50 | 4.00 | 46.00 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 63 | 3 | 6,733 | 294 | 0 | 0 | 9.40 | 5.00 | 47.00 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 13 | 0 | 1,780 | 431 | 0 | 0 | 7.50 | 4.00 | 30.00 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 1 | 0 | 1,828 | 717 | 0 | 0 | 9.00 | 3.00 | 27.00 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 2 | 0 | 2,493 | 1,337 | 0 | 0 | 10.00 | 3.00 | 30.00 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 0 | 0 | 157 | 244 | 0 | 0 | 2.33 | 3.00 | 7.00 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | open with no | o fishing eff |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35 | 25-Aug |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | 1-Sep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37 | 8-Sep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | 15-Sep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | 22-Sep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | 29-Sep |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41 | 6-Oct |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42 | 13-Oct |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43 | 20-Oct |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | 27-Oct |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  | 1,561 | 291 | 31,053 | 3,082 | 0 | 0 |  | 33.00 | 286.00 |

Appendix C. 5. Weekly stock proportions of sockeye salmon harvested in the Canadian commercial fishery in the Taku River, 2002.
Data based on analysis of scale patterns and thermal marks.

|  | Start |  | Little Trapper |  |  |  | Tatsamenie |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Week | Date | Kuthai | Wild | Planted | Mainstem |  | Wild |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 0.910 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.090 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 0.774 | 0.176 | 0.000 | 0.049 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 0.422 | 0.424 | 0.000 | 0.154 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 0.190 | 0.721 | 0.000 | 0.089 |  | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 0.105 | 0.665 | 0.000 | 0.214 |  | 0.016 | 0.000 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 0.000 | 0.319 | 0.000 | 0.483 |  | 0.188 | 0.011 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 0.000 | 0.260 | 0.000 | 0.350 |  | 0.391 | 0.000 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 0.000 | 0.223 | 0.000 | 0.487 |  | 0.280 | 0.010 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 0.000 | 0.083 | 0.000 | 0.439 |  | 0.452 | 0.025 |
| Total |  | 0.316 | 0.428 | 0.000 | 0.192 |  | 0.062 | 0.002 |

Appendix C. 6. Weekly stock-specific catch of sockeye salmon in the Canadian commercial fishery in the Taku River, 2002.

| Data <br> Week | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Start } \\ & \text { Date } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Kuthai | Little Trapper |  | Mainstem | Tatsamenie |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Wild | Planted |  | Wild | Planted |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 1,700 | 0 | 0 | 169 | 0 | 0 |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 4,177 | 950 | 0 | ) 267 | 0 | 0 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 2,165 | 2,178 | 0 | ) 788 | 0 | 0 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 1,075 | 4,088 | 0 | ) 505 | 0 | 0 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 709 | 4,477 | 0 | - 1,439 | 108 | 0 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 0 | 568 | 0 | ) 859 | 334 | 19 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 0 | 475 | 0 | - 639 | 714 | 0 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 0 | 556 | 0 | ) 1,213 | 698 | 26 |
| 33 | 11-Aug | 0 | 13 | 0 | - 69 | 71 | 4 |
| Total |  | 9,826 | 13,305 | 0 | 5,948 | 1,925 | 49 |

Appendix C. 7. Weekly salmon catch and effort in the Canadian test and stock assessment fisheries in the Taku River, 2002.

| Week | Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Start | Chinook |  | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Average Permits | Days <br> Fished | Permit <br> Days |
|  | Date | Large | non large |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 28-Apr | 98 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1.00 | 7 | 7.0 |
| 19 | 5-May | 151 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.00 | 7 | 7.0 |
| 20 | 12-May | 195 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.00 | 7 | 7.0 |
| 21 | 19-May | 298 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.00 | 7 | 7.0 |
| 22 | 26-May | 250 | 72 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.00 | 7 | 7.0 |
| 23 | 2-Jun | 229 | 111 | 114 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.00 | 7 | 7.0 |
| 24 | 9-Jun | 90 | 53 | 400 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.00 | 7 | 7.0 |
| 35 | 25-Aug | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1.00 | 1 | 1.0 |
| 36 | 1-Sep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 2.00 | 7 | 14.0 |
| 37 | 8-Sep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2.00 | 7 | 14.0 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 2.14 | 7 | 15.0 |
| 39 | 22-Sep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1.71 | 7 | 12.0 |
| 40 | 29-Sep | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2.00 | 4 | 8.0 |
| 41 | 6-Oct | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.00 | 4 | 8.0 |
| Total |  | 1,311 | 355 | 518 | 32 | 0 | 0 |  | 86.0 | 121.0 |
| released |  | 1,132 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Appendix C. 8. Mark-recapture estimate of above border run of sockeye, and coho salmon in the Taku River, 2002.

|  |  | Above |  |  |  |  | Above |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Recovery | Start | Border |  |  | Canadian Harvests | Border |  |
| Week | Date | Run | Commercial | Test | Aboriginal | Recreational | Escapement |

Inseason large Chinook Estimates

| 19 | 5-May |  | 2,321 |  | 467 |  | 1,855 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 12-May |  | 10,190 |  | 365 |  | 10,045 |
| 21 | 19-May |  | 11,068 |  | 550 |  | 10,875 |
| 22 | 26-May |  | 9,384 |  | 469 |  | 9,474 |
| 23 | 2-Jun |  | 1,691 |  | 429 |  | 1,731 |
| 24 | 9-Jun |  | 7,208 |  | 169 |  | 7,469 |
| Inseason Estimate |  |  | 41,617 | 1,444 | 2,457 | 37 | 39,594 |
| Final escapement estimate |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55,044 SE 11,087 |
| Sockeye |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 26-May |  | 214 |  |  |  | 214 |
| 23 | 2-Jun |  | 2,247 |  | 115 |  | 2,132 |
| 24 | 9-Jun |  | 3,996 |  | 400 |  | 3,596 |
| 25 | 16-Jun |  | 19,230 | 1,869 | 0 |  | 17,361 |
| 26 | 23-Jun |  | 18,692 | 5,394 | 0 |  | 13,298 |
| 27 | 30-Jun |  | 19,467 | 5,131 | 0 |  | 14,336 |
| 28 | 7-Jul |  | 20,247 | 5,668 | 0 |  | 14,579 |
| 29 | 14-Jul |  | 15,208 | 6,733 | 0 |  | 8,475 |
| 30 | 21-Jul |  | 15,092 | 1,780 | 0 |  | 13,312 |
| 31 | 28-Jul |  | 2,088 | 1,828 | 0 |  | 260 |
| 32 | 4-Aug |  | 8,972 | 2,650 | 3 |  | 6,319 |
| 33 | 11-Aug |  | 1,640 |  |  |  | 1,640 |
| 34 | 18-Aug |  | 4,163 |  |  |  | 4,163 |
| 35 | 25-Aug |  | 2,365 |  |  |  | 2,365 |
| 36 | 1-Sep |  | 1,352 |  |  |  | 1,352 |
| 37 | 8-Sep |  | 260 |  |  |  | 260 |
| M-R |  |  | 135,233 |  |  |  |  |
| 95\% |  | 127,768 | 142,698 |  |  |  |  |
| Tota |  |  | 135,233 | 31,053 | 518 | 155 | 103,507 |
| Coho |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27-36 | 30-Jun |  | 85,230 | 3,082 | 1 | 0 | 82,147 |
| 37-41 | 8-Sep |  | 137,932 | 0 | 31 | 688 | 137,213 |
| M-R Estimate |  |  | 223,162 |  |  |  |  |
| 95\% |  | 167,012 | 279,312 |  |  |  |  |
| Total Estimate |  |  | 223,162 | 3,082 | 32 | 688 | 219,360 |

Appendix C. 9. Daily counts of adult sockeye salmon passing through Tatsamenie weir, 2002.

| Date | Count | Cumulative |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Count | Percent |
| 3-Aug ---- Weir Fish Tight ---- |  |  |  |
| 4-Aug | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 5-Aug | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 6-Aug | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 7-Aug | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 8-Aug | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 9-Aug | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 10-Aug | 3 | 3 | 0.1 |
| 11-Aug | 83 | 86 | 1.6 |
| 12-Aug | 7 | 93 | 1.7 |
| 13-Aug | 54 | 147 | 2.7 |
| 14-Aug | 80 | 227 | 4.1 |
| 15-Aug | 16 | 243 | 4.4 |
| 16-Aug | 7 | 250 | 4.5 |
| 17-Aug | 19 | 269 | 4.9 |
| 18-Aug | 15 | 284 | 5.2 |
| 19-Aug | 14 | 298 | 5.4 |
| 20-Aug | 5 | 303 | 5.5 |
| 21-Aug | 33 | 336 | 6.1 |
| 22-Aug | 29 | 365 | 6.6 |
| 23-Aug | 202 | 567 | 10.3 |
| 24-Aug | 49 | 616 | 11.2 |
| 25-Aug | 32 | 648 | 11.8 |
| 26-Aug | 83 | 731 | 13.3 |
| 27-Aug | 108 | 839 | 15.3 |
| 28-Aug | 53 | 892 | 16.2 |
| 29-Aug | 76 | 968 | 17.6 |
| 30-Aug | 28 | 996 | 18.1 |
| 31-Aug | 34 | 1,030 | 18.7 |
| 1-Sep | 30 | 1,060 | 19.3 |
| 2-Sep | 5 | 1,065 | 19.4 |
| 3-Sep | 42 | 1,107 | 20.1 |
| 4-Sep | 14 | 1,121 | 20.4 |
| 5-Sep | 120 | 1,241 | 22.6 |
| 6-Sep | 194 | 1,435 | 26.1 |
| 7-Sep | 278 | 1,713 | 31.2 |
| 8-Sep | 242 | 1,955 | 35.6 |
| 9-Sep | 283 | 2,238 | 40.7 |
| 10-Sep | 231 | 2,469 | 44.9 |
| 11-Sep | 229 | 2,698 | 49.1 |
| 12-Sep | 192 | 2,890 | 52.6 |
| 13-Sep | 502 | 3,392 | 61.7 |
| 14-Sep | 303 | 3,695 | 67.2 |
| 15-Sep | 520 | 4,215 | 76.7 |
| 16-Sep | 166 | 4,381 | 79.7 |
| 17-Sep | 250 | 4,631 | 84.3 |
| 18-Sep | 36 | 4,667 | 84.9 |
| 19-Sep | 97 | 4,764 | 86.7 |
| 20-Sep | 138 | 4,902 | 89.2 |
| 21-Sep | 66 | 4,968 | 90.4 |
| 22-Sep | 31 | 4,999 | 91.0 |
| 23-Sep | 21 | 5,020 | 91.4 |
| 24-Sep | 43 | 5,063 | 92.1 |
| 25-Sep | 68 | 5,131 | 93.4 |
| 26-Sep | 62 | 5,193 | 94.5 |
| 27-Sep | 59 | 5,252 | 95.6 |
| 28-Sep | 5 | 5,257 | 95.7 |
| 29-Sep | 14 | 5,271 | 95.9 |
| 30-Sep | 3 | 5,274 | 96.0 |
| 1-Oct | 19 | 5,293 | 96.3 |
| 2-Oct | 13 | 5,306 | 96.6 |
| 3-Oct | 54 | 5,360 | 97.5 |
| 4-Oct | 35 | 5,395 | 98.2 |
| 5-Oct | 4 | 5,399 | 98.3 |
| 6-Oct | 34 | 5,433 | 98.9 |
| 7-Oct | 26 | 5,459 | 99.3 |
| 8-Oct | 11 | 5,470 | 99.5 |
| 9-Oct | 0 | 5,470 | 99.5 |
| 10-Oct | 0 | 5,470 | 99.5 |
| 11-Oct | 11 | 5,481 | 99.7 |
| 12-Oct | 2 | 5,483 | 99.8 |
| 13-Oct | 12 | 5,495 | 100.0 |
| 14-Oct | 0 | 5,495 | 100.0 |
| 15-Oct | 0 | 5,495 | 100.0 |
| 16-Oct | 0 | 5,495 | 100.0 |
| 17-Oct | ---- Weir Pulled ---- |  |  |
| Counts |  | 5,495 |  |
| Outlet sp | awners | $<15$ |  |
| Fish removed for broodstock |  | -542 female |  |
|  |  | -406 male |  |
|  |  | -263 released |  |
|  |  | -168 mortalities |  |
| Total fish removed for broodstock |  | -1,379 |  |
| Spawners |  | 4,091 |  |

Appendix C. 10. Daily counts of adult sockeye salmon passing through Little Trapper Lake weir, 2002.

| Date | Cumulative |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Count | Count |  |
| 18-Jul | ----Weir Fish Tight ---- | 0 |  |
| 19-Jul | 0 | 0 |  |
| 20-Jul | 0 | 0 |  |
| 21-Jul | 0 | 0 |  |
| 22-Jul | 318 | 318 |  |
| 23-Jul | 585 | 903 |  |
| 24-Jul | 60 | 963 |  |
| 25-Jul | 3 | 966 |  |
| 26-Jul | 8 | 974 |  |
| 27-Jul | 52 | 1,026 |  |
| 28-Jul | 103 | 1,129 |  |
| 29-Jul | 54 | 1,183 |  |
| 30-Jul | 76 | 1,259 |  |
| 31-Jul | 235 | 1,494 |  |
| 1-Aug | 307 | 1,801 |  |
| 2-Aug | 206 | 2,007 |  |
| 3-Aug | 298 | 2,305 |  |
| 4-Aug | 428 | 2,733 |  |
| 5-Aug | 816 | 3,549 |  |
| 6-Aug | 1415 | 4,964 |  |
| 7-Aug | 1002 | 5,966 |  |
| 8-Aug | 730 | 6,696 |  |
| 9-Aug | 392 | 7,088 |  |
| 10-Aug | 342 | 7,430 |  |
| 11-Aug | 276 | 7,706 |  |
| 12-Aug | 190 | 7,896 |  |
| 13-Aug |  | 7,896 | weir blown out |
| 14-Aug |  | 7,896 | weir blown out |
| 15-Aug |  | 7,896 | weir blown out |
| 16-Aug |  | 7,896 | weir blown out |
| 17-Aug |  | 7,896 | weir blown out |
| 18-Aug |  | 7,896 | weir blown out |
| 19-Aug | 1 | 7,897 | weir blown out |
| 20-Aug |  | 7,897 | weir blown out |
| 21-Aug | 24 | 7,921 | weir blown out |
| 22-Aug | 16 | 7,937 | weir blown out |
| 23-Aug | 36 | 7,973 | weir blown out |
| 24-Aug |  |  | weir blown out |
| 25-Aug |  |  | weir blown out |
| 26-Aug |  |  | weir blown out |
| 27-Aug |  |  | weir blown out |
| 28-Aug |  |  | weir blown out |
| 29-Aug |  |  | weir blown out |
| 30-Aug |  |  | weir blown out |
| 31-Aug |  |  | weir blown out |
| 1-Sep |  |  | weir blown out |
| 2-Sep |  |  | weir blown out |
| 3-Sep |  |  | weir blown out |
| 4-Sep |  |  | weir blown out |
| 5-Sep |  |  | weir blown out |
| 6-Sep |  |  | weir blown out |
| 7-Sep |  |  | weir blown out |
| 8-Sep |  |  | weir blown out |
| 9-Sep |  |  | weir blown out |
| Total count |  |  |  |
| Escapement |  | 7,973 | weir blown out |

Appendix C. 11. Daily counts of adult sockeye salmon passing through the Kuthai Lake weir, 2002.

|  | Cumulative |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{lcrl}\text { Date } & \text { Count } & \text { Count } & \text { Percent }\end{array}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 5-Jul | 7 | 7 | 0.09 |
| 6-Jul | 6 | 13 | 0.17 |
| 7-Jul | 52 | 65 | 0.83 |
| 8-Jul | 35 | 100 | 1.28 |
| 9-Jul | 39 | 139 | 1.78 |
| 10-Jul | 291 | 430 | 5.51 |
| 11-Jul | 313 | 743 | 9.53 |
| 12-Jul | 279 | 1,022 | 13.10 |
| 13-Jul | 611 | 1,633 | 20.94 |
| 14-Jul | 733 | 2,366 | 30.34 |
| 15-Jul | 213 | 2,579 | 33.07 |
| 16-Jul | 683 | 3,262 | 41.83 |
| 17-Jul | 352 | 3,614 | 46.34 |
| 18-Jul | 510 | 4,124 | 52.88 |
| 19-Jul | 576 | 4,700 | 60.26 |
| 20-Jul | 128 | 4,828 | 61.91 |
| 21-Jul | 379 | 5,207 | 66.76 |
| 22-Jul | 341 | 5,548 | 71.14 |
| 23-Jul | 316 | 5,864 | 75.19 |
| 24-Jul | 226 | 6,090 | 78.09 |
| 25-Jul | 151 | 6,241 | 80.02 |
| 26-Jul | 307 | 6,548 | 83.96 |
| 27-Jul | 250 | 6,798 | 87.17 |
| 28-Jul | 123 | 6,921 | 88.74 |
| 29-Jul | 112 | 7,033 | 90.18 |
| 30-Jul | 122 | 7,155 | 91.74 |
| 31-Jul | 144 | 7,299 | 93.59 |
| 1-Aug | 125 | 7,424 | 95.19 |
| 2-Aug | 92 | 7,516 | 96.37 |
| 3-Aug | 32 | 7,548 | 96.78 |
| 4-Aug | 42 | 7,590 | 97.32 |
| 5-Aug | 2 | 7,592 | 97.35 |
| 6-Aug | 0 | 7,592 | 97.35 |
| 7-Aug | 0 | 7,592 | 97.35 |
| 8-Aug | 11 | 7,603 | 97.49 |
| 9-Aug | 2 | 7,605 | 97.51 |
| 10-Aug | 14 | 7,619 | 97.69 |
| 11-Aug | 11 | 7,630 | 97.83 |
| 12-Aug | 11 | 7,641 | 97.97 |
| 13-Aug | 24 | 7,665 | 98.28 |
| 14-Aug | 6 | 7,671 | 98.36 |
| 15-Aug | 4 | 7,675 | 98.41 |
| 16-Aug | 15 | 7,690 | 98.60 |
| 17-Aug | 5 | 7,695 | 98.67 |
| 18-Aug | 4 | 7,699 | 98.72 |
| 19-Aug | 13 | 7,712 | 98.88 |
| 20-Aug | 12 | 7,724 | 99.04 |
| 21-Aug | 27 | 7,751 | 99.38 |
| 22-Aug | 1 | 7,752 | 99.40 |
| 23-Aug | 0 | 7,752 | 99.40 |
| 24-Aug | 1 | 7,753 | 99.41 |
| 25-Aug | 1 | 7,754 | 99.42 |
| 26-Aug | 18 | 7,772 | 99.65 |
| 27-Aug | 2 | 7,774 | 99.68 |
| 28-Aug | 10 | 7,784 | 99.81 |
| 29-Aug | 15 | 7,799 | 100.00 |
| 30-Aug |  |  |  |
| 31-Aug |  |  |  |
| 1-Sep |  |  |  |
| 2-Sep |  |  |  |
| 3-Sep ---- Weir Pulled ---- |  |  |  |
| Total count |  | 7,799 |  |
| Aboriginal food fish harvest a |  | -102 |  |
| Escapement |  | 7,697 |  |

Appendix C. 12. Daily counts of large (>659mm MEF length) Chinook salmon carcasses at the Nakina River weir, 2002.

|  | Count |  |  |  | Cumulative |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Date | Female | Male Combined |  | Count | Percent |  |
| 31-Jul |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-Aug |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-Aug | 5 | 5 | 10 |  | 10 | 0.01 |
| 3-Aug | 25 | 32 | 57 | 67 | 0.05 |  |
| 4-Aug | 28 | 52 | 80 |  | 147 | 0.10 |
| 5-Aug | 27 | 53 | 80 |  | 227 | 0.15 |
| 6-Aug | 32 | 60 | 92 |  | 319 | 0.21 |
| 7-Aug | 25 | 46 | 71 |  | 390 | 0.26 |
| 8-Aug | 27 | 88 | 115 |  | 505 | 0.34 |
| 9-Aug | 40 | 77 | 117 |  | 622 | 0.42 |
| 10-Aug | 20 | 49 | 69 |  | 691 | 0.47 |
| 11-Aug | 32 | 73 | 105 |  | 796 | 0.54 |
| 12-Aug | 40 | 112 | 152 |  | 948 | 0.64 |
| 13-Aug | 47 | 105 | 152 |  | 1100 | 0.74 |
| 14-Aug | 29 | 101 | 130 |  | 1230 | 0.83 |
| 15-Aug | 30 | 79 | 109 |  | 1339 | 0.90 |
| 16-Aug | 9 | 47 | 56 |  | 1395 | 0.94 |
| 17-Aug | 12 | 47 | 59 |  | 1454 | 0.98 |
| 18-Aug | 1 | 16 | 17 |  | 1471 | 0.99 |
| 19-Aug | 1 | 3 | 4 |  | 1475 | 0.99 |
| 20-Aug | 1 | 6 | 7 | 1482 | 1.00 |  |
| 21-Aug | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1486 | 1.00 |  |
| 22-Aug |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23-Aug |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 432 | 1,054 | 1,486 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Appendix D. 1. Salmon catches and effort in the Alaskan District 111 and Subdistrict 111-32 (Taku Inlet) commercial drift gillnet fishery, 1960-2002.
S. Chum and F. Chum refer to Summer and Fall runs of these fish, fish harvested prior to week 34 are considered summer chum, and fish harvested in week 34 and beyond are considered fall chum.
Days open are for the entire district and include openings to harvest spawner chinook salmon, 1960-1975.

| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Boat | Days |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | S. Chum | F. Chum | Days | Open |
| District 111 Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1960 | 8,810 | 42,819 | 22,374 | 33,155 | 8,754 | 33,098 |  | 60.0 |
| 1961 | 7,434 | 45,981 | 15,486 | 41,455 | 8,578 | 15,855 |  | 62.0 |
| 1962 | 5,931 | 36,745 | 15,661 | 17,280 | 7,453 | 13,182 |  | 52.0 |
| 1963 | 2,652 | 24,119 | 10,855 | 21,392 | 12,335 | 7,779 |  | 54.0 |
| 1964 | 2,509 | 34,140 | 29,315 | 26,593 | 4,970 | 7,883 |  | 56.0 |
| 1965 | 4,170 | 27,569 | 32,667 | 2,768 | 3,842 | 7,691 |  | 63.0 |
| 1966 | 4,829 | 33,925 | 26,065 | 23,833 | 5,015 | 30,118 |  | 64.0 |
| 1967 | 5,417 | 17,735 | 40,391 | 12,372 | 2,183 | 20,651 |  | 53.0 |
| 1968 | 4,904 | 19,501 | 39,103 | 67,365 | 5,747 | 16,143 |  | 60.0 |
| 1969 | 6,986 | 41,169 | 10,802 | 73,927 | 4,851 | 10,198 | 1,518 | 41.5 |
| 1970 | 3,357 | 50,922 | 44,960 | 197,017 | 19,593 | 90,797 | 2,688 | 53.0 |
| 1971 | 6,958 | 66,181 | 41,830 | 31,484 | 31,813 | 59,332 | 3,053 | 55.0 |
| 1972 | 10,955 | 80,404 | 49,780 | 144,339 | 67,126 | 80,831 | 3,103 | 51.0 |
| 1973 | 9,799 | 85,317 | 35,453 | 58,186 | 33,296 | 75,949 | 3,286 | 41.0 |
| 1974 | 2,908 | 38,670 | 38,667 | 57,731 | 11,263 | 75,423 | 2,315 | 29.5 |
| 1975 | 2,182 | 32,513 | 1,185 | 9,567 | 2,091 | 587 | 1,084 | 15.5 |
| 1976 | 1,757 | 61,749 | 41,729 | 14,962 | 6,027 | 75,776 | 1,914 | 25.0 |
| 1977 | 1,068 | 70,097 | 54,917 | 88,578 | 8,995 | 52,107 | 2,258 | 27.0 |
| 1978 | 1,926 | 55,398 | 31,944 | 51,385 | 9,076 | 27,178 | 2,174 | 26.0 |
| 1979 | 3,701 | 122,148 | 16,194 | 152,836 | 5,936 | 55,261 | 2,269 | 28.8 |
| 1980 | 2,251 | 123,451 | 41,677 | 296,572 | 33,627 | 159,020 | 4,123 | 30.9 |
| 1981 | 1,721 | 49,942 | 26,711 | 254,856 | 22,546 | 53,892 | 2,687 | 30.0 |
| 1982 | 3,057 | 83,625 | 29,072 | 109,297 | 14,867 | 22,741 | 2,433 | 35.5 |
| 1983 | 888 | 31,821 | 21,455 | 66,239 | 6,160 | 9,104 | 1,274 | 33.0 |
| 1984 | 1,773 | 77,233 | 33,836 | 145,971 | 45,811 | 40,930 | 2,757 | 52.5 |
| 1985 | 2,636 | 88,077 | 55,597 | 311,248 | 58,972 | 47,748 | 3,264 | 48.0 |
| 1986 | 2,584 | 73,061 | 30,512 | 16,568 | 29,909 | 28,883 | 2,129 | 32.8 |
| 1987 | 2,076 | 75,212 | 35,219 | 363,439 | 57,280 | 64,380 | 2,514 | 34.8 |
| 1988 | 1,779 | 38,923 | 44,881 | 157,831 | 80,307 | 59,271 | 2,135 | 32.0 |
| 1989 | 1,811 | 74,019 | 51,812 | 180,597 | 18,022 | 18,955 | 2,333 | 41.0 |
| 1990 | 3,480 | 126,884 | 67,530 | 153,036 | 112,336 | 33,463 | 3,188 | 38.3 |
| 1991 | 3,217 | 109,877 | 126,436 | 74,183 | 147,404 | 13,771 | 4,145 | 57.0 |
| 1992 | 2,341 | 135,411 | 172,662 | 314,445 | 97,725 | 14,802 | 4,550 | 50.0 |
| 1993 | 6,748 | 171,556 | 65,536 | 17,081 | 156,033 | 10,447 | 3,827 | 43.0 |
| 1994 | 5,047 | 105,861 | 188,501 | 401,525 | 198,002 | 16,169 | 5,078 | 66.0 |
| 1995 | 4,660 | 103,377 | 83,626 | 41,269 | 339,178 | 10,920 | 4,034 | 49.0 |
| 1996 | 2,659 | 199,014 | 33,633 | 12,660 | 347,612 | 6,455 | 3,229 | 46.0 |
| 1997 | 2,804 | 94,745 | 3,515 | 51,424 | 173,804 | 3,060 | 2,107 | 33.0 |
| 1998 | 794 | 69,677 | 28,713 | 168,283 | 291,416 | 4,695 | 3,070 | 48.0 |
| 1999 | 1,841 | 79,425 | 17,273 | 59,316 | 429,213 | 4,639 | 2,841 | 59.0 |
| 2000 | 1,137 | 168,272 | 7,546 | 54,716 | 665,582 | 3,013 | 2,919 | 40.0 |
| 2001 | 1,696 | 290,450 | 22,529 | 122,829 | 235,276 | 1,693 | 4,731 | 54.0 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-01 | 3,697 | 79,929 | 42,563 | 107,134 | 90,953 | 32,950 | 2,880 | 44.58 |
| 92-01 | 2,973 | 141,779 | 62,353 | 124,355 | 293,384 | 7,589 | 3,639 | 48.90 |
| 2002 | 1,840 | 178,488 | 39,823 | 77,562 | 230,092 | 929 | 4,101 | 61.00 |

Appendix D.1. Page 2 of 2.

| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Boat | Days |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | S. Chum | F. Chum | Days | Open |
| Subdistrict 111-32 Catches (Taku Inlet) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1960 | 8,763 | 26,641 | 20,282 | 26,777 | 4,566 | 28,720 | 1,680 | 60.0 |
| 1961 | 7,269 | 30,805 | 14,618 | 34,615 | 6,863 | 14,876 | 2,901 | 62.0 |
| 1962 | 5,719 | 25,969 | 13,699 | 10,006 | 5,418 | 11,812 | 1,568 | 52.0 |
| 1963 | 2,547 | 16,079 | 9,406 | 18,102 | 8,085 | 7,071 | 1,519 | 51.0 |
| 1964 | 2,482 | 28,873 | 28,603 | 22,177 | 3,919 | 7,822 | 1,491 | 56.0 |
| 1965 | 4,146 | 23,828 | 32,382 | 2,641 | 3,604 | 7,691 | 1,332 | 60.0 |
| 1966 | 4,817 | 28,301 | 24,153 | 22,490 | 4,350 | 27,327 | 1,535 | 58.0 |
| 1967 | 5,351 | 14,537 | 39,983 | 11,619 | 1,569 | 20,463 | 1,663 | 50.0 |
| 1968 | 4,862 | 16,952 | 37,570 | 55,527 | 4,646 | 15,597 | 2,420 | 60.0 |
| 1969 | 6,874 | 38,260 | 10,131 | 66,991 | 4,233 | 9,926 | 1,413 | 42.0 |
| 1970 | 3,073 | 41,476 | 37,587 | 143,886 | 14,208 | 76,795 | 2,425 | 53.0 |
| 1971 | 6,753 | 62,459 | 38,571 | 30,765 | 31,110 | 54,696 | 2,849 | 55.0 |
| 1972 | 9,633 | 62,877 | 38,568 | 78,673 | 45,955 | 60,097 | 2,797 | 51.0 |
| 1973 | 9,525 | 80,063 | 29,770 | 55,234 | 30,817 | 61,025 | 3,135 | 41.0 |
| 1974 | 2,280 | 26,256 | 27,670 | 32,684 | 6,469 | 51,063 | 1,741 | 30.0 |
| 1975 | 1,998 | 28,201 | 429 | 8,084 | 1,639 | 31 | 986 | 15.0 |
| 1976 | 1,693 | 51,674 | 31,641 | 11,868 | 3,766 | 42,674 | 1,582 | 23.0 |
| 1977 | 754 | 47,512 | 48,403 | 67,072 | 5,436 | 43,595 | 1,879 | 27.0 |
| 1978 | 1,642 | 43,795 | 21,620 | 41,624 | 7,142 | 18,101 | 1,738 | 24.0 |
| 1979 | 3,016 | 103,043 | 12,741 | 114,324 | 4,317 | 46,142 | 2,011 | 29.0 |
| 1980 | 1,986 | 108,577 | 35,814 | 241,085 | 25,779 | 131,126 | 3,634 | 31.0 |
| 1981 | 1,325 | 39,963 | 20,936 | 98,524 | 10,407 | 40,212 | 1,740 | 22.0 |
| 1982 | 2,841 | 75,012 | 24,761 | 77,942 | 11,558 | 18,363 | 2,130 | 36.0 |
| 1983 | 689 | 25,957 | 17,665 | 40,996 | 3,171 | 7,813 | 1,065 | 31.0 |
| 1984 | 1,414 | 59,229 | 25,951 | 83,028 | 28,214 | 27,967 | 2,120 | 39.0 |
| 1985 | 2,152 | 70,160 | 45,106 | 176,710 | 35,897 | 40,530 | 2,116 | 37.0 |
| 1986 | 1,877 | 60,106 | 26,474 | 9,772 | 14,646 | 24,790 | 1,413 | 30.0 |
| 1987 | 1,534 | 54,436 | 23,342 | 200,203 | 31,992 | 28,891 | 1,517 | 30.0 |
| 1988 | 949 | 23,752 | 33,159 | 41,625 | 25,969 | 27,010 | 1,213 | 29.0 |
| 1989 | 1,606 | 68,104 | 44,034 | 141,385 | 15,254 | 15,491 | 1,909 | 36.0 |
| 1990 | 2,432 | 110,006 | 60,078 | 101,168 | 88,350 | 29,099 | 2,879 | 38.0 |
| 1991 | 2,614 | 96,006 | 118,902 | 44,347 | 97,577 | 12,279 | 3,324 | 52.0 |
| 1992 | 1,672 | 103,238 | 152,598 | 180,340 | 57,153 | 11,649 | 3,407 | 43.0 |
| 1993 | 4,413 | 144,982 | 58,062 | 8,801 | 101,356 | 7,760 | 3,372 | 43.0 |
| 1994 | 3,051 | 88,625 | 156,314 | 198,507 | 129,350 | 12,280 | 3,960 | 60.0 |
| 1995 | 3,497 | 81,266 | 70,826 | 18,469 | 192,557 | 8,786 | 3,061 | 45.0 |
| 1996 | 2,412 | 188,412 | 31,828 | 12,123 | 294,890 | 5,245 | 2,685 | 41.0 |
| 1997 | 2,724 | 84,115 | 2,993 | 38,794 | 143,354 | 1,936 | 1,761 | 30.0 |
| 1998 | 634 | 47,413 | 24,606 | 85,269 | 192,057 | 2,800 | 2,007 | 39.0 |
| 1999 | 1,762 | 68,914 | 14,086 | 43,958 | 327,706 | 2,643 | 2,563 | 58.0 |
| 2000 | 1,032 | 127,274 | 6,299 | 25,729 | 453,147 | 1,311 | 2,325 | 38.0 |
| 2001 | 1,290 | 179,683 | 12,647 | 49,174 | 141,715 | 1,012 | 3,635 | 55.0 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-01 | 3,264 | 64,353 | 36,293 | 66,026 | 62,386 | 25,346 | 2,202 | 41.95 |
| 92-01 | 2,249 | 111,392 | 53,026 | 66,116 | 203,329 | 5,542 | 2,878 | 45.20 |
| 2002 | 1,546 | 113,110 | 30,501 | 40,283 | 108,171 | 671 | 2,792 | 54.00 |

Appendix D. 2. Stock proportions and catches of sockeye salmon in the Alaska District 111 commercial drift gillnet fishery, 1983-2002.

| Week | Kuthai | Little Trapper |  | Mainstem | Tatsamenie |  | Total <br> Taku | Crescent | Speel | Wild Snett. | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. } \\ \text { Planted } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Wild | Planted |  | Wild | Planted |  |  |  |  |  |
| Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.755 |  |  | 0.245 |  |
| 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.758 |  |  | 0.242 |  |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.838 |  |  | 0.162 |  |
| 1986 | 0.061 | 0.266 |  | 0.303 | 0.204 |  | 0.834 | 0.090 | 0.076 | 0.166 |  |
| 1987 | 0.078 | 0.234 |  | 0.376 | 0.031 |  | 0.720 | 0.157 | 0.123 | 0.280 |  |
| 1988 | 0.118 | 0.158 |  | 0.305 | 0.082 |  | 0.663 | 0.266 | 0.071 | 0.337 |  |
| $1989{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.077 | a |  | a | 0.156 |  | 0.849 | 0.051 | 0.100 | 0.152 |  |
| 1990 | 0.036 | 0.197 |  | 0.336 | 0.286 |  | 0.855 | 0.112 | 0.033 | 0.145 |  |
| 1991 | 0.039 | 0.297 |  | 0.373 | 0.232 |  | 0.941 | 0.059 | 0.000 | 0.059 |  |
| 1992 | 0.048 | 0.220 |  | 0.445 | 0.191 |  | 0.904 | 0.036 | 0.060 | 0.096 |  |
| 1993 | 0.062 | 0.328 |  | 0.308 | 0.123 |  | 0.822 | 0.069 | 0.109 | 0.178 |  |
| 1994 | 0.110 | 0.356 |  | 0.361 | 0.091 |  | 0.917 | 0.036 | 0.022 | 0.058 | 0.025 |
| 1995 | 0.046 | 0.214 | 0.010 | 0.428 | 0.153 | 0.029 | 0.880 | 0.018 | 0.075 | 0.093 | 0.026 |
| 1996 | 0.069 | 0.117 | 0.010 | 0.499 | 0.232 | 0.014 | 0.941 | 0.013 | 0.032 | 0.045 | 0.014 |
| 1997 | 0.067 | 0.170 | 0.011 | 0.282 | 0.286 | 0.011 | 0.826 | 0.027 | 0.026 | 0.053 | 0.120 |
| 1998 | 0.087 | 0.158 | 0.008 | 0.209 | 0.245 | 0.004 | 0.710 | 0.026 | 0.007 | 0.033 | 0.257 |
| 1999 | 0.176 | 0.259 | 0.003 | 0.235 | 0.119 | 0.005 | 0.797 | 0.049 | 0.023 | 0.072 | 0.131 |
| 2000 | 0.139 | 0.273 | 0.002 | 0.211 | 0.151 | 0.008 | 0.783 | 0.004 | 0.054 | 0.058 | 0.160 |
| 2001 | 0.076 | 0.130 | 0.000 | 0.268 | 0.207 | 0.031 | 0.713 | 0.014 | 0.032 | 0.046 | 0.241 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86-01 | 0.081 | 0.225 | 0.006 | 0.329 | 0.174 | 0.015 | 0.816 | 0.064 | 0.053 | 0.133 | 0.122 |
| 92-01 | 0.088 | 0.223 | 0.006 | 0.325 | 0.180 | 0.015 | 0.829 | 0.029 | 0.044 | 0.073 | 0.122 |
| 2002 | 0.098 | 0.254 | 0.000 | 0.173 | 0.126 | 0.004 | 0.654 | 0.014 | 0.032 | 0.047 | 0.299 |


| Catches |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1983 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1984 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24,025 |  |  | 7,796 |  |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 58,543 |  |  | 18,690 |  |
| 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 73,809 |  |  | 14,268 |  |
| 1987 | 4,489 | 19,441 |  | 22,104 | 14,900 |  | 60,934 | 6,610 | 5,516 | 12,127 |  |
| 1988 | 5,893 | 17,594 |  | 28,286 | 2,352 |  | 54,124 | 11,814 | 9,274 | 21,088 |  |
| $1989{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 4,598 | 6,153 |  | 11,865 | 3,194 |  | 25,811 | 10,365 | 2,748 | 13,112 |  |
| 1990 | 5,696 | a |  | a | 11,536 |  | 62,805 | 3,789 | 7,425 | 11,214 |  |
| 1991 | 4,539 | 24,952 |  | 42,676 | 36,332 |  | 108,499 | 14,242 | 4,143 | 18,385 |  |
| 1992 | 4,295 | 32,685 |  | 40,957 | 25,475 |  | 103,412 | 6,465 | 0 | 6,465 |  |
| 1993 | 6,543 | 29,818 |  | 60,224 | 25,853 |  | 122,438 | 4,912 | 8,060 | 12,972 |  |
| 1994 | 10,673 | 56,350 |  | 52,876 | 21,139 |  | 141,038 | 11,877 | 18,641 | 30,518 |  |
| 1995 | 11,638 | 37,644 |  | 38,179 | 9,585 |  | 97,046 | 3,859 | 2,319 | 6,178 | 2,637 |
| 1996 | 4,788 | 22,109 | 1,017 | 44,278 | 15,767 | 3,049 | 91,008 | 1,901 | 7,741 | 9,642 | 2,727 |
| 1997 | 13,742 | 23,307 | 1,920 | 99,231 | 46,148 | 2,859 | 187,207 | 2,544 | 6,416 | 8,960 | 2,848 |
| 1998 | 6,345 | 16,105 | 1,031 | 26,694 | 27,107 | 1,006 | 78,288 | 2,558 | 2,510 | 5,068 | 11,389 |
| 1999 | 6,055 | 11,018 | 570 | 14,560 | 17,040 | 250 | 49,493 | 1,784 | 500 | 2,284 | 17,900 |
| 2000 | 14,016 | 20,596 | 247 | 18,680 | 9,421 | 367 | 63,327 | 3,879 | 1,814 | 5,693 | 10,405 |
| 2001 | 23,357 | 45,977 | 279 | 35,451 | 25,347 | 1,301 | 131,712 | 621 | 9,088 | 9,709 | 26,851 |
| 2002 | 22,042 | 37,862 | 0 | 77,938 | 60,109 | 9,057 | 207,008 | 4,097 | 9,331 | 13,428 | 70,014 |
| Average $^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86-01 | 9,294 | 26,774 | 723 | 40,933 | 21,957 | 2,556 | 99,009 | 5,707 | 5,970 | 11,678 | 18,096 |
| 92-01 | 11,920 | 30,079 | 723 | 46,811 | 25,752 | 2,556 | 116,857 | 3,803 | 6,642 | 10,445 | 18,096 |
| 2002 | 17,474 | 45,308 | 0 | 30,819 | 22,449 | 660 | 116,711 | 2,559 | 5,779 | 8,337 | 53,440 |

[^1]${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Averages for individual stocks do not include 1989.

Appendix D. 3.Proportion of wild Taku River sockeye salmon in the Alaskan District 111 commercial drift gillnet catch by week, 1983-2002.
Data based on scale patterns and incidence of brain parasites and includes only wild fish (estimated from thermal mark analysis)

|  | Week |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 |  |
| 1983 |  | 0.996 | 0.842 | 0.819 | 0.663 | 0.527 | 0.836 | 0.534 | 0.719 | 0.759 | 0.755 |
| 1984 | 0.970 | 0.956 | 0.843 | 0.670 | 0.588 | 0.712 | 0.728 | 0.809 | 0.726 |  | 0.758 |
| 1985 | 0.999 | 0.986 | 0.928 | 0.974 | 0.868 | 0.706 | 0.737 | 0.826 | 0.801 |  | 0.838 |
| 1986 | 0.938 | 0.953 | 0.873 | 0.880 | 0.852 | 0.777 | 0.851 | 0.757 | 0.893 | 0.739 | 0.834 |
| 1987 |  | 0.982 | 0.901 | 0.884 | 0.948 | 0.414 | 0.619 | 0.689 | 0.841 | 0.731 | 0.720 |
| 1988 |  | 0.964 | 0.886 | 0.889 | 0.510 | 0.643 | 0.677 | 0.528 | 0.478 | 0.346 | 0.663 |
| 1989 | 0.943 | 0.989 | 0.979 | 0.852 | 0.835 | 0.641 | 0.681 | 0.919 | 0.676 |  | 0.848 |
| 1990 | 0.874 | 0.935 | 0.904 | 0.773 | 0.782 | 0.863 | 0.943 | 0.939 | 0.878 | 0.862 | 0.855 |
| 1991 | 0.988 | 0.979 | 0.953 | 0.979 | 0.951 | 0.933 | 0.936 | 0.890 | 0.885 | 0.875 | 0.941 |
| 1992 |  | 0.978 | 0.985 | 0.956 | 0.916 | 0.943 | 0.893 | 0.858 | 0.766 | 0.766 | 0.904 |
| 1993 |  | 0.961 | 0.901 | 0.837 | 0.856 | 0.781 | 0.790 | 0.829 | 0.738 | 0.706 | 0.822 |
| 1994 |  | 1.000 | 0.981 | 0.973 | 0.967 | 0.870 | 0.835 | 0.938 | 0.804 | 0.901 | 0.917 |
| 1995 | 0.942 | 0.889 | 0.903 | 0.858 | 0.872 | 0.868 | 0.761 | 0.759 | 0.705 | 0.740 | 0.841 |
| 1996 | 1.000 | 0.998 | 0.909 | 0.974 | 0.950 | 0.991 | 0.914 | 0.945 | 0.879 | 0.804 | 0.953 |
| 1997 | 0.992 | 0.970 | 0.910 | 0.926 | 0.951 | 0.939 | 0.939 | 0.925 | 0.872 | 0.906 | 0.938 |
| 1998 |  | 0.964 | 0.974 | 0.978 | 0.971 | 0.949 | 0.948 | 0.942 | 0.997 | 0.857 | 0.955 |
| 1999 |  | 0.966 | 0.988 | 0.953 | 0.934 | 0.917 | 0.878 | 0.833 | 0.732 | 0.665 | 0.917 |
| 2000 |  | 0.973 | 0.962 | 0.958 | 0.929 | 0.898 | 0.872 | 0.907 | 0.908 | 0.858 | 0.931 |
| 2001 | 0.995 | 0.998 | 0.948 | 0.888 | 0.908 | 0.930 | 0.961 | 0.945 | 0.858 | 0.858 | 0.936 |
| Average |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83-01 | 0.964 | 0.970 | 0.925 | 0.896 | 0.855 | 0.805 | 0.831 | 0.830 | 0.798 | 0.773 | 0.859 |
| 92-01 | 0.982 | 0.970 | 0.946 | 0.930 | 0.925 | 0.909 | 0.879 | 0.888 | 0.826 | 0.806 | 0.911 |
| 2002 | 0.986 | 0.989 | 0.993 | 0.970 | 0.872 | 0.946 | 0.829 | 0.880 | 0.851 | 0.851 | 0.933 |

Appendix D. 4. Salmon catch in the U.S. subsistence and personal use fisheries in the Taku River, 19672002.

The subsistence fishery was open 1967 to 1976 and 1985 and the personal use fishery was open The harvests are miminum estimates because not all permits are filled out and returned.

| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Permits |
| 1967 | 0 | 103 | 221 | 9 | 25 |  |
| 1968 | 3 | 41 | 196 | 19 | 10 |  |
| 1969 | 0 | 122 | 8 | 11 | 0 |  |
| 1970 | 0 | 304 | 0 | 20 | 8 |  |
| 1971 | 0 | 512 | 0 | 42 | 0 |  |
| 1972 | 0 | 554 | 0 | 103 | 7 |  |
| 1973 | 0 | 1,227 | 0 | 64 | 14 |  |
| 1974 | 0 | 1,431 | 0 | 118 | 5 |  |
| 1975 | 0 | 170 | 0 | 3 | 0 |  |
| 1976 | 0 | 351 | 4 | 22 | 0 |  |
| 1985 | 0 | 920 | 35 | 16 | 1 | 54 |
| 1989 | 25 | 562 | 57 | 591 | 16 | 75 |
| 1990 | 26 | 793 | 103 | 111 | 46 | 95 |
| 1991 | 25 | 800 | 86 | 97 | 2 | 88 |
| 1992 | 21 | 1,217 | 88 | 100 | 0 | 125 |
| 1993 | 9 | 1,201 | 25 | 93 | 3 | 128 |
| 1994 | 21 | 1,111 | 93 | 76 | 3 | 116 |
| 1995 | 18 | 990 | 97 | 40 | 6 | 106 |
| 1996 | 33 | 1,189 | 67 | 110 | 5 | 130 |
| 1997 | 16 | 1,053 | 27 | 86 | 1 | 123 |
| 1998 | 15 | 1,153 | 86 | 225 | 2 | 130 |
| 1999 | 22 | 1,254 | 44 | 105 | 3 | 147 |
| 2000 | 22 | 1,134 | 31 | 68 | 7 | 128 |
| 2001 | 8 | 1,462 | 22 | 195 | 11 | 163 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 67-01 | 11 | 819 | 54 | 97 | 7 |  |
| 92-01 | 19 | 1,176 | 58 | 110 | 4 | 130 |
| 2002 | 14 | 1,289 | 68 | 59 | 20 | 136 |

Appendix D. 5. Salmon catch and effort in the Canadian commercial fishery in the Taku River, 19792002.

| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinook |  | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Boat <br> Days | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Days } \\ & \text { Open } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Large | non large |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 97 |  | 13,578 | 6,006 | 13,661 | 15,474 | 599 | 50.0 |
| 1980 | 225 |  | 22,602 | 6,405 | 26,821 | 18,516 | 476 | 39.0 |
| 1981 | 159 |  | 10,922 | 3,607 | 10,771 | 5,591 | 243 | 31.3 |
| 1982 | 54 |  | 3,144 | 51 | 202 | 3 | 38 | 13.0 |
| 1983 | 156 | 400 | 17,056 | 8,390 | 1,874 | 1,760 | 390 | 64.0 |
| 1984 | 294 | 221 | 27,242 | 5,357 | 6,964 | 2,492 | 288 | 30.0 |
| 1985 | 326 | 24 | 14,244 | 1,770 | 3,373 | 136 | 178 | 16.0 |
| 1986 | 275 | 77 | 14,739 | 1,783 | 58 | 110 | 148 | 17.0 |
| 1987 | 127 | 106 | 13,554 | 5,599 | 6,250 | 2,270 | 280 | 26.0 |
| 1988 | 555 | 186 | 12,014 | 3,123 | 1,030 | 733 | 185 | 14.7 |
| 1989 | 895 | 139 | 18,545 | 2,876 | 695 | 42 | 271 | 25.3 |
| 1990 | 1,258 | 128 | 21,100 | 3,207 | 378 | 12 | 295 | 28.3 |
| 1991 | 1,177 | 432 | 25,067 | 3,415 | 296 | 2 | 284 | 25.0 |
| 1992 | 1,445 | 147 | 29,472 | 4,077 | 0 | 7 | 291 | 27.0 |
| 1993 | 1,619 | 171 | 33,217 | 3,033 | 16 | 15 | 363 | 34.0 |
| 1994 | 2,065 | 235 | 28,762 | 14,531 | 168 | 18 | 497 | 74.0 |
| 1995 | 1,577 | 298 | 32,640 | 13,629 | 2 | 1 | 428 | 51.1 |
| 1996 | 3,331 | 144 | 41,665 | 5,028 | 0 | 0 | 415 | 65.0 |
| 1997 | 2,731 | 84 | 24,003 | 2,594 | 0 | 1 | 394 | 47.0 |
| 1998 | 1,107 | 227 | 19,038 | 5,090 | 0 | 2 | 299 | 42.0 |
| 1999 | 908 | 257 | 20,681 | 4,416 | 0 | 0 | 300 | 34.0 |
| 2000 | 1,576 | 87 | 28,009 | 4,395 | 0 | 0 | 351 | 39.0 |
| 2001 | 1,458 | 118 | 47,660 | 2,568 | 0 | 0 | 382 | 41.5 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79-01 | 1,018 | 183 | 22,563 | 4,824 | 3,155 | 2,052 | 321 | 36 |
| 92-01 | 1,782 | 177 | 30,515 | 5,936 | 19 | 4 | 372 | 45 |
| 2002 | 1,561 | 291 | 31,053 | 3,082 | 0 | 0 | 286 | 33 |

Appendix D. 6. Sockeye salmon stock proportions and catch by stock in the Canadian commercial fishery on the Taku River, 1986-2002.

| Data based on scale pattern, brain parasite, and thermal mark analyses. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Kuthai | Little Trapper |  | Mainstem | Tatsamenie |  | Total Wild | Total Planted |
|  |  | Wild | Planted |  | Wild | Planted |  |  |
| Proportions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 0.111 | 0.397 |  | 0.350 | 0.143 |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1987 | 0.062 | 0.201 |  | 0.649 | 0.088 |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1988 | 0.143 | 0.417 |  | 0.343 | 0.098 |  | 1.000 |  |
| $1989{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.053 | a |  | a | 0.203 |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1990 | 0.112 | 0.388 |  | 0.338 | 0.163 |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1991 | 0.064 | 0.308 |  | 0.452 | 0.176 |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1992 | 0.092 | 0.240 |  | 0.569 | 0.099 |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1993 | 0.126 | 0.392 |  | 0.432 | 0.049 |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1994 | 0.158 | 0.482 |  | 0.302 | 0.058 |  | 1.000 |  |
| 1995 | 0.047 | 0.427 | 0.010 | 0.373 | 0.112 | 0.031 | 0.959 | 0.041 |
| 1996 | 0.105 | 0.221 | 0.008 | 0.442 | 0.215 | 0.010 | 0.982 | 0.018 |
| 1997 | 0.120 | 0.282 | 0.019 | 0.277 | 0.294 | 0.008 | 0.973 | 0.027 |
| 1998 | 0.225 | 0.207 | 0.028 | 0.254 | 0.283 | 0.003 | 0.969 | 0.031 |
| 1999 | 0.389 | 0.305 | 0.008 | 0.145 | 0.147 | 0.006 | 0.986 | 0.014 |
| 2000 | 0.172 | 0.205 | 0.000 | 0.326 | 0.282 | 0.016 | 0.984 | 0.016 |
| 2001 | 0.184 | 0.168 | 0.000 | 0.364 | 0.246 | 0.039 | 0.961 | 0.039 |


| Averages ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 86-01 | 0.135 | 0.309 |  | 0.374 | 0.166 |  | 0.988 |  |
| 92-01 | 0.162 | 0.293 | 0.010 | 0.348 | 0.179 | 0.016 | 0.981 | 0.027 |
| 2002 | 0.316 | 0.428 | 0.000 | 0.192 | 0.062 | 0.002 | 0.998 | 0.002 |
| Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 1,629 | 5,855 |  | 5,152 | 2,103 |  | 14,739 |  |
| 1987 | 834 | 2,728 |  | 8,793 | 1,199 |  | 13,554 |  |
| 1988 | 1,715 | 5,005 |  | 4,122 | 1,172 |  | 12,014 |  |
| $1989{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 990 | a |  | a | 3,763 |  | 18,545 |  |
| 1990 | 2,355 | 8,183 |  | 7,131 | 3,431 |  | 21,100 |  |
| 1991 | 1,601 | 7,721 |  | 11,327 | 4,418 |  | 25,067 |  |
| 1992 | 2,699 | 7,085 |  | 16,764 | 2,924 |  | 29,472 |  |
| 1993 | 4,192 | 13,036 |  | 14,347 | 1,641 |  | 33,217 |  |
| 1994 | 4,544 | 13,858 |  | 8,684 | 1,676 |  | 28,762 |  |
| 1995 | 1,528 | 13,934 | 331 | 12,185 | 3,659 | 1,003 | 31,306 | 1,334 |
| 1996 | 4,357 | 9,195 | 331 | 18,422 | 8,959 | 401 | 40,933 | 732 |
| 1997 | 2,891 | 6,758 | 456 | 6,637 | 7,060 | 201 | 23,346 | 657 |
| 1998 | 4,279 | 3,944 | 533 | 4,829 | 5,397 | 56 | 18,449 | 589 |
| 1999 | 8,044 | 6,314 | 171 | 2,992 | 3,034 | 126 | 20,384 | 297 |
| 2000 | 4,809 | 5,745 | 0 | 9,122 | 7,897 | 436 | 27,573 | 436 |
| 2001 | 8,748 | 8,005 | 0 | 17,330 | 11,709 | 1,868 | 45,792 | 1,868 |


| Averages $^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $86-01$ | 3,451 | 7,824 | 9,856 | 4,378 |  | 25,266 |  |  |
| $92-01$ | 4,609 | 8,787 | 260 | 11,131 | 5,396 | 584 | 29,923 | 845 |
| 2002 | 9,826 | 13,305 | 0 | 5,948 | 1,925 | 49 | 31,004 | 49 |

[^2]Appendix D. 7. Salmon catches in the Canadian Aboriginal fishery on the Taku River, 1980-2002.

| Year | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1980 | 85 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1983 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1984 | 0 | 50 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| 1985 | 4 | 167 | 22 | 0 | 0 |
| 1986 | 10 | 200 | 50 | 0 | 0 |
| 1987 | 0 | 96 | 113 | 0 | 0 |
| 1988 | 27 | 245 | 98 | 0 | 0 |
| 1989 | 6 | 53 | 146 | 0 | 0 |
| 1990 | 0 | 89 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 0 | 150 | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| 1992 | 121 | 352 | 187 | 0 | 0 |
| 1993 | 25 | 140 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 1994 | 119 | 239 | 162 | 4 | 0 |
| 1995 | 70 | 71 | 109 | 0 | 7 |
| 1996 | 63 | 360 | 24 | 0 | 0 |
| 1997 | 103 | 349 | 96 | 0 | 0 |
| 1998 | 60 | 239 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1999 | 50 | 382 | 471 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | 50 | 140 | 342 | 0 | 0 |
| 2001 | 125 | 210 | 500 | 0 | 25 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |
| $80-01$ | 46 | 184 | 118 | 0 | 2 |
| $92-01$ | 79 | 248 | 190 | 0 | 3 |
| 2002 | 37 | 155 | 688 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Appendix D. 8. Salmon catch in the Canadian test fishery in the Taku River, 1987-2002.

| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum |
|  | Large non large |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 |  | 237 | 807 |  |  |
| 1988 | 72 | 708 | 422 | 52 | 222 |
| 1989 | 31 | 207 | 1,011 | 0 | 13 |
| 1990 | 48 | 285 | 472 | 0 | 0 |
| 1991 | 0 | 163 | 2,004 | 3 | 295 |
| 1992 | 0 | 38 | 1,277 | 0 | 76 |
| $1993{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0 | 166 | 1,593 | 0 | 50 |
| 1994 | There was | no Canadian | t fishery | 994. |  |
| 1995 | There was | no Canadian | t fishery | 995. |  |
| 1996 | There was | no Canadian | t fishery | 996. |  |
| 1997 | 1 sockeye and 39 coho | almon caug | in 1997 | eleas |  |
| 1998 | There was | o Canadian | t fishery | 998. |  |
| 1999 | 577 2 | 88 | 688 | 0 | 0 |
| 2000 | 1,312 87 | 319 | 710 | 0 | 0 |
| 2001 | 1,175 229 | 247 | 31 | 0 | 0 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |
| 87-01 | 357 | 246 | 902 | 6 | 73 |
| 2002 | 1,311 355 | 518 | 32 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| additional fish released |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Catch release |  |  |  |  |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum |
|  | Large non large |  |  |  |  |
| 1997 |  | 1 | 39 |  |  |
| 1998 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 | 181 |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 | 439 |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | 871 | 82 | 2,976 |  | 159 |
| 2002 | 1,132 | 161 | 3,767 | 7 | 11 |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Incomplete harvest data.

Appendix D. 9. Taku River sockeye salmon run size, 1984-2002.


Appendix D. 10. Sockeye salmon escapement estimates of Taku River and Port Snettisham sockeye salmon stocks, 1979-2002.

Appendix D. 11. Taku River Chinook salmon run size, 1989-2002.

| Spawners equals escapement to the weir minus fish collected for brood stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Little Trapper |  | Little Tatsamenie |  | Tatsamenie |  | King <br> Salmon Weir | Kuthai <br> Lake <br> Weir | Nahlin River Weir | Crescent Lake |  | Speel Lake |  |
|  | Count | Escapement | Escapement | Spawners | Escapemen 1 | Spawners |  |  |  | Escapement | Spawners | Escapement | awners |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,658 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,299 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1983{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 7,402 | 7,402 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19,422 | 19,422 | 10,484 | 10,484 |
| 1984 | 13,084 | 13,084 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,707 | 6,707 | 9,764 | 9,764 |
| $1985{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 14,889 | 14,889 | 13,093 | 13,093 |  |  |  |  |  | 7,249 | 7,249 | 7,073 | 7,006 |
| 1986 | 13,820 | 13,820 | 11,446 | 11,446 |  |  |  |  |  | 3,414 | 3,414 | 5,857 | 5,457 |
| $1987{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 12,007 | 12,007 | 2,794 | 2,794 |  |  |  |  |  | 7,839 | 7,839 | 9,319 | 9,319 |
| 1988 | 10,637 | 10,637 | 2,063 | 2,063 |  |  |  |  | 138 | 1,199 | 1,199 | 969 | 710 |
| 1989 | 9,606 | 9,606 | 3,039 | 3,039 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,109 | 775 | 12,229 | 10,114 |
| 1990 | 9,443 | 7,777 | 5,736 | 4,929 |  |  |  |  | 2,515 | 1,262 | 757 | 18,064 | 16,867 |
| 1991 | 22,942 | 21,001 | 8,381 | 7,585 |  |  |  |  |  | 9,208 | 8,666 | 299 | 299 |
| 1992 | 14,372 | 12,732 | 6,576 | 5,681 |  |  |  | 1,457 | 297 | 22,674 | 21,849 | 9,439 | 8,136 |
| 1993 | 17,432 | 16,685 | 5,028 | 4,230 |  |  |  | 6,312 | 2,463 |  |  |  |  |
| 1994 | 13,438 | 12,691 | 4,371 | 3,578 |  |  |  | 5,427 | 960 |  |  |  |  |
| 1995 | 11,524 | 11,524 |  |  | 5,780 | 4,387 |  | 3,310 | 3,711 |  |  | 16,208 | 14,260 |
| 1996 | 5,483 | 5,483 |  |  | 10,381 | 8,026 |  | 4,243 | 2,538 |  |  | 20,000 | 18,610 |
| 1997 | 5,924 | 5,924 |  |  | 8,363 | 5,981 |  | 5,746 | 1,857 |  |  | 4,999 |  |
| 1998 | 8,717 | 8,717 |  |  | 5,997 | 4,735 |  | 1,934 | 345 |  |  | 13,358 |  |
| 1999 | 11,805 | 11,805 |  |  | 2,104 | 1,888 |  | 10,042 |  |  |  | 10,277 |  |
| 2000 | 11,551 | 11,551 |  |  | 7,575 | 6,094 |  | 4,096 |  |  |  | 6,764 |  |
| 2001 | 16,860 | 16,860 |  |  | 22,575 | 21,094 |  | 1,663 | 935 |  |  | 8,060 |  |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83-01 | 12,155 | 11,800 | 6,253 | 5,844 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,598 |  |
| 92-01 | 11,711 | 11,397 |  |  | 8,968 | 7,458 |  | 4,730 | 1,739 |  |  | 11,138 |  |
| 2002 | 7,973 | 7,973 |  |  | 5,495 | 4,091 |  | 7,697 |  |  |  | 5,016 |  |
| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Weir count plus spawning ground survey; Trapper 1983, 1985, 1987 , 7,697 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Appendix D. 12. Aerial survey index escapement counts of Taku River Chinook salmon, 1975-2002.

| Year | Kowatua | Tatsatua Dudidontu |  |  |  |  | Total Index Count without Tseta |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Tseta | Nakina | Nahlin |  |
| 1975 |  |  | 15 |  | 1,800 | 274 | 2,089 |
| 1976 | 341 | 620 | 40 |  | 3,000 | 725 | 4,726 |
| 1977 | 580 | 573 | 18 |  | 3,850 | 650 | 5,671 |
| 1978 | 490 | 550 |  | 21 | 1,620 | 624 | 3,284 |
| 1979 | 430 | 750 | 9 |  | 2,110 | 857 | 4,156 |
| 1980 | 450 | 905 | 158 |  | 4,500 | 1,531 | 7,544 |
| 1981 | 560 | 839 | 74 | 258 | 5,110 | 2,945 | 9,528 |
| 1982 | 289 | 387 | 130 | 228 | 2,533 | 1,246 | 4,585 |
| 1983 | 171 | 236 | 117 | 179 | 968 | 391 | 1,883 |
| $1984{ }^{\text {ab }}$ | 279 | 616 |  | 176 | 1,887 | 951 | 3,733 |
| 1985 | 699 | 848 | 475 | 303 | 2,647 | 2,236 | 6,905 |
| 1986 | 548 | 886 | 413 | 193 | 3,868 | 1,612 | 7,327 |
| 1987 | 570 | 678 | 287 | 180 | 2,906 | 1,122 | 5,563 |
| 1988 | 1,010 | 1,272 | 243 | 66 | 4,500 | 1,535 | 8,560 |
| 1989 | 601 | 1,228 | 204 | 494 | 5,141 | 1,812 | 8,986 |
| 1990 | 614 | 1,068 | 820 | 172 | 7,917 | 1,658 | 12,077 |
| 1991 | 570 | 1,164 | 804 | 224 | 5,610 | 1,781 | 9,929 |
| 1992 | 782 | 1,624 | 768 | 313 | 5,750 | 1,821 | 10,745 |
| 1993 | 1,584 | 1,491 | 1,020 | 491 | 6,490 | 2,128 | 12,713 |
| 1994 | 410 | 1,106 | 573 | 614 | 4,792 | 2,418 | 9,299 |
| 1995 | 550 | 678 | 731 | 786 | 3,943 | 2,069 | 7,971 |
| 1996 | 1,620 | 2,011 | 1,810 | 1,201 | 7,720 | 5,415 | 18,576 |
| 1997 | 1,360 | 1,148 | 943 | 648 | 6,095 | 3,655 | 13,201 |
| 1998 | 473 | 675 | 807 | 360 | 2,720 | 1,294 | 5,969 |
| 1999 | 561 | 431 | 527 | 221 | 1,900 | 532 | 3,951 |
| 2000 | 702 | 953 | 482 | 160 | 2,907 | 728 | 5,772 |
| 2001 | 1,050 | 1,024 | 479 | 202 | 1,552 | 935 | 5,040 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75-01 | 665 | 914 | 478 | 340 | 3,846 | 1,591 | 7,834 |
| 92-01 | 909 | 1,114 | 814 | 500 | 4,387 | 2,100 | 9,823 |
| 2002 | 945 | 1,145 | 834 | 192 | 4,066 | 1,099 | 8,089 |

[^3]Appendix D. 13. Taku River (above border) coho salmon run size, 1987-2002.
The run estimates do not include spawning escapements below the U.S./Canada border. Estimates are expanded if mark-recapture activities terminate prior to run completion.

| Year | Above Border M-R |  | Expansion |  | Expanded Estimate | Canadian Catch | Escape. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U.S. } \\ & \text { Catch } \end{aligned}$ | Total Total Exploitation |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Run <br> Estimate | End <br> Date |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Method | Factor |  |  |  |  |  | Rate |
| 1987 | 43,750 | 20-Sep | Test Fish CPUE | 1.42 | 61,976 | 6,519 | 55,457 |  |  |  |
| 1988 | 43,093 | 18-Sep |  | 1.00 | 43,093 | 3,643 | 39,450 |  |  |  |
| 1989 | 60,841 | 1-Oct |  | 1.00 | 60,841 | 4,033 | 56,808 |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 75,881 |  |  | 1.00 | 75,881 | 3,685 | 72,196 |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 132,923 |  |  | 1.00 | 132,923 | 5,439 | 127,484 |  |  |  |
| 1992 | 50,557 | 5-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.79 | 90,394 | 5,541 | 84,853 | 96,371 | 186,677 | 0.545 |
| 1993 | 62,076 | 11-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.84 | 114,091 | 4,634 | 109,457 | 97,783 | 211,849 | 0.483 |
| 1994 | 98,643 | 24-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.13 | 111,036 | 14,693 | 96,343 | 228,700 | 339,643 | 0.716 |
| 1995 | 61,738 | 30-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.12 | 69,448 | 13,738 | 55,710 | 111,668 | 181,019 | 0.692 |
| 1996 | 44,172 | 28-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.12 | 49,687 | 5,052 | 44,635 | 44,596 | 94,216 | 0.526 |
| 1997 | 35,035 | 27-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.00 | 35,035 | 2,690 | 32,345 | 15,852 | 50,860 | 0.364 |
| 1998 | 49,290 | 26-Sep | District 111-32 CPUE | 1.35 | 66,472 | 5,090 | 61,382 | 53,454 | 119,840 | 0.488 |
| 1999 | 59,052 | 3-Oct | Troll CPUE | 1.12 | 66,343 | 5,575 | 60,768 | 50,833 | 117,132 | 0.481 |
| 2000 | 70,147 | 2-Oct | no expansion | 1.00 | 70,147 | 5,447 | 64,700 | 39,002 | 105,537 | 0.387 |
| 2001 | 107,493 | 5-Oct | no expansion | 1.00 | 107,493 | 3,099 | 104,394 | 55,286 | 160,883 | 0.351 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 87-01 | 66,313 | 9/24 |  | 1.19 | 76,991 | 5,921 | 71,070 | 78,751 | 156,766 |  |
| 92-01 | 63,820 | 9/25 |  | 1.25 | 78,015 | 6,549 | 71,465 | 78,751 | 156,766 | 0.503 |
| $\underline{2002}$ | 223,162 | 8-Oct | ll CPUE | 1.00 | 223,162 | 3,802 | 219,360 | 80,000 | 303,162 | 0.276 |

Appendix D. 14. Escapement counts of Taku River coho salmon, 1984-2002.
Counts are for age-. 1 fish and do not include jacks. Because of variability between methods, visibility, observers, and timing, these counts are not an index of run strength.

| Year | Yehring Creek |  | Sockeye Creek Aerial | Johnson Creek Ar/Foot | Fish <br> Creek <br> Aerial | Flannigan Slough Aerial | Tatsamenie River Weir | Hacket River Weir | Dudidontu <br> River <br> Aerial | Upper Nahlin River |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Weir | Aerial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Aerial | Weir |
| 1984 |  | 2,900 | 275 | 235 | 700 | 1,480 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1985 |  | 560 | 740 | 150 | 1,000 | 2,320 | 201 | 1,031 |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 2,116 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,200 | 174 | 70 | 53 | 1,095 | 344 | 2,723 | 108 | 318 |  |
| 1987 | $1,627^{\text {a }}$ | 565 | 980 | 150 | 250 | 2,100 | 173 | 1,715 | 276 | 165 |  |
| 1988 | 1,423 | 658 | 585 | 500 | 1,215 | 1,308 | $663{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,260 | 367 | 694 | 1,322 |
| 1989 | 1,570 | 600 | 400 | 400 | 235 | 1,670 | $712^{\text {a }}$ |  | 115 | 322 |  |
| 1990 | 2,522 | 220 | 193 |  | 425 | 414 | $669{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 25 | 256 |  |
| 1991 |  | 475 | 399 | 120 | 1,378 | 1,348 | 1,101 |  | 458 | 176 |  |
| 1992 |  | 1,267 | 594 | 654 | 478 | 1,288 | 730 |  |  |  | $970{ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 1993 |  | 250 | 130 | 90 | 380 | 70 | 88 |  |  |  | 326 |
| 1994 |  | 500 | 60 | 450 | 200 | 50 | 168 |  |  |  | 2,112 |
| 1995 |  | 70 | 230 | 170 | 132 | 421 | 62 |  |  |  |  |
| 1996 |  | 35 | 28 | 50 | 250 | 278 | 21 |  |  |  |  |
| 1997 |  | 500 | 10 | 550 | 600 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 |  | 280 |  | 300 | 450 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1999 |  | 1,050 |  |  | 400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2000 |  | 450 |  | 500 | 1,800 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surveys Discontinued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Weir count combined with spawning ground count. Tatsamenie 88-90, Yehring 86-87, Nahlin 92.
Bold--Incomplete count or minial estimates

Appendix D. 15. Canyon Island fish wheel salmon counts and periods of operation on the Taku River, 1983-2002.

| Year | Period of Operation | Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Pink |  |  | Steelhead |
|  |  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | even year | odd year |  |
| 1984 | 6/15-9/18 | 138 | 2,334 | 889 | 20,751 | 316 | 20,751 |  |  |
| 1985 | 6/16-9/21 | 184 | 3,601 | 1,207 | 27,670 | 1,376 |  | 27,670 |  |
| 1986 | 6/14-8/25 | 571 | 5,808 | 758 | 7,256 | 80 | 7,256 |  |  |
| 1987 | 6/15-9/20 | 285 | 4,307 | 2,240 | 42,786 | 1,533 |  | 42,786 | 34 |
| 1988 | 5/11-9/19 | 1,436 | 3,292 | 2,168 | 3,982 | 1,089 | 3,982 |  | 34 |
| 1989 | 5/05-10/01 | 1,811 | 5,650 | 2,243 | 31,189 | 645 |  | 31,189 | 38 |
| 1990 | 5/03-9/23 | 1,972 | 6,091 | 1,860 | 13,358 | 748 | 13,358 |  | 43 |
| 1991 | 6/08-10/15 | 680 | 5,102 | 4,922 | 23,553 | 1,063 |  | 23,553 | 138 |
| 1992 | 6/20-9/24 | 212 | 6,279 | 2,103 | 9,252 | 189 | 9,252 |  | 22 |
| 1993 | 6/12-9/29 | 562 | 8,975 | 2,552 | 1,625 | 345 |  | 1,625 | 16 |
| 1994 | 6/10-9/21 | 906 | 6,485 | 4,792 | 27,100 | 367 | 27,100 |  | 107 |
| 1995 | 5/4-9/27 | 1,535 | 6,228 | 2,535 | 1,712 | 218 |  | 1,712 | 61 |
| 1996 | 5/3-9/20 | 1,904 | 5,919 | 1,895 | 21,583 | 388 | 21,583 |  | 68 |
| 1997 | 5/3-10/1 | 1,321 | 5,708 | 1,665 | 4,962 | 485 |  | 4,962 | 103 |
| 1998 | 5/2-9/15 | 894 | 4,230 | 1,777 | 23,347 | 179 | 23,347 |  | 119 |
| 1999 | 5/3-10/3 | 440 | 4,636 | 1,848 | 23,503 | 164 |  | 23,503 | 119 |
| 2000 | 4/23-10/3 | 1,211 | 5,865 | 1,877 | 6,529 | 423 | 6,529 |  | 160 |
| 2001 | 4/23-10/5 | 1,262 | 6,201 | 2,380 | 9,134 | 250 |  | 9,134 | 125 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 84-01 |  | 962 | 5,373 | 2,206 | 16,627 | 548 | 14,795 | 18,459 | 79 |
| 92-01 |  | 1,025 | 6,053 | 2,342 | 12,875 | 301 | 17,562 | 8,187 | 90 |
| 2002 | 4/24-10/7 | 1,578 | 5,812 | 3,766 | 5,672 | 205 | 5,672 |  | 87 |

Appendix E. 1. Weekly salmon catch and effort in the lower Alsek River fisheries, 2002.

| Week | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Start } \\ & \text { Date } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Catch |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Boats | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Days } \\ & \text { Open } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Boat <br> Days |
| Test Fishery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial Fishery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | 2-Jun | 188 | 418 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 1.0 | 11.0 |
| 24 | 9-Jun | 334 | 1,996 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 2.0 | 22.0 |
| 25 | 16-Jun | 126 | 1,696 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 2.0 | 20.0 |
| 26 | 23-Jun | 31 | 2,089 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 2.0 | 18.0 |
| 27 | 30-Jun | 11 | 780 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1.0 | 8.0 |
| 28 | 7-Jul | 7 | 4,197 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 3.0 | 27.0 |
| 29 | 14-Jul | 1 | 4,659 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 3.0 | 30.0 |
| 30 | 21-Jul | 0 | 530 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 1.0 | 9.0 |
| 31 | 28-Jul | 2 | 231 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1.0 | 5.0 |
| 32 | 4-Aug | 0 | 161 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1.0 | 6.0 |
| 33 | 11-Aug |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| 34 | 18-Aug | 0 | 47 | 86 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3.0 | 9.0 |
| 35 | 25-Aug | 0 | 58 | 742 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3.0 | 12.0 |
| 36 | 1-Sep | 0 | 44 | 2,561 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4.0 | 16.0 |
| 37 | 8-Sep | 0 | 10 | 3,665 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5.5 | 27.5 |
| 38 | 15-Sep | 0 | 2 | 2,088 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 7.0 | 28.0 |
| 39 | 22-Sep | 0 | 0 | 379 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 7.0 | 21.0 |
| Total |  | 700 | 16,918 | 9,525 | 0 | 1 | 111 | 73 | 270 |

Appendix E. 2. Weekly salmon catch and effort in the Canadian Aboriginal and sport fisheries in the Alsek River, 2002.

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Includes estimates of sport catch (kept and released) in Takhanne and Blanchard rivers; estimates based on salmon catch card information.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Does not include released fish.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ The total food fish catch above the Klukshu Weir and at Village Creek are included in the weekly aboriginal catches.

Appendix E. 3. Daily counts of salmon passing through Klukshu River weir, 2002.

| Date | Chinook |  |  | Sockeye |  |  | Coho |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cumulative |  | Daily | Cumulative |  | Daily | Cumulative |  |
|  | Daily | Daily | Prop. |  | Daily | Prop. |  | Daily | Prop. |
| 10-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 11-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 12-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 13-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 14-Jun | 0 | 0 | 0.000 | 3 | 3 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 15-Jun | 4 | 4 | 0.002 | 2 | 5 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 16-Jun | 2 | 6 | 0.003 | 1 | 6 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 17-Jun | 0 | 6 | 0.003 | 4 | 10 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 18-Jun | 3 | 9 | 0.004 | 0 | 10 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 19-Jun | 3 | 12 | 0.005 | 0 | 10 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 20-Jun | 3 | 15 | 0.007 | 0 | 10 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 21-Jun | 4 | 19 | 0.008 | 1 | 11 | 0.000 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 22-Jun | 3 | 22 | 0.010 | 24 | 35 | 0.001 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 23-Jun | 1 | 23 | 0.010 | 7 | 42 | 0.002 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 24-Jun | 0 | 23 | 0.010 | 2 | 44 | 0.002 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 25-Jun | 4 | 27 | 0.012 | 12 | 56 | 0.002 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 26-Jun | 2 | 29 | 0.013 | 2 | 58 | 0.002 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 27-Jun | 5 | 34 | 0.015 | 3 | 61 | 0.002 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 28-Jun |  | 36 | 0.016 | 50 | 111 | 0.004 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 29-Jun | 29 | 65 | 0.029 | 345 | 456 | 0.018 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 30-Jun | 35 | 100 | 0.045 | 271 | 727 | 0.028 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 1-Jul | 14 | 114 | 0.051 | 166 | 893 | 0.035 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 2-Jul | 38 | 152 | 0.068 | 359 | 1,252 | 0.049 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 3-Jul | 10 | 162 | 0.072 | 522 | 1,774 | 0.069 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 4-Jul | 56 | 218 | 0.097 | 404 | 2,178 | 0.085 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 5-Jul | 11 | 229 | 0.102 | 528 | 2,706 | 0.105 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 6-Jul | 26 | 255 | 0.114 | 648 | 3,354 | 0.130 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 7-Jul | 24 | 279 | 0.125 | 334 | 3,688 | 0.143 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 8-Jul | 120 | 399 | 0.178 | 640 | 4,328 | 0.168 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 9-Jul | 38 | 437 | 0.195 | 380 | 4,708 | 0.183 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 10-Jul | 52 | 489 | 0.218 | 334 | 5,042 | 0.196 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 11-Jul | 58 | 547 | 0.244 | 585 | 5,627 | 0.219 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 12-Jul | 26 | 573 | 0.256 | 170 | 5,797 | 0.225 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 13-Jul | 110 | 683 | 0.305 | 192 | 5,989 | 0.233 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 14-Jul | 40 | 723 | 0.323 | 97 | 6,086 | 0.237 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 15-Jul | 151 | 874 | 0.390 | 81 | 6,167 | 0.240 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 16-Jul | 245 | 1,119 | 0.500 | 480 | 6,647 | 0.259 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 17-Jul | 120 | 1,239 | 0.553 | 281 | 6,928 | 0.269 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 18-Jul | 120 | 1,359 | 0.607 | 211 | 7,139 | 0.278 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 19-Jul | 54 | 1,413 | 0.631 | 145 | 7,284 | 0.283 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 20-Jul | 19 | 1,432 | 0.639 | 18 | 7,302 | 0.284 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 21-Jul | 129 | 1,561 | 0.697 | 17 | 7,319 | 0.285 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 22-Jul | 128 | 1,689 | 0.754 | 49 | 7,368 | 0.287 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 23-Jul | 83 | 1,772 | 0.791 | 4 | 7,372 | 0.287 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 24-Jul | 92 | 1,864 | 0.832 | 62 | 7,434 | 0.289 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 25-Jul | 62 | 1,926 | 0.860 | 126 | 7,560 | 0.294 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 26-Jul | 71 | 1,997 | 0.892 | 163 | 7,723 | 0.300 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 27-Jul | 9 | 2,006 | 0.896 | 179 | 7,902 | 0.307 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 28-Jul | 1 | 2,007 | 0.896 | 8 | 7,910 | 0.308 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 29-Jul | 19 | 2,026 | 0.904 | 11 | 7,921 | 0.308 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 30-Jul | 30 | 2,056 | 0.918 | 92 | 8,013 | 0.312 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 31-Jul | 31 | 2,087 | 0.932 | 216 | 8,229 | 0.320 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 1-Aug | 13 | 2,100 | 0.938 | 165 | 8,394 | 0.326 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 2-Aug | 15 | 2,115 | 0.944 | 15 | 8,409 | 0.327 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 3-Aug | 14 | 2,129 | 0.950 | 205 | 8,614 | 0.335 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 4-Aug | 12 | 2,141 | 0.956 | 222 | 8,836 | 0.344 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 5-Aug | 4 | 2,145 | 0.958 | 61 | 8,897 | 0.346 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 6-Aug | 12 | 2,157 | 0.963 | 71 | 8,968 | 0.349 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 7-Aug | 3 | 2,160 | 0.964 | 21 | 8,989 | 0.350 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 8-Aug | 21 | 2,181 | 0.974 | 885 | 9,874 | 0.384 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 9-Aug | 3 | 2,184 | 0.975 | 28 | 9,902 | 0.385 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 10-Aug | 4 | 2,188 | 0.977 | 276 | 10,178 | 0.396 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 11-Aug | 1 | 2,189 | 0.977 | 59 | 10,237 | 0.398 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 12-Aug | 43 | 2,232 | 0.996 | 1,414 | 11,651 | 0.453 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 13-Aug | 1 | 2,233 | 0.997 | 38 | 11,689 | 0.455 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 14-Aug | 0 | 2,233 | 0.997 | 141 | 11,830 | 0.460 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 15-Aug | 2 | 2,235 | 0.998 | 74 | 11,904 | 0.463 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 16-Aug | 1 | 2,236 | 0.998 | 185 | 12,089 | 0.470 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |

Appendix E.3. Page 2 of 2.

| Date | Chinook |  |  | Sockeye |  |  | Coho |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Daily | Cumulative |  | Daily | Cumulative |  | Daily | Cumulative |  |
|  |  | Daily | Prop. |  | Daily | Prop. |  | Daily | Prop. |
| 17-Aug | 2 | 2,238 | 0.999 | 200 | 12,289 | 0.478 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 18-Aug | 0 | 2,238 | 0.999 | 594 | 12,883 | 0.501 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 19-Aug | 1 | 2,239 | 1.000 | 662 | 13,545 | 0.527 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 20-Aug | 1 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 133 | 13,678 | 0.532 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 21-Aug | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 21 | 13,699 | 0.533 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 22-Aug | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 464 | 14,163 | 0.551 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 23-Aug | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 697 | 14,860 | 0.578 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 24-Aug | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 231 | 15,091 | 0.587 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 25-Aug | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 367 | 15,458 | 0.601 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 26-Aug | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 470 | 15,928 | 0.620 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 27-Aug | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 152 | 16,080 | 0.625 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 28-Aug | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 401 | 16,481 | 0.641 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 29-Aug | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 159 | 16,640 | 0.647 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 30-Aug | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 134 | 16,774 | 0.652 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 31-Aug | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 302 | 17,076 | 0.664 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 1-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 492 | 17,568 | 0.683 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 2-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 113 | 17,681 | 0.688 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 3-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 439 | 18,120 | 0.705 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 4-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 105 | 18,225 | 0.709 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 5-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 57 | 18,282 | 0.711 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 6-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 236 | 18,518 | 0.720 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 7-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 495 | 19,013 | 0.739 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 8-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 163 | 19,176 | 0.746 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 9-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 519 | 19,695 | 0.766 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 10-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 892 | 20,587 | 0.801 | 0 | 0 | 0.000 |
| 11-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 244 | 20,831 | 0.810 | 1 | 1 | 0.000 |
| 12-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 27 | 20,858 | 0.811 | 0 | 1 | 0.000 |
| 13-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 271 | 21,129 | 0.822 | 0 | 1 | 0.000 |
| 14-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 327 | 21,456 | 0.835 | 0 | 1 | 0.000 |
| 15-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 149 | 21,605 | 0.840 | 0 | 1 | 0.000 |
| 16-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 88 | 21,693 | 0.844 | 0 | 1 | 0.000 |
| 17-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 106 | 21,799 | 0.848 | 1 | 2 | 0.000 |
| 18-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 3 | 21,802 | 0.848 | 2 | 4 | 0.000 |
| 19-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 559 | 22,361 | 0.870 | 15 | 19 | 0.002 |
| 20-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 86 | 22,447 | 0.873 | 23 | 42 | 0.004 |
| 21-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 319 | 22,766 | 0.885 | 67 | 109 | 0.011 |
| 22-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 119 | 22,885 | 0.890 | 58 | 167 | 0.017 |
| 23-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 103 | 22,988 | 0.894 | 74 | 241 | 0.024 |
| 24-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 493 | 23,481 | 0.913 | 219 | 460 | 0.046 |
| 25-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 414 | 23,895 | 0.929 | 229 | 689 | 0.069 |
| 26-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 436 | 24,331 | 0.946 | 401 | 1,090 | 0.110 |
| 27-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 143 | 24,474 | 0.952 | 198 | 1,288 | 0.130 |
| 28-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 47 | 24,521 | 0.954 | 746 | 2,034 | 0.205 |
| 29-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 34 | 24,555 | 0.955 | 432 | 2,466 | 0.249 |
| 30-Sep | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 13 | 24,568 | 0.956 | 245 | 2,711 | 0.273 |
| 1-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 76 | 24,644 | 0.959 | 565 | 3,276 | 0.330 |
| 2-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 29 | 24,673 | 0.960 | 241 | 3,517 | 0.355 |
| 3-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 15 | 24,688 | 0.960 | 260 | 3,777 | 0.381 |
| 4-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 38 | 24,726 | 0.962 | 246 | 4,023 | 0.406 |
| 5-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 30 | 24,756 | 0.963 | 251 | 4,274 | 0.431 |
| 6-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 287 | 25,043 | 0.974 | 586 | 4,860 | 0.490 |
| 7-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 308 | 25,351 | 0.986 | 1,198 | 6,058 | 0.611 |
| 8-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 81 | 25,432 | 0.989 | 893 | 6,951 | 0.701 |
| 9-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 6 | 25,438 | 0.989 | 29 | 6,980 | 0.704 |
| 10-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 0 | 25,438 | 0.989 | 20 | 7,000 | 0.706 |
| 11-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 4 | 25,442 | 0.990 | 188 | 7,188 | 0.725 |
| 12-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 1 | 25,443 | 0.990 | 419 | 7,607 | 0.767 |
| 13-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 44 | 25,487 | 0.991 | 211 | 7,818 | 0.788 |
| 14-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 133 | 25,620 | 0.996 | 623 | 8,441 | 0.851 |
| 15-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 41 | 25,661 | 0.998 | 228 | 8,669 | 0.874 |
| 16-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 50 | 25,711 | 1.000 | 1,252 | 9,921 | 1.000 |
| 17-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 0 | 25,711 | 1.000 | 0 | 9,921 | 1.000 |
| 18-Oct | 0 | 2,240 | 1.000 | 0 | 25,711 | 1.000 | 0 | 9,921 | 1.000 |
| Total Co |  | 2,240 |  |  | 25,711 |  |  | 9,921 |  |
| Adjustments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Catch at |  | 6 |  | 215 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Catch ab |  | 100 |  | 1,909 |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Total Es | nent | 2,134 |  | 23,587 |  |  | 9,921 |  |  |

Appendix E. 4. Salmon catch and effort in the U.S. Commercial fishery in the Alsek River, 1960 to 2002.

| Year | Catch |  |  |  |  | Effort |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Days |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho | Pink | Chum | Days | Open |
| 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1961 | 2,120 | 23,339 | 7,679 | 84 | 86 | 1,436 | 80.0 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1963 | 131 | 6,055 | 7,164 | 42 | 34 | 692 | 68.0 |
| 1964 | 591 | 14,127 | 9,760 | 144 | 367 | 592 | 68.0 |
| 1965 | 719 | 28,487 | 9,638 | 10 | 72 | 1,016 | 72.0 |
| 1966 | 934 | 29,091 | 2,688 | 22 | 240 | 500 | 64.0 |
| 1967 | 225 | 11,108 | 10,090 | 107 | 30 | 600 | 68.0 |
| 1968 | 215 | 26,918 | 10,586 | 82 | 240 | 664 | 68.0 |
| 1969 | 685 | 29,259 | 2,493 | 38 | 61 | 807 | 61.0 |
| 1970 | 1,128 | 22,654 | 2,188 | 6 | 26 | 670 | 52.3 |
| 1971 | 1,222 | 25,314 | 4,730 | 3 | 120 | 794 | 60.5 |
| 1972 | 1,827 | 18,717 | 7,296 | 37 | 280 | 640 | 65.0 |
| 1973 | 1,757 | 26,523 | 4,395 | 26 | 283 | 894 | 52.0 |
| 1974 | 1,162 | 16,747 | 7,046 | 13 | 107 | 699 | 46.0 |
| 1975 | 1,379 | 13,842 | 2,230 | 16 | 261 | 738 | 58.0 |
| 1976 | 512 | 19,741 | 4,883 | 0 | 368 | 550 | 58.5 |
| 1977 | 1,402 | 40,780 | 11,817 | 689 | 483 | 882 | 57.0 |
| 1978 | 2,441 | 50,580 | 13,913 | 59 | 233 | 929 | 57.0 |
| 1979 | 2,525 | 41,449 | 6,158 | 142 | 263 | 1,110 | 51.0 |
| 1980 | 1,382 | 25,522 | 7,863 | 21 | 1,005 | 773 | 42.0 |
| 1981 | 779 | 23,641 | 10,232 | 65 | 816 | 588 | 40.0 |
| 1982 | 532 | 27,443 | 6,534 | 6 | 358 | 552 | 33.0 |
| 1983 | 94 | 18,293 | 5,253 | 20 | 432 | 487 | 38.0 |
| 1984 | 60 | 14,326 | 7,868 | 24 | 1,610 | 429 | 33.0 |
| 1985 | 213 | 5,792 | 5,490 | 3 | 427 | 277 | 33.0 |
| 1986 | 481 | 24,791 | 1,344 | 13 | 462 | 517 | 34.0 |
| 1987 | 347 | 11,393 | 2,517 | 0 | 1,924 | 388 | 40.5 |
| 1988 | 223 | 6,286 | 4,986 | 7 | 908 | 324 | 34.0 |
| 1989 | 228 | 13,513 | 5,972 | 2 | 1,031 | 378 | 38.0 |
| 1990 | 78 | 17,013 | 1,437 | 0 | 495 | 374 | 38.0 |
| 1991 | 103 | 17,542 | 5,956 | 0 | 105 | 530 | 49.0 |
| 1992 | 301 | 19,298 | 3,116 | 1 | 120 | 372 | 46.0 |
| 1993 | 300 | 20,043 | 1,215 | 0 | 49 | 372 | 40.0 |
| 1994 | 805 | 19,639 | 4,182 | 0 | 32 | 403 | 61.0 |
| 1995 | 670 | 33,112 | 14,184 | 13 | 347 | 879 | 53.5 |
| 1996 | 772 | 15,182 | 5,514 | 0 | 165 | 419 | 51.0 |
| 1997 | 568 | 25,879 | 11,427 | 0 | 34 | 611 | 59.0 |
| 1998 | 550 | 15,007 | 4,925 | 1 | 145 | 358 | 41.0 |
| 1999 | 482 | 11,441 | 5,660 | 0 | 112 | 319 | 44.0 |
| 2000 | 677 | 9,522 | 5,103 | 5 | 130 | 307 | 37.0 |
| 2001 | 541 | 13,995 | 2,909 | 8 | 17 | 234 | 50.0 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-01 | 780 | 20,835 | 6,211 | 43 | 357 | 608 | 50.7 |
| 92-01 | 570 | 18,312 | 5,824 | 3 | 115 | 449 | 47.0 |
| 2002 | 700 | 16,918 | 9,525 | 0 | 1 | 270 | 73.0 |

Appendix E. 5. Salmon catch in the U.S. subsistence and personal use fisheries in the Alsek River, 19762002.

| Catches are those reported on returned permits |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Catch |  |  |
|  | Chinook | Sockeye | Coho |
| 1976 | 13 | 51 | 5 |
| 1977 | 18 | 113 | 0 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 80 | 35 | 70 |
| 1980 | 57 | 41 | 62 |
| 1981 | 32 | 50 | 74 |
| 1982 | 87 | 75 | 50 |
| 1983 | 31 | 25 | 50 |
| 1984 |  |  |  |
| 1985 | 16 | 95 | 0 |
| 1986 | 22 | 241 | 45 |
| 1987 | 27 | 173 | 31 |
| 1988 | 13 | 148 | 9 |
| 1989 | 20 | 131 | 34 |
| 1990 | 85 | 144 | 12 |
| 1991 | 38 | 104 | 0 |
| 1992 | 15 | 37 | 44 |
| 1993 | 38 | 96 | 28 |
| 1994 | 60 | 47 | 20 |
| 1995 | 51 | 167 | 53 |
| 1996 | 60 | 67 | 28 |
| 1997 | 38 | 273 | 26 |
| 1998 | 63 | 158 | 42 |
| 1999 | 44 | 152 | 21 |
| 2000 | 73 | 146 | 31 |
| 2001 | 19 | 72 | 45 |
| Averages |  |  |  |
| 76-01 | 42 | 110 | 33 |
| 92-01 | 46 | 122 | 34 |
| 2002 | 60 | 232 | 35 |

Appendix E. 6. Salmon catches in the Canadian Aboriginal and sport fisheries in the Alsek River, 1976 to

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Chinook |  |  | Sockeye |  |  | Coho |  |  |
|  | tboriginal ecreational |  | Total | Aboriginal ecreational |  | Total | Aboriginal ecreational |  | Total |
| 1976 | 150 | 200 | 350 | 4,000 | 600 | 4,600 | 0 | 100 | 100 |
| 1977 | 350 | 300 | 650 | 10,000 | 500 | 10,500 | 0 | 200 | 200 |
| 1978 | 350 | 300 | 650 | 8,000 | 500 | 8,500 | 0 | 200 | 200 |
| 1979 | 1,300 | 650 | 1,950 | 7,000 | 750 | 7,750 | 0 | 100 | 100 |
| 1980 | 150 | 200 | 350 | 800 | 600 | 1,400 | 0 | 200 | 200 |
| 1981 | 150 | 315 | 465 | 2,000 | 808 | 2,808 | 0 | 109 | 109 |
| 1982 | 400 | 224 | 624 | 5,000 | 755 | 5,755 | 0 | 109 | 109 |
| 1983 | 300 | 312 | 612 | 2,550 | 732 | 3,282 | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| 1984 | 100 | 475 | 575 | 2,600 | 289 | 2,889 | 0 | 20 | 20 |
| 1985 | 175 | 250 | 425 | 1,361 | 100 | 1,461 | 50 | 100 | 150 |
| 1986 | 102 | 165 | 267 | 1,914 | 307 | 2,221 | 0 | 9 | 9 |
| 1987 | 125 | 367 | 492 | 1,158 | 383 | 1,541 | 0 | 49 | 49 |
| 1988 | 43 | 249 | 292 | 1,604 | 322 | 1,926 | 0 | 192 | 192 |
| 1989 | 234 | 272 | 506 | 1,851 | 319 | 2,170 | 0 | 227 | 227 |
| 1990 | 202 | 555 | 757 | 2,314 | 392 | 2,706 | 0 | 75 | 75 |
| 1991 | 509 | 388 | 897 | 2,111 | 303 | 2,414 | 0 | 227 | 227 |
| 1992 | 148 | 103 | 251 | 2,592 | 582 | 3,174 | 0 | 213 | 213 |
| 1993 | 152 | 171 | 323 | 2,361 | 329 | 2,690 | 0 | 37 | 37 |
| 1994 | 289 | 197 | 486 | 1,745 | 261 | 2,006 | 8 | 69 | 77 |
| 1995 | 580 | 1,044 | 1,624 | 1,745 | 682 | 2,427 | 83 | 527 | 610 |
| 1996 | 448 | 650 | 1,098 | 1,204 | 157 | 1,361 | 56 | 9 | 65 |
| 1997 | 232 | 298 | 530 | 484 | 36 | 520 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| 1998 | 171 | 175 | 346 | 567 | 18 | 585 | 72 | 40 | 112 |
| 1999 | 238 | 174 | 412 | 554 | 0 | 554 | 0 | 28 | 28 |
| 2000 | 65 | 77 | 142 | 745 | 0 | 745 | 51 | 1 | 52 |
| 2001 | 120 | 157 | 277 | 1,173 | 4 | 1,177 | 5 | 94 | 99 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 76-01 | 272 | 319 | 591 | 2,594 | 374 | 2,968 | 13 | 113 | 126 |
| 92-01 | 244 | 306 | 551 | 1,317 | 207 | 1,524 | 28 | 102 | 130 |
| 2002 | 120 | 197 | 317 | 2,194 | 61 | 2,255 | 6 | 283 | 289 |

Appendix E. 7. Annual Klukshu River weir counts of Chinook, sockeye, and coho salmon, 1976 to 2002. The escapement count equals the weir count minus the aboriginal fishery catch above the weir and broodstock taken.

|  | Chinook | Escape |  | Sockeye | Total |  | $\text { Coho }{ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1976 | 1,278 | Escape. | 181 | Late 11,510 | 11,691 | 7,941 | 1,572 |  |
| 1977 | 3,144 | 2,894 | 8,931 | 17,860 | 26,791 | 15,441 | 2,758 |  |
| 1978 | 2,976 | 2,676 | 2,508 | 24,359 | 26,867 | 19,017 | 30 |  |
| 1979 | 4,404 | 2,454 | 977 | 11,334 | 12,311 | 7,051 | 175 |  |
| 1980 | 2,637 | 2,487 | 1,008 | 10,742 | 11,750 | 10,850 | 704 |  |
| 1981 | 2,113 | 1,963 | 997 | 19,351 | 20,348 | 18,448 | 1,170 |  |
| 1982 | 2,369 | 1,969 | 7,758 | 25,941 | 33,699 | 28,899 | 189 |  |
| 1983 | 2,537 | 2,237 | 6,047 | 14,445 | 20,492 | 18,017 | 303 |  |
| 1984 | 1,672 | 1,572 | 2,769 | 9,958 | 12,727 | 10,227 | 1,402 |  |
| 1985 | 1,458 | 1,283 | 539 | 18,081 | 18,620 | 17,259 | 350 |  |
| 1986 | 2,709 | 2,607 | 416 | 24,434 | 24,850 | 22,936 | 71 |  |
| 1987 | 2,616 | 2,491 | 3,269 | 7,235 | 10,504 | 9,346 | 202 |  |
| 1988 | 2,037 | 1,994 | 585 | 8,756 | 9,341 | 7,737 | 2,774 |  |
| 1989 | 2,456 | 2,289 | 3,400 | 20,142 | 23,542 | 21,636 | 2,219 |  |
| 1990 | 1,915 | 1,742 | 1,316 | 24,679 | 25,995 | 24,607 | 315 |  |
| 1991 | 2,489 | 2,248 | 1,924 | 17,053 | 18,977 | 17,645 | 8,540 | 8,478 |
| 1992 | 1,367 | 1,242 | 11,339 | 8,428 | 19,767 | 18,269 | 1,145 | 1,145 |
| 1993 | 3,302 | 3,220 | 5,369 | 11,371 | 16,740 | 14,921 | 788 | 788 |
| 1994 | 3,727 | 3,628 | 3,247 | 11,791 | 15,038 | 13,892 | 1,232 | 1,232 |
| 1995 | 5,678 | 5,394 | 2,289 | 18,407 | 20,696 | 19,817 | 3,614 | 3,564 |
| 1996 | 3,599 | 3,382 | 1,502 | 6,818 | 8,320 | 7,891 | 3,465 | 3,465 |
| 1997 | 2,989 | 2,829 | 6,565 | 4,931 | 11,496 | 11,303 | 307 | 302 |
| 1998 | 1,364 | 1,347 | 597 | 12,994 | 13,591 | 13,580 | 1,961 | 1,961 |
| 1999 | 2,193 | 2,168 | 371 | 5,010 | 5,381 | 5,101 | 2,531 | 2,531 |
| 2000 | 1,365 | 1,321 | 237 | 5,314 | 5,551 | 5,422 | 4,832 | 4,791 |
| 2001 | 1,825 | 1,738 | 908 | 9,382 | 10,290 | 9,329 | 748 | 746 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 76-01 | 2,547 | 2,320 | 2,887 | 13,859 | 16,745 | 14,484 | 1,666 |  |
| 92-01 | 2,741 | 2,627 | 3,242 | 9,445 | 12,687 | 11,953 | 2,053 | 2,053 |
| 2002 | 2,240 | 2,134 | 11,904 | 13,807 | 25,711 | 23,587 | 9,921 | 9,921 |

${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Weir was removed prior to the end of the coho run.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ The chinook and sockeye escapements into Klukshu Lake are calculated from the weir count minus fish harvested above the weir site minus broodstock taken. The remainder of the food fishery harvest occurred below the weir, at Village Creek, and Blanchard and Takhanne Rivers.
${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ Includes sockeye counts up to and including August 15.
Appendix E. 8. Alsek River sockeye salmon escapement 2000 to 2002.
The estimates are based on a mark-recapture study.

|  | Inriver Run <br> Estimate | Confidence <br> Lower | Upper |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | Canadian | Spawning |
| ---: |
| Catch Escapement | | U.S. |
| ---: |
| Catch | | Total |
| ---: |
| Run | | Percent |
| ---: |
| Klukshu |

Appendix E. 9. Alsek River sockeye salmon counts from U.S. and Canadian aerial surveys and from the electronic counter at Village Creek, 1985-2002.
Surveys not made every year at each tributary.

| Year | U.S. Aerial Surveys |  |  |  | Canada Aerial Surveys |  | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Village } \\ \text { Creek } \\ \text { Counter } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Basin | Cabin | Muddy | Tanis | Tatshenshini | Neskataheen |  |
|  | Creek | Creek | Creek | River | River | Lake |  |
| 1985 | 2,600 |  |  | 2,200 |  |  |  |
| 1986 | 100 |  | 300 | 2,700 | 536 | 750 | 1,490 |
| 1987 | 350 | 220 |  | 1,600 |  |  | 1,875 |
| 1988 | 500 |  |  | 750 | 433 | 456 | 433 |
| 1989 | 320 |  |  | 680 | 1,689 | 1,700 | 9,569 |
| 1990 | 275 | 300 |  | 3,500 |  |  | 5,313 |
| 1991 |  |  |  | 800 |  |  | 86 |
| 1992 | 1,000 | 10 |  | 50 |  |  | 7,447 |
| 1993 | 4,800 |  |  | 900 |  |  | 2,104 |
| 1994 | 250 |  |  | 600 | 366 |  | 3,921 |
| 1995 | 2,700 |  |  | 350 |  |  | 4,042 |
| 1996 | 325 |  |  | 650 |  |  | 1,583 |
| 1997 | 600 |  |  | 350 |  |  | 2,267 |
| 1998 |  |  |  | 130 |  |  | 826 |
| 1999 | 30 |  |  | 800 |  |  | NA |
| 2000 | 25 |  |  | 180 |  |  | 1,860 |
| 2001 |  |  |  | 700 |  |  | 1,897 |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 85-01 | 991 |  |  | 996 |  |  | 3,882 |
| 92-01 | 1,216 |  |  | 471 |  |  | 3,521 |
| 2002 | No surveys | flown in | 2002 |  |  |  | 2,725 |

${ }^{a}$ Includes several streams from Lo-Fog to Goat Creek.
Bold are incomplete counts

Appendix E. 10. Aerial survey index counts of Alsek River Chinook salmon escapements, 1984 to 2002.

| Year | Blanchard <br> River | Takhanne <br> River | Goat <br> Creek |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1984 | 304 | 158 | 28 |
| 1985 | 232 | 184 |  |
| 1986 | 556 | 358 | 142 |
| 1987 | 624 | 395 | 85 |
| 1988 | 437 | 169 | 54 |
| 1989 | Jo Survey -Poor Cond. | 158 | 34 |
| 1990 | Jo Survey -Poor Cond. | 325 | 32 |
| 1991 | 121 | 86 | 63 |
| 1992 | 86 | 77 | 16 |
| 1993 | 326 | 351 | 50 |
| 1994 | 349 | 342 | $67^{\text {a }}$ |
| 1995 | 338 | 260 | 12 |
| 1996 | 132 | 230 | 39 |
| 1997 | 109 | 190 | 51 |
| 1998 | 71 | 136 | 33 |
| 1999 | 371 | 194 | 21 |
| 2000 | 163 | 152 | 48 |
| 2001 | 543 | 287 | 36 |
| Averages |  |  | 86 |
| $84-01$ | 298 | 225 |  |
| $92-01$ | 249 | 222 | 220 |
| 2002 | 351 |  | 3 |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ Late survey date which missed the peak of spawning.

Appendix E. 11. Alsek River run of large Chinook salmon, 1997-2002. Estimates are based on a markrecapture study and include the percent of Chinook salmon.
Estimates are based on a mark-recapture study and include the percent of Chinook salmon spawning in Klukshu River.

|  | river Run |  |  | U.S. |  | Total |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Past | nfidenc | terval | Dry Bay |  | Inriver |  | an Catc |  |
| Year | Dry Bay | Lower | Upper | Commercial |  | Run | Aboriginal | Sport ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | pement |
| 1997 | 15,250 | 9,081 | 21,418 | 568 | 38 | 15,856 | 232 | 298 | 14,720 |
| 1998 | 4,967 | 3,027 | 9,765 | 550 | 63 | 5,580 | 171 | 175 | 4,621 |
| 1999 | 11,969 | 8,243 | 22,035 | 482 | 44 | 12,495 | 238 | 174 | 11,557 |
| 2000 | 8,432 | 6,805 | 14,308 | 677 | 73 | 9,182 | 65 | 77 | 8,290 |
| 2001 | 11,246 | 9,146 | 14,303 | 541 | 19 | 11,806 | 120 | 157 | 10,969 |
| 2002 | 8,807 | 8,345 | 10,790 | 700 | 60 | 9,567 | 120 | 197 | 8,490 |
| 2003 | 5,105 | 4,302 | 6,310 | 937 | 24 | 6,066 | 90 | 138 | 4,877 |
| 2004 | 7,565 |  |  | 656 | 38 | 8,259 | 139 | 46 | 7,380 |
| Averages$97-04$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9,168 |  |  | 639 | 45 | 9,851 | 147 | 158 | 8,863 |

Klukshu weir count of large chinook salmon as a percent of the Alsek escapement of large chinook salmon

|  | Weir Count |  | Percent <br> Klukshu |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | All | Large | $19.5 \%$ |
| 1997 | 2,989 | 2,864 | $25.6 \%$ |
| 1998 | 1,364 | 1,184 | $14.4 \%$ |
| 1999 | 2,193 | 1,663 | $14.7 \%$ |
| 2000 | 1,365 | 1,218 | $14.0 \%$ |
| 2001 | 1,825 | 1,538 | $24.3 \%$ |
| 2002 | 2,240 | 2,067 |  |

Appendix E. 12. Aerial survey counts of coho salmon from U.S. lower Alsek River tributaries, 19852002.

|  | 2002. |
| :--- | :---: |
| Year | Combined U.S. <br> Tributary Counts |
| 1985 | 450 |
| 1986 | 1,100 |
| 1987 | 100 |
| 1988 | 1,900 |
| 1989 | 1,990 |
| 1990 | 1,600 |
| 1991 | 500 |
| 1992 | $\mathbf{1 , 0 1 0}$ |
| 1993 | $\mathbf{8 0 0}$ |
| 1994 | $\mathbf{9 7 5}$ |
| 1995 | 1,050 |
| 1996 | 1,550 |
| 1997 | No surveys due to poor weather conditions |
| 1998 | 500 |
| 1999 | No surveys due to poor weather conditions |
| 2000 | 620 |
| Averages |  |
| $85-00$ |  |

Appendix F. 1. Tahltan Lake egg collection, fry plants, and survivals, 1989-2002.
Number for eggs and fry are millions. Eggs collected from Tahltan broodstock are used for outplants to both Tahltan and Tuya Lakes.

| Brood Yeaı | Egg Take |  | Designated Tahltan | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fry } \\ \text { Planted } \end{array}$ | Percent <br> Fertilized | Survival |  | Thermal <br> Mark <br> Pattern |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Fertilized |  |  | Green |  |
|  | Target Collected ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  | Egg to Fry | to Fry |  |
| 1989 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3.000 | 2.955 |  | 2.955 | 1.042 | 0.704 | 0.501 | 0.353 | 1:1.4 |
| 1990 | 5.000 | 4.511 | 4.511 | 3.585 | 0.824 | 0.964 | 0.795 | 1:1.3 |
| 1991 | 5.000 | 4.246 | 1.514 | 1.415 | 0.949 | 0.984 | 0.935 | 1:1.4 |
| 1992 | 5.400 | 4.901 | 2.154 | 1.947 | 0.919 | 0.983 | 0.904 | 1:1.5+2.3 |
| 1993 | 6.000 | 6.140 | 0.969 | 0.904 | 0.946 | 0.986 | 0.933 | 1:1.6+2.5N |
| 1994 | 6.000 | 4.183 | 1.418 | 1.143 | 0.929 | 0.868 | 0.806 | 1:1.6 |
| 1995 | 6.000 | 6.891 | 3.008 | 2.296 | 0.906 | 0.843 | 0.763 | 1:1.7 |
| 1996 | 6.000 | 6.402 | 3.169 | 2.313 | 0.923 | 0.791 | 0.730 | 1:1.6 |
| 1997 | 6.000 | 3.221 | 2.700 | 1.900 | 0.812 | 0.867 | 0.704 | 2:1.6 |
| 1998 | 6.000 | 4.022 | 1.998 | 1.671 | 0.911 | 0.918 | 0.836 | 1:1.7 |
| 1999 | 6.000 | 3.505 | 2.773 | 2.228 | 0.901 | 0.892 | 0.803 | 2:1.6 |
| 2000 | 6.000 | 2.388 | 2.388 | 1.873 | 0.920 | 0.853 | 0.784 | 1:1.7 |
| 2001 | 6.000 | 3.306 | 3.306 | 2.533 | 0.829 | 0.924 | 0.766 | 2:1.6 |

Averages

| $89-01$ | 5.569 | 4.359 | 2.528 | 1.912 | 0.883 | 0.875 | 0.778 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2002 | 6.000 | 4.050 | 2.780 | 2.623 | 0.926 | 1.019 | 0.944 | $1: 1.7$ |

Appendix F. 2. Tuya Lake fry plants and survivals, 1991-2002.

| Numbers for eggs and fry are millions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Egg Take Designated |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fry } \\ \text { Planted } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Percent Fertilized | Survival |  | Thermal Mark |
|  |  | Fertilized |  | Green |  |
| Brood Year | Tuya |  |  | Egg to Fry | Egg to Fry |  |
| 1991 | 2.732 |  | 1.632 | 0.944 | 0.633 | 0.597 | 1:1.6 |
| 1992 | 2.747 | 1.990 | 0.929 | 0.780 | 0.724 | 1:1.7 |
| 1993 | 5.171 | 4.691 | 0.911 | 0.996 | 0.907 | 1:1.4+2.5N |
| 1994 | 2.765 | 2.267 | 0.870 | 0.943 | 0.820 | 1:1.4 |
| 1995 | 3.883 | 2.474 | 0.795 | 0.802 | 0.637 | 1:1.4+2.4 |
| 1996 | 3.233 | 2.614 | 0.932 | 0.868 | 0.809 | 1:1.4 |
| 1997 | 0.521 | 0.433 | 0.911 | 0.912 | 0.831 | 2:1.4 |
| 1998 | 2.024 | 1.603 | 0.917 | 0.864 | 0.792 | 1:1.4 |
| 1999 | 1.053 | 0.867 | 0.960 | 0.858 | 0.823 | 2:1.4 |
| $2000^{\text {a }}$ | 0.000 | 0.000 |  |  |  |  |
| $2001{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0.000 | 0.000 |  |  |  |  |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 91-01 | 2.194 | 1.688 | 0.908 | 0.850 | 0.771 |  |
| 2002 | 1.271 | 1.124 | 0.904 | 0.978 | 0.884 | 1:1.7+2.3 |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ All eggs collected in 2000 and 2001 were for backplant into Tahltan Lake.

Appendix F. 3. Tatsamenie Lake egg collection, fry plants, and survivals, 1989-2002.

| Brood Year | Egg Take |  |  | Survival ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  | Thermal Mark Pattern | LastDateReleased |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Fry | Percent | tilized | Green |  |  |
|  | Target Collected ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Transport |  |  | Planted | Fertilized Egg to Fry Egg to Fry |  |  |  |  |
| 1990 | 2.500 | 0.985 | 0.985 | 0.673 | 0.775 | 0.882 | 0.683 | 1:1.3 | 22-Jun |
| 1991 | 1.500 | 1.360 | 1.360 | 1.232 | 0.927 | 0.977 | 0.906 | 2:1.4 | 26-Jun |
| 1992 | 1.750 | 1.486 | 1.486 | 0.909 | 0.858 | 0.713 | 0.612 | 1:1.5 | 14-Jul |
| 1993 | 2.500 | 1.144 | 1.144 | 0.521 | 0.619 | 0.735 | 0.455 | 2:1.5 | 14-Jul |
| 1994 | 2.500 | 1.229 | 1.229 | 0.898 | 0.801 | 0.912 | 0.731 | 1:1.5 | 21-Jul |
| 1995 | 2.500 | 2.407 | 2.407 | 1.724 | 0.843 | 0.850 | 0.716 | 1:1.5 | 25-Jun |
| 1996 | 5.000 | 4.934 | 4.934 | 3.945 | 0.849 | 0.942 | 0.800 | 1:1.5\&1:1.5,2.3 | 27-Jun |
| 1997 | 5.000 | 4.651 | 4.651 | 3.597 | 0.910 | 0.850 | 0.773 | 2:1\&2:1.5,2.3 | 9-Jul |
| 1998 | 2.500 | 2.414 | 2.414 | 1.769 | 0.897 | 0.817 | 0.733 | 1:1.4+2.5\&1:1.4+2.3 | 30-Jun |
| 1999 | 2.500 | 0.461 | 0.461 | 0.350 | 0.922 | 0.824 | 0.759 | 2:1.5 | 4-Jul |
| 2000 | 3.000 | 2.816 | 2.572 | 2.320 | 0.943 | 0.956 | 0.902 | 1.1.5+2.3\&1.1.5 | 26-Jun |
| 2001 | 4.800 | 4.364 | 3.499 | 2.233 | 0.900 | 0.709 | 0.638 | 2:1.5\&2:1.5,2.3 | 25-Jun |
| Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 90-01 | 3.004 | 2.354 | 2.262 | 1.681 | 0.854 | 0.847 | 0.726 |  |  |
| 2002 | 3.000 | 2.498 | 2.302 | 1.353 | 0.823 | 0.714 | 0.588 | 1:1.4\&1:1.4+2.3 | 27-May |

Multiple Release Treatments


[^4]${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Survival rates are for hatchery eggs and hatchery fry plants and do not inlcude the lake incubators.


[^0]:    ${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ No data to separate Tahltan and Mainstem Stikine in 1987.

[^1]:    ${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ The Trapper and Mainstem groups were combined in the 1989 analysis and were 45,573 fish.

[^2]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ The Trapper and Mainstem groups were combined in the 1989 analysis with 13,792 fish or .744 proportion.
    ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Averages do not include 1989.

[^3]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Partial survey. Tseta 84
    ${ }^{\text {b }}$ Extrapolated results. Nahlin 84

[^4]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Eggs not transported but placed in inlake incubator; $2000=244,000,2001=865,000,2002$ 196,000.

